

schenkel sind auf der Unterseite ziemlich lang gelb behaart; Hinter-schenkel tragen ebenda eine spärliche Anzahl gelber Borsten. Vorder-schienen auf der Außenseite mit 2 langen schwarzen Borsten, desgleichen der Vordermetatarsus. — Flügel ziemlich gleichmäßig gelbbraunlich getrübt, auch mit der gewöhnlichen grauen Färbung, die sich fast über die ganze Flügelfläche ausbreitet und nur einzelne Randstreifen neben den Adern freiläßt. — 19—22 mm. lang.

1 ♀. (Type) in Hermann's Sammlung aus Toa-Tsui-Kutsu V. 1914.

2 ♂♂, 1 ♀ aus Fuosho VII. 1909. Taihorin VII. 1911. Ungar. Nat.-Mus.

Fauna sumatrensis.

(Beitrag Nr. 8).

Calirrhoinae (Dipt. muscoidea).

By Charles H. T. Townsend, Ph. D., Itaquaquecetuba, Sao Paulo, Brazil.

In a small lot of flies collected in 1924 by M. Edward Jacobson at Fort de Kock, Sumatra, alt. 920 m, there occur two species which call for immediate notice. The remainder will be recorded in a future paper.

Ochromeigenia ormioides T. T.: 1 ♀. This form evidently belongs to the tribe *Palpostomatini*. The labella carry palpuslike prolongations and the prosternal pair of bristles is present. The ♀ has 1 proclinate and 2 reclinate fronto-orbitals, the palpi well thickened at tip, and the first abdominal segment without median marginals.

Phasiodexia T. T. (*gen. nov.*): ♂ Form narrowed, subcylindric; head higher than wide, narrowing below in front view; frontal profile arcuate, about 1 and $\frac{3}{4}$ times facial profile; facial profile concave save for carina; oral profile straight, beveled anteriorly; occipital profile flat, greatly bulged below; clypeus hardly 1 and $\frac{1}{2}$ times as long as wide, gently sunken each side of carina; carina high, convexly arcuate in profile, narrow but not sharp on crest; epistoma rather short, full width of clypeus; somewhat warped forward; facialia bare, oblique, narrow, straight; vibrissae slightly above oral margin, decussate; vibrissal axis equal to antennal axis; proboscis retracted but evidently about head height; palpi apparently slender; antennal axis about $\frac{3}{5}$ head height; antennae inserted on eye middle, 2d joint short; 3d joint about 4 and $\frac{1}{2}$ times 2d, narrow, tapered to a blunt tip; arista long-plumose to tip; eyes bare, very obliquely set, descending to point well short of vibrissal level; vertex hardly over $\frac{1}{8}$ head width, front equilateral on rather over posterior half and then widening very gradually, face little over $\frac{1}{2}$ head width in middle; frontals stopping at base of antennae, about 11 pairs and all proclinate;

2 verticals, the outer pair short; neither proclinate nor reclinate fronto-orbitals; frontalia narrowed posteriorly, about as wide as 1 parafrontal in middle; ocellar area small, narrow, triangular; ocellars long, proclinate; parafrontalia bare, steeply sloped, narrowing gradually posteriorly; parafacialia bare, equilateral, about $\frac{2}{3}$ clypeal width, set at about 45° to clypeal plane; no facio-orbitals; cheeks rather over $\frac{2}{5}$, nearly $\frac{1}{2}$ eye length; no geno-orbitals; thorax same width as head and abdomen; prescutum and postscutum of equal length; 2 st, 2 pi, 3 ps, 1 pra, 2 poa; 2 lateral scutellar pairs, 1 apical and 1 weak discal; wings long and narrow; costal spine short but distinct; R 1 bare, R 5 bristled only at base; 5 R narrowly open just before wing tip; cubitulus (bend of 4th vein) Vlike, a little acute, very near hind margin of wing; M 1 (apical crossvein) bent in suddenly at both base and tip; M 2 (4th vein) continued in short stump; M 3 (hind crossvein) strongly sinuate, about its length from cubitulus; C 1 bare, last section extremely short; squamae of medium size, wide behind but rounded; legs all elongate, tarsi very long especially the front pair, metatarsi very long but not equalling the following joints; hind tibiae with a few bristles; claws long; abdomen subcylindric, slightly narrowed and rounded at tip; no median marginals on first segment but a pair of same on second; marginal row on third and fourth segments, and 2 median discal pairs on fourth; hypopygium of medium size, with inferioranal aspect.

Genotype, *Phasiodexia flavida* T. T. (sp. nov.).

Phasiodexia flavida T. T. (sp. nov.): Length of body, 11 mm; of wing, 10 mm. 1 ♂ Color yellow, black and golden; head and pleura thickly silvery, frontalia brown, antennae and palpi pale yellow; mesoscutum and scutellum thickly light golden pollinose; 4 black-brown thoracic vittae, outer pair very wide, inner very narrow, joined behind suture by quadrate of black; a broad black-brown crescent on sides and hind margin of postscutum and base of scutellum; abdomen clear light yellow, shining, intermediate segments with dark brown hind border prolonged forward half way on median line, first segment narrowly brown on hind margin; fourth segment tinged with rufous, the hind border of brown broken in middle and separated from the brown of median line; legs yellow, tibiae and tarsi dark brown to blackish; wings faintly infuscate, yellowish on veins; squamae pale glassy-smoky.

Holotype in Leyden Museum.

ZOBODAT - www.zobodat.at

Zoologisch-Botanische Datenbank/Zoological-Botanical Database

Digitale Literatur/Digital Literature

Zeitschrift/Journal: [Entomologische Mitteilungen](#)

Jahr/Year: 1925

Band/Volume: [14_1925](#)

Autor(en)/Author(s): Townsend Charles Henry Tyler

Artikel/Article: [Fauna sumatrensis. Calirrhoinae \(Dipt. muscoidea\). 250-251](#)