

Fragmenta mycologica XXXIII.

Auctore P. A. Karsten.

Pluteus phlebophorus (Dittm.) a *Pluteo nano* (Pers.) nulla nota discedit. Sporae sphaeroideae, laeves (nec echinulatae), 7—8 mmm. diam.

Psathyrella longicauda Karst. n. sp.

Pileus membranaceus, campanulato-convexus vel convexus, umbonatus, dein umbone evanescente obtusus, glaber, circa marginem initio hyphis tenerrimis superficialibus albidis praeditus, usque ad umbonem pellucide striatus, margine ultimo sulcatulo et subcrenato, fuliginens, siccitate flavesiens, hygrophanus, circiter 1,5 cm latus. Stipes fistulosus, subtenax, strictus, aequalis, laevis subglaber, apice albopruinosus, eximie radicatus, pallente albus, 3 cm altus, radice duplo longiore, 2 mm crassus. Lamellae adnatae, confertae, ventricosae, dein sublineares, primitus albido-cinereae, demum purpurascente atrae, acie flocculoso crenulatae et candicantes. Sporae ellipsoideae, laeves, badiæ (sub lente), impellucidae vel semipellucidae, 13—16 = 7—9 mmm. Basidia crasse clavata 33—42 = 15 mmm. Cystidia fusoidea, 55—60 = 15 mmm. Paraphyses capitato-clavatae, 25—28 = 12—15 mmm. — Inter folia coacervata putrida in horto Mustialensi, m. Oct. 1891 — A. *Ps. gracili*, cui affinis et sat similis quacumque mixtim crescit sporis obscurioribus pauloque majoribus, lamellis acie albis, stipite tenaciore et constanter radicato præcipue differt.

Poria labyrinthica Karst. n. sp. — Receptacula resupinata, elongato-effusa vel ambientia, immarginata, adulta facile secedentia, suberosa, tenuia vel tenuissima, obscure ferruginea, mycelio ferruginascente. Pori minutissimi, elongati, flexuosi, labyrinthici, rarius rotundati, dissepsimentis sat tenuibus, margine inaequalibus, ferrugineo-fusci, demum fusci, intus cano-pruinosi, demum stratosi, strati inferioris obliqui, superioris erecti, usque ad 1 cm alti. Sporae fusoideo-elongatae, solito curvulae, 3—4 = 1—1,5 mmm. — In ligno Pini sylvestris putrescente in regione Mustialensi, Salois, m. Oct. 1891. — Ambitu initio anguste in cedinea et alba.

Peziza laetissima Karst. n. sp. — Apothecia caespitosa, raro solitaria, sessilia, cupulata, demum explanata, solito flexuosa, glabra, miniata, tandem aurantiaca, marginem integrum versus atrofurfuracea, usque ad 3 cm lata. Ascii cylindracei, jodo non tinti circiter 285 mmm longi et 15 mmm crassi. Sporae monostichiae, ellipsoideae, saltem

intus granulosae demumque subseabrae, 18—21 = 12 mmm. Paraphyses apice incrassatae, guttulis aurantiacis repletæ, apice 6—9 mmm crassæ. — Supra folia coacervata putrida terramque humosam in horto Mustialensi, m. Oct. 1891. — *Pezizae aurantiae* vel potius *P. Venezuelae* proxima. Vulgo caespites magnos (2—4 cm latos), densos format.

Peziza deerrata Karst. Monogr. p. 119.

Syn. *Humaria deerrata* Sacc. Syll. VIII, p. 140.

Peziza rufescens Schröt. (Hedw. 1878, p. 31).

Humaria Schröteri Cook. Grev. VI, p. 110 Sacc.

Syll. VIII, p. 141.

Geoscypha Schröteri Rehm. Asc. n. 901.

Apotheecia sparsa vel subgregaria, sessilia, plana vel convexa, sicca concava, ab initio aperta, ut plurimum margine papillis nonnullis basique hyphis paucis hyalinis obsoessa, primitus pallida, epithecio pallido vel incarnato-pallido, siccitate rufescens seu luteo-brunnea, contextu parenchymatico, usque ad 1 cm lata. Asci jodo non tinteti sporæ guttula unica, evanescente praeditæ. In tuberibus Brassicæ Napi var. Napobrassicæ putrescentibus ad Mustiali m. Oct. 1891 denuo copiose tecta.

Melanospora macrospora Karst. n. sp. — Perithecia gregaria, erumpenti superficialia, membranacea, mollia, contextu prosenchymatico, ovoidea, glauca, lanugine incana texta, rostro cylindraceo, strieto, atro, peritheciis multo breviore, circ., 0,5 mm lata. Asci pedicellati, cylindracei, octospori, 480—500 = 33—36 mmm. Sporæ monostichæ, ovales, fuscae, impellueidae, 42—52 = 28—35 mmm. — In tuberibus putrescentibus Brassicæ Napi var. Napobrassicæ ad Mustiali, m. Oct. 1891. — Hyphae incanae, hyalinæ (sub micr.), ramosæ, remote articulatae longissimæ 3—4 mmm crassæ.

Botrytis laxissima Karst. n. sp. — Caespituli effusi, laxissimi, farinosi, albi. Hyphae fertiles ascendentæ, septatae, dichotome ramosæ, 9—12 mmm crassæ, ramiculis brevibus, apice (15—22 mmm crassis) subgloboso-inflatis, laevibus. Conidia sphaeroidea, laevia sessilia, 7—9 mmm diam. — Supra terram humosam corporaque varia putrida in ditione Mustialensi, m. Oct. 1891.

Sporotrichum virescens (Pers.) Link sporas habet sphaeroideas vel ellipsoideo-sphaeroideas, 4—3 mmm vel 3 mmm diam.

Hymenula vulgaris Fr. var. *Brassicæ* n. var. — Sporodochia polymorpha, pallide caerulecentia, siccitate

nigrescentia, gelatinosa, mollissima. Conidia cylindracea, recta, $4-5 = 1-1.5$ mmm. — In tuberibus putrescentibus Brassicae Napi var. Napobrassicae ad Mustiala, m. Oct. 1891.

Symphyosira alba Karst. n. sp. — Stromata sparsa vel subgregaria, carnosa capitato-clavata, glabra, capitulo sphaeroideo vel lentiformi, albo, 0.1—0.2 mm diam., stipite capitulo breviore, lutescente. Conidia cylindracea, utroque apice obtusissima, recta, concatenata, pluriguttulata, hyalina, usque ad 36 mmm longa et 3 mmm crassa. — Ad lignum (pini?) vetustum in agro Mustialensi. — A *Symphyosira lutea* Preuss. Sacc. Syll. IV, p. 600 colore conidiisque haud septatis differre videtur, forte tamen tantum ejus varietas.

Fragmenta mycologica XXXIV.

Auctore P. A. Karsten.

Corticium laeve Pers. Disp. meth. fung. p. 30. Auett. plur. (= *Stereum evolvens* Karst. Finl. Basidsw. p. 398) et *Thelephora radiosua* Fr. Elench. p. 206 (= *Corticium laeve* Karst. Finl. Basidsw. p. 410 pr. p.) nominanda sunt: illud *Stereum papyraceum* (Schrad.), hoc *Corticium alutaceum* (Schrad.) *Stereum papyraceum* in cortice laevi arborum frondosarum, rarissime Piceae et herbarum, numquam ad „ligna putrida“ nobis obvium sporisque $3-7 = 1-2$ mmm. praeditum; *Corticium alutaceum* crescit in cortice et ligno putrido arborum frondosarum et acerosarum sporasque habet subsphaeroideas, 6—9 mmm. diam.

Corticium arachnoideum Berk. supra terram, ligna, lichenes saxaque circa Mustiala m. Oct. et Nov. hujus anni fructificans tectum. A *Corticium pelliculari* Karst. Finl. Basidsw. p. 411 saxicola satisque similis discedit colore constanter albo, hyphis crassioribus, sporis ellipsoideis vel ovoideis minoribus et in statu juniore *Fusario Kühnii* (Fuck.) Sacc. simillimum.

Corticium roseolum Mass. Mon. Thel. p. 140. Sacc. Syll. IX, p. 233 satis convenire videtur cum *Corticium roseolum* Karst. Finl. Basidsw. p. 416. Sacc. Syll. IX, p. 234. An eadem species?

Corticium oosporum Karst. (Hedw. 1890, p. 270. Sacc. Syll. IX, p. 233 forma est *Corticium granulosi* (Bon.).

Coniophora fulvo-olivacea Mass. Mon. Thel. p. 134. Sacc. Syll. IX, p. 24 forteque *Hypochnus olivaceus* Sacc.

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