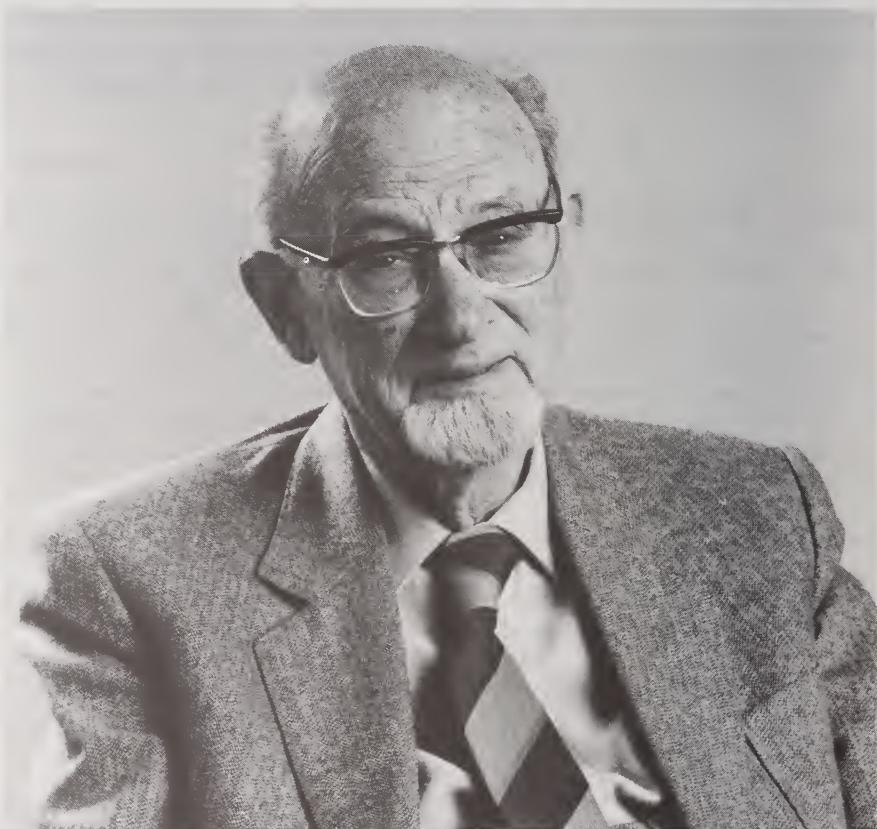


Zdravko Lorković (1900–1998): short biography and scientific work



Zdravko Lorković was an eminent biologist in world terms and one of the greatest in Croatia in the 20th Century. He was an entomologist and lepidopterist, taxonomist and ecologist, a geneticist and experimental biologist; and, an expert in all these fields. He was born in Zagreb, Croatia and spent the whole of his life there. He studied Natural Sciences at the Faculty of Philosophy, University of Zagreb, then became assistant in the

Mineralogical and Petrological Museum, under Professor F. Tućan, and later assistant at the Biological Institute of the Faculty of Medicine under Professor B. Zarnik. He received his Ph.D in 1928 and was for many years Professor of Biology at the Medical and Veterinary faculties. At the same time he taught zoology and entomology to students of the Agriculture and Forestry Faculty, and genetics to students of the Natural Science Faculty and to post-graduate students of the University of Zagreb. From 1965 he was a regular member of the Yugoslav Academy of Sciences and Arts (now, the Croatian Academy of Sciences and Arts). He was a member of the Zoological Academy in Agra (India), the European Lepidopterological Society, the Lepidopterists' Society of the USA, the Entomological Society of the Kingdom of Serbs, Croats and Slovenians, the Yugoslav Entomological Society, the Croatian Entomological Society and the Croatian Biological Society. He was, for many years, the chief editor of the journal *Acta entomologica jugoslavica* and during the last years of *Entomologia Croatica*. He was also on the editorial boards of the journals *Genetika*, *Periodicum biologorum*, *Natura Croatica* and *Shilap*. He published 86 scientific papers (including three important summaries of congress reports), and more than 50 professional papers, congress reports and obituaries.

For many Holarctic lepidopterists Lorković was, above all, a highly respected taxonomist (Lorković, 1927, 1930–31, 1938, 1943, 1950, 1953c, 1955c, 1960, 1967, 1968, 1969, 1976a, 1985, 1989b, 1993a, 1998). As a butterfly specialist, especially in Pieridae, Lycaenidae and Nymphalidae (incl. Satyrinae), he described several new butterfly species, namely *Leptidea lactea* Lorković, 1950, *Erebia calcaria* Lorković, 1953, *E. nivalis* Lorković & de Lesse, 1954, *Pieris (napi) balcana* Lorković. [1970]. He also described many subspecies, for example, *Cupido argiades tibetanus* Lorković, 1943, *Erebia styx trentae* Lorković, 1952, *E. gorge vagana* Lorković, 1955, *E. stirius kleki* Lorković, 1955, *Leptidea reali melanogyna* Lorković, 1993. In making taxonomic revisions, before the advent of modern sophisticated computer methods, he established the foundations of distinguishing among closely related and phenotypically similar species. He did so by identifying discontinuities arising from the correlation of inherited qualitative and quantitative characteristics (Lorković's method

with estimation of total and partial transitions; Lorković, 1927, 1928, 1943) generated by reproductive isolation. At the same time, he recognised the taxonomic importance of morphological differences in non-functional parts of organs (Lorković, 1931, 1953a, 1955a).

Professor Lorković was one of the pioneers in the experimental investigations of phenotypic plasticity of butterfly pupae (Lorković, 1929a) and of seasonal polyphenism among butterflies in the temperate zone (Lorković, 1929b). From the time of his dissertation onwards, he devoted practically the whole of his life to the study of speciation. From the very onset of his scientific work, it was clear that he supported the idea of evolution accepted in its entirety today. He was cited by evolutionist Ernst Mayr himself (1963) as author of a classic example of a complex morphological, genetic and ecological analysis of sibling species of butterflies of the genus *Everes* (= *Cupido*). In this work, dating from the first half of the 20th Century (Lorković, 1928, 1938, 1942, 1943), he gave firm support to the biological species concept. Professor Lorković was one of the pioneers of cytotaxonomy, and was the first to report the number of haploid chromosomes for more than 60 species of Palaearctic butterflies (Lorković, 1941, 1952, 1966, 1968). He was the founder of the hypothesis that through diffuse kinetochore-induced ploidy the appearance of exceptionally large (*Leptidea*, *Polyommatus*) or small (*Erebia*) numbers of chromosomes in butterflies could be explained (Lorković, 1941, 1949). His great knowledge of butterfly chromosomes and their meiotic behaviour (Lorković, 1974a, 1978) resulted in his being entrusted with the writing of a special chapter about chromosomes and their role in systematics and phylogeny in the book *Introduction to Lepidopterology* (Lorković, 1990) from the series of monographs *The Butterflies of Europe*.

Professor Lorković introduced new methods of artificial butterfly copulation (Lorković, 1947, 1953a), thereby increasing the experimental knowledge of phylogenetic relationships and the pathways of microevolution in butterflies (Lorković, 1978, 1997). In so doing, he demonstrated that, in nature, speciation occurs in different guises. Two of Lorković's examples are of special interest. The *Erebia tyndarus* group and the *Pieris napi* aggregate

illustrate taxa that have only partially undergone the process of differentiation through reproductive isolation into new species (Lorković, 1953b, 1953c, 1957, 1958b, 1962b, 1989a). For such taxa, he accepted and modified Mayr's definition of the concept of *semispecies*, and urged that the *semispecies* category be accepted in international rules of zoological nomenclature (Lorković, 1955b, 1958a, 1962a; Kiriakoff & Lorković, 1958; Lorković & Kiriakoff, 1958). This was eventually accomplished in nomenclature rule Article 6(b) for members of the *aggregate* (= Mayr's term 'superspecies') of *species* or *subspecies within a species* (ICZN, 3rd ed., 1985). He also recognised the independent existence of different reproductive isolation mechanisms (Lorković, 1958b, 1961b, 1978), and proved their independence of total genetic diversity (Lorković, 1986).

Professor Lorković bequeathed a collection of about 40,000 butterflies to the Croatian Natural History Museum in Zagreb. Half of these comprise a faunistic collection, mostly from the neighbourhood of Zagreb and from Mt. Velebit in Croatia, as well as from the Alps and the high mountains of the western Balkans. Half are specimens from crossing experiments (mainly between Pieridae from Europe, and with taxa from Asia and North America). Preserved with them is their documentation. The collection is kept as a special unit, with his microscope slides, library, letters, photographic documentation, diaries and notes in the Croatian Natural History Museum in Zagreb, where offprints of his papers can be obtained. (e-mail : Martina. Sasic@hpm.hr).

Chronological list of publications (co-)authored by Zdravko Lorković

1. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1923. Contribution to mineral deposits of Yugoslavia. — *Glasn. Hrvatsk. Prir. Društva* 35(1–2): 17–20 (in Croatian).
2. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1927. *Leptidea sinapis* ab. *major* Grund als selbständige Art aus Kroatien. — *Glasn. ent. društva kr. Srba, Hrvata i Slovenaca*. 2(1): 26–41, 2 Taf. (in Croatian, with German summary).
3. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1928. Analyse des Speziesbegriffes und der Variabilität der Species auf Grund von Untersuchungen einiger Lepidopteren. — *Glasn. Hrvatsk. Prir. Društva* 39–40: 1–64, 2 Taf. (in Croatian, with German summary).
4. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1929a. Gesetzmessigkeit in der Faltergrösse der jahreszeitlichen Generationen. — *Glasn. Jugoslov. Ent. Društva* 3–4(1–2): 109–116 (in Croatian, with German summary).

5. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1929b. Unterschiede zwischen homo- und heterodynamer Entwicklung bei den Insekten. — *Jahrb. Univ. Zagreb*: 283–297 (in Croatian, with German summary).
6. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1930. *Dasychira grundi*, eine neue europäische Art. — *Verh.zool.-bot.Ges Wien* 80(1–2): 5–11.
7. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1930–1931. Verwandschaftliche Beziehungen in der *morsei-major-sinapis*-Gruppe des Gen. *Leptidia*. — *Z.öst.EntVer.* 14(6) (1930): 61–67, 85–88, 95–100, 109–111, 113–118; 15(1) (1931): 9–13, 37–39, 45–48, 2 Taf.
8. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1931. Die Bedeutung der Form des Genitalapparates für die Systematik der Lycaenini. — *Glasn.Jugoslov.Ent.Društva* 5–6(1–2): 118–132 (in Croatian, with German summary).
9. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1932. Zugfalter und Winterschlaf. — *Int.Ent.Z.* 25(46): 466–471.
10. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1933a. Die Aufklärung der artlichen Zugehörigkeit der *Lycaena dubia* Schulz. — *Int.Ent.Z.* 27(5): 55–58.
11. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1933b. Beiträge zur Ernährungsbiologie der Insekten. — *Recueil de trav. offert. à J. Georgévitsch*: 163–176 (in Croatian, with German summary).
12. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1938. Studien über den Speziesbegriff. I. Artberechtigung von *Everes argiades* Pall., *E. alcetas* Hffgg. und *E. decolorata* Stgr. — *Mitt.münch.ent.Ges.* 28(2): 215–246.
13. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1939. Entomological investigations in Vardar valley. — *Ljetopis Jugoslavenske akademije znanosti i umjetnosti* 51: 159–162 (in Croatian).
14. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1941. Die Chromosomenzahlen in der Spermatogenese der Tagfalter. — *Chromosoma* 2(2): 155–191.
15. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1942. Studien über den Speziesbegriff: II. Artberechtigung von *Everes argiades* Pall., *E. alcetas* Hffgg. und *E. decolorata* Stgr. — *Mitt.münch.ent.Ges.* 32(2): 599–624, 3 Taf.
16. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1943. Modifikationen und Rassen von *Everes argiades* Pall. und ihre Beziehungen zu den klimatischen Faktoren ihrer Verbreitungsgebiete. — *Mitt.münch.ent.Ges.* 33(2–3): 431–478, 5 Taf.
17. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1947. Modes artificiels d'accouplement des papillons. — *Biol.Glasn.* 1: 86–98 (in Croatian, with French summary).
18. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1949. Chromosomenzahlen-Vervielfachung bei Schmetterlingen und ein neuer Fall fünffacher Zahl. — *Rev. Suisse Zool.* 56(4): 243–249.
19. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1950. Neue ostasiatische Arten und Rassen der Gattung *Leptidea* nebst Nomenklaturberichtigungen. — *Biol.Glasn.* 2–3: 57–76.
20. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1952. Beiträge zum Studium der Semispecies. Spezifität von *Erebia stirius* Godt. und *E. styx* Frr. — *Z.Lepidopt.* 2(3): 159–176.
21. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1953a. L'accouplement artificiel chez les lépidoptères et son application dans les recherches sur la fonction de l'appareil génital des insectes. — *Physiol.Comp.Oecol.* 3(2–3): 313–320.

22. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1953b. Spezifische, semispezifische und rassische Differenzierung bei *Erebia tyndarus* Esp. I. Drei neue allopatrische Formen von *Erebia tyndarus* Esp. und der Grad ihrer Fortpflanzungsisolation. — *Bull. Int.* 10: 163–192. (Extract of Croatian version from *Acad. Yougoslave Sci., Cl. Sci.* 294: 269–309).
23. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1953c. Spezifische, semispezifische und rassische Differenzierung bei *Erebia tyndarus* Esp. II. Differenzierungsgrad und verwandtschaftliche Verhältnisse der europäischen Formen von *Erebia tyndarus* Esp. — *Bull. Int.* 10: 193–224. (Extract of Croatian version from *Acad. Yougoslave Sci., Cl. Sci.* 294: 315–358).
24. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & DE LESSE, H., 1954a. Expériences de croisements dans le genre *Erebia* (Lépidoptères Satyridae). — *Bull. Soc. Zool. France* 79(1): 31–39.
25. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & DE LESSE, H., 1954b. Nouvelles découvertes concernant le degré de parenté d'*Erebia tyndarus* Esp. et *E. cassioides* Hohenw. — *Lambillionea* 54(9–10): 58–67, (11–12): 78–86.
26. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1955a. Variability of the organs of the genital armature in insects due to their functional value. — *Zbornik I.kongresa biol. Jugoslavije*, Zagreb 12.–15.VII.1953. — *Biol. Glasn.* 7: 234–235. (in Croatian, with English summary).
27. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1955b. Semispecies a necessary new taxonomic category. — *Zbornik I.kongresa biol. Jugoslavije*, Zagreb 12.–15.VII.1953. — *Biol. Glasn.* 7: 236–237. (in Croatian, with English summary).
28. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1955c. Die Populationsanalyse zweier neuen stenochoren *Erebia*-Rassen aus Kroatien. — *Biol. Glasn.* 8: 53–76.
29. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & DE LESSE, H., 1955. Note supplémentaire sur le groupe d'*Erebia tyndarus* Esp. — *Lambillionea* 55(7–8): 55–58.
30. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1957. Die Speziationsstufen in der *Erebia tyndarus* Gruppe. — *Biol. Glasn.* 10(1–2): 61–110, 2 Taf.
31. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1958a. Die Merkmale der unvollständigen Speziationsstufe und die Frage der Einführung der Semispezies in die Systematik. — *Uppsala Univ. Arsskr.* 1958: 159–168.
32. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1958b. Some peculiarities of spatially and sexually restricted gene exchange in the *Erebia tyndarus* Group. — *Cold Spring Harb. Symp. quant. Biol.* 23: 319–325.
33. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & HERMAN, Č., 1958. The genetics of morphism in *Colias croceus* Fourc. from the surroundings of Zagreb. — *Biol. Glasn.* 11(1–4): 55–59.
34. KIRIAKOFF, S. G. & LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1958. Proposed insertion in the “Règles” of provisions recognising “superspecies” as a special category for the classification and nomenclature of taxa belonging to the above group as now proposed to be defined. — *Bull. Zool. Nom.* 15/B (case 57): 1024–1030.
35. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & KIRIAKOFF, S. G., 1958. Proposed insertion in the “Règles” of provisions recognising “semispecies” as a special category for the classification and nomenclature of definite groups of taxa as now proposed to be defined. — *Bull. Zool. Nom.* 15/B (case 58): 1031–1033.

36. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & DE LESSE, H., 1960. Recherches sur la distribution géographique des représentants du groupe d'*Erebia tyndarus* Esper. *Erebia calcarius* au Monte Cavallo au nord de Venise. — *Boll.Soc.ent.ital.* 90(7-8): 123-129.
37. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1961a. Zwei neuerliche Publikationen über einige Glieder der *Erebia tyndarus*-Gruppe (Lep., Satyridae). — *Ent.Tidskr.* 82(3-4): 197-202.
38. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1961b. Abstufungen der reproduktiven Isolationsmechanismen in der *Erebia tyndarus*-Gruppe und deren Systematik. — *Int.Congr.Ent.* (11)1(1960): 134-142.
39. HERMAN, Č. & LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1961. Olivegreen mutation of the larvae's color. *Biol.Glasn.* 14 (3-4): 151-153.
40. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & HERMAN, Č., 1961. The solution of a long outstanding problem in the genetics of dimorphism in *Colias*. — *J.Lepid.Soc.* 15(1): 43-55.
41. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1962a. Wesen, Anwendungsbereich und Nomenklatur des Taxons Semispecies. — *Int.Congr.Ent.* (11)3(1960): 325-328.
42. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1962b. The genetics and reproductive isolating mechanisms of the *Pieris napi-bryoniae* group. — *J.Lepid.Soc.* 16(1): 5-19, (2): 105-127.
43. HERMAN, Č. & LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1962. New "spotted" gene in caterpillars of *Colias croceus* Fourc. — *Bull.Sci.Cons.Acad. RPF Yougoslave*, A.7(3): 59-60.
44. HERMAN, Č. & LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1963. Changes of the genetic structure in laboratory populations of *Colias croceus*. — *Bull.Sci.Cons.Acad. RPF Yougoslave*, A.8(3-4): 67.
45. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1965. Über die neuerliche Verwirrung um die 2. Generation von *Euchloë orientalis* Brem. — *Nachr Bl.bayer.Ent.* 14(1): 1-4, (2): 10-15.
46. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & SIJARIĆ, R., 1967. Der Grad der morphologischen und ökologischen Differenzierung zwischen *Aricia agestis* (Schiff.) und *A. allous* (Hbn.) in der Umgebung von Sarajevo. — *Glasn.zemalj.Muz.Bosni Herceg.* 6: 129-170 (in Croatian, with German summary).
47. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1968. Systematisch-genetische und ökologische Besonderheiten von *Pieris ergane* Hbn. (Lep., Pieridae). — *Mitt.schweiz.ent.Ges.* 41 (1-4): 233-244.
48. LORKOVIĆ, Z., [1970]. Karyologischer Beitrag zur Frage der Fortpflanzungsverhältnisse südeuropäischer Taxone von *Pieris napi* (L.) (Lep., Pieridae). — *Biol.Glasn.* 21(1-4) (1968): 95-136.
49. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1971a. Färbungsanpassung einiger Rhopaloceren an den Steinboden im Karste. — *Ekologija* 6(2): 245-246.
50. LORKOVIĆ, Z. 1971b. *Pieris napi* (L.) morph *funebris*, an unusual new crossing recombination. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 7(1): 5-9 (in Croatian, with English abstract and German summary).
51. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1971c. *Gegenes nostrodamus* F. and *G. pumilio* Hffgg. on the eastern Adriatic coast. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 7(2): 56.
52. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & KORUNIĆ, Z., 1971. A new mutant of the insect *Tribolium confusum* Duval (Coleoptera) found in Yugoslavia. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 7(2): 49-55 (in Croatian, with English summary).

53. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & MLADINOV, L., 1971. Butterflies of the upper Kupa valley. I. Rhopalocera and Hesperiidae. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 7(2): 65–70 (in Croatian, with English summary).
54. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1972. Karyological identification of the Caucasian species of the *Erebia tyndarus* Group (Lep., Satyridae). — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 8(1–2): 111–121.
55. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1973. 150 Jahre bis zur Entdeckung der präimaginalen Stadien von *Spialia orbifer* Hbn. (Lepid., Hesperiidae). — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 9(1–2): 67–70.
56. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1974a. Meiotic chromosome behaviour in *Pieris napi* × *P. melete* hybrids (Lep., Pieridae) and its taxonomic significance. — *Period. Biol.* 76(2): 93–100.
57. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1974b. Die Verteilung der Variabilität von *Hipparchia statilinus* Hufn. (Lepid., Satyridae) in Beziehung zum Karstboden des ostadratischen Küstenlandes. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 10(1–2): 41–53.
58. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1975a. Die westliche Arealgrenze der *Leptidea morsei* Fent. und deren Faktoren (Lep., Pieridae). Anlässlich des Erstfundes der Art für Bosnien und Herzegowina. — *Wiss. Mitt.bosn.-hrzeg. Landesmus.* (C) 4–5 (1974–1975): 143–151.
59. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1975b. Karyologische Übereinstimmung sibirischer und nordamerikanischer *Erebia callias* Edw. (Lepidopt., Satyridae). — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 11(1–2): 41–46.
60. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1976a. Taxonomische, ökologische und chorologische Beziehungen zwischen *Hipparchia fagi* Scop., *H. syriaca* Stgr. und *H. alcyone* D.&S. (Lepidopt. Satyridae). — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 12(1–2): 11–33.
61. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1976b. *Apatura metis* Frr., neue Art für SR Kroatien und Jugoslawien (Lep., Nymphalidae). — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 12(1–2): 34 (in Croatian, with German summary).
62. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1977. Über die "Seltenheit" einzelner Nachtfalterarten in der S.R. Kroatien. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 13(1–2): 93–94 (in Croatian, with German summary).
63. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1978. Types of hybrid sterility in diurnal Lepidoptera, speciation and taxonomy. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 14(1–2): 13–26.
64. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1979. Eine unerwartete nachträgliche Bestätigung. — *Atalanta (Würzburg)* 10(2): 158.
65. MLADINOV, L. & LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1979. Characteristics of the lowland *Erebia oeme* Hbn. ssp. nov. from the upper Kupa Valley in NW Yugoslavia in comparison to the mountain populations. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 15(1–2): 35–54, 1 tab.
66. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1981. *Ectropis crepuscularia* Hbn. in SR Kroatien (Jugoslavien)? — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 17(1–2): 155–156 (in Croatian, with German summary).
67. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & SILADJEV, S., 1982. Der Erstfund der Raupe von *Apatura metis* (FREYER, 1829) in Europa und deren Biotopen. — *Atalanta (Würzburg)* 13(2): 126–135.
68. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1982a. Bemerkungen zu dem Fund von *Leptidea morsei* in Griechenland. — *Nota lepid.* 5(2–3): 111–113.

69. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1982b. Berichtigung zu dem Aufsatz: Bemerkungen zu dem Fund von *Leptidea morsei* FENT. in Griechenland (Pieridae). — *Nota lepid.* 5(4): 169–170.
70. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1983a. Zusätzliches zu dem präimaginal Stadien von *Apatura metis* (FREYER, 1829) (Lep., Nymphalidae). — *Atalanta (Würzburg)* 14(1): 12–23.
71. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1983b. A new *Syrichtus* and two doubtful *Pyrgus* species for the fauna of Yugoslavia. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 19(1–2): 33–41.
72. SIJARIĆ, R., LORKOVIĆ, Z., CARNELUTTI, J. & JAKŠIĆ, P., 1984. Rhopalocera. In: Nonveiller, G. (Ed.), The Fauna of Durmitor I. CANU 18, Section of nat. sci. 11: 95–184 (in Croatian, with English summary).
73. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1985. Taxonomische Differenzierung der südöstlichsten Populationen von *Erebia stirius* Godart 1824 (Lep., Satyridae). — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 21(1–2): 9–15.
74. MLADINOV, L. & LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1985. Distribution of mountain Macrolepidoptera fauna in S.R.Croatia, Yugoslavia. — *Acta ent.jugosl.* 21(1–2): 17–36 (in Croatian, with English abstract and German summary).
75. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1986. Enzyme electrophoresis and interspecific hybridization in Pieridae (Lepidoptera). — *J.Res.Lepid.* 24(4): 334–358.
76. LORKOVIĆ, Z. & MIHLJEVIĆ, B., 1988. Discovery of *Lycaena (Palaeochrysophanus) hippothoe* Linnaeus 1761 in Bosnia and Hercegovina and the first detection of its sympatry with *L. (P.) candens* H.-S. 1844 (Lepidoptera, Lycaenidae). — *Glasn.Zemaljsk.Muz.Bosne i Hercegovine, Prir.nauke* 27: 119–131.
77. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1989a. Der Karyotypus und die reproductiven Beziehungen des Taxon *balcana* Lorković 1968 zu *Pieris napi* Linnaeus 1758 und *P. pseudorapae* Verity 1908 (Lepidoptera, Pieridae). — *Glasn.Zemaljsk.Muz. Bosne i Hercegovine, Prir.nauke* NS 28: 155–175.
78. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1989b. Experimental evidence for the specific distinction between *Colias hyale* L. and *C. alfacariensis* Ribbe (Pieridae). Summ. of the 6th European Congress of lepidopterology, Sanremo 5.–9.4.1988. — *Nota lepid.* 12, suppl.1: 34–35.
79. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1990. The butterfly chromosomes and their application in systematics and phylogeny. In: Kudrna, O. (ed.), Butterflies of Europe. Vol. 2, Introduction to Lepidopterology. — AULA-Verlag, Wiesbaden, pp. 332–396.
80. LORKOVIĆ, Z., SILADJEV, S. & KRANJČEV, R., 1992. Die Einwanderung von *Colias erate* (ESPER, 1804) nach Mitteleuropa in den Jahren 1989 und 1990, ihre Überwinterung, Polymorphismus und Genetik. — *Atalanta (Würzburg)* 23 (1–2): 89–102.
81. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1993a. *Leptidea reali* REISSINGER 1989 (= *lorkovici* REAL 1988), a new European species (Lepid., Pieridae). — *Nat.Croat.* 2(1): 1–26.
82. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1993b. Ecological association of *Leptidea morsei major* Grund 1905 (Lepidoptera, Pieridae) with the oak forest *Lathyreto-quercetum petraeae* Hr-t 1957 in Croatia. — *Period.Biol.* 95(4): 455–457.

83. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1997a. High vitality versus low fertility in artificial interspecific F₁ hybrids of butterflies (a preliminary report). — *Entomol.Croat.* 2(1-2): 5-10.
84. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1997b. Occurrence of *Pieris ergane* Geyer (Lepidoptera, Pieridae) on mount Sljeme near Zagreb, Croatia. — *Entomol.Croat.* 2(1-2): 27-30.
85. KUČINIĆ, M. & LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1998. The distribution of the genus *Chresotis* 1840 (Insecta, Lepidoptera, Noctuidae) in Croatia. — *Nat.Croat.* 7(2): 113-120.
86. LORKOVIĆ, Z., 1998. Über die gestielte Ader M1 bei Pieriden (Lepidoptera, Pieridae). — *Stapfia* 55: 281-284.

Nikola Tvrtković & Mladen Kucinić