3. Berichtigung.

(Zu dem Aufsatze in No. 520, p. 526.) Von Oswald Kieschnick in Jena.

p. 527. Genus Stelletta O. Schmidt, emend. »Kieselschwämme mit triänen und amphioxen Megascleren und mit streng radiären Ästen, zu denen sich selten Rhabdodragme gesellen. Mit kleinen kugligen Geißelkammern und meist einer Rinde (R. von Lendenfeld, F. E. Schulze). Microrhabde können eine mehr oder weniger dichte Schicht der Oberfläche bilden «.

p. 533. Anstatt » Tricanophora Ridley und Tricanophora incrustans n. sp.« muß es heißen » Thricanophora und Thricanophora incrustans n. sp.«

II. Mittheilungen aus Museen, Instituten etc.

1. Zoological Society of London.

15th December, 1896. — The Secretary read a report on the additions that had been made to the Society's Menagerie during the month of November 1896. - Mr. Sclater exhibited two bound volumes of original drawings by Joseph Wolf and Waterhouse Hawkins, belonging to the Knowsley Library, which had been kindly lent to him for examination by the Earl of Derby. They represented various animals that had been living in the Knowsley Menagerie, 1844-48. - Mr. W. Bateson exhibited and made remarks on some Pigeons with very well-marked webs between the toes. -Prof. Newton sent for exhibition the type-specimen of Heterorhynchus olivaceus of Lafresnaye, kindly entrusted to him by Prof. Hyatt, Curator of the Museum of the Boston Natural History Society. This extinct species, now referred to Hemignathus lucidus of Lichtenstein, was peculiar to Oahu, one of the Sandwich Islands, and the present appeared to be the only full-plumaged male specimen ever seen in this country. - Dr. G. Herbert Fowler read a paper entitled "Contributions to our Knowledge of the Plankton of the Faeroe Channel," which contained an account of the first results arrived at from his examination of the marine fauna of this channel during a voyage in it, in July and August last, in H.M.S. 'Research' (Capt. Moore). - The Secretary read a paper by Mr. Oldfield Thomas, entitled "On the Genera of Rodents, being an attempt to bring up to date the current arrangement of the Order." Taking as a basis Alston's paper on the Rodents, published in 1876, the main object of the present communication was to place in their proper positions the many genera described since that author's time. In regard to the larger groups, Alston's arrangement had been followed as far as possible: but among other things it had been thought better to elevate the subfamily Bathyerginae into a family, to make two families of the Hystricidae, one for the Old-World and one for the New-World Porcupines, and to give to the subfamilies Geomyinae and Heteromyinae full family rank. All the recent genera of the order were enumerated, to the number of 158, as compared with 100 in Alston's list .- Dr. J. W. Gregory gave a description of Lysechinus, a new genus of Plesiocidarids from the Tyrolese

Trias.—A second paper by Dr. J. W. Gregory related to the classification of the Palaeozoic Ophiurids.—A communication was read from the Rev. O. Pickard Cambridge, F.R.S., containing descriptions of four new or little-known Spiders (Araneidea) from Ceylon, Borneo, and South America.—A communication from Dr. Robert O. Cunningham related to the occurrence of a pair of supernumerary bones in the skull of a Lemur, and to a peculiarity which he had noted in the skull of a young Orang.—A communication was read from Dr. Alph. Dubois, C.M.Z.S., in which he gave the description of a new African Trogon from Lake Tanganyika, proposed to be named Hapaloderma rufiventris.—P. L. Sclater, Secretary.

2. New York Academy of Science, Biological Section.

December 14, 1896. - Dr. Arnold Graf made a preliminary report on "Some New Fixing Fluids."—Mr. J. H. McGregor, read a paper entitled "An Embryo of Cryptobranchus." The embryo described is about 16 millimetres long, and is the first to be recorded of this species. Prominent among its external features are the excessive amount of yolk, the marked ventral flexure in the cervical region and the very early and almost simultaneous appearance of the two pairs of limbs. The dorsal surface is pigmented, the pigment cells being arranged in transverse bands, one band over each metamere of the body. Lateral line sense-organs can be distinguished. Among the most striking internal characters may be mentioned the dorso-ventral flattening of the notochord, the late appearance of entoderm and alimentary organs generally,-due doubtless to the great mass of the yolk. The primordial skull is unusually well developed. The auditory vescicle has an endolymphatic duct ending blindly immediately under the skin on the top of the head. Along the sides of the body a system of organs occurs which are probably homologous with the embryonic sense-organs described by Beard in the sharks. - Dr. J. L. Wortman spoke of the "Ganodonta" a new and primitive suborder of the Edentata from the Eocene of North America. One section or family of the suborder, viz.: the Stylinodontidae, is composed of Hemiganus, Psittacotherium, Ectoganus and Stylinodon and forms a closely connected and consecutive phylum - reaching from the base of the Puerco to the Bridger formation and leading directly to the Gravigrada or ground sloths. A second family, viz.: the Conoryctidae, composed of Conoryctes and Onychodectes may be regarded as ancestral to the Armadillos. The character and origin of the Edentate fauna of South America was discussed at length and the conclusion reached that its original home was in North America. It was further held that there was a migration to the southward before the close of the Eocene and that there must have then been an early land connection between the two continents. - C. L. Bristol, Secretary.

3. Linnean Society of New South Wales.

November 25th, 1896.—1) On the Comparative Anatomy of the Organ of Jacobson in Marsupials. By R. Broom, M.D., B.Sc. A study of the general anatomy and relation of Jacobson's Organ in representatives of twelve genera has been made, and in most cases at different stages of development. The examination of the different varieties of structure affords evi-

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