

If you would like further information on the Symposium you may contact the organizers: Michel Sartori and Peter Landolt, Musée Zoologique, Place Rippone 6, Case postale 448, CH-1000, Lausanne 17, SWITZERLAND.

As announced in PERLA 12, Dr. Peter Zwick, Limnologische Flußstation, des Max-Lanck-Instituts für Limnologie, D-36105 Schlitz, Postfach 260, GERMANY, would still be happy to accept any donations from you to be used for scholarships to help bring scientists to the XII Symposium. A report on donations will be made in PERLA 14.

CLAUDE BERTHÉLEMY'S COLLECTION

Prof. Claude Berthélemy died unexpectedly in 1987, at the age of 53. For thirty years he had worked on Euromediterranean Plecoptera, and on Coleoptera: Hydraenidae and Coleoptera: Elmidae.

During his last years, his main activity in aquatic entomology was dedicated to the Hydraenidae. In particular, a thesis dealing with the North African species was defended in 1986, by his student Hakim Kaddouri, presently a teacher at the University of El Jadida, Morocco. In order to allow completion of the important paper the two had planned to publish, I lent the whole *Hydraena* collection to Dr. Philippe Richoux, Université Claude Bernard, Lyon, France, in 1990, for supervision and cosignature. I also asked P. Richoux: i) to solve, as far as possible, problems arising from outstanding loans between C. Berthélemy and several institutions, which would have been difficult to do for a non-specialist; ii) to subsequently deposit (with the consent of Prof. E. Angelier, the Head of the Institute) the collection in the Musée Zoologique, Lausanne, Switzerland, except a few specimens of every species to be deposited, wherever possible, in the Paris Museum.

The collection of Elmidae is much larger; it is presently still housed in the Laboratoire d'Hydrobiologie, Université Paul Sabatier, Toulouse, France. It will, in the future, be deposited at the Laboratoire d'Entomologie, Muséum National d'Histoire Naturelle, Paris.

The Plecoptera collection fills an entire cupboard. Thanks mainly to the competence of Dr. Gilles Vinçon the last student of C. Berthélemy, it is in fairly good order, in spite of Berthélemy's sudden death. It is intended to deposit the stonefly collection in the Paris Museum, like the Elmidae, once presently ongoing ecological studies in the Pyrenean mountains will be complete, in four or five years. C. Berthélemy had frequent exchanges and friendly relations with his colleagues at Schlitz, the late J. Illies and later also P. Zwick; some specimens of every species of which sufficient material is available will also be placed in the stonefly collection at the Limnologische Flussstation, Schlitz, Germany.

Finally, C. Berthélemy, who worked in Tunisia from 1967-1971, brought back an important series of samples of lotic fauna. Beetles and adult stoneflies were separated from the rest already in Tunisia; all other macroinvertebrates remain together in the same vials, unsorted and unstudied. After the thesis of M. Bourmaiza another student of C. Berthélemy and a teacher at the University of Tunis, was defended in 1994, Mrs. Nicole Thomas has kindly offered to complete sorting, so that the numerous larvae of Plecoptera will also become available. C. Berthélemy's handwritten collection notes were only recently deciphered by Gilles Vinçon and the data will later be available on diskette. Gilles and Mrs. Isabel Pardo have already started work on part of the adults. For further information on these stoneflies, please contact Gilles (38 bis, rue du Drac, 38000 Grenoble, France).

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CORRECTIVE NOTE ON *DOMINIPERLA ANTIGUA* ORIGINS

The statement ". . . unsorted amber specimens . . ." in the second sentence of Stark and Lentz (1992) paper describing *Dominiperla antigua* is misleading. This statement suggests the specimen was found by Dr. Rasnitsyn when, in fact, J. Brodzinsky discovered the specimen and labelled it as a plecopteran much earlier. After the specimen was acquired by the National Museum of Natural History, its importance was once again recognized by Dr. Rasnitsyn and at that point Dr. Flint sent it to me for study. I regret any confusion that has arisen over this point and personally thank Mr. Brodzinsky, Dr. Rasnitsyn and Dr. Flint for their role in bringing this unique specimen to my attention.

Bill P. Stark