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Genera Encyrtidarum regionis palaearcticae

Auctoribus

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Post tabellas dichotomicas MAYRI et THOMSONI (1875), quae genera et species huius familiae delicatissimae amplexae sunt, publicatio talis tabellae a MERCE (1921) facta progressus magnos in systemate Encyrtidarum significavit. At decenniis elapsis variationes in nomenclatura, novaeque detectiones in systemate fortius in dies postulaverunt confectionem novarum tabellarum. Hoc et factum est duabus operibus eximiis editis, quarum una a NIKOLSKAJA (1952), altera a FERRIERE (1953) publicata est.

Eodem tempore, independenter ab his duabus tabellis ultimis, consti-
tuimus unam tabellam dichotomicam pro generibus Encyrtidarum Hungariae. Problemata sistema Encyrtidarum spectantia in praeviis epistolis amplis inter nos mutatis dissolvere nitebamur, tandem, tamquam

fructus harum discussionum, ERDÖS in formam tabellae redegit, NOVICKY vero acceptavit. Interim apparuerunt duae tabellae supra laudatae, quibus, necnon descriptionibus generum novorum a HOFFER editis, in rectificatione et complemento tabellae nostrae usi sumus.

Annuntiare debemus, quod tempus conficiendi tabellas definitivas in familia Encyrtidarum nondum advenerit. De die enim in diem deteguntur genera nova, quae indescripta videntur. Dein genera extranea, inter ea exotica, quorum descriptiones originales propter brevitatem pro nobis inscrutabiles, vel etiam inadipiscibiles erant, in futuro per redescriptionem dilucidabuntur. — Attamen speramus, quod uti tabella provisoria nunc temporis studiosos in determinatione multum iuvare possit, cum in confectione eius scopos praticos magis vigere, characteresque plus-minus faciliter dignoscibiles aptare contenderimus.

Distributionem generum in tribus vel subtribus absolute a tabella generum, auctoritate TIMBERLAKE-i (1923, p. 58) sic contemplamus.

- Subfamilia *Arrhenophaginae* Merc. (1921),
- „ *Antheminae* Merc. (1922),
- „ *Encyrtinae* How. (1886).

I. Tribus *Pseudorhopini* nov.

Species non metallicaes, funiculo in utroque sexu 5-articulato, nervo submarginali brevi, marginali punctiformi, radiali et postmarginali rudimentariis. Unicum genus *Pseudorhopus* Timb.

II. Tribus *Leptomastidini* nov.

Species sordide testaceae, vel ravae, raro metallico-micantes; mandibulae bidentatae; vertex latus, orbitis internis subparallelis; antennae funiculo 6-articulato, in genere tantum *Anomalicornia* Merc. 7-articulato, in ♀♀ raro breves et clavatae, in ♂♂ longe-pilosae pilis fere verticillatis; alae raro maculatae, postmarginali saepius rudimentario; formae brachypterae non rarae.

Subtribus *Rhopina*: *Rhopus* Först., *Doliphoceras* Merc., *Platyrhopus* Erd.;
 subtribus *Anusiina*: *Anusia* Först., *Asitus* Erd., *Ioessa* Erd.;
 subtribus *Leptomastidina*: *Anomalicornia* Merc., *Xanthoëctroma* Merc., *Leptomastidea* Merc., *Callipteroma* Motsch., *Leptomastix* Först., *Anagyrus* How., *Thomsonisca* Ghesqu.

III. Tribus *Quadrenencyrtini* Hffr. (1953).

Corpus valde deplanatum, ocellis absentibus, pronoto magno, scutello et scuto mesonoti fortiter abbreviatis, mandibulis 4-dentatis, alis rudimentariis. Unicum genus *Quadrenencyrtus* Hffr.

IV. Tribus *Ectromini* Ashm. (1900).

Mandibulae bidentatae; antennae ♂♂ et ♀♀ similes; corpus raro metallicum; pronotum grande; alae saepe parvae, evolutae ordinarie maculatae.

Subtribus *Ectromina*: *Dinocarsis* Först., *Dicarnosis* Merc., *Dinocarsiella* Merc., *Dusmetia* Merc., *Ectroma* Westw., *Aquaencyrtus* Hffr.;
 subtribus *Ericydnina*: *Ericydnus* Walk., *Clausenia* Ishii.

V. Tribus *Mirini* Ashm. (1900).

Mandibulae 3-dentatae; antennae funiculo 6-articulato, saepe deplanato; pronotum grande, scutum mesonoti breve, transversum; terebra ♀ saepe exserta; alae rarius evolutae, tunc fere semper maculatae; color corporis ordinarie testaceus, saepe metallico-maculatus, raro integre metallicus. Tribus sat heterogenea! Genera: *Metallonus* Walk., *Mira* Schellenb., *Metanotalia* Merc., *Baeocharis* Mayr, *Echthroplexiella* Merc.

VI. Tribus *Aphydini* Hffr. (1954).

Mandibulae 3-dentatae; funiculus 5—6-articulatus, clava in ♀♀ 2—3-articulata, in ♂♂ solida, scapus saepe valde dilatatus; dimorphismus sexualis sat exiguis; alae nervo marginali brevi, formae brachypterae sat frequentes; color corporis ordinarie testaceus, albosignatus, vel plus-minus ravus. Genera: *Stemmatosteres* Timb., *Timberlakia* Merc., *Aphydulus* Hffr., *Pseudaphydrus* Timb., *Aphydus* Mayr, *Homalotyloidea*, Merc., *Pezaphydrus* Nov., *Aenasioidea* Grlt., *Paraenasioidea* Hffr., *Waterstonia* Merc. *Heterarthrellus* How., *Paraphydrus* Grlt.

VII. Tribus *Microteryni* nov.

Mandibulae 3-dentatae, dentibus nonnunquam parum evolutis; funiculus 6-articulatus, in genere *Birous* nov. 3-articulatus, scapo simplici vel dilatato, clava in ♀♀ ordinarie 3-articulata; alae raro rudimentariae, hyalinae vel maculatae; subtribus longitudine marginalis, situque radialis, necnon convexitate thoracis coagmentantur, prima sculptura corporis, secunda insuper antennis ♂♂ ramosis.

Subtribus *Blastotrichina*: *Blastothrix* Mayr;

subtribus *Parblastotrichina*: *Parblastothrix* Merc., *Calometopia* Merc.;

subtribus *Prionomitina*: *Prionomitus* Mayr, *Psyllaephagus* Ashm., *Psylledontus* Crawf., *Metaprionomitus* Merc., *Superprionomitus* Merc., *Cerchysius* Westw., *Cocciden-cyrtus* Ashm., *Neococciden-cyrtus* Comp., *Aphycoides* Merc., *Schediooides* Merc., *Ooen-cyrtus* Ashm.;

subtribus *Microteryna*: *Aphidencyrtus* Ashm., *Adelencyrtus* Ashm., *Paraschediella* Hffr. (?), *Sceptrophorus* Först., *Pseudencyrtus* Ashm., *Syrphophagrus* Ashm., *Paraphae-nodiscooides* Merc., *Microterys* Thoms., *Birous* nov., *Epiencyrtus* Ashm., *Trichomasthus* Thoms.;

subtribus *Mayridiina*: *Parasyrphophagus* Grlt., *Subprionomitus* Merc., *Ceballosia* Merc., *Mayridia* Merc., *Platyencyrtus* nov.

VIII. Tribus *Trechnitini* nov.

Mandibulae 4-dentatae; funiculus 5-articulatus in ambabus sexibus; scutellum planum, triangulare; alae hyalinae, nervi ut in *Prionomitus* Mayr formati; corpus metallicum, scutellum sericeo-micans. Genera: *Trechnites* Thoms., *Metallonoidea* Grlt. (?).

IX. Tribus *Copidosomini* nov.

Mandibulae 3-dentatae; antennae funiculo 6-articulato, in genere *Holcothorax* Mayr 5-articulato, clava 3-articulata vel integra; thorax squamoso-reticulatus, vel striolatus, valde convexus; alae saepius rudimentariae, evolutae raro parum fumatae, nervis fere ut in *Prionomitus* Mayr formati; abdomen saepe in ♀♀ terebra exserta. Subtribus sculptura thoracis ordinantur.

Subtribus *Copidosomina*: *Paralitomastix* Merc., *Litomastix* Thoms., *Copidosoma* Ratzb.;

subtribus *Ageniaspidina*: *Ageniaspis* Dahlb., *Holcothorax* Mayr, *Parageniaspis* Ms., *Geniaspidius* Ms., *Athesmus* nov.

X. Tribus *Homalotylini* Hffr. (1953).

Corpus obscure metallicum, vel ravidum flavo-pictum; madibulae 3 dentatae; antennae fere uniformes in ambabus sexibus, funiculo 6-articulato, articulis brevibus et breviter pilosis, clava solida vel 3-articulata, ordinarie apice oblique, vel valde oblique truncata; corpus opacum, vel laeve; alae raro abbreviatae, saepe unimaculatae vel hyalinæ, nervo marginali brevi, radiali sat longo, saepe fere perpendiculari; abdomen robustum, sat breve, terebra nonnunquam exserta. Genera: *Homalotylus* Mayr., *Iso-dromus* How., *Eupoecilopoda* Nov. & Hffr., *Echthroplexis* Forst.

XI. Tribus *Encyrtini* Ashm. (1900).

Mandibulae breves et robustae, non dentatae, sed late mutilatae; corpus non metallicum, nigrum vel flavo-, fulvoque signatum; scutellum saepe fasciculato-pilosum; alae evolutae, ordinarie maculatae, nervo radiali longo; abdomen ♀ terebra recondita. Genera: *Encyrtus* Latr., *Prionomastix* Mayr.

XII. Tribus *Bothriothoracini* How. (1895).

Mandibulae 2- vel 3-dentatae; corpus robustum, capite vel etiam thorace saepe gemmato-punctatis; antennae saepissime similes in ambabus sexibus, in ♂♂ raro ramosae, funiculo 6-articulato; alae saepe fumatae, raro rudimentariae, evolutae sat breves et ampliae; abdomen sat breve, terebra ♀♀ ordinarie recondita. Subtribus sculptura corporis, forma et structura alarum dividuntur.

Subtribus *Bothriothoracina*: *Zeteticontus* Silv., *Bothriothorax* Ratzb., *Coccidoxenus* Crawf., *Eucantabria* Merc., *Rhinoencyrtus* Merc., *Euzkadiella* Merc., *Aminellus* Ms.;

subtribus *Ixodiphagina*: *Hunterellus* How., *Ixodiphagus* How.;

subtribus *Discodina*: *Eugahania* Merc., *Discodes* Först., *Monodiscodes* Hffr., *Choreia* Westw., *Choreaspis* Hffr., *Semen* Hffr., *Metaphaenodiscus* Merc., *Paraphaenodiscus* Grlt.;

subtribus *Tetralophideina*: *Tetralophidea* How., *Ramalia* Merc., *Pentacnemus* How.;

subtribus *Coenocercina*: *Hoplopsis* Destef., *Coenocercus* Thoms., *Agromyzaephagus* Gah., *Ginsiana* nov.

XIII. Tribus *Tetracnemini* How. (1892).

Mandibulae 2-dentatae; antennae ♀♀ elongatae, filiformes, non deplanatae, scapo longo, basi clavato, funiculo 5-6-articulato, clava 3-articulata, ♂♂ 4-ramosae; alae hyalinæ, raro subfulvae, radiali sat longo, non punctiformi; abdomen ♀ terebra recondita; corpus metallicum, abdomen in una specie flavum. Genera: *Tetracnemus* Westw., *Charitopus* Först., *Hungariella* Erd.

XIV. Tribus *Habrolepini* nov.

Mandibulae 3-dentatae, raro 2-dentatae; antennae ♀♀ funiculo 6-articulato, saepe valde depresso, clava solida vel 3-articulata, nonnunquam maxima, in ♂♂ articulis funiculi verticillatis vel ramosis; scutellum saepius fasciculo pilorum ornatum; alae ordinarie angustae, maculatae vel hyalinæ, praemarginali saepe triangulariter dilatato, marginali longo, radiali sessili, punctiformi; corpus gracile, pulchre metallicum, saepe flavo-signatum, abdomen ♀♀ saepe terebra exserta. Tribus sat heterogenea, subtribus respectu antennarum et nervatura alarum statuuntur.

Subtribus *Tetracladiina*: *Tricnemus* Merc., *Calocerinus* How., *Tetracladia* How.;

subtribus *Mayrenkyrtina*: *Mayrenkyrtus* Hincks, *Leiocyrtus* nov., *Boučekialla* Hffr.;

subtribus *Chiloneurina*: *Chiloneurus* Westw., *Apterencyrtus* Ashm., *Prochiloneurus* Silv., *Achrysopophagus* Grlt., *Tineophoctonus* Ashm.;

subtribus *Tyndarichina*: *Tyndarichus* How., *Protyndarichus* Merc.,

subtribus *Habrolepina*: *Cerapterocerus* Westw., *Eusemion* Dahlb., *Pareusemion* Ishii, *Comperiella* How., *Habrolepis* Forst., *Anabrolepis* Timb.

XV. Tribus *Cercobelini* nov.

Antennae funiculo 4-articulato, articulis subquadratis; alae hyalinae, nervo marginali longo, vel aequo longo ac lato. Genera: *Cercobelus* Walk., *Plagiomerus* Crawf.

Tabella dichotomica generum regionis palaearcticae

Propter descriptionem brevem non potuimus assumere genera *Heterencyrtus* Hffr. (1953), *Paraenasioidea* Hffr. (1953) et *Paraschediella* Hffr. (1954).

♀♀

1. Antennae absque funiculo, annellis binis		
	<i>Arrhenophagus</i> Aur. 1888.	
	(typus: <i>A. chionaspidis</i> Aur.)	
Antennae funiculo evoluto		2
2. Alae longae, Mymaridarum instar formatae, marginibus antico et interno parallelis, fimbria valde longa, nervo marginali punctiformi, radio et postmarginali absentibus		
	<i>Anthemus</i> How. 1896.	
	(typus: <i>A. chionaspidis</i> How.)	
Proalae plus-minus rotundato-triangulares, fimbria moderata, ramis nervaturae evolutis, postmarginali interdum reducto		3
3. Funiculo 3—4-articulato		4
Funiculo 5—7-articulato		6
4. Funiculo 3-articulato	<i>Birbus</i> n. g.	
	(typus: <i>B. anomalous</i> n. sp.)	
Funiculo 4-articulato		5
5. Articulus primus funiculi pedicello aequilongus		
	<i>Cercobelus</i> Walk. 1840.	
	(typus: <i>C. jugaeus</i> Walk.)	
Articuli 1—2 funiculi simul sumpti pedicello breviores		
	<i>Plagiomerus</i> Crawf. 1910.	
	(typus: <i>P. diaspidis</i> Crawf.)	
6. Funiculus 7-articulatus, clava biarticulata		7
Funiculus 5-articulatus		8
Funiculus 6-articulatus		15
7. Corpus sordide avellaneum, fere laeve et insculpturatum		
	<i>Anomalicornia</i> Merc. 1921.	
	(typus: <i>A. tenuicornis</i> Merc.)	
Corpus nigrum, densissime coriaceum, opacum		
	<i>Athesmus</i> n. g.	
	(typus: <i>A. luctuosus</i> n. sp.)	
8. Corpus maxima parte testaceum		9
Corpus obscurum vel metallicum		12

170

J. Erdös & S. Novicky, Genera Encyrtidarum

9. *Testaceus*, hic-illie brunnescens, thorax insculpturatus; articuli funiculi quadrati *Pseudorhopus* Timb. 1926.
(syn.: *Rhopus* auct. nec Först.; typus: *Encyrtus testaceus* Ratzb.)
Testaceus, thorax opacus, evidenter coriaceus; articuli funiculi transversi 10

10. *Perparvus*, apterus ocellis absentibus
Stemmatosteres Timb. 1918.
typus: *S. apterus* Timb.) 11

Ocellis bene evolutis; clava biarticulata

11. Species maiores, sordide testaceae, obsolete brunneomaculatae; terebra 1/3 abdominis exserta; denticulus medius mandibularum maximus; funiculus plus-minus ravus, clava albida
Pseudaphycus Clausen 1915.
(typus: *Aphycus angelicus* How.)
Species minores, fere unicoloriter aurantiaco-flavae; terebra parum exserta; flagillum non bicoloratum 11a

11a. *Convexus*, fronte lata, pronoto sat longo
Timberlakia Merc. 1925.
(syn.: *Acerophagus* Merc. nec. Smith; typus:
Acerophagus europaeus Merc.)
Deplanatus, fronte angustiore ocellis in triangulum aequilaterale dispositis, pronoto brevissimo
Aphyculus Hffr. 1954.
(typus: *A. zavadili* Hffr.) 13

12. *Metallice viridis* vel violaceo-cyaneus
Niger capite cyaneo-viridi vel violaceo; thorax densissime striolatus; scutellum convexum *Holcothorax* Mayr 1875.
(typus: *Encyrtus testaceipes* Ratzb.)

13. *Nervus marginalis* bis longior quam latus, radiali longior
Metallonoidea Grlt. 1915.
(typus: *M. britannica* Grlt.)
Nervus marginalis punctiformis, radiali brevior 14

14. *Scapus longus*, infra incrassatus; scutellum convexum; alae nervo marginali evoluto *Hungariella* Erd. 1946.
(syn.: *Tetracnemus* Timb. nec Westw.; typus: *H. piceae* Erd.)
Scapus linearis; scutellum deplanatum pulchre sericeum; nervus marginalis fere nullus *Trechnites* Thoms. 1875.
(syn.: *Metallon* auct. nec Walk.; typus: *T. fuscitarsis* Thoms.)

15. Species brachypterae: alae a tegulis apicem abdominis non attingentes
Species macropterae 16

16. Axillae, tegulae et propodeum valde magna, scutellum parvum; propodeum mesothorace latius
Metanotalia Merc. 1924.
 (typus: *M. hispanica* Merc.)
 Partes enumeratae corporis normaliter evolutae 17
17. Flagellum, saepe etiam scapus, latissimum articulis funiculi fortiter transversis et lamelliformiter depressis
 Scapus linearis vel modice dilatatus articulis funiculi cylindricis vel apicalibus parum deplanatis 18
 21
18. Funiculus cum clava foliaceo-dilatatus, medio latissimus
Mira Schellenb. 1803.
 (typus: *M. macrocera* Schellenb.)
 Funiculus fere parallelus, vel apicemversus modice attenuatus 19
19. Terebra longitudine dimidium abdominis efficiens
Tetracladia How. 1892.
 (syn.: *Anusia* Mayr partim, *Paracalocerinus* Grlt., *Masia* Merc.,
Anusiella Merc., *Placoceras* Erd.; typus: *T. texana* How.)
 Terebra recondita 20
20. Species gracilis, deplanata; funiculus parallelus; thorax fere laevis
Anusia Först. 1856.
 (typus: *Ectroma fulvescens* Westw.)
 Species robustae et elatae, fortiter coriaceae; articuli funiculi longiores et versus clavam angustiores
Dicarnosis Merc. 1924.
 (typus: *D. superba* Merc.)
 22
21. Species minima, corpore laevi, alis absentibus; pronotum scuto mesonoti longius; corpus ravum, scuto mesonoti, scutello, propodeo et pedibus testaceis
Quadrencyrtus Hffr. 1953.
 (typus: *Qu. paradoxus* Hffr.)
 Species aliter constructae 23
22. Funiculus valde brevis, articulis cunctis latioribus ac longis,
 clava magna, fere funiculo aequilonga
 Articuli funiculi longiores, si breves, tunc clava funiculo multo breviore 26
23. Corpus opacum, sordide albidum; articuli funiculi valde breves,
 apicales ter latiores quam longi
Pezaphycus Nov. 1928.
 (syn.: *Aphyucus* Erd. nec Mayr; typus: *P. obenbergeri* Nov.)
 Magis flavi, testacei vel lutei 24
24. Pronotum longum, fere scuto mesonoti aequilongum; corpus elongatum; tereba exserta
Echthroplexiella Merc. 1924.
 (typus: *E. submetallica* Merc.)
 Pronotum breve; corpus magis obesum 25

25. <i>Scapus linearis</i>	<i>Aphyucus</i> Mayr 1875.	
(syn.: <i>Euaphucus</i> Merc., typus: <i>Encyrtus apicalis</i> Dalm.)		
<i>Scapus foliaceo-dilatatus</i>	<i>Metaphucus</i> Merc. 1921.	
	(typus: <i>Encyrtus punctipes</i> Dalm.)	
26. <i>Funiculus apice deplanato</i>		27
<i>Funiculus cum clava cylindricus</i>		28
27. <i>Corpus maxima parte melallicum</i> ; <i>funiculus solum apice deplanatus</i>	<i>Metallon</i> Walk. 1848.	
(syn.: <i>Pezobius</i> Först.; typus: <i>Encyrtus aeneiventris</i> Walk.)		
<i>Corpus obscure metallicum</i> , <i>scutello abrupte flavo</i> ; <i>fero cuncti articuli funiculi deplanati</i>	<i>Baeocharis</i> Mayr 1875.	
	(typus: <i>B. pascuorum</i> Mayr)	
28. <i>Corpus opacum</i> , <i>fortiter coriaceum</i> , <i>non metallicum</i> , <i>parce vel densius squamulis argenteis inspersum</i>		29
<i>Corpus plus-minus nitens</i> , <i>absque squamulis argenteis</i>		32
29. <i>Scutellum triangulare</i> ; <i>pedicellus articulo 1-o funiculi brevior</i>		31
<i>Scutellum breve</i> , <i>postice truncatum vel late rotundatum</i> ; <i>pedicellus articulo 1-o funiculi longior</i>		30
30. <i>Fere unicolor</i> : <i>ferrugineo-luteus</i> ; <i>corpus robustum</i> ; <i>scutellum apice truncatum</i> ; <i>antennae albo-signatae</i>	<i>Dusmetia</i> Merc. 1921.	
	(typus: <i>D. ceballosi</i> Merc.)	
<i>Corpus nigrum</i> , <i>magis tenue</i> ; <i>scutellum apice late rotundatum</i> ; <i>antennae obscurae</i>	<i>Aquaencyrtus</i> Hffr. 1952.	
	(typus: <i>A. boemicus</i> Hffr.)	
31. <i>Corpus nigrum</i> ; <i>proalae squamiformes</i> , <i>coriaceae</i> , <i>basin propodei non transgredientes</i>	<i>Dinocarsis</i> Först. 1856.	
	(typus: <i>Encyrtus hemipterus</i> Dalm.)	
<i>Corpus pulcherrime bicolor</i> : <i>nigrum cum amplis vittis citrinis</i> ; <i>proalae obscure fasciatae</i> , <i>medium abdominis attingentes</i>		
	<i>Dinocarsiella</i> Merc. 1921.	
	(typus: <i>Anagyrus alpinus</i> Grlt.)	
32. <i>Funiculus brevis</i> , <i>crassus</i> , <i>scapo fere semicirculariter dilatato</i> ; <i>thorax sublaevis</i> , <i>nitens</i>	<i>Paraphaenodiscus</i> Grlt. 1915.	
	(syn.: <i>Aschitus</i> Merc.; typus: <i>P. verus</i> Grlt.)	
	<i>Aliter constructus</i>	33
33. <i>Scutellum basi duobus punctis profundis ornatum</i> ; <i>funiculus longus</i> ; <i>corpus maxima parte testaceum</i> , <i>metallico-micans</i> , <i>mesonotum cum scutello laeve</i>	<i>Ectroma</i> Westw. 1833.	
	(typus: <i>Eupelmus rufus</i> Dalm.)	
	<i>Scutellum basi absque punctis profundis</i>	34
34. <i>Proalae coriaceae</i> , <i>nigrae</i>		35
<i>Proalae non coriaceae</i> , <i>molles</i>		37

35. Scutum mesonoti sulcis parapsidalibus leniter, sed observabiliter incisis *Choreia* Westw. 1833.
(typus: *Encyrtus ineptus* Dalm.) 36
Scutum mesonoti absque sulcis parapsidalibus
36. Corpus convexum, non metallicum; antennae elongatae, gracieles, articulis basalibus funiculi longioribus ac latis *Semen* Hffr. 1954.
(typus: *S. apterum* Hffr.)
Corpus planum, latum; caput et thorax metallica, nigro-cyanæ; antennæ sat crassæ et breves, articulis funiculi sub-quadratis *Choreaspis* Hffr. 1954.
(typus: *C. stepicola* Hffr.)
37. Corpus elongatum, abdomine a lateribus compresso, terebra longa; antennæ longae, clava longa, cylindrica, leniter arcuata *Copidosoma* Ratzb. 1844.
(typus: *C. bouchéanum* Ratzb.) 38
Corpus magis obesum, abdomine non compresso
38. Scutellum acute longitudinaliter striolatum; corpus metallicum *Protyndarichus* Merc. 1923.
(syn.: *Tyndarichoides* Merc.; typus: *Tyndarichoides metallicus* Merc.) 39
Scutellum simpliciter punctatum vel coriaceum
39. Corpus parvum, sat angustum et deplanatum, flavum vel avellaneum; vertex brevis, orbitis internis parallelis; abdomen elongatum, stigmatibus setiferis in triente basali *Rhopus* Först. 1865.
(syn.: *Xanthoencyrtus* Ashm., *Mirastymachus* Grlt., *Pholidoceras* Merc.; typus: *Encyrtus piso* Walk.) 40
Corpus convexum, si parum deplanatum, tunc metallicum stigmatibus setiferis in triente apicali; caput magis crassum, orbitis internis versus os divergentibus
40. Funiculus in dimidio apicali articulis 2—3 albis 41
Funiculus non albo-annulatus 42
41. Scapus parum dilatatus, articuli funiculi fere aequilongi *Microterys* Thoms. 1875.
(syn.: *Encyrtus* auct. nec Latr.; typus: *Encyrtus sylvius* Dalm.)
Scapus cylindricus, 3 primi articuli funiculi valde parvi, moniliformes, sequentes 3 maiores
Neococcidencyrtus Comp. 1928.
(syn.: *Coccidencyrtus* Merc. partim; typus: *N. alula* Comp.)
42. Scutellum triangulare, planum, postice in membranam subhyalinam, albida productum *Ericydnus* Walk. 1837.
(typus: *Encyrtus ventralis* Dalm.)

Scutellum plus-minus convexum, absque appendice membranacea	43
43. Clava antennarum oblique truncata <i>Echthroplexiella</i> Merc. 1921. (syn.: <i>Waterstonia</i> Hffr. nec. Merc.; Typus: <i>E. submetallica</i> Merc.)	
Clava antennarum ovalis	44
44. Mesonotum leniter deplanatum; terebra exserta; corpus maxima parte viride, basi abdominis flava <i>Ceballosia</i> Merc. 1921. (typus: <i>C. dusmeti</i> Merc.)	
Mesonotum convexum; terebra recondita	45
45. Sat elongata; alae semievolutae dimidium abdominis attingentes, apice fumatae <i>Mayridia</i> Merc. 1921. (typus: <i>M. pulchra</i> Merc.)	
Corpus breve et altum; abdomen breve, latum; rudimenta alarum hyalina, dimidium abdominis attingentes; scutellum breve, dilatatum, dense et acute coriaceum <i>Ooencyrtus</i> Ashm. 1900. (syn.: <i>Schedius</i> How.; typus: <i>Encyrtus clysiocampae</i> Ashm.)	
46. Apex scutelli fasciculo pilorum ornatus Scutellum absque fasciculo pilorum	47 51
47. Terebra dimidium abdominis efficiente; proalae fumatae vel maculatae <i>Achrysoopophagus</i> Grlt. 1915 (typus: <i>A. oviductus</i> Grlt.)	
Terebra recondita vel fere recondita	48
48. Pili apicales scutelli albidi, non densi; vertex gemmato-punctatus <i>Aminellus</i> Ms. 1919. (typus: <i>A. niger</i> Ms.)	
Fasciculus pilorum niger; vertex absque punctis alveolaribus	49
49. Antennae apice deplanatae; nervus marginalis valde brevis, radialis longus, arcuatus; species robustae <i>Encyrtus</i> Latr. 1809. (syn.: <i>Comys</i> Först., <i>Eucomys</i> Först.; typus: <i>Chrysis infidus</i> Rossi)	
Antennae non deplanatae; nervus marginalis longus, radialis brevis; species graciliores	50
50. Alae ampliae, hyalinae, nervus marginalis sat brevis; corpus obscurum <i>Apterencyrtus</i> Ashm. 1905. (syn.: <i>Chiloneurus</i> Mayr partim, <i>Chiloneurinus</i> Merc.; typus: <i>A. pulchricornis</i> Ashm.)	
Alae angustae, fortiter et extense fumatae, nervus marginalis longus; corpus saturate flavo-signatum <i>Chiloneurus</i> Westw. 1833. (typus: <i>Encyrtus elegans</i> Dalm.)	

Beiträge zur Entomologie, Band 5, 1955, Nr. 1/2	175
51. Apex saltem flagelli late deplanatus	52
Flagellum non deplanatum	62
52. Scapus fortiter foliaceo-dilatatus, sat brevis	53
Scapus sublinearis	60
53. Funiculus cum clava foliaceo-dilatatus, medio latissimus	
<i>Mira</i> Schellnb. 1803.	
Funiculus fere parallelus, vel apicemversus modice attenuatus	54
54. Terebra longitudine dimidii abdominis exserta	55
Terebra recondita vel fere recondita	56
55. Corpus metallicum; frons absque carina transversali	
<i>Tetracladia</i> How. 1892.	
Corpus non metallicum; frons integra carina transversali ornata,	
quae in lateribus subtus oculos declinat	
<i>Anicetus</i> How. 1896.	
(typus: <i>A. ceylonensis</i> How.)	
56. Alae hyalinae; corpus deplanatum, parvum, nitidum	
<i>Anusia</i> Först. 1856.	
Alae maculatae	57
57. Alae in disco unimaculatae	
<i>Eusemion</i> Dahlb. 1857.	
(typus: <i>Encyrtus corniger</i> Hal.)	
Alae multimaculatae maculis radialiter dispositis	58
58. Scapus fere triangularis, basi attenuatus; alae latae, dimidio	
apicali nigro-bilineatae	59
<i>Comperiella</i> How. 1906.	
(syn.: <i>Habrolepistia</i> Merc.; typus: <i>C. bifasciata</i> How.)	
Scapus fere rectangularis; proalae fortiter infuscatae, vel ma-	
culis pluribus radialibus ornatae	
59. Proalae multimaculatae; nervus subcostalis in triente distali	
triangulariter dilatatus	60
<i>Cerapterocerus</i> Westw. 1833.	
(typus: <i>C. mirabilis</i> Westw.)	
Proalae fortiter infuscatae, apice tantum vittis et maculis	
hyalinis; nervus subcostalis absque extensione triangulari;	
clava antennarum oblique mutilata	61
<i>Pareusemion</i> Ishii 1925.	
(typus: <i>P. studiosum</i> Ishii)	
60. Corpus testaceum leniter metallico-micans; antennae sat	
longae, angustae, apice parum dilatatae et depressae	
<i>Metallon</i> Walk. 1848.	
Corpus aeneo-metallicum; funiculus latus fortiterque deplana-	
tus	
61. Terebra exserta; scapus longus, linearis, articuli funiculi for-	
titer transversales, ultimi triplo latiores ac longi; alae ob-	
scuriae, pulchre hyalino-fasciatae; thorax sublaevis	
<i>Tetracladia</i> How. 1892.	
Terebra recondita; scapus dilatatus, articuli funiculi sub-	
quadратi; alae subhyalinae; scutum mesonoti et scutellum	

reticulato-punctata (syn.: <i>Paramasia</i> Hffr.; typus: <i>Tetracnemus floridanus</i> Ashm.)	<i>Calocerinus</i> How. 1892.
62. Vertex postice apexque scutelli binis lamellis longis, nigris, faciliter deciduis ornati	<i>Habrolepis</i> Först. 1856. (typus: <i>Encyrtus dalmani</i> Westw.)
Vertex et scutellum absque lamellis erectis	
63. Scutellum basi duobus punctis profundis ornatum; corpus parte maxima testaceum	<i>Ectroma</i> Westw. 1833.
Scutellum basi absque punctis profundis	
64. Nervus postmarginalis nimis evolutus: dimidio subcostae longior	<i>Heterarthrellus</i> How. 1898. (typus: <i>H. australiensis</i> How.)
Nervus postmarginalis normalis	
65. Vertex punctis maioribus irregulariter et dense inspersus Vertex ad summum punctis multo minoribus, in seriebus dis- positis provisus	
66. Etiam thorax gemmato-punctatus Thorax simpliciter punctatus vel striolatus	
67. Apex cellulæ costalis profunde incisus	<i>Eugahania</i> Merc. 1926. (syn.: <i>Chalcaspis</i> Merc. nec How.; typus: <i>Bothriothorax</i> <i>fumipennis</i> Ratzb.)
Cellula costalis normalis	
68. Terebra longitudine quadrantem abdominis attingens	<i>Coenocercus</i> Thoms. 1875. (syn.: <i>Echthroplexis</i> Ferr. nec Thoms.; typus: <i>C. puncticol-</i> <i>lis</i> Thoms.)
Terebra recondita	
69. Nervus marginalis insolite longus: 7-ies longior quam latus; caput thorace multo latius	<i>Metaphaenodiscus</i> Merc. 1921. (typus: <i>M. nemoralis</i> Merc.)
Nervus marginalis brevior, saepe fere nullus	
70. Nervus marginalis nullus, radiali longo in iunctura fere perpen- diculari	
Nervus marginalis evolutus, saltem duplo longior quam latus	
71. Caput a latere conspectum rotundato-triangulare: occiput ver- ticale, facies obliqua; genae postice dilatatae; caput tho- raxque sat deplanata, nigro-rava	<i>Hunterellus</i> How. 1908. (typus: <i>H. hookeri</i> How.)
Vertex brevis; facies normalis; genae non dilatatae; thorax con- vexus; corpus metallicum	<i>Bothriothorax</i> Ratzb. 1844. (typus: <i>B. altensteinii</i> Ratzb.)

72. Proalae fumatae duabus maculis oppositis hyalinis (syn.: <i>Trichomasthus</i> Ms. nec Thoms. partim, <i>Mayriella</i> Merc.; typus: <i>H. mayri</i> Destef.)	73
Proalae absque maculis hyalinis oppositis	
73. Nervi radialis et postmarginalis fere paralleli; caput ferrugineum Nervus radialis fere perpendicularis; caput obscurum	74
74. Vertex brevis, caput lentiforme, gemmato-punctatum; nervi marginalis, radialis et postmarginalis fere aequilongi Vertex longus, facies inde obliqua, punctis fere oblitteratis; nervus marginalis longus, radialis punctiformis, postmarginalis fere nullus	75
75. Proalae hyalinae, triente basali fumatae; nervus radialis fere perpendiculariter declivis; mandibulae bidentatae (syn.: <i>Phaenodiscus</i> Mayr partim; typus: <i>Phaenodiscus</i> <i>intermedius</i> Mayr.)	75
Proalae extense fumatae, ad summum basi vel extremo apice angustissime hyalinae; mandibulae 3-dentatae (syn.: <i>Phaenodiscus</i> Först.; typus: <i>Encyrtus aeneus</i> Dalm.)	
76. Facies inter insertiones antennarum cum magno, superne acute marginato naso	76
Facies absque naso	77
Scutellum triangulare, planum, postice in membranam subhyalinam, albidam productum; nervi marginalis, radialis et postmarginalis insolite longi	78
Scutellum absque appendice membranacea	
77. Scutum mesonoti cum scutello integre opaca, non nitentia Saltem scutum mesonoti parce punctatum, nitens	79
78. Scutum mesonoti cum scutello integre opaca, non nitentia Saltem scutum mesonoti parce punctatum, nitens	96
79. Proalae maculis obliquis fasciatae	80
Proalae hyalinae vel uniformiter infuscatae	
80. Robusta, minima (1 mm), ferrugineo-testacea, fascia praepicali angusta, medio angulatim fracta, macula apicali lata, triangulari	81
Species maculis proalarum aliter dispositis	
81. Species robustae, corpore grosse granulato, nigrae, saepius citrino-variegatae; caput et thorax argenteo-squamosae Species graciliores, fere unicolores, sordide testaceae, proalis obscure bifasciatis	82
	83

82. Nigra absque maculis citrinis; flagellum robustum, leniter compressum; proalae 2 fasciis sat obsoletis	<i>Dinocarsis</i> Först. 1856.
Caput et thorax saturate citrino-maculata; flagellum sat tenue; proalae 4 maculis bene limitatis	<i>Dinocarsiella</i> Merc. 1921.
83. Antennae valde longae, articulis cunctis funiculi duplo longioribus ac latis; proalae in dimidio basali duabus fasciis non-nunquam in maculas dissolutis, nimis obliquis ornatae; terebra recondita	<i>Leptomastidea</i> Merc. 1916. (syn.: <i>Blastothrix</i> Mayr partim; typus: <i>L. aurantiaca</i> Merc.)
Antennae breves, articulis funiculi latudine sua non longioribus; proalae in prima et secunda triente fasciis singulis fumatris provisae; terebra exserta	<i>Waterstonia</i> Merc. 1917. (typus: <i>W. prima</i> Merc.)
84. Integre niger absque nitore metallico, funiculo brevi, clava maxima	<i>Epiencyrtus</i> Ashm. 1900. (typus: <i>Encyrtus thyreodontis</i> Ashm.)
Corpus aliter coloratum	85
85. Species nigrae, plus-minus metallicae	86
Species flavae, testaceae vel avellaneae	89
86. Caput et thorax laete viridi-cyanea, sericea; scapus semicirculariter dilatatus	<i>Blastothrix</i> Mayr 1875. (typus: <i>Encyrtus sericeus</i> Dalm.)
Species obscurae, metallico-micantes; scapus sublinearis	87
87. Clava solida; caput virescens, thorax niger	<i>Ageniaspis</i> Dahlb. 1857. (typus: <i>Encyrtus fuscicollis</i> Dalm.)
Clava 3-articulata	88
88. Antennae breves et crassae, cunctis articulis funiculi subtransversis	<i>Parageniaspis</i> Ms. 1917. (typus: <i>P. macrocerus</i> Ms.)
Antennae sat tenues, articulis 2—6 funiculi longioribus ac latis	<i>Geniaspidius</i> Ms. 1917. (typus: <i>G. viduus</i> Ms.)
89. Antennae breves, plus-minus clavatae, articulis funiculi transversis	90
Antennae longae, filiformes, non vel vix clavatae	93
90. Pronotum fere scuto mesonoti aequilongum; corpus magis elongatum; proalae saepe bifasciatae; terebra exserta	<i>Echthroplexiella</i> Merc. 1921.
Pronotum breve; corpus magis obesum	91
91. Clava solida; terebra exserta	<i>Homalotyloidea</i> Merc. 1921. (typus: <i>Homalotylus laticapitus</i> Ms.)
Clava 3-articulata; terebra raro exserta	92

92. Scapus linearis, vix dilatatus Scapus fortiter dilatatus	<i>Aphyucus</i> Mayr 1875. <i>Metaphycus</i> Merc. 1921.	
93. Corpus unicolor: sordide testaceum; abdomen elongatum: capite et thorace simul sumptis longius; sulci parapsidales integri	<i>Xanthoectroma</i> Merc. 1925 (typus: <i>X. aquilinum</i> Merc.)	
Corpus plus-minus ravum, obesum, sulcis parapsidalibus absen- tibus		94
94. Nervus marginalis evolutus, postmarginalis saepe nullus; sca- pus foliaceo-dilatatus, basi et apice niveo-signatus (syn.: <i>Blastothrix</i> Mayr partim; typus: <i>A. greeni</i> How.)	<i>Anagyrus</i> How. 1896.	
Nervus marginalis punctiformis, postmarginalis fere nullus, ra- dialis longus; scapus vix dilatatus		95
95. Corpus maxima parte testaceum, sordide albo-maculatum Corpus ravum, parcissime flavo-maculatum	<i>Aenasioidea</i> Grlt. 1911. <i>Paraphycus</i> Grlt. 1915.	
	(typus: <i>Ae. latiscapus</i> Grlt.)	
	(typus: <i>P. abnormiscapus</i> Grlt.)	
96. Genae inter oculos et mandibulas nullae, vel fere nullae Genae bene evolutae		97
97. Clava antennarum securiformis, funiculo multo latior, apice minime attenuata, sed abrupte mutilata; caput semiglobosum occipite verticaliter resecato	<i>Calometopia</i> Merc. 1921. (typus: <i>C. flavidornis</i> Merc.)	98
Clava antennarum elongato-ovata; caput non semiglobosum <i>Parablastothrix</i> Merc. 1917.		
	(typus: <i>P. vespertina</i> Merc.)	
98. Thorax squamoso-reticulatus, punctis longulis vel polyedris, nonnunquam hi puncti obsoleti sunt, tunc autem clava longa et leniter arcuata est Thorax simpliciter punctatus vel laevis		99
		101
99. Antennae sat breves, clava valde oblique truncata, non arcu- ata <i>Litomastix</i> Thoms. 1875. et <i>Pentacnemus</i> How. 1892. (typus: <i>Encyrtus chalconotus</i> Dalm.; typus: <i>P. bucculatricis</i> How.)		
Clava non oblique truncata		100
100. Clava longa, recta, apice simpliciter truncata; 3 articulis primis funiculi albis	<i>Paralitomastix</i> Merc. 1921. (typus: <i>Encyrtus varicornis</i> Nees)	
Clava apice rotundata, leniter arcuata; funiculus absque annulo albo	<i>Copidosoma</i> Ratzb. 1844.	
		12*

101.	Clava solida vel 3-articulata, valde oblique mutilata; proalae plerumque disco unimaculato	102
	Clava apice rotundata	109
102.	Proalae latae, normales	103
	Proalae angustatae	106
103.	Funiculus brevissimus, clava grandis, parum oblique secata <i>Tyndarichus</i> How. 1910. (typus: <i>T. navae</i> How.) Antennae longiores, articulis funiculi longioribus ac latis, clava vix dilatata, valde oblique resecta	104
104.	Tibiae cunctae annellis tribus nigris ornatae <i>Eupoecilopoda</i> Nov. & Hffr. 1953. (typus: <i>Isodromus perpunctatus</i> Ms.) Pedes absque annellis nigris	105
105.	Corpus nigro-metallicum, non flavo-signatum; proalae marginali punctiformi, radiali longo, origine sat acutangula <i>Homalotylus</i> Mayr 1875. (typus: <i>Encyrtus flaminius</i> Dalm.) Corpus piceum vel ravum, non metallico-micans, plerumque saturate testaceo-signatum; proalae marginali punctiformi, radiali fere perpendiculari <i>Isodromus</i> How. 1886. (typus: (<i>I. iceryae</i> How.)	106
106.	Vertex valde angustus, triplo tantum latior quam diametrum ocelli anterioris; pronotum valde breve; terebra exserta Vertex sat latus; terebra saepius exserta	108
107.	Pronotum longum, saepe scuto mesonoti longius; articuli funi- culi subquadrati vel transversales <i>Echthroplexiella</i> Merc. 1924. Pronotum breve; articuli funiculi longiores quam lati; proalae fortiter fumatae <i>Tineophoconus</i> Ashm. 1900. (typus: <i>Phaenodiscus armatus</i> Ashm.)	107
108.	Nervus marginalis punctiformis; clava funiculo non latior, articulis 3 praecedentibus fere aequilonga <i>Echthroplexis</i> Först. 1856. (typus: <i>E. ephippium</i> Rschk.) Nervus marginalis longus; clava antennarum nimis magna: funiculo multo latior, ei aequilonga <i>Prochiloneurus</i> Silv. 1915. (typus: <i>P. pulchellus</i> Silv.)	108
109.	Corpus, praesertim caput et thorax, insolite depresso, caput prognathum; parasitae <i>Chaetococcophragmitis</i> March. Corpus normale, ad summum apud nonnulla genera non-me- tallica modice deplanatum	110
		114

110. Corpus sordide testaceum, oculis minimis
Platyrhopus Erd. 1955.
 (typus: *P. delitescens* Erd.)
 Corpus metallicum vel nigro-metallicum 111
111. Terebra cca dimidium longitudinis abdominis exserta; subcosta
 in triente apicali triangulariter dilatata
Boučekialla Hffr. 1954.
 (typus: *B. depressa* Hffr.) 112
- Terebra recondita; subcosta non dilatata
112. Clava antennarum solida; fimbria proalarum longa
Asitus Erd. 1955.
 (typus: *A. ciliatus* Erd.) 113
- Clava 3-articulata; fimbria brevis
113. Alae hyalinae, postmarginali nullo; articuli funiculi valde
 transversi; mandibulae 2-dentatae *Ioëssa* Erd. 1955.
 (typus: *I. crassicornis* Erd.)
 Alae leniter maculatae, postmarginali longitudine radialis;
 articuli funiculi subquadrati; mandibulae 3-dentatae
Platyencyrtus n. g.
 (typus: *P. esuriens* n. sp.) 115
114. Antennae nimis longae: corpore longiores, filiformes, articulo
 6-o funiculi saltem duplo longiore quam lato, clava non vel
 vix dilatata 148
- Antennae corpore multo breviores, articulo 6-o funiculi breviore
115. Articulus 6-us funiculi quinques longior quam latus; proalae
 non ciliatae *Psilophrys* Mayr 1875.
 (typus: *Encyrtus longicornis* Walk.) 116
- Articulus 6-us funiculi fere duplo longior ac latus; proalae
 fimbriatae
116. Alae angustae, fumatae, nonnullis maculis parvis, hyalinis,
 dispersis variegatae *Callipteroma* Motsch. 1863.
 (syn.: *Leptomastix* Ms. nec Först. partim; typus: *C. quinque-*
guttata Motsch.) 117
- Alae normales, vix fuliginosae
117. Corpus testaceum, ravo-maculatum *Leptomastix* Först. 1856.
 (typus: *L. histrio* Mayr)
 Corpus obscure metallicum *Lyka* Merc. 1924.
 (typus: *L. submetallica* Merc.) 119
118. Terebra saltem trientem longitudinis abdominis efficiente
 Terebra recondita vel fere recondita 121
119. Nervus marginalis valde longus: 5–6-ies longior quam latus, nervi
 radialis et postmarginalis graciles, marginali paulo tantum
 breviores, fere ut in *Ericydno* formati *Clausenia* Ishii 1923.
 (typus: *C. purpurea* Ishii)

Nervus marginalis brevis, punctiformis, vel latitudine sua pa-	
rum longior	120
120. Corpus parum metallicum, piceo-nigrum; nervus marginalis	
evolutus, radialis et postmarginalis breves	
	<i>Tricnemus</i> Merc. 1924.
(syn.: <i>Tricladia</i> Merc.; typus: <i>Tricladia humilis</i> Merc.)	
Caput et thorax laete viridia; nervus marginalis punctiformis,	
radialis et postmarginalis sat longi	
	<i>Cerchysius</i> Westw. 1832.
	(typus: <i>Encyrtus subplanus</i> Dalm.)
121. Vertex horizontalis, facies oblique retro directa; proalae ra-	
dialiter fusco-maculatae	<i>Anabrolepis</i> Timb. 1920.
	(typus: <i>A. extranea</i> Timb.)
Caput normale; proalae non radialiter maculatae	122
122. Metatibiae cum metatarsis compressae; nervus radialis adhuc	
ante iuncturam egrediens, margine subparallelus	
	<i>Prionomastix</i> Mayr 1875.
	(typus: <i>Encyrtus morio</i> Dalm.)
Metatibiae cum metatarsis normales	123
123. Abdomen sat angustum, elongatum, apice attenuatum	124
Abdomen latum, sat breve, thorace non longius	128
124. Corpus viride vel cyaneum, si ravum, tunc metallico-micans	125
Corpus testaceum vel ravum, non metallicum	127
125. Articuli funiculi fere duplo longiores quam lati; scutum me-	
sonoti et scutellum laevia	<i>Mayrencyrtus</i> Hincks 1944.
(syn.: <i>Liothorax</i> Mayr; typus: <i>Encyrtus glaphyra</i> Walk.)	
Articuli funiculi latitudine sua non longiores; thorax punc-	
tatus	126
126. Subcosta in triente apicali triangulariter dilatata; scutellum	
fortiter longitudinaliter striolatum	
	<i>Protynadarichus</i> Merc. 1923.
Subcosta non dilatata; scutellum simpliciter punctatum	
	<i>Parasyrphophagus</i> Grlt. 1915.
	(typus: <i>P. funeralis</i> Grlt.)
127. Pedicellus articulo 1-o funiculi multo longior, clava funiculo	
latior	<i>Rhopus</i> Först. 1856.
Pedicellus articulo 1-o funiculi aequilongus; clava funiculo	
non latior	<i>Doliphoceras</i> Merc. 1921.
	(typus: <i>Pholidoceras integralis</i> Merc.)
128. Thorax pulchre metallicus, cum sulcis parapsidalibus; scapus	
longus, basi tumidus apice attenuatus; nervus radialis sat	
longus, basi curvatus apice margini parallelus	
	<i>Charitopus</i> Först. 1856.

(syn.: <i>Tetracnemus</i> Rschk. nec Westw.; typus: <i>C. fulviventris</i> Först.)	
Thorax absque sulcis parapsidalibus; scapus aliter construc- tus	129
129. Thorax laevis, nitens, non vel obsolete punctatus	130
Thorax manifeste punctatus, aut scutellum opacum	132
130. Corpus absque nitore metallico; nervus radialis fere ex iunc- tura egrediens	
<i>Ixodiphagus</i> How. 1907. (typus: <i>I. texanus</i> How.)	
Corpus obscurum, cyaneo-violaceo-metallicum	131
131. Antennae elongatae, filiformes, articulis funiculi elongatis, clava quam funiculus vix latiore; thorax obscure violaceo- metallicus, saepe pulcherrime iridescentes	
<i>Schediooides</i> Merc. 1919. (syn.: <i>Hazmburkia</i> Hffr.; typus: <i>S. formosus</i> Merc.)	
Antennae breves, articulis funiculi transversis, clava maxima, quam funiculus multo latiore	
<i>Leiocyrthus</i> n. g. (typus: <i>L. clavatus</i> n. sp.)	
132. Nervus marginalis fere nullus, cum radialis abrupte in iunctu- ra fere perpendiculariter egrediatur	133
Nervus marginalis evolutus, in dubio radio non perpendiculari- lari, sed oblique extus directo	136
133. Caput thorace latius, lentiforme, testaceum, vertice valde brevi	
<i>Paraschedius</i> Merc. 1925. (typus: <i>P. ductor</i> Merc.)	
Caput normale, metallicum	134
134. Vertex et frons cum nonnullis punctis maioribus; scutellum sat convexum; mandibulae apice undulatae	
<i>Prionomitus</i> Mayr 1875. (typus: <i>Encyrtus mitratus</i> Dalm.)	
Vertex et frons sine punctis maioribus; mandibulae cum uno denticulo et cum una truncatura continua	
135. Scutellum fere planum, minute coriaceum; tegulae albae; pedes extense cremei	
<i>Metaprionomitus</i> Merc. 1921. (typus: <i>M. intermedius</i> Merc.)	
Scutellum magis convexum, sat obsolete reticulatum; tegulae plus-minus obscurae	
<i>Psyllaephagus</i> Ashm. 1900. (typus: <i>Encyrtus pachypsyliae</i> How.)	
136. Nervus marginalis sat longus, nervis radiali et postmarginali sat brevibus unitis longior	137
Nervus marginalis ad summum radiali aequilongus	138
137. Nervus radialis punctiformis, postmarginalis radiali longior; articuli 2—6 funiculi transversi	
<i>Tetralophidea</i> Ashm. 1900. (typus: <i>T. bakeri</i> Ashm.)	

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| Postmarginalis fere nullus; articuli funiculi latitudine sua longiores | <i>Subprionomitus</i> Merc. 1921.
(typus: <i>S. cantabricus</i> Merc.) | |
| 138 Scutellum politum; corpus robustum | <i>Zeteticontus</i> Silv. 1915.
(syn.: <i>Prolitomastix</i> Hffr.; typus: <i>Z. abilis</i> Silv.) | 139 |
| Scutellum punctatum, punctulatum vel opacum | | |
| 139. Scapus saepe foliaceo-dilatatus; antennae sat breves, articulis funiculi non longioribus ac latis; nervo radiali valde oblique extus directo; corpus cum capite obscure metallicum; mesonotum convexum absque punctis maioribus | <i>Paraphaenodiscus</i> Grlt. 1915. | 139 |
| Scapus non vel parum dilatatus | | |
| 140. Alae perfecte hyalinae: pubescens propter pallorem invisibilis | <i>Agromyzaephagus</i> Gah. 1912.
(typus: <i>A. detrimentosus</i> Gah.) | 140 |
| Alae aut non hyalinae, aut pubescens obscura, inde bene visibili | | 141 |
| 141. Vertex brevis, thorace multo latior; nervis marginali, radiali et postmarginali nimis longis, ut in genere <i>Ericydnus</i> Walk.; scutellum apud speciem hispanicam laeve, apud nostram striolatum | <i>Euzkadiella</i> Merc. 1922.
(syn.: <i>Moraviella</i> Hffr.; typus: <i>Euzkadia integralis</i> Merc.) | 141 |
| Caput normale; nervi breviores | | 142 |
| 142. Scutellum valde convexum | | 143 |
| Scutellum leniter convexum | | 144 |
| 143. Scutellum densissime et profunde punctulatum, apice sublaeve, lateribus propodei et metacoxarum albo-tomentosis, radio et postmarginali aequilongis | <i>Trichomasthus</i> Thoms. 1875.
(typus: <i>Encyrtus cyaneus</i> Dalm.) | 143 |
| Scutellum sat obsolete punctulatum, nitens, lateribus propodei et metacoxarum parce pilosis, radio quam postmarginalis fere duplo longiore | <i>Ginsiana</i> n. g.
(typus: <i>G. obscura</i> n. sp.) | 144 |
| 144. Abdomen breve, latum, thorace multo brevius, triangulare; scutellum transversum, parum convexum, plerumque opacum; nervus marginalis punctiformis, radialis sat longus et fere perpendicularis | <i>Ooenecyrtus</i> Ashm. 1900.
(syn.: <i>Schedius</i> How.; typus: <i>Encyrtus clisiocampae</i> Ashm.) | 145 |
| In charactere uno vel altero aliter constructus | | |
| 145. Scutum mesonoti latum, parum convexum; caput et thorax plerumque cum punctis maioribus, sed sat superficialibus, parce inspersa; caput et thorax saepe lutea vel testaceo-signata; funiculus plerumque cum 1—3 articulis albis apicalibus | | 146 |

- Scutum mesonoti, si parum convexum, tunc absque punctis
maioribus; funiculus nunquam albo-annulatus 147
146. Proalae fortiter fumatae, hyalino-unifasciatae; caput ferrugineum, corpus obscurum non metallico-micans; nervus radialis leniter arcuatus; articulus 5-us funiculi nonnunquam pallidus *Paraphaenodiscooides* Merc. 1921.
(typus: *P. dimorphus* Merc.)
- Corpus testaceum, obscure signatum, vel obscurum, spatiis obscuris metallicis; nervus radialis rectus; plerumque 2—3 articuli funiculi albidi *Microterys* Thoms. 1875.
147. Clava funiculo aequilonga, articulis 4 primis funiculi transversis, 2 apicalibus quadratis; mandibulae 4-dentatae
Adelencyrtus Ashm. 1900.
(typus: *Encyrtus chionaspidis* How.)
- Clava brevior; mandibulae 2- vel 3-dentatae 148
148. Mandibulae 2-dentatae; pronotum et dimidium basale abdominis fulva; abdomen thorace multo latius et longius, terebra parum exserta *Ceballosia* Merc. 1921.
- Mandibulae 3-dentatae; corpus obscurum 149
149. Alae hyalinae 150
- Proalae obscurae, pulchre hyalino-unifasciatae, vel leniter fumatae cum indicatione fasciae hyalinae; caput raro luteum *Mayridia* Merc. 1921.
150. Nervus postmarginalis fere nullus, radialis sat longus; vertex et frons cum punctis magnis; abdomen subrotundum, stigmatibus setiferis in quadrante apicali positis, segmentis inde normaliter evolutis, non encyrtidiformibus
Aphycooides Merc. 1921.
(typus: *Encyrtus tenuis* Ratzb.)
- Nervus postmarginalis evolutus; abdomen normale 151
151. Nervus marginalis fere duplo longior quam apice latus, extus sensim dilatatus, radialis et postmarginalis aequilongi, inter se angulum sat acutum includentes 152
- Nervus marginalis brevior, apice non dilatatus 153
152. Vertex postice acute marginatus *Syrphophagus* Ashm. 1900.
(syn.: *Microterys* Merc. nec Thoms.; typus: *Encyrtus mesograptae* Ashm.)
- Vertex postice teres *Pseudencyrtus* Ashm. 1900.
(typus: *Encyrtus cecidomyiae* How.)
153. Nervus marginalis punctiformis, postmarginalis brevis, simul sumpti radiali a margine sat distante non longiores
Superprionomitus Merc. 1921.
(typus: *S. procerus* Merc.)
- Postmarginalis radiali aequilongus 154

154. Nervus marginalis valde brevis, cum postmarginali sat incrassatus
Coccidencyrtus Ashm. 1900.
 (typus: *Encyrtus ensifer* How.)
 Nervus marginalis duplo longior quam latus, cum postmarginali sat tenuis, radialis marginali brevior
Aphidencyrtus Ashm. 1900.
 (typus: *Encyrtus siphonophorae* Ashm.)

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1. Antennae longe ramosae	2
Antennae simplices	11
2. Antennae 3-ramosae	
Antennae 4-ramosae	4
Antennae 5-ramosae	3
3. Scutum mesonoti squamoso-reticulatum cum punctis polyedris; scutellum convexum	
Scutum mesonoti coriaceum; scutellum subplanum	
Pentacnemus How.	
Calometopia Merc.	
4. Articuli 1—4 funiculi ramosi	5
Articuli 2—5 funiculi ramosi	7
5. Nervus postmarginalis nullus; funiculus 5-articulatus; mandibulae 2-dentatae	
Nervus postmarginalis evolutus; funiculus 6-articulatus; mandibulae 3-dentatae	
Parablastothrix Merc.	
6. Nervus marginalis brevis, fere quadratus; rami primi laterales funiculi apicalibus fere aequilongi, longe pilosi	
Hungariella Erd.	
Nervus marginalis longior; ramus primus funiculi quarto fere bis longior, pilis ramorum brevibus	
Tetracnemus Westw. 1837.	
(typus: <i>T. diversicornis</i> Westw.)	
7. Caput et frons coriacea, punctis maioribus inspersa	
Tetralophidea Ashm.	
Caput et frons absque punctis maioribus	8
8. Nervus radialis longus, clava elongata marginique parallela	
Charitopus Först.	
Nervus radialis brevis, plerumque sessilis vel oblique pendulus, nec clava margini parallela	
9. Nervus marginalis longus, radialis sessilis, postmarginalis radiali aequilongus	
Tetracladia How.	
Nervus postmarginalis marginali aequo longus vel longior, radialis moderate evolutus, non sessilis	
10. Articulus 6-us funiculi articulis 5 praecedentibus simul sump-tis duplo longior	
Calocerinus How.	

<p>Articulus 6-us funiculi articulo praecedenti solo fere aequi-longus <i>Ramalia</i> Merc. 1947. (typus: <i>Tetralophidea maxima</i> Merc.)</p> <p>11. Alae longae et angustae, marginibus parallelis; nervatura reducta; alae fimbria valde longa; antennae longae, funiculus 6-articulatus, clava longa, solida <i>Anthemus</i> How. Alae absentes, vel normales</p> <p>12. Funiculus 2-articulatus, clava insolite longa, leniter arcuata <i>Anabrolepsis</i> Timb. Funiculus saltem 5-articulatus</p> <p>13. Funiculus 7-articulatus, valde longus et tenuis Funiculus 6-articulatus Funiculus 5-articulatus</p> <p>14. Species parvae, fere unicolores, testaceae vel avellaneae Species maiores, metallicaes, scutello triangulari, longitudinaliter sericeo-punctulato <i>Trechnites</i> Thoms.</p> <p>15. Ocelli absentes <i>Stemmatosteres</i> Timb. Ocelli evoluti</p> <p>16. Laevis, nitens, fulvo-brunneus; mandibulae 2-dentatae <i>Pseudorhopus</i> Timb. Opacae, flavae; mandibulae 3-dentatae</p> <p>17. Convexa, fronte lata <i>Timberlakia</i> Merc. Deplanatus; ocellis in triangulum fere aequilaterale dispositis <i>Aphyculus</i> Hffr.</p> <p>18. Linea calva nulla; 3 rami nervaturae rudimentarii <i>Anomalicornia</i> Merc. Linea calva completa; 3 rami evoluti <i>Thomsonisca</i> Gesqu. 1946. (syn.: <i>Thomsoniella</i> Merc.; typus: <i>Thomsoniella typica</i> Merc.)</p> <p>19. Clava antennarum solida, recta, 5-ies longior quam latus; articuli apicales funiculi fere transversi <i>Screptrophorus</i> Först. 1856. (typus: <i>Encyrtus screptriger</i> Först.) Clava proportionaliter brevior, in dubio non recta, sed leniter curvata</p> <p>20. Alae abbreviatae Alae normaliter evolutae</p> <p>21. Scutellum solum flavum Aut scutellum obscurum, aut corpus magis extense flavum</p> <p>22. Rudimenta alarum nivea, propodeum non transcendentia <i>Baeocharis</i> Mayr Alae fortiter fumatae, fere apicem abdominis attingentes <i>Echthroplexis</i> Först.</p>	12 13 18 19 14 15 16 17 20 21 37 22 23
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23.	Scutellum basi duobus punctis profundis ornatum <i>Ectroma</i> Westw.	
	Scutellum basi absque punctis profundis	24
24.	Proalae corneae, durae, nigrae	25
	Proalae molles, diminute alaeformes	26
25.	Caput et thorax punctis maioribus ornata, absque squamulis argenteis Caput et thorax cum dispersis squamulis argenteis <i>Choreia</i> Westw. <i>Dinocarsis</i> Först.	
26.	Thorax punctis polyedricis reticulatus; antennae valde longae <i>Copidosoma</i> Ratzb. Thorax simpliciter punctatus, vel laevis	
27.	Funiculus brevis, articulis cunctis transversalibus Funiculus longior, articulis cylindricis	27
28.	Ferrugineo-testacea; rudimenta alarum dimidium abdominis attingentia Cinereo-testaceus; alae squamuliformes	28
29.	Scutellum triangulare, planum, postice in membranam sub- hyalinam, albida productum Scutellum absque appendice membranacea	29
30.	Scutellum apice late truncatum; species parvae, robustae, ope- cae, ferrugineae Scutellum normale	30
31.	Clava solida, apice oblique truncata; pronotum scuto meso- noti aequilongum Clava apice rotundata, saltem non oblique resecta	31
32.	Antennae graciles, elongatae, articulis funiculi subaequalibus, singulis duplo longioribus ac latis, clava solida, gracili, longa, apice acuminata; corpus nigrum, non metallicum, nec flavo-maculatum Antennae breviores et robustiores, vel species metallicaee	32
33.	Nigra, viridi-micans, opaca; caput et thorax squamulis argen- teis parce inspersa; caput flavo-maculatum <i>Dicarnosis</i> Merc.	33
	Caput et thorax absque squamulis argenteis	34
34.	Corpus testaceum absque nitore metallico, vel brunnescens, sat nitens; vertex latus Corpus metallicum, raro luteum, metallico-micans	35
35.	Corpus obesum, breve; scutellum breve, latum, semicirculare, opacum Scutellum elongatum	35
36.	Scutellum profunde longitudinaliter aciculatum, nitidum; antennae cylindricae, longae, articulis etiam ultimis plus quam ter longioribus ac latis <i>Protynدارichus</i> Merc.	36

Scutellum laeve vel dense punctulatum, in quo casu non nitens; antennae multo breviores: articulis apicalibus subquadratis, parum compressis	<i>Metallon</i> Walk.
37. Scutellum praesertim postice deplanatum, in lamellam albidam productum; 3 rami nervaturae longi	<i>Ericydnus</i> Walk.
Scutellum absque appendice membranacea	38
38. Articuli 3 primi funiculi longi, cylindrici (raro 2-us brevis), 3 apicales breviores, saepe transversi, clava sat brevis, funiculo parum latior, apice oblique truncata	<i>Mayridia</i> Merc.
Aut in longitudine articulorum funiculi, aut in forma clavae alter constructa	39
39. Thorax squamoso-reticulatus punctis elongatis vel polyedris, raro obsoletis, quo in casu ultimo antennae longae, cylindraceae, item radius longus, fere in iunctura perpendicularis Thorax punctatus vel laevis, non squamoso-reticulatus	40
40. Antennae breves, clava saepe ut in ♀♀ valde oblique resecta, nonnunquam serrate dilatata	<i>Litomastix</i> Thoms.
Antennae raro breves, plerumque longae vel valde longae, clava tenui, non oblique resecta	41
41. Scutum mesonoti nitidum, obsolete reticulatum, e contrario scutellum opacum, valde dense longitudinaliter, ut in genere <i>Ageniaspis</i> Dahlb., aciculatum; nervo radiali adhuc ante iuncturam fere perpendiculariter egrediente	<i>Paralitomastix</i> Merc.
Scutellum non dense aciculatum, sed longitudinaliter vel polyedrice reticulatus, sat nitens; radiali in iunctura vel immediate post iuncturam egrediente	<i>Copidosoma</i> Ratzb.
42. Proalae pulchre fusco-signatae	43
Alae hyalinae, leniter fumatae, vel disco unimaculatae	46
43. Proalae nigrae cum aliquot maculis pallidis	44
Proalae hyalinae cum pluribus lineis fuscis	45
44. Proalae 5—6 maculis parvis, rotundis, hyalinis ornatae	<i>Callipteroma</i> Motsch.
Proalae disco 2 maculis oppositis, hyalinis	<i>Hoplopsis</i> Destef.
45. Proalae in dimidio basali oblique bifasciatae	<i>Leptomastidea</i> Merc.
Proalae in dimidio apicali 3-maculatae, vittis infra inter se coniunctis	<i>Dinocarsiella</i> Merc.
46. Scutellum apice fasciculo pilorum munitum, qui saepius parum observari potest; alae saepe hyalinae, vel obsoletius quam ♀♀ maculatae; nervus marginalis brevis, radialis et postmarginalis longi	<i>Encyrtus</i> Latr.
Scutellum absque fasciculo pilorum	47

47. Caput et thorax punctis magnis dispersis ornata Saltet thorax absque his punctis	48
48. Cellula costalis apice profunde incisa Cellula costalis normalis	54
49. Caput et thorax plana, caput a latere conspectum triangulare, frons inde rotundato-acutangula, facie obliqua, oculis in angulo antico-superiore positis, genis postice latis; species parva, piceo-rava	49
<i>Hunterellus</i> How. Caput normale, magis lentiforme, genis sat angustis	50
50. Nervus marginalis longior quam latus, radialis in angulo acuto decurrens	51
Nervus marginalis nullus, vel punctiformis	53
51. Nervus radialis ita curvatus, ut 2 trientes apicales cum mar- gine parallele iaceant	51
<i>Paraphaenodiscus</i> Grlt. Nervus radialis brevior, non parallelus	52
52. Antennae moderate deplanatae, articulis funiculi ab invicem non bene separatis; mandibulae 2-dentatae	52
<i>Monodiscodes</i> Hffr. Antennae cylindricae, articulis funiculi ab invicem bene sepa- ratis; mandibulae 3-dentatae	53
53. Nervus marginalis nullus: radio adhuc ante iuncturam egre- diente; metatibiae 2-calcaratae	53
<i>Eucantabria</i> Merc. 1921. (typus: <i>E. azurea</i> Merc.)	53
Nervus marginalis punctiformis; metatibiae 1-calcaratae	53
<i>Bothriothorax</i> Ratzb.	53
54. Caput punctis gemmaeformibus inspersum	55
Caput simpliciter punctatum, saepe tamen cum seriebus non- nullorum punctorum parum maiorum, sed non gemmae- formium	55
55. Facies inter insertiones antennarum cum magno, superne acute marginato naso; scutellum dense aciculatum	57
<i>Rhinoencyrtus</i> Merc.	57
Facies absque naso	56
56. Funiculus incrassatus, articulis vix longioribus ac latis, clava 3-articulata; vertex latus	56
<i>Aminellus</i> Ms.	56
Funiculus elongatus, cylindricus, articulis latitudine sua mul- to longioribus, clava solida; vertex aequa longus ac latus	56
<i>Coccidoxyenus</i> Crawf.	56
57. Caput mirandum: vertex longus, antice usque ad unam costam transversalem productus, facie infra hanc costam acutam profunde excavata	58
<i>Schedioides</i> Merc.	58
Caput normale, vertice et fronte leniter arcuatis	58

58. Caput et thorax insolite depressa; facies late elliptica; parasitae <i>Chaetococcophragmitis</i> March.	59
Corpus minus depresso, vel species non metallicae	62
59. Corpus sordide testaceum; antennae articulis funiculi subquadratis, articulo 6-o absque serie squamulorum, clava solida, crassa, fere longitudine funiculi	
<i>Platyrhopus</i> Erd.	
Corpus obscure metallicum	60
60. Articuli funiculi moderate transversi; nervus marginalis fere triplo longior ac latus; alae perfecte hyalinae <i>Ioessa</i> Erd.	
Articuli funiculi fere duplo longiores ac lati; nervus marginalis brevior; alae subhyalinae	61
61. Subcosta in triente apicali triangulariter dilatata, ibidem leniter curvata	
<i>Boučekialla</i> Hffr.	
Subcosta recta, non dilatata	
<i>Platyencyrtus</i> n. g.	
62. Thorax densissime aciculatus, inde sericeo-micans; scutellum fortiter convexum, sat dense pubescens; species nigrae cum nitore metallico	
Thorax laevis vel opacus, non tamen aciculatus	63
63. Species atrae absque nitore metallico; caput tamen plerumque pulchre cyaneo-viride; articuli funiculi leniter serrati	
Funiculus cylindricus, articulis non serratis, sed singulis basi apiceque attenuatis; thorax pulcherrime glauco-ludens	64
<i>Geniaspidius</i> Ms.	
64. Clava antennarum 3-articulata	
Clava antennarum solida	
65. Species maiores et robustiores, radio sat longo, articulis funiculi longioribus ac latis	
<i>Ageniaspis</i> Dahlb.	
Species graciliores, radio breviore, articulis funiculi quadratis, fortius serratis, articulatione excentrica coniunctis	
<i>Holcothorax</i> Mayr.	
66. Thorax ater, opacus, sat dense hirtus pilis erectis, brunnescentibus; thorax fortiter convexus; antennae breves, parum deplanatae	
<i>Epiencyrtus</i> Ashm.	
Thorax piceus vel metallicus; si niger, tunc non opacus	67
67. Antennae longae, sat compressae, articulis funiculi excentrice connexis, inde serratis	
Articuli funiculi aut non compressi, aut in medio cum invicem connexi	68
68. Articuli cuncti funiculi sesqui longiores ac lati, late invicem coniuncti; metatibiae depressae, dilatatae	
<i>Prionomastix</i> Mayr	
Articuli funiculi non, vel vix longiores ac lati, pedunculis parvis connexi; metatibiae normales	72
	69

69. Nervus marginalis punctiformis, radialis longus Rami 3 nervatura longi	<i>Coccidencyrtus</i> Ashm.	70
70. Dentes serrati funiculi quadrati Dentes serrati funiculi triangulares	<i>Lyka</i> Merc.	71
71. Obscure viridis; nervus marginalis radio multo brevior, clava radii incrassata	<i>Mira</i> Schellenb.	
Niger, purpureo-micans; nervus marginalis radio longior; clava radii evanescens	<i>Clausenia</i> Ishii	
72. Antennae, praesertim articuli funiculi, sat breves, clava soli- da, apice oblique truncata, saepius alba Clava antennarum non oblique truncata		73
73. Tibiae fusco-triannellatae Tibiae fere unicolores	<i>Eupoecilopoda</i> Nov. & Hffr.	75
74. Corpus obscure metallico-viride; nervus radialis arcuatus Corpus non metallicum, saepe flavo-signatum; nervus radialis fere perpendicularis	<i>Homalotylus</i> Mayr	74
75. Articuli funiculi elongati, medio parum constricti, coronis 2—3 pilorum verticillati Articuli funiculi medio non constricti	<i>Isodromus</i> How.	76
76. Scutum mesonoti sat dense albo-pilosum, fere adpresso vesti- tum; nervus marginalis longus	<i>Chiloneurus</i> Westw.	82
Scutum mesonoti absque pubescentia alba		77
77. Caput et thorax nitentia Caput et thorax opaca; nervus marginalis quadratus, radialis longus; subcosta absque distentione triangulari		78
78. Nervus marginalis fere triplo longior ac latus, radialis punctifor- mis Nervus marginalis radio fere aequilongus		81
79. Subcosta in triente apicali triangulariter dilatata Subcosta in triente apicali simpliciter dilatata	<i>Cerapterocerus</i> Westw.	79
	<i>Eusemion</i> Dahlb.	80
80. Corpus metallicum, nitens; genae diametro longitudinali ocu- lorum aequilongae	<i>Anicetus</i> How.	
Corpus nigrum, parum coeruleo-viridi-micans; genae bre- viores	<i>Pareusemion</i> Ishii	
81. Maior; nervus radialis rectus, marginali duplo longior, post- marginali aequilongus Minor; radius marginali subaequalis	<i>Prochiloneurus</i> Silv.	
	<i>Apterencyrtus</i> Ashm.	
82. Articuli funiculi fortiter nodosi, verticillati, ad invicem pedun- culo longo coniuncti Articuli funiculi simplices, non nodosi		83
		86

83. Nodi funiculi crassi, subquadrati; scutellum valde obsolete punctatum, convexum	<i>Prionomitus</i> Mayr	
Nodi funiculi minus crassi et minus alti; scutellum dense punctatum		84
84. Caput et thorax densissime punctata, fere sericeo-opaca Caput et thorax leniter punctata; scutellum convexum		85
	<i>Psyllaephagnus</i> Ashm.	
85. Scutum mesonoti et scutellum valde convexa		
	<i>Blastothrix</i> Mayr	
Scutum mesonoti leniter, scutellum fortius deplanata		
	<i>Metaprimonitus</i> Merc.	
86. Articuli funiculi depresso, 2—6 subquadrati; scutellum laeve		
	<i>Zeteticontus</i> Silv.	
Articuli funiculi non depresso		87
87. Scutellum elatum, valde convexum, densissime et profunde punctatum; latera propodei et coxae posticae albo-tomentosa; corpus metallicum		
	<i>Trichomasthus</i> Thoms.	
Scutellum minus convexum, vel minus profunde punctatum, vel corpus non metallicum		
		88
88. Segmenta abdominis parallela, stigmatibus setiferis in apice sitae		
Stigmata setifera versus basin magis progressa, lateribus inde segmentorum apicalium provectis		89
89. Antennae breves; flagellum medio leniter dilatatum; abdomen subrotundum		
	<i>Aphycoides</i> Merc.	
Antennae elongatae et cylindricae; abdomen ovatum		
	<i>Psilophrys</i> Mayr	
90. Corpus opacum, densissime punctatum vel punctulatum		91
Corpus, praesertim scutum mesonoti, nitens; scutellum nonnun- quam opacum		97
91. Antennae breves, articulis funiculi transversis		
Antennae elongatae, articulis funiculi cylindricis		92
92. Articuli funiculi fere uniformes; corpus non metallicum, te- staceum usque ravum; nervus postmarginalis evolutus		
	<i>Aphycus</i> Mayr, <i>Metaphycus</i> Merc.	
Articuli funiculi biformes: 4 primi parvi, 2 apicales abrupte maiores; clava solida; nervus marginalis nullus		
	<i>Waterstonia</i> Merc.	
93. Nervus marginalis nullus, radio adhuc ante iuncturam egre- diente; postmarginalis fere nullus		
Nervus marginalis brevis, tamen bene evolutus; antennae valde longae		94
94. Articuli funiculi latitudine sua vix longiores		
	<i>Paraphycus</i> Grlt.	

Articuli funiculi longi, 1-us pedicello longior; clava solida <i>Aenasioidea</i> Grlt.	
95. Scutum mesonoti cum manifestis sulcis parapsidum Scutum mesonoti absque sulcis parapsidum	Xanthoectroma Merc. 96
96. Nervus postmarginalis radio non longior; mandibulae 2-dentatae; articulus 6-us funiculi et basis clavae serie squamularum erectarum provisae Nervus postmarginalis radiali duplo longior; mandibulae 3-dentatae	<i>Anagyrus</i> How. <i>Heterarthrellus</i> How.
97. Caput et thorax laevia vel sublaevia Caput et thorax coriacea vel punctata	98 102
98. Articulus 6-us funiculi serie squamularum brevium erectarum munitus Articulus 6-us funiculi absque serie squamularum	99 100
99. Oculi pilosi; articuli funiculi cylindrici; palpi maxillares 3-, labiales 2-articulati Oculi nudi; articuli funiculi ovati; palpi maxillares 2-, labiales 1-articulati	<i>Doliphoceras</i> Merc. <i>Rhopus</i> Först.
100. Subcosta in triente apicali triangulariter dilatata Subcosta simplex, vix dilatata	<i>Anusia</i> Först. 101
101. Articuli funiculi moniliformes, subquadrati Articuli funiculi latitudine sua duplo longiores	<i>Ixodiphagus</i> How. <i>Mayrenencyrtus</i> Hincks
102. Subcosta in triente apicali triangulariter dilatata Subcosta simplex, vix dilatata	103 104
103. Pulchre metallico-viridis; scutellum depresso, aspere aciculatum Obscure violaceus; scutellum sat convexum, leniter coriaceum	<i>Protyndarichus</i> Merc. <i>Tyndarichus</i> How.
104. Caput et thorax saturate flavo-signata Caput et thorax metallica, vel obscura	105 106
105. Antennae valde longae: articulus 6-us funiculi latitudine sua triplo longior; nervus marginalis duplo longior quam latus, radialis et postmarginalis aequilongi Articulus 6-us funiculi vix longior quam latus; nervus marginalis punctiformis, postmarginalis rudimentarius; caput lentiforme, flavum	<i>Leptomastix</i> Först. <i>Paraschedius</i> Merc.
106. Alae complete hyalinae, fimbria absente; nervus marginalis punctiformis, radialis marginali et postmarginali unitis aequilongus Alae subhyalinae, pubescentia visibili; fimbria evoluta	<i>Agromyzaeephagus</i> Gah. 107

107. Nervus marginalis duplo longior quam latus, radialis et postmarginalis valde breves, punctiformes	<i>Subprionomitus</i> Merc.	
Aut nervus marginalis brevior, aut radialis longior		108
108. Thorax, praesertim scutellum, depressus; abdomen subrotundum; antennae breviter pilosae; nervus marginalis brevis crassusque, radialis punctiformis, postmarginalis nullus	<i>Ceballosia</i> Merc.	
Thorax convexus		109
109. Nervi marginalis, radialis et postmarginalis valde longi, uti in speciebus generis <i>Ericydnus</i> Walk.	<i>Euzkadiella</i> Merc.	
Non cuncti rami valde longi, ad summum radius		110
110. Antennae breviter pilosae, pilis latitudine articulorum non longioribus		111
Antennae longe, saepe verticillato-pilosae		115
111. Pedicellus globosus, primo articulo cylindrico funiculi multo brevior		112
Pedicellus articulo 1-o funiculi aequilongus		113
112. Species maiores; thorax latus, fere globosus; alae leniter fuliginosae	<i>Paraphaenodiscus</i> Grlt.	
Species minor; thorax paullo longior; alae hyalinæ	<i>Aphidencyrtus</i> Ashm.	
113. Vertex postice marginatus	<i>Microterys</i> Thoms.	
Vertex postice teres		114
114. Corpus laete viride; mesonotum dense punctatum; nervus radialis rectus, marginali aequilongus; thorax parum depresso		
Corpus obscure metallicum, obsolete coriaceum; scutellum fortiter convexum; nervus marginalis brevis, radialis curvatus	<i>Metallon</i> Walk.	
<i>Superprionomitus</i> Merc.		
115. Articuli funiculi verticillato-pilosi		116
Articuli funiculi non verticillato-pilosi		117
116. Caput et thorax leniter reticulato-squamosa; antennae in medio faciei insertae; nervus marginalis punctiformis		
Caput et thorax dense et fortius punctata; antennae inferius insertae; nervus marginalis radiali longior	<i>Neococcidencyrtus</i> Comp.	
<i>Parasyrphophagus</i> Grlt.		
117. Proalae medio fumatae; antennae in medio faciei insertae		
<i>Ilicia</i> Merc. 1924. (typus: <i>I. nigra</i> Merc.)		
Proalae hyalinæ; antennae inferius insertae		118
		13*

118.	Articulus 1-us funiculi 6-ies longior ac latus; caput rugoso-punctatum, punctis maioribus inspersis <i>Paraphaenodiscoides</i> Merc.	119
	Articulus 1-us funiculi multo brevior	
119.	Pedicellus elongatus, fere duplo longior quam latus, articulo 1-o funiculi aequilongus Pedicellus globosus, articulo 1-o funiculi multo brevior	<i>Coccidencyrtus</i> Ashm. 120
120.	Species parvae et obesae; scutellum latum, fere latius quam longum, postice late rotundatum, plerumque opacum; nervus marginalis punctiformis Species maiores ac magis elongatae; scutellum latitudine sua longius, magis convexum, scuto mesonoti aequo punctatum; nervus marginalis longior quam latus	<i>Oencyrtus</i> Ashm. 121
121.	Observabiliter deplanatus; dense albo-pilosus et densissime coriaceus; squamulae basi et pedes 4 anteriores pallidi Thorax convexus, sublaevis, parce pilosus; squamulae et pedes obscuriores	<i>Cerchysius</i> Westw. 122
122.	Vertex postice acute marginatus; nervus marginalis duplo longior quam latus Vertex postice teres; nervus marginalis vix longior quam latus	<i>Syrphophagus</i> Ashm. <i>Pseudencyrtus</i> Ashm.

Descriptiones generum novorum
quae continet tabella dichotomica

***Biróus* n. g.**

♀. — Corpus metallicum, flavo-signatum. Statura Microterydi-formis. Caput facie brevi, vertice postice acute marginato. Antennae scapo dilatato, pedicello pyriformi, funiculo 3-articulato, absque annello albo, clava magna, 3-articulata. Thorax leniter convexus, scutello rotundato. Alae ampliae, leniter fuliginosae, in triente apicali hyalino-fasciatae. Abdomen breve, terebra recondita.

Type generis:

***Biróus anomalus* n. sp.**

♀. — Caput maxima parte flavum, genis et peristomio obscuris; thorax furvus, scuto mesonoti et scutello cupreo-viridibus. Caput a latere conspectum fere triangulare, dimidio faciei inferno fortiter impresso; vertex elongatus, uno oculo multo angustior, ocellis in triangulum 56° dispositis; palpis maxillaribus 4-, labialibus 3-articulatis. Thorax robustus, obsolete punctulatus, scutello et scuto mesonoti aequilongis. Abdomen breve, stigmatibus setiferis in medio sitis. — Longitudo 1,77 mm.

Type in Museo Hist. Nat. Hungarico Budapestini conservatur. — Unicam ♀ legit BIRÓ Budapestini (Hűvösvölgy) 25. Septembris 1913.

***Platyencyrtus* n. g.**

Genus novum excellit statura sua insolite depressa. Corpus metallicum, capite prognatho, antennis in margine oris insertis, funiculo 6-articulato, clava in ♀ 3-articulata, in ♂ solida. Mandibulae 3-dentatae. Occiput collo in parte quinta superna iacente, cardine longissimo, stipe brevi, palpis maxillaribus 4-, labialibus 3-articulatis. Thorax scuto et scutello multo latoribus quam longis, fere laevibus. Alae marginali longiore quam lato, radio brevi, postmarginali aequilongo. Abdomen in utroque sexu thorace longius et latius, terebra parum exserta.

Typus generis:

***Platyencyrtus esuriens* n. sp.**

♀. — Obscure metallico-aenea, alis quadrante basali et disco leniter fumatis, pedibus nigris. Facies brevis et late elliptica, absque scrobibus. Antennae scapo sat brevi, versus apicem parum dilatato, pedicello sesqui longiore quam apice lato, articulis 6 funiculi sensim dilatatis, clava sat magna. Thorax nitidus, axillis ab invicem longe separatis. Abdomen longum et latum, stigmatibus setiferis in triente apicali sitis. — Longitudo 1,33—1,93 mm.

♂ simillimus; antennis parum altius, in linea oculari insertis, articulis funiculi dense et longe pilosis, clava solida, oblique rotundato-acuminata; abdome rotundato. — Longitudo 1,49 mm.

Holotypi (♂ et ♀) in Museo Hist. Nat. Hungarico, cotypi in collectione Novicky (Vindobonae) et Erdősi conservantur. Est parasita *Chaetococcophragmitis* March. sub pericladis *Phragmites vulgaris* Lam. — Inventum est in Budapest (BIRÓ), Gárdony in Phragmiteto lacus Velencei-tó dicti et ex *Chaetococcophragmitis* March. ibidem collecto sat numerose exclusa (ERDŐS), Sopron (ERDŐS), Franzerhofen (Austria, Novicky). Tempus apparitionis a die 10. Maii ad 9. Augusti.

***Leiocyrtus* n. g.**

♀. — Corpus breve, sat deplanatum. Caput fere lenticulare, facie rotundata, antennis immediate supra os insertis, mandibulis 3-dentatis, palpis maxillaribus 4-articulatis. Antennae breves, scapo modice dilatato, pedicello longo, articulis 6 funiculi valde brevibus, clava maxima, 3-articulata. Thorax depresso, scutello orbiculato. Alae angustae et breves, hyalinae, praestigmate notabiliter dilatato. Pedes metatibiis 1-calcaratis. Abdomen ovatum, terebra subexserta.

Typus generis:

***Leiocyrtus clavatus* n. sp.**

♀. — Corpus violaceo-nigrum, mandibulis cremeis, palpis albidis. Alae subhyalinae. Pedes bicolores: coxae et femora nigra, tibiae flavae, basi cunctae fusco-annulatae. Caput lenticulare, facie leniter convexa,

laevi; antennae supra os insertae, vertex evanescens, postice acute marginatus, ocellis in triangulum 113° dispositis, fere laevis. Thorax sublaevis; alae etiam basi sat dense pilosae, fimbria brevi, marginali duplo longiore quam lato, radio subaequali, postmarginali fere nullo. Abdomen ovatum, thorace longius et latius, laevissimum, stigmatibus setiferis fere in medio sitis, terebra sat crassa, 1/6 abdominis exserta. — Longitudo 0,85—1,42 mm.

Cotypi in Museo Hist. Nat. Hungarico et in collectione Erdősi — 4 ♀♀: ex Budapest (Köztemető), Sződ et Vác (BIRÓ) et ex Kelebia (ERDŐS), cuncta specimina in mense Iulio collecta.

***Athesmus* n. g.**

♀. — Corpus atrum, densissime punctatum, fere opacum, at non holosericeum. Caput normale, mandibulis 3-dentatis, antennis scapo modice dilatato, funiculo gracili, 7-articulato, clava 2-articulata. Alae hyalinae, nervo marginali fere duplo longiore quam lato, postmarginali brevi, radio sessili. Abdomen triquetrum, terebra recondita.

Typus generis:

***Athesmus luctuosus* n. sp.**

♀. — Antennae avellaneae, basi infuscatae; pedes leniter obscurati, genubus apicibusque tibiarum, tibiis intermediis excepto annulo basali fusco, cremeis. Antennae in linea oculari insertae. Facies fere laevis, vertex sat brevis, margine postico immarginato, ocellis in triangulum 81° dispositis. Thorax modice convexus. Alae ampliae, basi nudae. Pedes graciles, spinulis tarsorum intermediorum pallidis, vix observabilibus. — Longitudo 1,05 mm.

Typus in Museo Hist. Nat. Hungarico conservatur. — Unica ♀ ex. montibus Mecsek (Kisvaszar) oritur, ubi eam ERDŐS 28. Iunii 1951 legit.

***Ginsiana* n. sp.**

♀. — Caput punctis maioribus sat obsoletis in vertice et in fronte inspersum, vertex immarginatus, genae longae et valde convergentes; mandibulae 3-dentatae, palpis maxillaribus 4-, labialibus 3-articulatis; antennae filiformes, funiculo 6-articulato, articulis longiusculis, clava 3-articulata. Thorax sat brevis, scutello valde convexo. Alae pilosae, fimbria brevi, nervo marginali parum longiore quam lato. Abdomen breve, triangulare, terebra crassa, exserta vel subexserta.

Typus generis:

***Ginsiana obscura* n. sp.**

♀. — Corpus obscure metallicum, antennis nigris, alis hyalinis, pedibus violaceo-nigris, genubus sat late, pro- et mesotibiis integre, metatarsi dimidio apicali, tarsisque fulvis. Antennae infra lineam ocularem insertae, scapo cylindrico, artivulisi 6 funiculi parum longioribus ac latis,

clava elongata, 3-articulata. Facies integra sublaevis, vertex postice immarginatus, ocellis in triangulum 95° dispositis, oculis densissime albo-setosis. Thorax valde convexus, propodeum fere verticaliter declive. Abdomen thorace parum longius et latius, stigmatibus setiferis in medio sitis, terebra longitudine sua metatarsum intermedium aequante. — Longitudo 1,60—1,79 mm.

Cotypi in collectione Novickyi (Vindobonae) et Erdösi conservantur.
3 ♀, quas ERDÖS in montibus Kőszegensibus die 26. Iunii 1944 legit.

Litteratura

complectens opera maiora systematica, necnon descriptiones validorum generum
regionis palaearcticae

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Besprechungen

Geigy, R. & Herbig, A., Erreger und Überträger tropischer Krankheiten. Acta Tropica, Supplementum 6. VERLAG FÜR RECHT UND GESELLSCHAFT A. G., Basel, 1955, 8°, XXIV & 472 S., 17 Textfig., 35 Photos auf 18 Tafeln, 28 Taf. (6 Farbentaf.). Preis 80.— DM.

Wie die Verfasser im Vorwort mitteilen, hat sie vornehmlich die Überlegung zur Veröffentlichung des Buches veranlaßt, daß vielleicht in manchen bisherigen Darstellungen die zoologischen Gesichtspunkte zum Problem der Aetiologie durch Arthropoden übertragener Tropenkrankheiten ungenügend zur Geltung gekommen sind. In ihrer Darstellung wird daher weniger Gewicht auf die Auswirkungen gelegt, die von den Erregern in den befallenen Organismen hervorgerufen werden, als auf den Ablauf ihrer Entwicklungszyklen im Träger (Wirbeltier) und den Überträgern (Arthropoden) und das Verhalten der Erreger in ihnen. Besonders eingegangen wird auf die verschiedenen übertragenden Insekten und anderen Arthropoden, die nicht als bloße „Durchgangsstationen“ für den Erreger geschildert werden, sondern als Organismen, die für die Aetiologie einer Infektionskrankheit ebenso mitbestimmend sind wie der Träger. Der Text ist daher nach zoologischen Gesichtspunkten angeordnet, indem jeweils innerhalb einer Arthropodengruppe die einzelnen Krankheiten und ihre Erreger dargestellt werden. Im allgemeinen Teil werden im 1. Kapitel die Übertragung von Krankheitskeimen durch Arthropoden und die dabei geltenden Parasit-Wirt-Beziehungen (acyclische und cyclische Übertragung; Erreger-Reservoir; Virulenz, Empfänglichkeit und Immunität) geschildert. Das 2. Kapitel gibt eine Übersicht über die Tropenkrankheiten bei Mensch und Haus-

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