

# ZEITSCHRIFT FÜR ENTOMOLOGIE

Band 37, Heft 3: 041-048

ISSN 0250-4413

Ansfelden, 4. Januar 2016

New data on Euchera Hübner, [1826] 1816 (= Stibolepis Butler, 1878) (Lepidoptera: Eupterotidae)

Vadim V. Zolotuhin

#### **Abstract**

The species group Euchera Hübner, [1826] 1816, rev.stat. (= Stibolepis Butler, 1878), rev.syn. is rejected from the *Phiala* Wallengren, 1860, and considered as an own genus including 3 species. Two new combinations are established: Euchera fervidaria (FABRICIUS, 1787) nov.comb., and Euchera albida (PLÖTZ, 1880) nov.comb. The following new synonymies here are established: Euchera fervidaria (Fabricius, 1787), = Stibolepis nivea Butler, 1878, nov.syn., = Phiala (Stibilepis) ochriventris Strand, 1911, nov.syn., and Euchera albida (Plötz, 1880) = Stibolepis abluta Holland, 1893, nov.syn. The male lectotype is designated for Phalaena fervidaria Fabricius, 1787 from the BMNH collection.

Key words: Lepidoptera, Eupterotidae, Euchera, Phiala, Afrotropics, taxonomy, new synonymy.

#### Zusammenfassung

Die Artengruppe *Euchera* Hübner, [1826] 1816, rev.stat. (= *Stibolepis* Butler, 1878), rev.syn., wird aus der Gattung *Phiala* Wallengren, 1860 als eigene Gattung mit 3 Arten ausgegliedert. Folgende Neukombinationen erfolgen: *Euchera fervidaria* (Fabricius, 1787) nov.comb., and *Euchera albida* (Plötz, 1880) nov.comb. Folgende neue Synonyme werden geschaffen: *Euchera fervidaria* (Fabricius, 1787), = *Stibolepis nivea* Butler, 1878, nov. syn., = *Phiala* (*Stibilepis*) *ochriventris* Strand, 1911, nov.syn., and *Euchera albida* (Plötz, 1880) = *Stibolepis abluta* Holland, 1893, nov.syn. Für *Phalaena fervidaria* Fabricius, 1787 wird der männliche Lectotypus aus der Sammlung des BMNH designiert.

#### Introduction

The article deals with a small group of Afrotropical monkey-moths included so far in large and seemingly heterogeneous genus *Phiala* Wallengren, 1860 (recte: *Heteromorpha* Herrich-Schäffer, [1855]). The group joins rather large broad-winged species looking similar males of *Melanothrix* Felder, 1874. Bright snow white and black wing pattern and extreme rarity their members in the collection allow to suppose they are day-flier or crepuscular moths not attracted (or only weakly so) to any light sources. So far they are known in a very few collected specimens, and 6 names were introduced in connection with this group (chronologically given):

cunina Cramer, 1782, Phalaena fervidaria Fabricius, 1787, Phalaena nivea Butler, 1878, Stibolepis albida Plötz, 1880, ?Phricodia abluta Holland, 1893, Stibolepis ochriventris Strand, 1911, Phiala (Stibilepis).

It is not quite understandable why so many so different moths are joined within the name *Phiala* at present; the name joins also such taxa as *Lichenopteryx* Felder, 1874, and *Rhabdosia* Hübner, [1820]. All they have very similar male genitalia, with reduced tergal appendages, fused valvae and very long saccus similar related Oriental *Eupterote* Hübner, [1820]. We are considering the *Euchera* group as a natural monophyletic complex and therefore given it here as an own genus including three species.

#### Material and methods

Material studied are from the museums abbreviated here as:

BMNH...... The Natural History Museum, London, UK;

CMNH...... The Carnegie Museum of Natural History, Pittsburgh, USA;

ZMHU ...... Zoologisches Museum der A. Humboldt Universität, Berlin, Germany.

Other abbreviations used are:

TL = type locality;

TS = type species;

HT – holotype;

LT – lectotype;

Photographs of adult were taken by an Olympus Camedia C-750 camera with a Soligor Adapter Tube and Slide Duplicator for Digital 10 diopters modified for object glasses, and were not altered.

#### Euchera Hübner, [1826] 1816 rev.stat.

Verzeichniss bekannter Schmettlinge [sic!]: 305. TS: *Euchera cunica* CRAM. (sic! but given as *Cunicaria* Hübner, [1826] 1816, unnecessary replacement name), by subsequent designation by Warren 1922 – in A. Seitz, Die Groβ-Schmetterlinge der Erde 10: 444.

= *Stibolepis* Butler, 1878 rev.syn. – Annals and Magazine of natural History **5** (2): 463. TS: *Stibolepis nivea* Butler 1878 – ibidem **5** (2): 463, by original designation. A subjective junior synonym of *Euchera* Hübner, [1826].

In the Genus *Euchera* three species are known.

#### Euchera cunina (CRAMER, 1782): Fig. 1

Phalaena cunina Stoll in Cramer, 1782 – De uitlandsche kapellen 3: 114, pl. 257 (XXL-VII), fig. G. TL: "Sierra Leona". HT: male (?lost).

= *Euchera cunicaria* Hübner, [1826] 1816 – Verzeichniss bekannter Schmettlinge [sic!]: 305, an unnecessary replacement name.

Most mysterious species of the genus; its type was not found nether in BMNH nor in the Naturalis biodiversity Center, where some types by Cramer are kept, and the species is known only after original drawing. I can't be sure if this drawing is really exact but pattern elements of the moth quite distinct from those two other species of the genus, *fervidaria* F. and *albida* PLÖTZ. Ringed abdomen is seemingly a fantasy of the painter. The species was collected in Sierra Leona, on the western end of Africa, in the country with high species endemism

No one member of this species was seen from the western regions of Africa therefore I can't confirm a status of this species.

HÜBNER in his 'Verzeichniss bekannter Schmettlinge [sic!]: 305 considered the species as a member of the Geometridae and therefore changed the ending on – aria formerly typical for geometrid moths; unnecessary replacement name.

<sup>&#</sup>x27;|' means a new line on the labels.

#### Euchera fervidaria (FABRICIUS, 1787) nov.comb.: Figs. 2-4

Phalaena fervidaria FABRICIUS, 1787 – Mantissa Insectorum sistens species 2: 187. TL: [equatorial Africa] "in Africa aequinoctionali". LT: male (BMNH), here designated.

- = *Stibolepis nivea* Butler, 1878 nov.syn. Annals and Magazine of natural History **5** (2): 463. TL: [Nigeria] "Old Calabar". HT: male (BMNH) [examined].
- = *Phiala* (*Stibilepis*) *ochriventris* Strand, 1911 nov.syn. Annals de la Société entomologique de Belgue **55**: 163. TL: [Cameroon] "aus Kamerun". HT: female (ZMHU) [examined].

The most widely spread species of the genus known from western part of equatorial Africa. It was found so far from Nigeria, Gabon, and Cameroon. Wide black marginal band with zic-zac white pattern is diagnostic. Costal zone of the fore wing crossed with rather broad black fasciae, sometimes (in females) fused in a complete black band. Abdomen is dark yellow.

A synonymy between *nivea* Butler, 1878 and *ochriventris* Strand, 1911 was never doubt; they are absolutely correspond each other and only were described after different sexes. But a type *fervidaria* F., 1787 was considered for the long time as lost and it was found in recognizable condition in the BMNH, in "Mus. Dom. Banks" collection as a couple of moths. It is a rather worn but completely preserved pair; female is more worn; the male (illustrated) is designated here a lectotype of the species. It bears the following labels: a white circle with inscription "63 | 48", brownish (originally white) dense bottom label with double black frame and inscription (?by Fabricius? I saw such handwritten text on most labels of Fabricius's specimens from different collections) "*Phalena fervidaria* | Fabr. Mssa Ins. N 29.", and an additional BMNH staff's white printed label "BMNH #669742" meaning the image inventory number.

In spite the both specimens are really aged and some pattern elements are not clear visible, it is quite understandable that both three taxa under consideration are conspecific therefore the synonymy as pointed above is here established.

### Euchera albida (Plötz, 1880) nov.comb.: Figs. 5-7

?Phricodia albida Plötz, 1880 – Entomologische Zeitung (Stettin) 41: 87. TL: [Cameroon] "Bonjongo". HT: female (?lost).

= Stibolepis abluta Holland, 1893 nov.syn. – Entomological News 4 (10): 343, pl. 15, fig. 14. TL: [Gabon, Ogové River] "Kangwé, West Africa". HT: male (CMNH) [examined].

This species was described based on a single female (at least so it was given in Plötz 1880). The types by C. Plötz were deposited in Naturhistorisches Museum zu Stettin, and were lost during the 2. World War. In 1930s the typical specimen of *albida* Plötz, 1880 was (?) sent to A. Seitz who illustrated it in 'Die Groβ-Schmetterlinge der Erde'; hence, a male specimen is figured there instead a female originally pointed out. This specimen originates seemingly from the collection of ZMHU, where 3 more moths from Cameroon are kept; but their colors are too contrastly shown on the plate.



Figs. 2-4: (1) Phalaena cunina Stoll, original drawing from Cramer 1782, pl. 257, fig. G;(2) Phalaena fervidaria Fabricius, 1787, β, lectotype (BMNH);(3) Stibolepis nivea Butler, 1878, β, holotype (BMNH); (4) Phiala (Stibilepis) ochriventris Strand, 1911, \$\mathcal{Q}\$, holotype (ZMHU); (5) Phiala albida Plötz, 1880, in A. Seitz 'Die Groß-Schmetterlinge der Erde'; (6) Phiala albida Plötz, 1880, \$\mathcal{Q}\$, Cameroon (ZMHU); (7) Stibolepis abluta Holland, 1893, \$\mathcal{Q}\$, holotype (CMNH).

These specimens are rather well correspond to the original *abluta* Holland than to *albida* Plötz and therefore they all are conspecific. A new synonymy is here established.

There is no contradiction between locality "Ogové" given on the label of the typical specimen and "Kangwé" listed in the original description. Kangwé is a village on the Ogové River.

#### Acknowledgements

Work in different museums was made possible by the support from their curators: Alessandro Giusti, Geoff Martin and Martin Honey (London, Great Britain), Wolfram Mey (Berlin, Germany), John Rawlins (Pittsburgh, USA), Thomas J. Witt (Munich, Germany), Rob de Vos, the Naturalis biodiversity Center (Leiden, the Netherlands). Financial support was granted by the Thomas-Witt-Stiftung in 2008 and in 2011–2012. This work is a part of an investigation into the biodiversity of moths at the Department of Zoology (State Pedagogical University of Uljanovsk) (grant 4188.2014.4.).

The images of the typical specimens from the BMNH collection are figured here courtesy of the Trustees.

#### References

PLÖTZ C. (1880): Verzeichniss der vom Professor Dr. R. Buchholz in West-Africa gesammelten Schmetterlinge (Vorsetzung). – Entomologische Zeitung (Stettin) 41: 76-88.

Author's address:

Vadim V. ZOLOTUHIN
Department of Zoology
State Pedagogical University of Uljanovsk
pl. 100-letia Lenina 4
RUS-432700 Uljanovsk, Russia
E-Mail: v.zolot@mail.ru

# Book series

# "Proceedings of the Museum Witt"

The "Proceedings of the Museum Witt" were founded in 2014 by Dr. h.c. Thomas J.Witt in Munich as book series appearing irregularly with the aim to publish quickly comprehensive manuscripts written by corresponding authors of the Museum Witt, Munich. The series is published in cooperation with State Nature Research Centre in Vilnius, Lithuania.



Alexey V. SOLOVYEV

Parasa Moore auct.: phylogenetic review of the complex from the Palaearctic and Indomalayan regions (Lepidoptera, Limacodidae). – Proc. Mus. Witt Vol.1, Munich and Vilnius (2014). (110 distribution maps, 147 coloured figures, 120 genitalia figures, 239 pages).



Alexander SCHINTLMEISTER & Thomas J. WITT

The Notodontidae of South Africa including Swaziland and Lesotho (Lepidoptera).Proc. Mus. Witt Vol.2, Munich and Vilnius (2015).
(104 distribution maps, 37 colour plates, 42 plates with genitalia figures, 288 pages).

All books presented also on the homepage of Museum Witt Munich: http://www.insecta-web.org/LepWitt/ Book exchange is welcome.

#### Next volumes (in preparation:

# Tatyana TROFIMOVA & Dmitry SHOVKOON & Thomas J. WITT The genus Calliteara (Lepidoptera, Lymantriidae).

Proc. Mus. Witt, Vol.3, Munich and Vilnius (2015). (117 distribution maps, 17 colour plates, 68 plates with genitalia figures, 291pages).

Vasily V. ANIKIN & Sergey A. SACHKOV & Vadim V. ZOLOTUHIN 'Fauna lepidopterologica Volgo-Uralensis': from P. Pallas to present day.

Proc. Mus. Witt, Munich and Vilnius (in preparation)

## Vladimir KONONENKO Noctuidae Sibiricae Vol 3

Proc. Mus. Witt, Munich and Vilnius (in preparation)

#### Vladimir KONONENKO

Noctuidae Sibiricae Vol.1 und 2 (Revised new edition). Proc. Mus. Witt, Munich and Vilnius (in preparation)

#### Alexander SCHINTLMEISTER

Catalogue of the types of Notodontidae in the United States National Museum Washington D.C. Proc. Mus. Witt, Munich and Vilnius (in preparation)

# Jaap ZWIER

Revision der Aganaidae Proc. Mus. Witt, Munich and Vilnius (in preparation)

Druck, Eigentümer, Herausgeber, Verleger und für den Inhalt verantwortlich:

Maximilian Schwarz, Konsulent f. Wissenschaft der Oberösterreichischen Landesregierung, Eibenweg 6, A-4052 Ansfelden, Austria; maximilian.schwarz@liwest.at.

Redaktion: Fritz GusenLeitner, Biologiezentrum Linz, f.gusenleitner@landesmuseum.at;

Roland Gerstmeier, Lehrstuhl f. Zoologie, TÜ München, gerstmei@wzw.tum.de; Thomas Witt, Tengstraße 33, D-80796 München, thomas@witt-thomas.com Berthold Clewing, Akademischer Verlag München, avm@druckmedien.de; Harald Sulak, Museum Witt München, h.sulak@atelier-sulak.de;

Mitarbeiter: Karin Traxler, Biologiezentrum Linz, bio.redaktion@landesmuseum.at;

Heike Reichert, Museum Witt München, heike reichert66@web.de; Erich Diller, Zool. Staatssammlung München, Erich.Diller@zsm.mwn.de.

Adresse: Entomofauna, Redaktion und Schriftentausch Thomas WITT, c/o Museum Witt München,

Tengstr. 33, 80796 München, Deutschland, thomas@witt-thomas.com;

Entomofauna, Redaktion c/o Fritz GusenLeitner, Lungitzerstr. 51, 4222 St. Georgen/Gusen,

Austria, f.gusenleitner@landesmuseum.at.

# ZOBODAT - www.zobodat.at

Zoologisch-Botanische Datenbank/Zoological-Botanical Database

Digitale Literatur/Digital Literature

Zeitschrift/Journal: Entomofauna

Jahr/Year: 2016

Band/Volume: 0037

Autor(en)/Author(s): Zolotuhin Vadim V.

Artikel/Article: New data on Euchera Hübner, [1826] 1816 (= Stibolepis Butler,

1878) (Lepidoptera: Eupterotidae) 41-48