

THE LARVAE OF CHIRONOMIDS

The composition of species in the
mountain brook "Oberer Seebach"

Project Ritrodat/Lunz

Peter-Eric SCHMID

A b s t r a c t

Chironomids larvae have been sampled quantitatively in the "Oberer Seebach" in the years 1984 and 1985. Samples of different species and their four larval stages have been subjected to a method establishing and evaluating quantitative morphological characters (SOKAL & SNEATH 1973) of mouthparts.

Regression Analyses and Cluster Analysis aimed to establish correlations and distances of resemblances between species groups and their instars.

According to this methodology, 70 species of larvae were found in the sample period.

K e y w o r d s

Chironomids, larvae, stages; Cluster Analysis , Regression Analyses of quantitative characters in mouthpart morphology; species composition.

I n t r o d u c t i o n

This work presents a contribution to a thesis exploring the niche processes within different species and their instars, their vertical and horizontal distribution in the brook sediment. For operations on species level it was evident to process within the strategy of numerical taxonomy (SOKAL & SNEATH 1963, 1973). The correlations between species and instars were based on $\log(x+1)$ transformations with 95 % confidence limits of measurements of seven morphological character units.

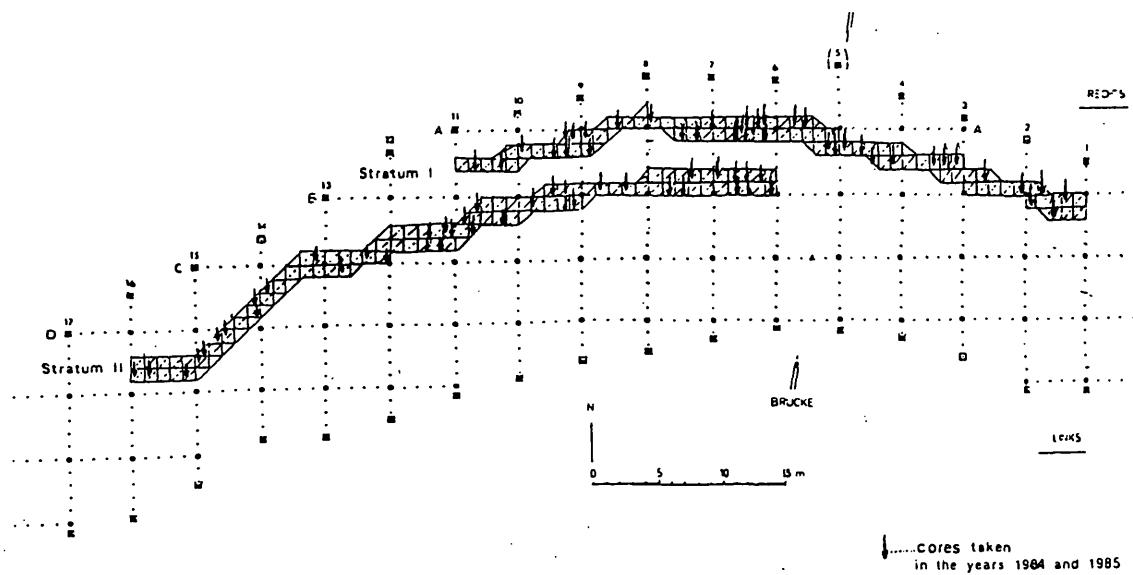
Clustering realized the relations in Euklidean distance between eight OTU's (ordinary taxonomic units) in the 4th instar of Genus Orthocladius.

M e t h o d s

a) sampling

Larvae have been collected with 80 Freezing Cores in connection with high-voltage alternating current (KLEMENS 1982, 1984) stratified randomly within two Strata of the Ritrodat area (fig.:1). Each Core sample consisting of seven sample units

FIG. 1 Ritzrodat area : STRATUM I & STRATUM II



preserved immediately in 10 % formaldehyde after collection and subsequently carefully washed in a 100 µm sieve. All chironomid larvae from 560 sample units were removed and counted under low power magnification (x25,x50) of a binocular.

b) taxonomy

About 10% of the chironomid larvae were mounted in Euparal for preparation and identification under high magnification (x1000 immersion). From each species and its stages a number of permanent preparations were made for measurements and identification. Every measurement was done to the nearest 0.1 µm.

The head capsule breadth (CB) was measured ventrally from the outermost margin of the posterior part of the caput (fig.:2);

The body length (L) was evaluated as the distance of the postoccipital margin of the head capsule to the claws of the posterior parapods.

The main quantitative morphological characters of the mouthparts have been (fig.3 & 4):

- X1: -the distance between the setae submenti (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
 - the width of the basal part of the ligula (Tanypodinae)
- X2: -the basal width of the median tooth (teeth) (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
 - the largest width of the ligula's teeth (Tanypodinae).

- X3: -the distance between the setae submenti and the median tooth (teeth) (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
-the distance between the base of the ligula and its outermost tooth projection (Tanypodinae).
- X4: -the length of the first antennal segment (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
-the width of the basal part of the antenna (Tanypodinae).
- X5: -the length of the flagellum (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
-the total length of the antenna (Tanypodinae).
- X6: -the length of the apical tooth and the inner teeth of the mandible (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
-the distance between the apex of the apical tooth and the basal tooth of the mandible (Tanypodinae).
- X7: -the total length of the mandible (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Tanypodinae, Chironominae).

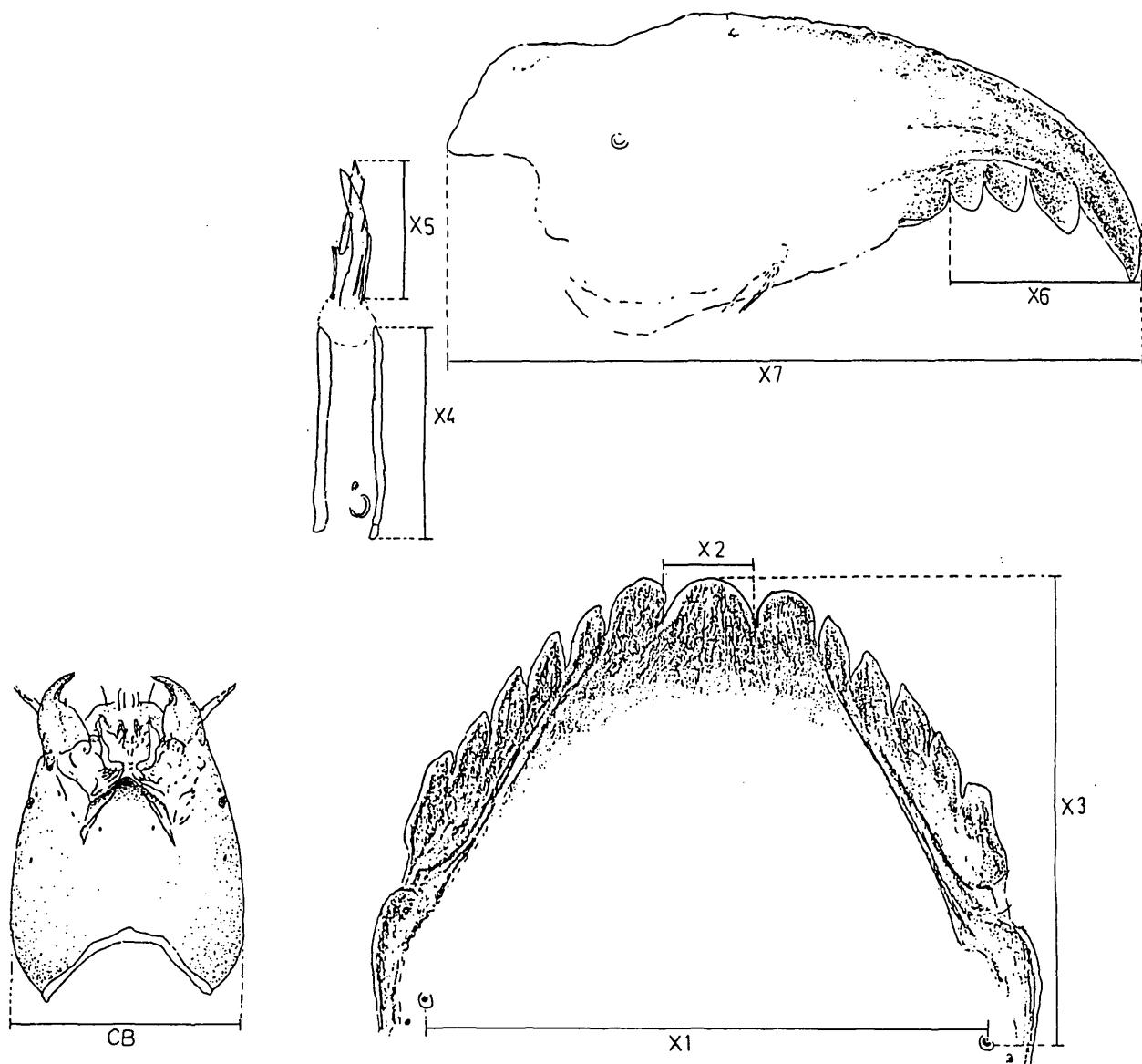


Fig.:2 Head capsule breadth

Fig. 3 Quantitative — X_n — characters of the mouthparts of Orthocladiinae (Orthocladius frigidus)
Same relations of measurements in Diamesinae, Chironominae

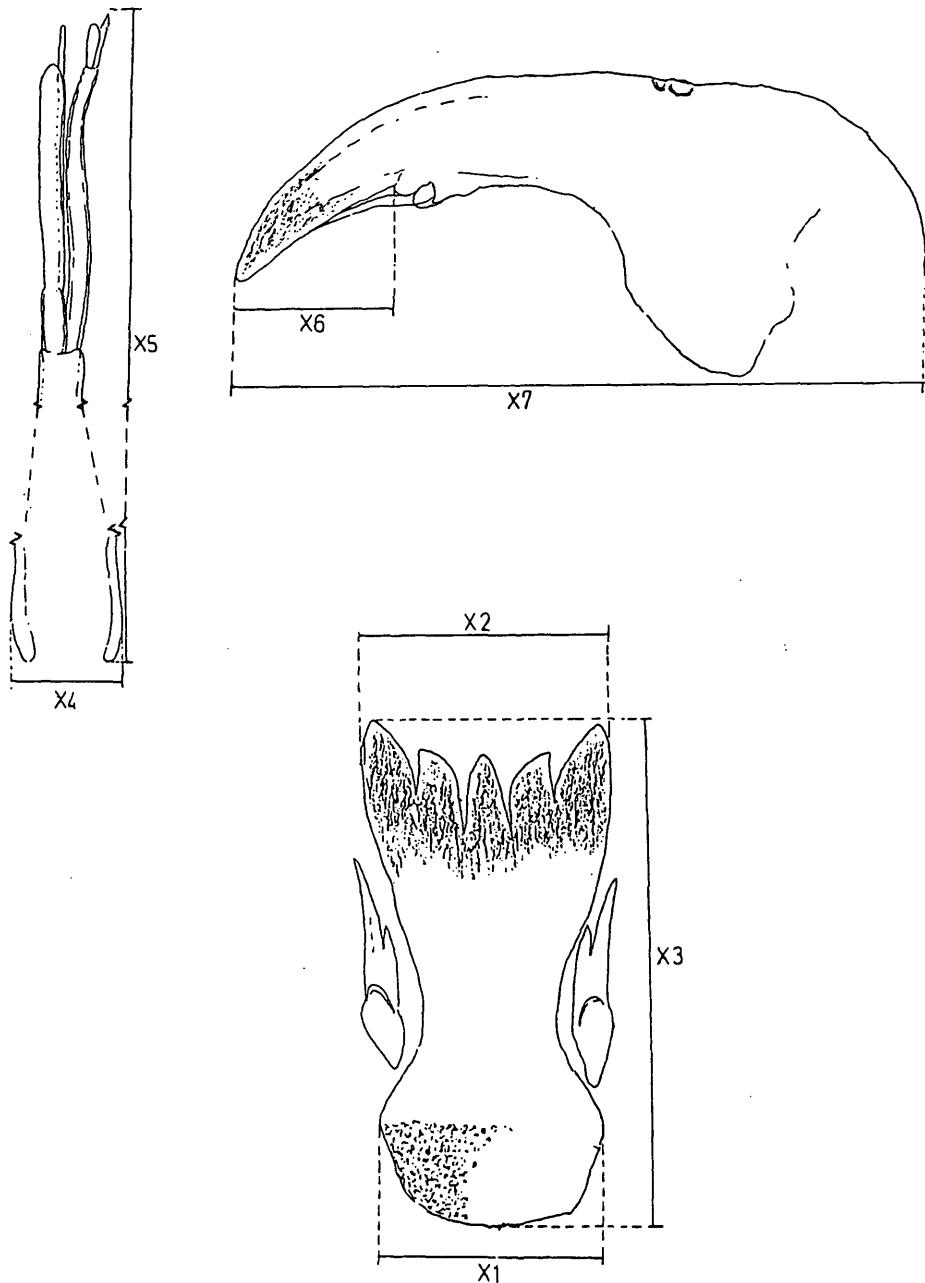


FIG: 4 Quantitative — X_n — characters of the mouthparts of Tanypodinae.

Regression analysis of pairs of characters from most of the ordinary taxonomic units were plotted showing the level of resemblance between the head capsule breadths, the X_n -characters within one species and its successive instars. This method completed the process of larval species identification by means of rearing (SCHMID 1983).

R e s u l t s a n d D i s c u s s i o n

a) rearing

Rearing of seven species succeeded in the year 1983: Cricotopus similis, Orthocladius frigidus, Paratrichocladius skirwithensis, Parorthocladius nudipennis, Tvetenia calvescens, Corynoneura lobata, Zavrelimyia signatipennis. The process of rearing to the male adult species (SCHMID 1983) with fourth instar larvae did not agree with the statement of the problem including all chironomid instars found in the core samples.

b) method of measuring morphological characters

According to the fact finding within the samples two or more larval stages of the same species as well as previous larval instar exuviae with the next development stage of the same individual, a method of measuring comparable morphological structures was chosen. The results of regression analyses (within the Key to the Species of Chironomid Larvae) have shown a significant correlation between the diverse X_n -characters of the instars of a species.

c) clustering of eight closely morphologically related OTU's (a-h) of the Genus Orthocladius in the fourth instar

Phenograms resulting from single linkage cluster analysis (SOKAL & SNEATH 1973, FAHRMEIR & HAMERLE 1984) have shown a grouping of resemblance according to Euklidean distances between the OTU's (fig.:5 & 6). The clusters based on the dissimilarity matrices each of seven morphological characters of eight different OTU's in the fourth instar.

1.) In the case of non-transformed data the least dissimilar pairs have been Orthocladius saxosus grp.I (g), Orthocladius saxosus grp.II (h) at a distance of 4.15 and Orthocladius saxicola I (a), Orthocladius saxicola II (f) at a distance of 4.31. Both pairs have defined a separation from each other at a level which is five times larger than the distance within the pairs itself. More closely related to the pair (a,f) are Orthocladius excavatus (c) and Orthocladius 3b (b) within a between-group distance of 14.32. The least distance within the pair (c,b) has shown the largest distance of 9.18 within pairs itself. High non-linearity between the character units caused the effect of separation of these OTU's (compare log-transformed data below;fig.:6) Orthocladius frigidus I (e) and Orthocladius frigidus II (d) have been related at a distance of 6.28 from each other.

Ranking of probability levels in terms of evaluated Euklidean distances showed the groups (a,f), (e,d) and (g,h) below the level of 50% dissimilarity's probability. The pair (c,b) has to be separated in that analysis into two fairly related species groups.

2.) In the case of log-transformed morphological characters the non-linearity between the seven character units diminished under the transformation. All pair-groups remained below the 50% level of ranked dissimilarities; the relation between groups separated (g,h) clearly from the pair-groups ((a,f),(b,c),(e,d)). The preliminary conclusions are based on three species groups (e,d),(a,f),(g,h) according to their similarity within pairs, and a separation of the pair (c,b) into two species groups caused through the effects of the original data, showing low homogeneity within the pair.

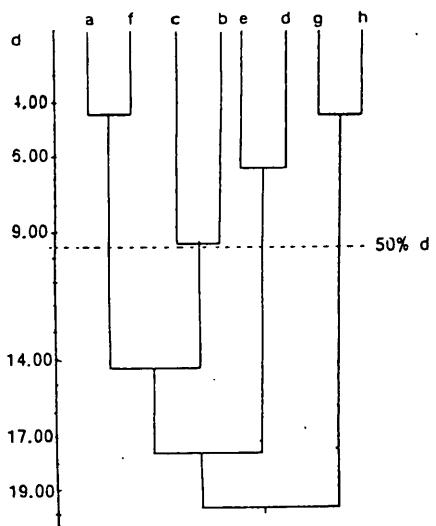


Fig.5: Single linkage cluster analysis:
 Phenogram based on a matrix
 of Euclidean distances derived
 from 10 OTU's and 7 charac-
 ter units (X1-X7).

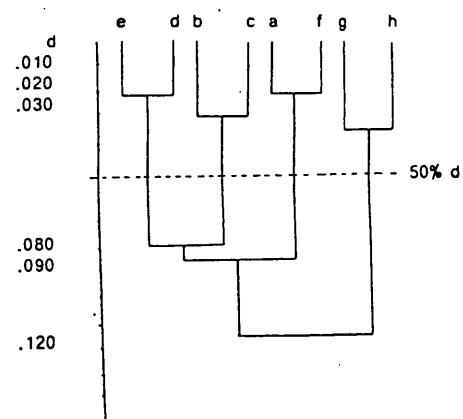


Fig.6: Single linkage cluster analysis:
 Phenogram based on a matrix
 of Euclidean distances derived
 from 10 OTU's and log-trans-
 formed 7 character units (X1
 - X7).

d) size frequency of morphological characters (X1-X7), CB and instar analyses

The size frequency distribution of head capsule breadths(CB) and the quantitative morphological characters indicated a significant grouping of the successive four or if even found three larval stages of the corresponding species (supplement of the Key to the Species of Larval Chironomidae).

The measurements of body length showed overlapping, not significant relations within the instars of a species (LADLE et al.1985). The range of head capsule breadths and mouthpart measurements increased linearly from the first instar to the fourth instar. The range itself changed within the sample period. The measurements of the first to the fourth instar are larger in the autumn samples in correlation to the samples evaluated from spring populations; the range of variation is computed within the 95% confidence limits of the geometric mean of the measurements.

Chironomid larvae

e) species composition

70 larval species and their instars were found during the sample period 1984 and 1985; 22 species are new to the species composition of adults found in the emergence traps (SCHMID 1984). 28 species of the emergence traps were missing in the free-zing core samples (table 1,1b, 1c). The missing species are signed in the list with O; species present either in the emergence traps or core samples or both are listed with X.

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Table 1.: Comparative composition of species in emergence traps (as adults) and in Freezing Core Samples (as larvae) - explanation in the text

<u>Species:</u>	<u>Emergence traps (1981)</u>	<u>Freezing Core Samples (1984/1985)</u>
PODONOMINAE		
<i>Paraboreochlus minutissimus</i> (Thiene.)	X	O
TANYPODINAE		
<i>Macropelopia notata</i> (Meigen)	X	X
<i>Conchapelopia pallidula</i> (Meigen)	X	X
<i>Nilotanyplus dubius</i> (Meigen)	X	X
<i>Thienemannimyia geijskesi</i> (Goetghe.)	X	X
<i>Thienemannimyia laeta</i> (Meigen)	X	O
<i>Trissopelopia longimana</i> (Staeger)	X	X
<i>Zavrelimyia signatipennis</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
DIAMESINAE		
<i>Diamesa cinerella</i> (Meigen)	X	O
<i>Diamesa hamaticornis</i> (Kieffer)	X	O
<i>Diamesa insignipes</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Diamesa thienemanni</i> (Kieffer)	X	O
<i>Diamesa</i> sp.2	O	X
<i>Potthastia longimana</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Potthastia gaedii</i> grp. (Meigen)	X	X
<i>Pseudodiamesa branickii</i> (Nowicki)	X	O
PRODIAMESINAE		
<i>Prodiamesa olivacea</i> (Meigen)	O	X
ORTHOCLADIINAE		
<i>Brillia longifurca</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Brillia modesta</i> (Meigen)	X	X
<i>Cricotopus annulator</i> (Goetghe.)	X	O
<i>Cricotopus curtus</i> (Hirven.)	X	X
<i>Cricotopus fuscus</i> (Kieffer)	X	O
<i>Cricotopus similis</i> (Goetghe.)	O	X
<i>Cricotopus tremulus</i> (Linne)	X	X
<i>Cricotopus</i> sp.2	O	X
<i>Eukiefferiella brevicalcar</i> (Kieffer)	X	O
<i>Eukiefferiella claripennis</i> grp. (Lundb.)	O	X
<i>Eukiefferiella clypeata</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Eukiefferiella coerulescens</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Eukiefferiella devonica</i> (Edwards)	X	O
<i>Eukiefferiella ilkleyensis</i> (Edwards)	X	X
<i>Eukiefferiella lobifera</i> (Goetghe.)	X	O
<i>Eukiefferiella minor</i> (Verrall)	X	X
<i>Eukiefferiella tirolensis</i> (Goetghe.)	X	O
<i>Heterotriassocladus marcidus</i> (Walker)	X	X
<i>Orthocladius excavatus</i> (Brundin)	X	X
<i>Orthocladius frigidus</i> (Zetterst.)	X	X
<i>Orthocladius rivulorum</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Orthocladius saxicola</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Orthocladius saxosus</i> grp.1 (Tokun.)	O	X
<i>Orthocladius saxosus</i> grp.2 (Tokun.)	O	X
<i>Orthocladius thienemanni</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Orthocladius wetterensis</i> (Brundin)	X	O
<i>Orthocladius</i> sp.1	O	X
<i>Orthocladius</i> sp.2	O	X
<i>Orthocladius</i> sp.2/	X	O

Chironomid larvae

Table:1b

<u>Species:</u>	<u>Emergence traps</u>	<u>Freezing Core Samples</u>
<i>Orthocladius sp.3a</i>	O	X
<i>Orthocladius sp.3b</i>	O	X
<i>Paratrichocladius nivalis</i> (Goetgh.)	O	X
<i>Paratrichocladius rufiventris</i> (Meigen)	X	X
<i>Paratrichocladius skirwithensis</i> (Edw.)	X	X
<i>Paratrichocladius triquetra</i> (Tshernov.)	O	X
<i>Paratrisocladius excerptus</i> (Walker)	X	O
<i>Parorthocladius nudipennis</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Rheocricotopus effusus</i> (Walker)	X	X
<i>Rheocricotopus fuscipes</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Rheocricotopus gouini</i> (Goetghe.)	X	O
<i>Symbiocladius rhithrogenae</i> (Kieffer)	O	X
<i>Symposiocladius lignicola</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Synorthocladius semivirens</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Tvetenia calvescens</i> (Edwards)	X	X
<i>Tvetenia discoloripes</i> (Zavrel)	O	X
<i>Bryophaenocladius ictericus</i> (Meigen)	X	O
<i>Chaetocladius laminatus</i> (Brundin)	X	X
<i>Corynoneura lobata</i> (Edwards)	X	X
<i>Corynoneura</i> sp.1	X	O
<i>Heleniella ornaticollis</i> (Edwards)	X	X
<i>Krenosmittia boreoalpina</i> (Goetghe.)	X	X
<i>Limnophyes prolongatus</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Metriocnemus hygropetricus</i> (Kieffer)	X	O
<i>Nanocladius rectinervis</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Parakiefferiella spinicornis</i> (Brundin)	X	O
<i>Parametriocnemus borealpinus</i> (Gow.)	X	X
<i>Parametriocnemus stylatus</i> (Kieffer)	X	X
<i>Paraphaenocladius impensus</i> (Walker)	X	O
<i>Paraphaenocladius irritus</i> (Walker)	X	O
<i>Paraphaenocladius pseudirritus</i> (Goetghe.)	X	O
<i>Paraphaenocladius</i> sp.1	X	O
<i>Pseudosmittia recta</i> (Edwards)	X	O
<i>Pseudosmittia gracilis</i> (Goetghe.)	X	X
<i>Rheosmittia</i> sp.1 (Brundin)	O	X
<i>Smittia paranudipennis</i> (Brundin)	X	X
<i>Thienemanniella partita</i> (Schlee)	X	X
<i>Thienemanniella morosa</i> (Edwards)	X	O
<i>Trissocladius</i> ? sp.1	X	O

CHIRONOMINAE

Tanytarsini

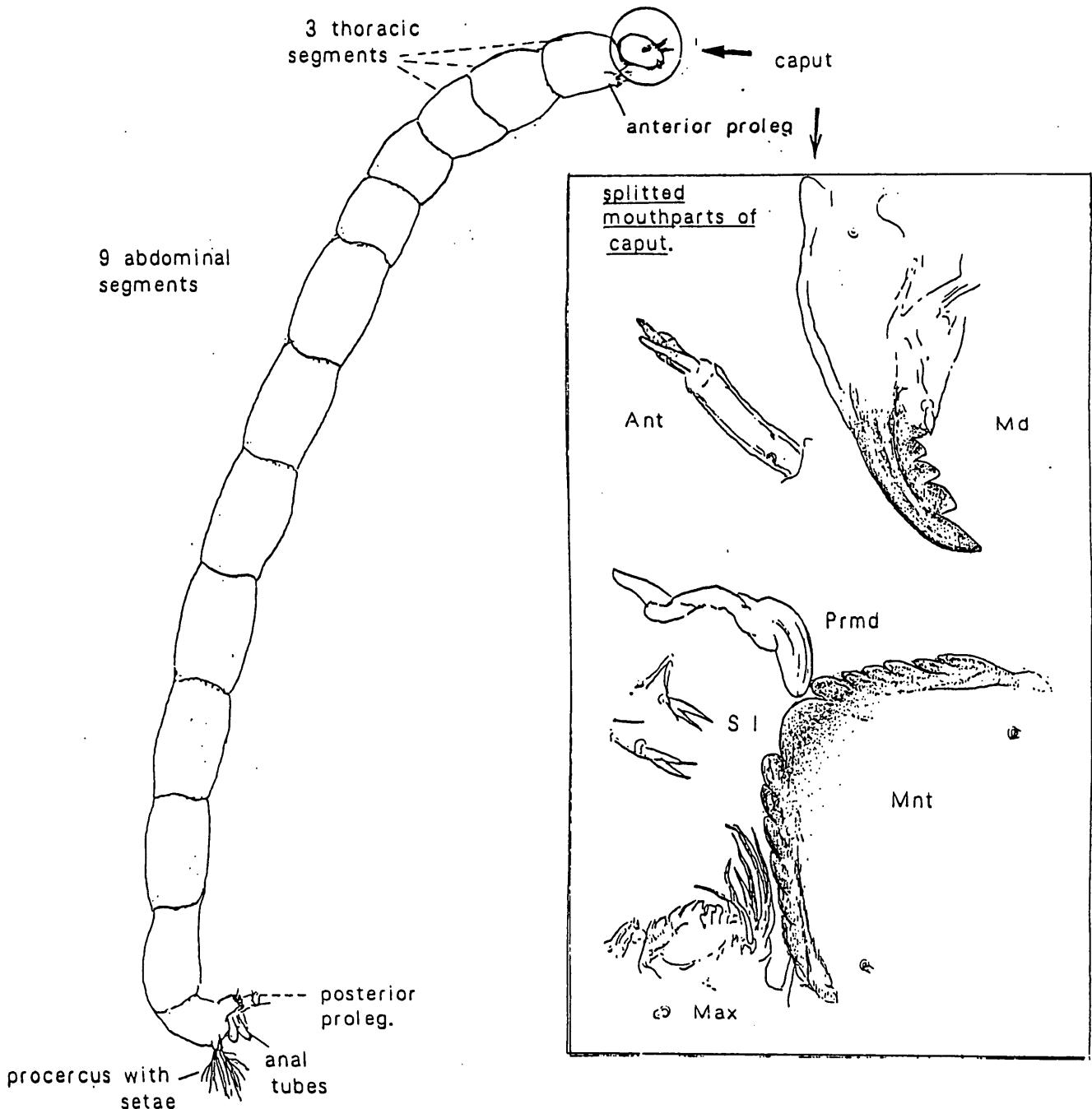
<i>Micropsectra atrofasciata</i> (Kieffer)	X	O
<i>Micropsectra attenuata</i> (Reiss)	X	O
<i>Micropsectra notescens</i> (Walker)	X	X
<i>Micropsectra</i> sp.1	O	X
<i>Neozavrelia</i> sp.1	O	X
<i>Rheotanytarsus nigricauda</i> (Fittkau)	X	X
<i>Stempellina bausei</i> (Kieffer)	O	X
<i>Stempellinella brevis</i> (Edwards)	X	X
<i>Tanytarsus gibbosiceps</i> (Kieffer)	X	O
<i>Tanytarsus palettaris</i> (Verneaux)	X	X

Chironomini

<i>Cryptocladopelma lateralis</i> (Goetghe.)	X	O
<i>Microtendipes pedellus</i> grp. (Kieffer)	O	X
<i>Paracladopelma camtolabis</i> grp.(Harnisch)	O	X
<i>Polypedilum albicorne</i> (Meigen)	X	X
<i>Polypedilum apfelbecki</i> (Strobl)	X	O
<i>Polypedilum</i> sp.1	O	X
<i>Phaenopsectra flavipes</i> (Meigen)	X	X

A KEY TO THE GENERA OF LARVAL
CHIRONOMIDAE
OF
"OBERER SEEBAECH" LUNZ PROJECT RITRODAT

Peter-Eric SCHMID
[1984]



LARVA of CHIRONOMIDAE

Alphabetical generic index see p. 241 !

Abbreviations	
Ant.....	antenna
Md.....	mandible
Prmd.....	premandible
S I	labral seta I
Mnt.....	mentum
Max.....	maxilla

Key to the subfamilies of Chironomidae

- †. Antenna (fig.A1/a) retractile into caput.
Ligula (fig.A1/b) strongly developed.
Mentum (fig.A1/c) weakly developed.....
..... *Tanypodinae* (p.86)

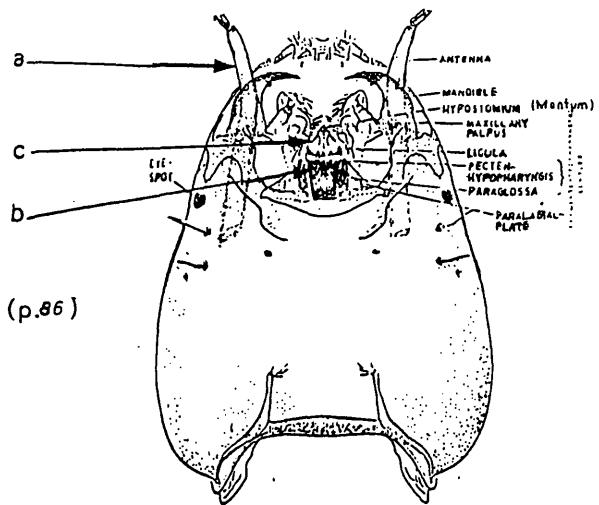


fig.A1/a-c : TANYPODINAE

- Antenna not retractile.
Ligula variably developed, but never
as in Tanypodinae.
Mentum (fig.A2/3/4) always strongly
developed..... 2

2. Premandibles absent. Procerci (fig.D1/a)
8 -10 x as high as wide.....

..... *Podonominae* (p.85)

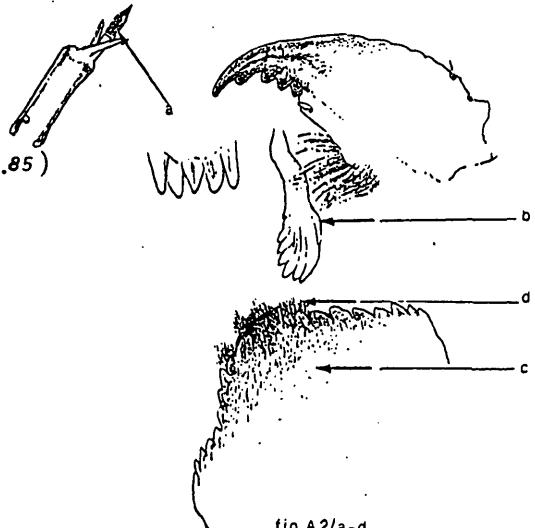


fig.A2/a-d
DIAMESINAE (*D. insignipes*)

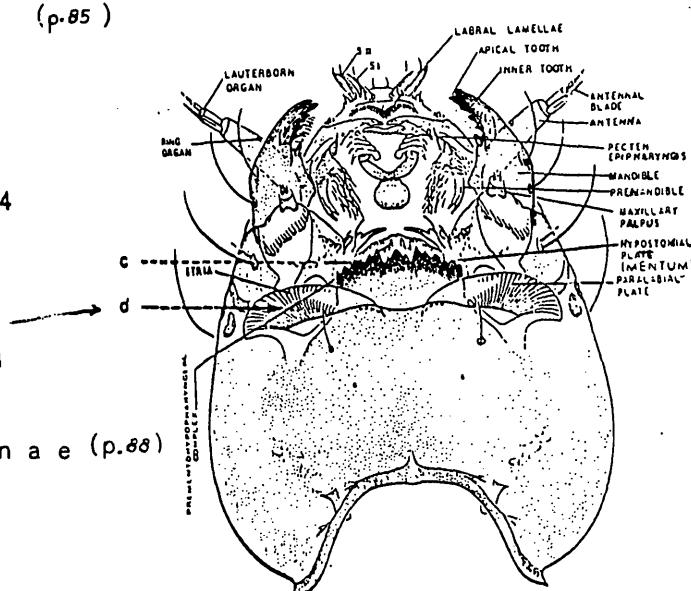
3. Antennal segment 3 annulate (fig.A2/a).
Hypopharynx bearing apically (fig A2/d)
1 dorsal median group and 2 lateral ven-
tral setae.

..... *Diamesinae* (p.85)

- Antennal segment 3 not annulate.
Hypopharynx bearing fewer and shorter
sensillae..... 4

4. Ventral part of the mentum (fig.A3/d)
expanded laterally to form ventromental
plates which are usually striated.....

..... *Chironominae* (p.88)



- Ventral part of mentum never (fig.A2/4/5 d) as strongly expanded and never striated as in Chironominae 5

5. Ventromental plates (fig.A4/d) relatively strong expanded, with beard beneath.
Antenna 4-segmented (fig.A4/a).....

..... Prodiamesinae (p.79)

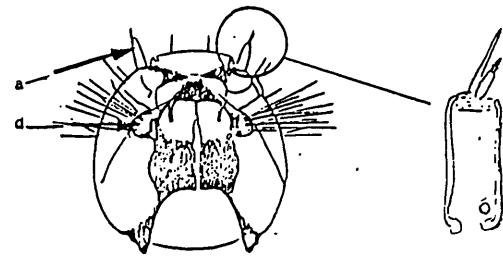


fig.A4/a,d
PRODIAMESINAE (*Prodiamesa olivacea*)

- Ventromental plates smaller.(fig.A5/d)
Antenna usually with more than 4 segments;(fig.A5/a) if the Antenna is short, the number of segments is less distinct (fig.B /a).
Mostly freshwater species.....

..... Orthocladiinae (p.78)

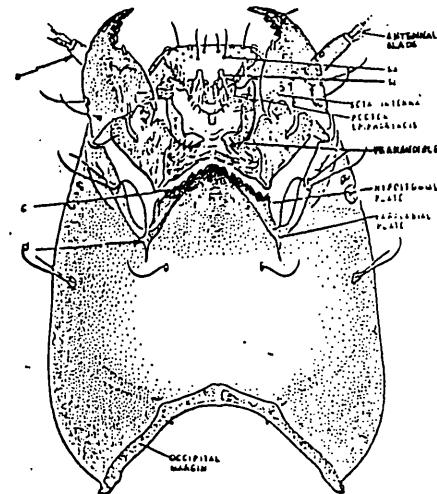


fig.A5/a-d
ORTHOCLADIINAE

Subfamily ORTHOCLADIINAEKey to the Genera of Orthocladiinae

1. Anal end without procercus (fig.:B1/a)
Anterior parapods nearly fully fused 2
- Procercus always present.
Anterior parapods separated (fig.B2/a,b)..... 6
2. Tuft of very short anal setae present.....
..... Symbiocladius (p.155)
- No tuft of anal setae present, only 1 anal seta or none..... 3
3. S I and S II (fig.B3/a,b) both bifid..... 4
- S II never bifid..... 5
4. Posterior parapods present; if absent then terminal antennal segment is at least 3x length of preceding segment.....
..... Pseudosmittia (p.148)
5. Anterior parapods fused. Posterior parapods present.
Anal tubules short. antennal segment 2 at least as long as segment 1.....
..... Smittia (p.154)
6. Antenna at least 1/2 length of caput, often more..... 7
- Antenna shorter than 1/2 length of caput..... 9



fig.B1/a

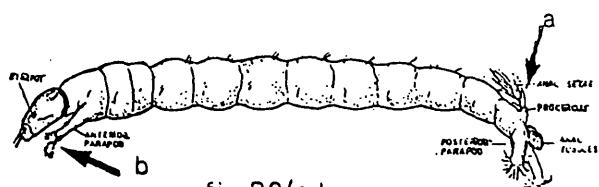


fig.B2/a,b

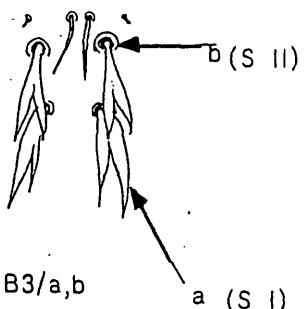


fig.B3/a,b

7. Second antennal segment unevenly sclerotized and with alternate Lauterborn organs (fig.B4/a)
No basiventral spine (fig.B5/a) on posterior parapods.....

..... Rheosmittia (p.153)

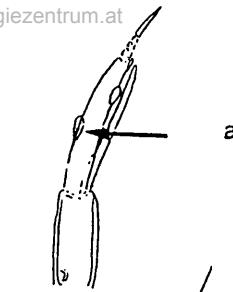


fig.B4/a

- Second antennal segment (fig.B5/b) evenly sclerotized. Lauterborn organs weak or absent.
Basiventral spine on posterior parapods..... 8

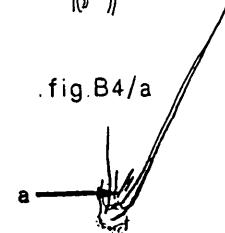


fig.B5/a



fig.B5/b

8. Antenna 4-segmented (fig.B5/b) longer than caput.....

..... Corynoneura (p. 97)

- Antenna 5-segmented, shorter than head.....

..... Thienemanniella (p.160,161)

9. One anal seta as long as 1/4 body length.... 10

- No anal seta as long as 1/4 body length.... 11

10. Mentum with 6 pairs of narrow needle-like lateral teeth. Anal setae of procercus directed dorsally (fig.B6/a).....

..... Krenosmittia (p.178)

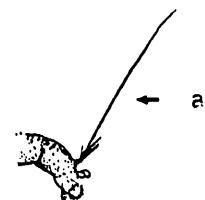
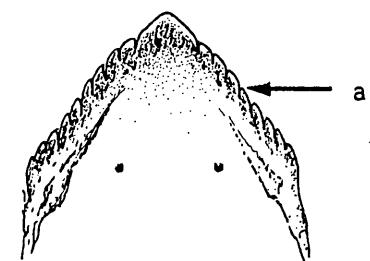


fig.B6/a

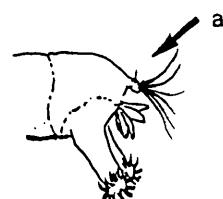
11. Mentum with at least 16 teeth (fig.B7/a).... 12

- Mentum with no more than 15 teeth..... 13



12. S I bifid .8-9 pairs of lateral mental teeth present (fig.B7/a).....

..... Orthocladius (p.125-126) fig.B7/a



13. Preanal segment extending backwards over anal segment such that anal setae are directed posteriorly (fig.B8/a).....

..... Paraphaenocladius

- Posterior segments normal..... 14

fig.B8/a

14. Ventromental plates conspicuous and extending lateral to outer teeth of flattened mentum.

S I never bifid..... 15

- Ventromental plates weak or vestigial; if large then beard present, or S I bifid or both..... 20

15. All S setae simple. Ventromental plate arrow and elongate (fig.B9/a).....

..... Nanocladius (p. 719)

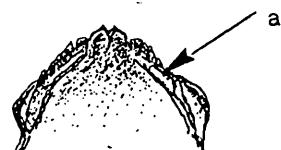


fig.B9/a

- S I never simple. Ventromental plate broader and less elongate..... 16

16. Distinct to weak, paired labral lamellae (fig.B10/a) present between the bases or below S I setae.

Premandible with brush (fig.B10/b).....

..... Chaetocladius (p. 94-95)

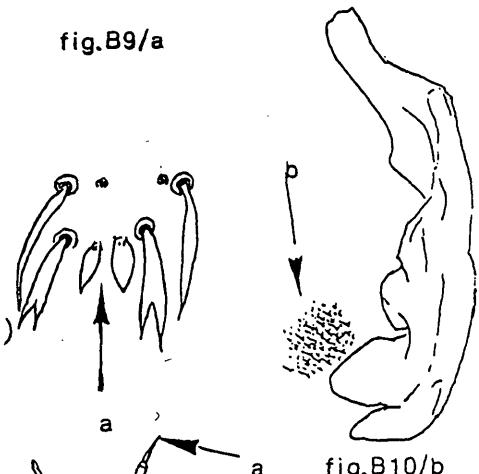


fig.B10/b

- Labral lamellae usually not present or not visible,

- Premandible without brush..... 17

17. Antenna 7-segmented, segment 7 vestigial (fig.B11/a)

..... 18

- Antenna at most 6-segmented, segment 6 vestigial

..... 19

18. Mentum with 4-pair of lateral teeth. Premandible simple. Pecten epipharyngis consisting of 3 dark spines (fig.B12/a).....

..... Paratrissocladius

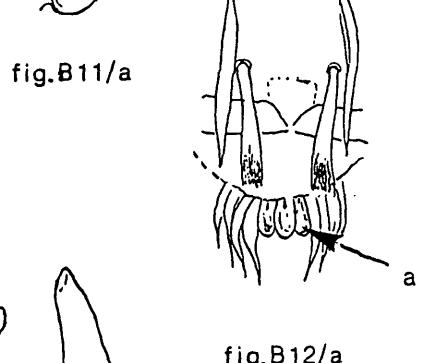


fig.B12/a

- Mentum with 5-pairs of lateral teeth. Premandible bifid (fig.B13/a) Pecten epipharyngis consisting of 3 pale, weakly sclerotized scales.....

..... Heterotrissocladius ... (p. 114,115)

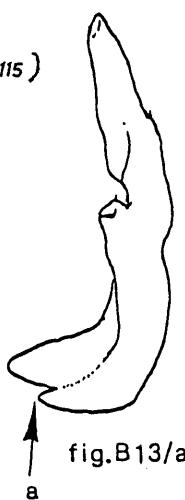


fig.B13/a

19. S I frequently with 3-4 branches. Premandible with one apical tooth.....

..... Parakiefferiella

20. Beard present beneath ventromental plates, when weak, either anal tubules absent or median mental tooth broad, single, rounded and paler than lateral teeth..... 21

- Beard absent, or very weak, anal tubules present and median mental tooth not paler than lateral teeth..... 25

21. S I seta simple..... 22

- S I seta bifide, plumose or palmate..... 24

22. Median mental teeth small, much shorter than first pair of lateral teeth. (fig.B14/a)

..... Parorthocladius
(p. 146,147)

- Median mental teeth much longer than the first pair of lateral teeth..... 23

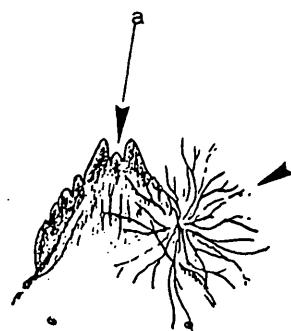


fig.B14/a

23. Abdominal segments 7-10 each with alternating simple and plumose setae, 2 of each setal type on each side of each segment. (fig.B15/a).....

..... Synorthocladius a
(p. 158,159)

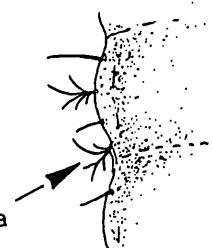


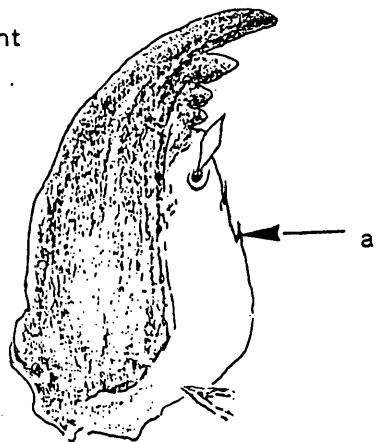
fig.B15/a

24. S I bifid. Mentum with 2 median teeth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth. Beard distinct.....

..... Rheocricotopus..... (p. 149-152)

25. S I simple, or with very weak apical bifurcation. Labral lamellae absent. When body setae more than half as long as corresponding body segment than mentum with first pair of lateral teeth higher than second..... 26

- S I clearly bifid, or if simple then either labral lamellae present or body with some simple setae at least as long as half corresponding body segment length and first pair of lateral mental teeth not conspicuously higher than second (Tvetenia) 27

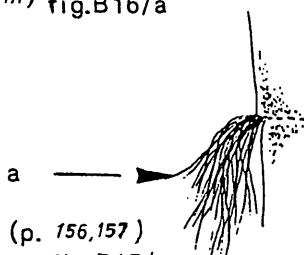


26. Inner margin of mandible with spines (fig.16/a)

..... Eukiefferiella (p.104-111) fig.B16/a

- inner margin of Mandible without spines. Abdominal segments with long setae or tufts (fig.B17/a) of setae. Mentum with elongate broad median tooth and 2 pairs of lateral teeth.....

..... Symposiocladius (p. 156,157)
fig.B17/a



27. S I bifid,lateral lamellae absent..... 28
- S I palmate,pectinate or simple;labral
lamellae present or absent..... 33
28. Some body segments with tufts of
setae.....
..... Cricotopus (p. 98-103)
- Body segments wth only simple setae.. 29
29. Mentum with at most 6 pairs of lateral
teeth..... 30
30. Antenna usually with 5 segments,if with
4 segments and weak Lauterborn organs,
then the lateral mental teeth decrease
evenly in size..... 31
31. Caput brown to dark-brown.....
..... Orthocladius 1 ... (p. 122-124,130-131, 134-135)
- Caput lighter brown..... 32
..... Orthocladius 2 ..(p. 120-121, 128-129, 132-133,166-169)
32. First lateral mental tooth bulbous, broader
at middle of tooth than at base.....
..... Paratrichocladus I.... (p. 139-143)
- First lateral mental tooth not bulbous,
covered by the extensions of a huge pale
triangular median tooth.....
..... Paratrichocladus II (p. 144-145)
33. Labral lamellae present as long pectinate
lobes lying nearly contiguously between
the bases of S I (fig.B18/a) and pecten
epipharyngis.....
..... Brillia (p. 91-93)

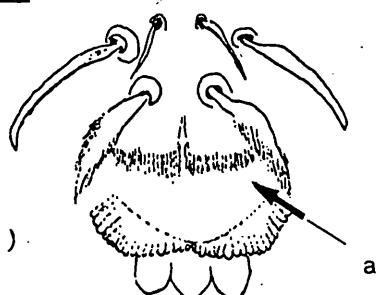


fig.B18/a

- Labral lamellae, if present, either simple or if pectinate, not contiguous and never elongate and lying between the bases of the S I setae..... 34

34. Some setae on the abdomen at least 1/2 as long as the segments bearing them.... 35

- No abdominal setae as long as this..... 36

35. Premandible with one apical tooth...
..... Tvetenia (p. 162-165)

- Premandible with more than one apical tooth..... 36

36. Antennal blade extending beyond terminal antennal segment by the same length again.
(fig.B19/a) Two median teeth divided by a U-shaped notch.....

..... Heleniella (p. 112-113)

- Antenna normal or reduced; when normal blade not extending beyond terminal antennal segment. Median teeth divided by a more V-shaped notch..... 37

37. Premandible without brush, with 2-6 teeth.
Labral lamellae absent or weak..... 38

- Premandible with brush, and 2-4 teeth. Labral lamellae when present, distinct and paired, separate or fused at base..... 39

38. Distinct tooth at base of mentum. Labral lamellae absent..... Limnophyes ... (p. 116-117)

- Without distinct tooth at the base of mentum. Antenna 6-segmented. Labral lamellae present but weak. S.I. plumpse.....
..... Parametriocnemus .. (p. 136-138)

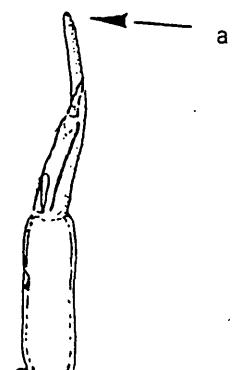


fig.B19/a

39. Supraanal setae short. Labral lamellae consisting of bellshaped structures. Antenna strongly reduced.....

..... Metriocnemus

- Supraanal setae long. Labral lamellae paired, with separate bases. Antenna never reduced.

.....,..... 40

40. Ventromental plates distinct, extending laterally to outer mental tooth. Labral lamellae present. Pecten galearis present.....

..... Chaetocladius (p. 94-96)

Subfamily DIAMESINAE

1. Mentum toothless. Premandible with 15 or more small, pointed teeth.....
..... Potthastia I (p. 174-175)
- Mentum toothed. Premandible with 13 or less teeth; teeth not pointed.....
..... 2
2. Median tooth of mentum triangular, separated (fig.:D2/a) from first lateral teeth by deep V-shaped notches. Pecten epipharyngis consisting of 7 scales..... Pseudodiamesa (p. 178)
- Median tooth or area of mentum more rounded Pecten epipharyngis consisting of 3 or 5 scales
..... 3
3. Median mental tooth narrow with V-shaped notch..... Diamesa I (p. 170-172)
- Median mental tooth broader.....
..... 4
4. Median mental tooth fairly divided 2 times Premandible with 4 apical teeth.....
..... Diamesa II (p. 173)
- Median mental tooth not divided. Premandible with 1 apical tooth.....
..... Potthastia II (p. 176-177)

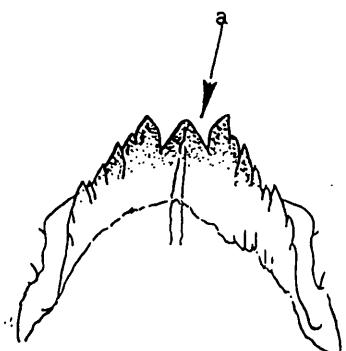


fig.D 2/a

Subfamily PRODIAMESINAE

Species: Prodiamesa olivacea (p. 179)

Ventromental plate broad (fig.D4/a); beard strong. Two small median mental teeth present, and 12-14 lateral teeth.

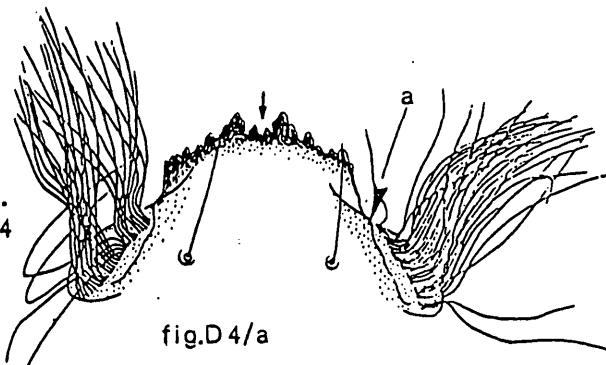
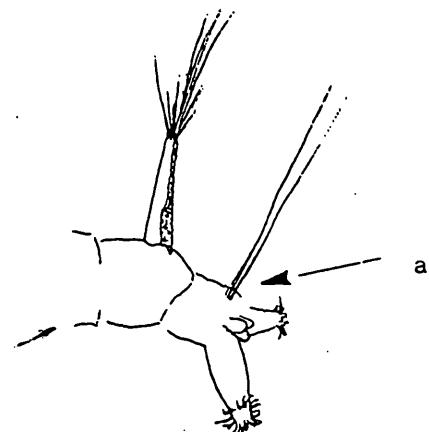


fig.D 4/a

Subfamily PODONOMINAE

Species: Paraboreochlus minutissimus

Procercus hyaline anteriorly, blackish posteriorly from base to apex; with 8 setae. . .
Mentum with 7 pairs of lateral teeth.
Two long, black setae (fig.D1/a) situated before the anal tubules.



Subfamily TANYPODINAEKey to the Genera of Tanypodinae

1. Head rounded to oval (fig.C1). Cephalic index (ratio of width:length) 0.65-1.0. Dorsomentum (fig.C2/a) with row of teeth; Analtubes at most 2x as long as wide..... 2

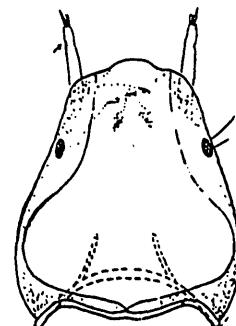


fig.C1

- Head longish oval to narrow (fig.C3). Cephalic index .40-0.67. Without row of teeth in aera of mentum..... 3

2. Cephalic index about .080. Mandible with basal tooth and small second point on dorsolateral margin. Toothrow of ligula deeply concave, inner tooth slightly curved toward outer tooth. Dorsomentum with 6-8 large inner teeth and very small outer tooth.....

..... Macropelopia (p.192)

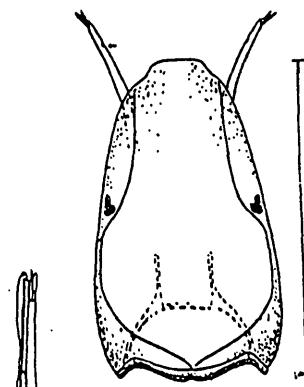


fig.C3

3. Inner tooth of ligula smaller and shorter than middle tooth; middle tooth larger than, or as large as outer tooth. Ring organ (fig.C4/a) situated at base of apical 1/3 of basal segment. Anal tubes longer than posterior parapods.....

..... Nilotanypus (p. 190-191) fig.C4/a

- Inner tooth of ligula larger or more or less equal in length to middle tooth. Lauterborn organs small, at most 1/2 as long as antennal segment 3..... 4

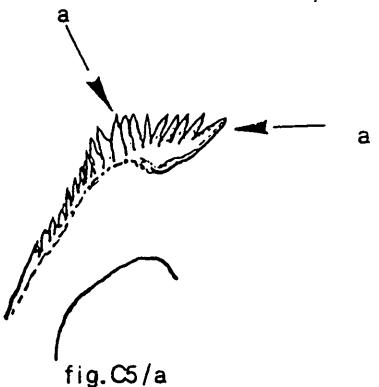
4. Mandible with large basal tooth..... 5

- Mandible with small basal tooth. Point of inner tooth of ligula always curved outwards; middle tooth strongly recessed... 6



a

5. Teeth of ligula ending more or less in straight line. ligula narrowed in basal 1/2,.....
 Zavrelimyia (p. 188-189)



6. Ring organ of palp situated in middle 1/3 of basal segment, slightly proximal or distal to middle of segment. Pecten hypopharyngis (fig.C5/a) with large corner tooth and long teeth in the middle of the row,..... 7

- Ring organ of palp situated in distal 1/3 of basal segment. Pecten hypopharyngis without a strong corner tooth or particularly strong teeth in middle of row..... 8

7. Caput yellow. Mandible weakly curved, slender strongly narrowed in distal 1/2,.....

..... Trissopelopia (p. 186-187)

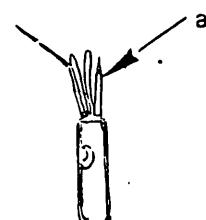


fig.C6/a

- Maxillary palp with b-setae 2 segmented (fig.C6/a)

..... 9

8. Maxillary palp with b-setae 3 segmented (fig.C6/a)
 9
9. Pecten hypopharyngis with 20-22 teeth. Ratio of basal segment of antenna to mandible more than 1.8,.....

..... Thienemannimyia (p. 183-185)

10. Basal tooth and accessory tooth of mandible insignificant but clearly distinguishable,.....

..... Conchapelopia (p. 180-182)

1. Base of S I fused; Antenna 5-segmented with Lauterborn organs usually arising distally on segment 2 (fig.:E5/a) often placed on long pedicels. Ventromental plates always present; median separation between ventromental plates variable often less than the width of median mental tooth (fig.:E1/b)



fig.E1/b

..... Tribe: Tanytarsini 3

- Bases of S I separated; Antenna 5 or 6-segmented, with Lauterborn organs never placed on long pedicels. Ventromental plates always present and widely separated.(fig.:E2/a)

..... Tribe: Chironomini 2



fig.E2/a

2. Bases of S I separated. S I simple, S II blade-like; labral lamella absent.

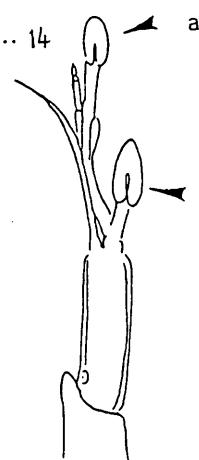
Dorsal tooth of mandible absent.....

..... Tribe: Chironomini 13

- Bases of S I separated. S I, S II plumose
Labral lamella present.

Dorsal tooth of mandible present.....

..... Tribe: Chironomini II ... 14



3. Ventromental plates separated medially by at least width of 3 median mental teeth... 4

- Ventromental plates almost in contact medially, separated by less than the width of median mental tooth..... 7

4. One Lauterborn organ arising in proximal 1/2 of segment 2 (fig.E3/a) other apically on same segment..... 5

- Both Lauterborn organs arising distally on segment 2..... 6

fig.E3/a

5. Pecten epipharyngis consisting of 3 slender lobes.
Premandible with 2 teeth distally.....

..... Stempellinella (p.200)

6. Lauterborn organs situated on distinct pedicels with conspicuous palmate process mesally.....

..... Stempellina (p. 199)

7. Premandible with 3-5 teeth..... 8

- Premandible with 2 teeth..... 9

8. Mentum with 5 lateral pairs of teeth. Lauterborn organs small and situated on distinct pedicels.

..... Tanytarsus (p.201)



9. Pecten epipharyngis consisting of 3 separate, distally serrated scales. (fig.E4/a)

Lauterborn organs situated on pedicels which are at least 2x as long as segments 3-5 combined....

..... Micropsectra (p.193-196)

- Lauterborn organs situated on pedicels which are no more than 1.5x as long as segment 3-5 combined..... 10

10. Antennal segment 2 longer than more distal segments (fig.E5/a).....

..... Rheotanytarsus (p.198)

- Antennal segment 2 distinctly smaller than the more distal segments

..... Neozavrelia (p.197)

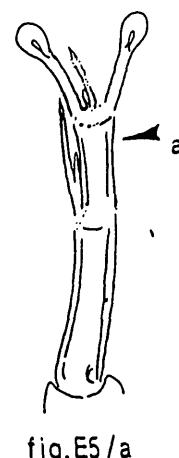


fig.E5/a

11. Antenna 6-segmented. Mentum with 3 pale median teeth. Lauterborn organs alternate on segment 2 and 3.....

..... Microtendipes (p.202-203)

- Antenna 5-segmented. Mentum with 4 darkened median teeth.....

..... 12

12. The central pair of median teeth shorter than than outer pair. (fig. E6/a).....

..... Phaenopsectra (p. 205)

- The central pair of median teeth equal in size or higher than the outer pair.....

..... Polypedilum (p.206-208)

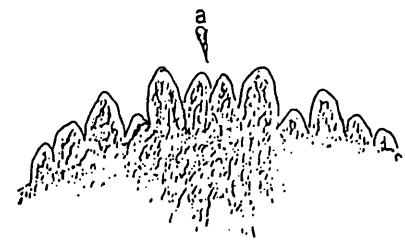


fig.E6/a

13. Antenna 5-segmented. Mentum with 2 paler median teeth.....

..... Paracladopelma (p.204)

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**A KEY TO THE SPECIES OF THE LARVAE
 OF CHIRONOMIDAE
 AND THEIR INSTARS:**

Completed through Regression Analyses of
 morphological characters between instars.

Peter-Eric SCHMID
 sc. ed.
 1986

ABBREVIATIONS

n number of individuals taken for all measurements
 nc .. no count: no measurement possible caused by the
 effect of preparation

The head capsule breadth (CB) was measured ventrally from the outermost margin of the posterior part of the caput (fig.:2, page 68 Method)

The body length (L) was evaluated as the distance of the postoccipital margin of the head capsule to the claws of the posterior parapods.

The main quantitative morphological characters of the mouthparts have been (fig.:3 & 4, page 68 & 69 Method)

X1: -the distance between the setae submenti (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
 -the width of the basal part of the ligula (Tanypodinae)

X2: -the basal width of the median tooth (teeth) (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
 -the largest width of the ligula's teeth (Tanypodinae).

X3: -the distance between the setae submenti and the median tooth (teeth) (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
 -the distance between the base of the ligula and its outermost tooth projection (Tanypodinae).

X4: -the length of the first antennal segment (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
 -the width of the basal part of the antenna (Tanypodinae).

X5: -the length of the flagellum (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
 -the total length of the antenna (Tanypodinae).

X6: -the length of the apical tooth and the inner teeth of the mandible (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Chironominae)
 -the distance between the apex of the apical tooth and the basal tooth of the mandible (Tanypodinae).

X7: -the total length of the mandible (Diamesinae, Orthocladiinae, Tanypodinae, Chironominae).

DRAWINGS:

with a drawing mirror (WILD/Heerbrugg) 1.25x
 and its magnification of -2.5 (95% of objects)
 -1.5 (5% of objects)
 under high power magnification of Wild-Fluotar
 (HI 100/1.30)

BRILLIA modesta**4th instar****Diagnosis:**

Caput yellow; occipital margin black.
 Ant. 4-segmented; 2nd segment divided
 into 2 parts. Lauterborn organ distinct.
 S I plumose. Labral lamellae with 2
 broad lobes.
 Mentum with two long median and
 one small median tooth. 5 pairs
 of lateral teeth.
 Mandible with long seta subdentalis.
 Gula darkened.

Measurements (n=1)

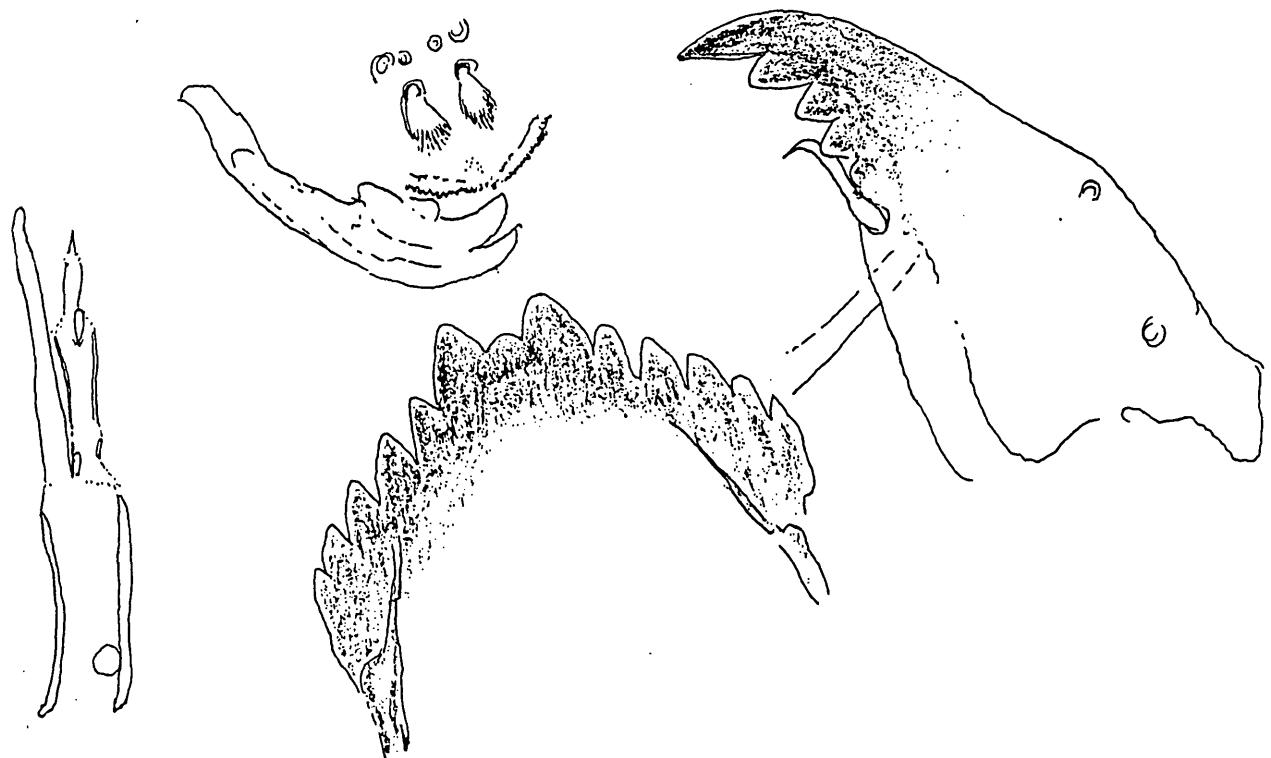
CB: 530.0 μm
 L : 6.00 mm
 X1: 187.2 μm
 X2: 047.3 μm
 X3: 308.5 μm
 X4: 089.3 μm
 X5: 079.8 μm
 X6: 074.5 μm
 X7: 239.4 μm

BRILLIA modesta**3rd instar**

mag:1000x

Measurements (n=1)

CB: 450.0 μm
 L: 3.25 mm
 X1: 127.7 μm
 X2: 027.7 μm
 X3: 186.2 μm
 X4: 053.2 μm
 X5: 055.3 μm
 X6: 040.4 μm
 X7: 140.4 μm



BRILLIA modesta

2nd instar

mag: 1000x

Measurements (n=1)

CB: 0.190.0 µm

L : 1.85 mm

X1: 063.8 µm

X2: 014.9 µm

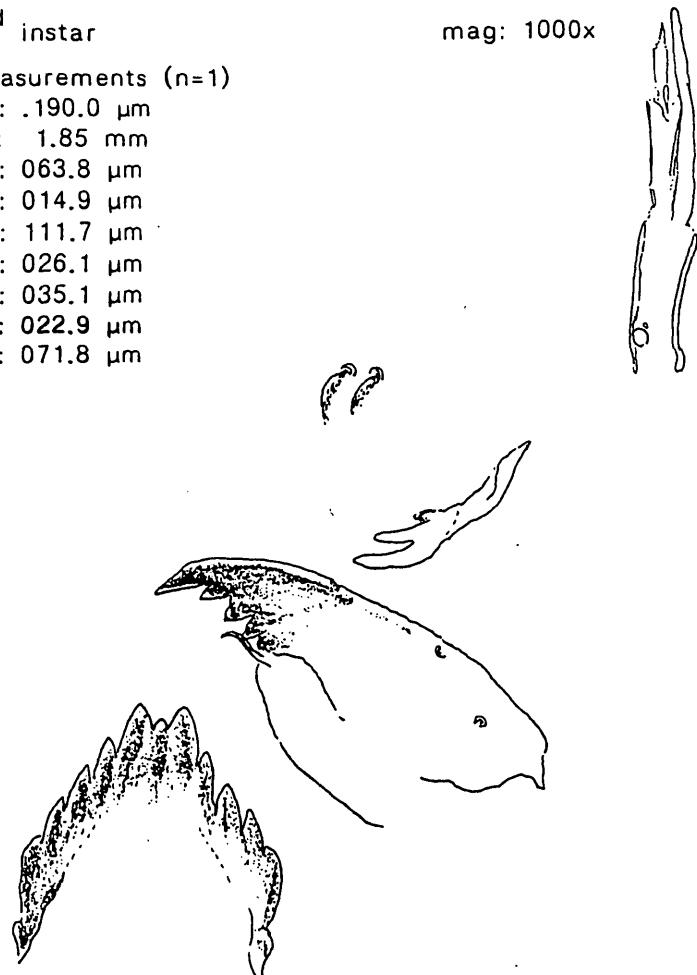
X3: 111.7 µm

X4: 026.1 µm

X5: 035.1 µm

X6: 022.9 µm

X7: 071.8 µm



BRILLIA modesta

1st instar

mag:1000x

Measurements (n=1)

CB: 090.0 µm

L : 0.50 mm

X1: 026.1 µm

X2: 009.0 µm

X3: 050.0 µm

X4: 009.6 µm

X5: 023.4 µm

X6: 012.2 µm

X7: 048.4 µm



BRILLIA longifurca

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipial margin black. Gula yellow.
 Ant. 4-segmented; segment 2 divided into 2 parts.
 S I plumose. Labral lamellae with 2 pectinate lobes.
 Mentum with 2 median teeth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 230.0 μm
 L : 3.05 mm
 X1: 086.4 μm
 X2: 026.9 μm
 X3: 115.2 μm
 X4: 047.5 μm
 X5: 046.1 μm
 X6: 033.6 μm
 X7: 120.0 μm



CHAETOCLADIUS laminatus

4th instar

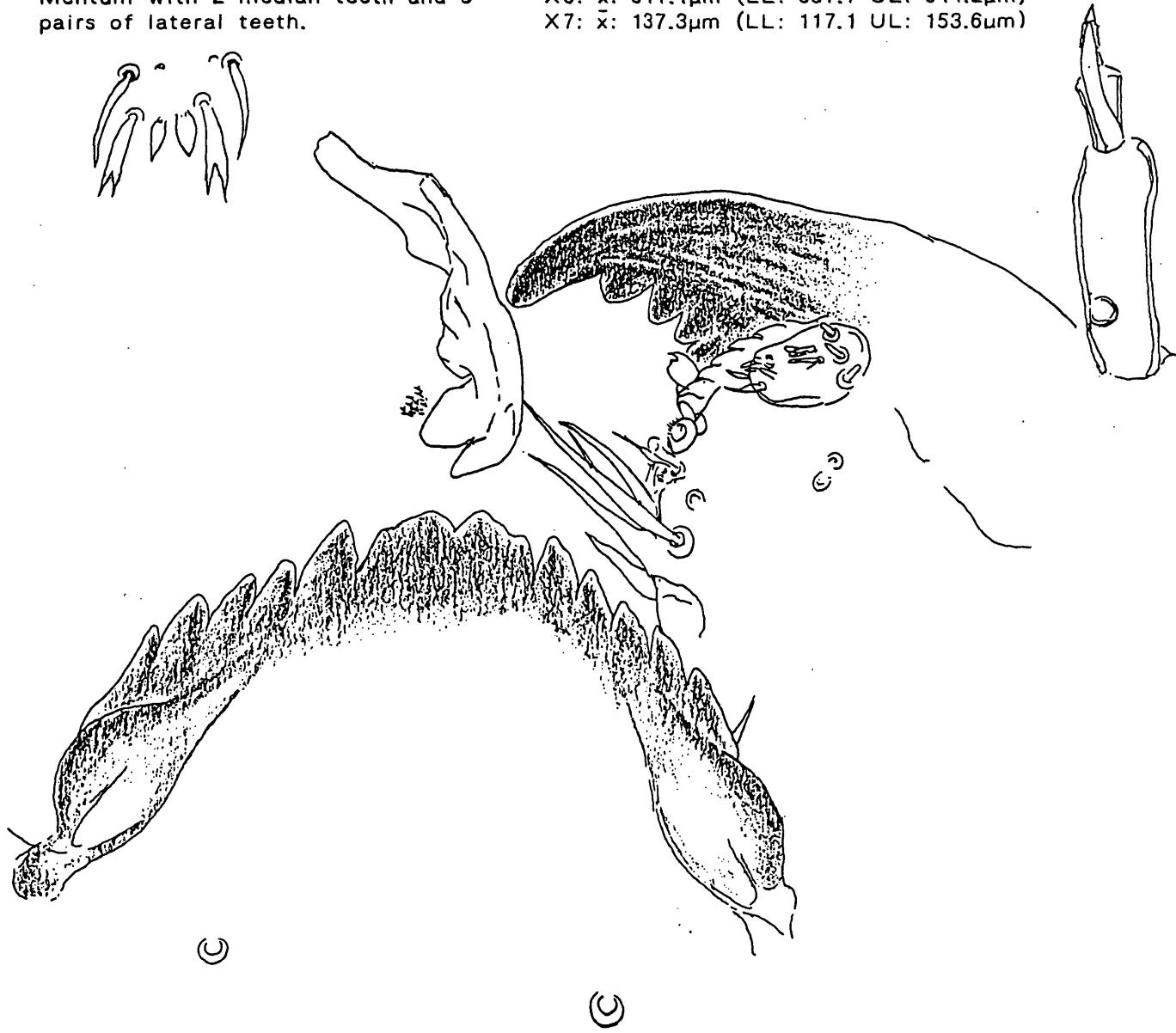
mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black. Ant. 5-segmented; blade not reaching the apex. Lauterborn organ distinct. S I bifid only in the distal third. Premandible with 2 apical teeth and 1 blunt, inner tooth; weak brush present. Mentum with 2 median teeth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=4)

CB: x: 283.3µm (LL: 260.0 UL: 330µm)
L : x: 4.767mm (LL: 4.200 UL 5.900mm)
X1: x: 072.2µm (LL: 065.8 UL: 078.7µm)
X2: x: 030.4µm (LL: 025.9 UL: 032.6µm)
X3: x: 087.5µm (LL: 078.7 UL: 095.0µm)
X4: x: 042.1µm (LL: 041.3 UL: 043.2µm)
X5: x: 028.1µm (LL: 025.9 UL: 030.7µm)
X6: x: 041.1µm (LL: 037.7 UL: 044.2µm)
X7: x: 137.3µm (LL: 117.1 UL: 153.6µm)

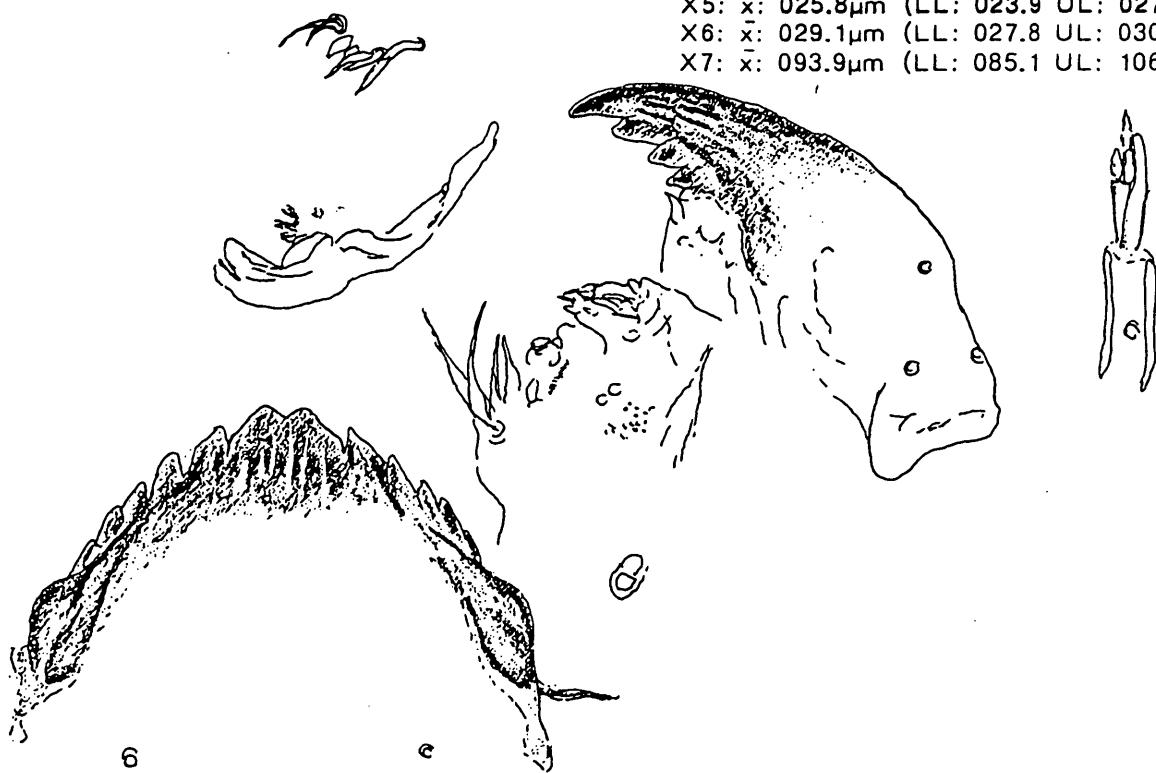


CHAETOCLADIUS laminatus

3rd instar

mag: 1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 210.0 μm (LL: 200.0 UL: 220.0 μm)L: \bar{x} : 2.033 mm (LL: 1.800 UL: 2.500 mm)X1: \bar{x} : 057.1 μm (LL: 053.2 UL: 062.2 μm)X2: \bar{x} : 019.8 μm (LL: 019.1 UL: 020.2 μm)X3: \bar{x} : 063.1 μm (LL: 060.1 UL: 065.4 μm)X4: \bar{x} : 022.1 μm (LL: 021.3 UL: 022.9 μm)X5: \bar{x} : 025.8 μm (LL: 023.9 UL: 027.7 μm)X6: \bar{x} : 029.1 μm (LL: 027.8 UL: 030.9 μm)X7: \bar{x} : 093.9 μm (LL: 085.1 UL: 106.3 μm)

CHAETOCLADIUS laminatus

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Mentum with one rounded median tooth!

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 160.0 μm L : \bar{x} : 1.567 mm (LL: 1.300 UL: 1.800 mm)X1: \bar{x} : 034.7 μm (LL: 034.0 UL: 036.1 μm)X2: \bar{x} : 011.5 μm (LL: 010.6 UL: 012.8 μm)X3: \bar{x} : 041.0 μm (LL: 039.4 UL: 042.6 μm)X4: \bar{x} : 009.6 μm (LL: 008.5 UL: 010.6 μm)X5: \bar{x} : 016.9 μm (LL: 011.2 UL: 021.3 μm)X6: \bar{x} : 018.4 μm (LL: 018.1 UL: 019.1 μm)X7: \bar{x} : 064.2 μm (LL: 058.5 UL: 067.0 μm)

CHAETOCLADIUS laminatus

1st instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Mentum with one dome-shaped median tooth and 5 pair of lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 100.0 μm

L : 0.900 mm

X1: 019.1 μm X2: 004.3 μm X3: 025.5 μm X4: 003.3 μm X5: 017.0 μm X6: 012.8 μm X7: 043.6 μm 

CORYNONEURA lobata

Diagnosis:

Caput lightbrown; postoccipital margin darkened. Ant. 4-segmented, longer than caput.

S I simple and strongly developed; Mentum triangular with 3 median teeth, the middle one smaller; and 5 pairs of lateral teeth. First lateral very small.

Apical mandibular tooth ending dorsally of the 4 inner teeth.

4th instar

mag: 1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} : 124.0 μm	(LL: 117.2	UL: 130.8 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.273 mm	(LL: 1.043	UL: 1.529 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 046.6 μm	(LL: 044.4	UL: 048.7 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 004.9 μm	(LL: 004.4	UL: 005.3 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 049.5 μm	(LL: 046.8	UL: 052.1 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 078.7 μm	(LL: 070.7	UL: 086.8 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 111.3 μm	(LL: 101.2	UL: 121.4 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 009.5 μm	(LL: 009.4	UL: 009.6 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 043.8 μm	(LL: 041.9	UL: 045.7 μm)



♂

♀

CORYNONEURA lobata

3rd instar

mag: 1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} : 090.0 μm	(LL: 080.0	UL: 100.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 0.813 mm	(LL: 0.899	UL: 0.989 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 031.1 μm	(LL: 028.0	UL: 034.1 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 003.1 μm	(LL: 003.0	UL: 003.3 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 034.8 μm	(LL: 032.2	UL: 037.4 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 041.5 μm	(LL: 036.8	UL: 046.2 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 070.2 μm	(LL: 062.2	UL: 078.2 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 005.1 μm	(LL: 005.6	UL: 006.7 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 030.0 μm	(LL: 028.8	UL: 031.2 μm)

CORYNONEURA lobata

2nd instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 060.0 μm
L : 0.50 mm
X1: 016.0 μm
X2: 001.6 μm
X3: 025.0 μm
X4: 022.3 μm
X5: 038.3 μm
X6: 003.7 μm
X7: 010.7 μm

CRICOTOPUS curtus

^{4th} instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB:	\bar{x} : 324.8 μm	(LL: 283.18 UL: 367.8 μm)
L :	\bar{x} : 3.366mm	(LL: 3.090 UL: 3.660mm)
X1:	\bar{x} : 127.3 μm	(LL: 107.9 UL: 147.1 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} : 020.1 μm	(LL: 017.9 UL: 022.3 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} : 108.3 μm	(LL: 095.6 UL: 121.9 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} : 046.1 μm	(LL: 040.7 UL: 051.5 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} : 032.5 μm	(LL: 031.1 UL: 033.8 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} : 047.4 μm	(LL: 046.3 UL: 048.5 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} : 155.1 μm	(LL: 148.1 UL: 162.2 μm)

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; occipital margin light.
 Ant. 5-segmented. Lauterborn organ distinct.
 Labrum S I bifid. Premandible with 1 apical tooth.
 Mentum with one median and six pairs of lateral teeth.
 Mandible dorsally crenulate.



CRICOTOPUS curtus

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=6)

CB: x: 191.5 μ m (LL: 179.4 UL: 204.0 μ m)
 L : x: 2.770mm (LL: 2.418 UL: 3.157mm)
 X1: x: 072.1 μ m (LL: 065.6 UL: 078.7 μ m)
 X2: x: 011.2 μ m (LL: 010.5 UL: 011.9 μ m)
 X3: x: 066.0 μ m (LL: 062.8 UL: 069.1 μ m)
 X4: x: 019.2 μ m (LL: 017.0 UL: 021.4 μ m)
 X5: x: 026.2 μ m (LL: 025.4 UL: 026.9 μ m)
 X6: x: 026.0 μ m (LL: 023.6 UL: 028.2 μ m)
 X7: x: 098.6 μ m (LL: 092.0 UL: 105.3 μ m)



CRICOTOPUS curtus

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=6)

CB: x: 136.7 μ m (LL: 131.2 UL: 142.1 μ m)
 L : x: 1.266mm (LL: 1.212 UL: 1.321mm)
 X1: x: 040.6 μ m (LL: 038.5 UL: 042.6 μ m)
 X2: x: 007.6 μ m (LL: 006.9 UL: 008.2 μ m)
 X3: x: 041.9 μ m (LL: 038.5 UL: 045.3 μ m)
 X4: x: 007.4 μ m (LL: 006.3 UL: 008.5 μ m)
 X5: x: 020.0 μ m (LL: 019.1 UL: 020.8 μ m)
 X6: x: 014.8 μ m (LL: 012.6 UL: 017.0 μ m)
 X7: x: 056.3 μ m (LL: 054.1 UL: 058.5 μ m)



100

P. E. Schmid

CRICOTOPUS similis

4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

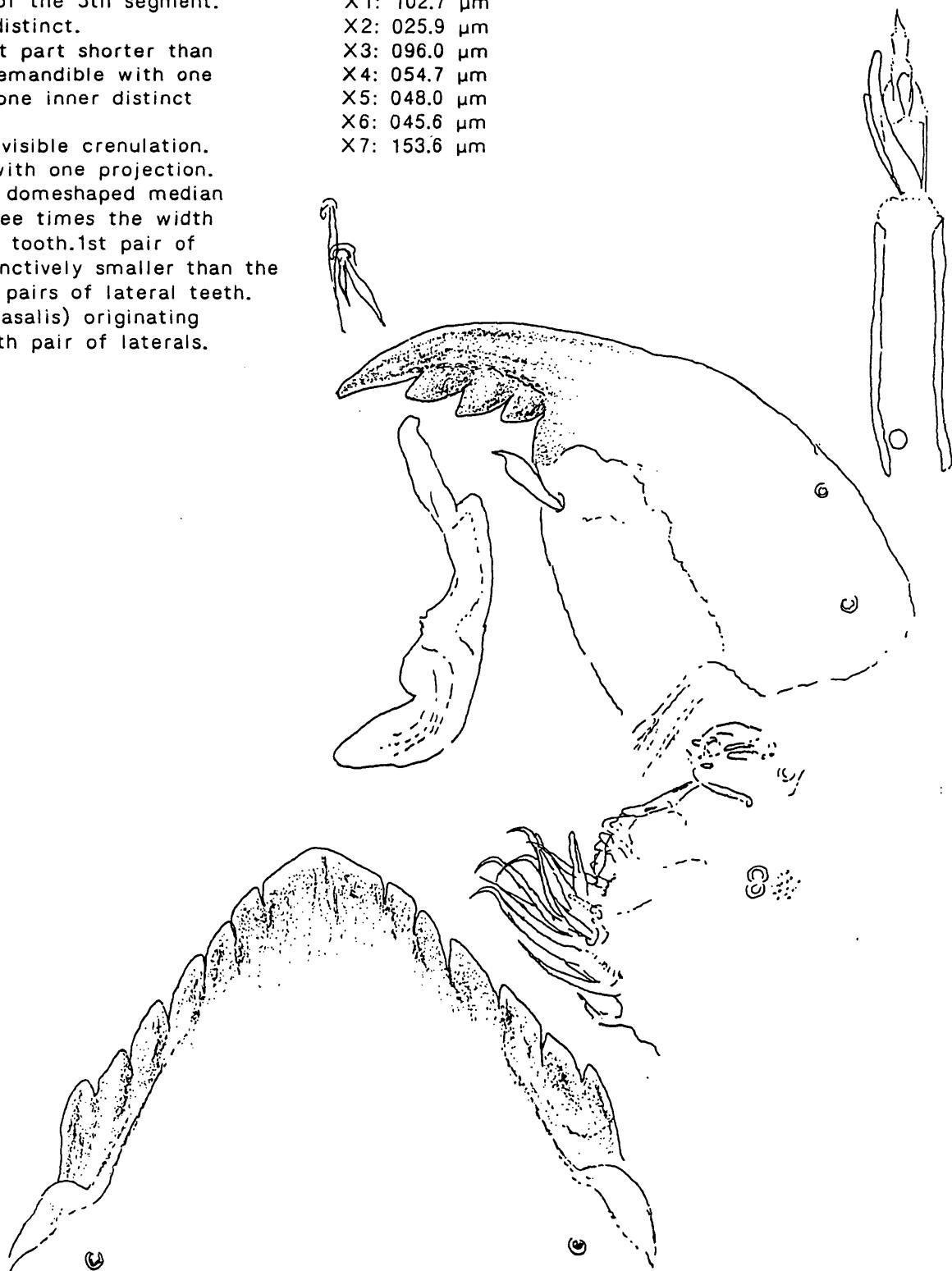
Caput yellow; darkbrown postoccipital margin. Ant.5-segmented; blade not reaching the tip of the 5th segment. Lauterbornorgan distinct.

SI bifid; innermost part shorter than outermost part. Premandible with one apical tooth and one inner distinct roundness.

Mandible without visible crenulation. Seta subdentalis with one projection. Mentum with one domeshaped median tooth at least three times the width of one 1st lateral tooth. 1st pair of lateral teeth distinctively smaller than the following pairs. 6 pairs of lateral teeth. Setae submenti (basalis) originating beneath the 5th,6th pair of laterals.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 310.5 μm
L : nc
X1: 102.7 μm
X2: 025.9 μm
X3: 096.0 μm
X4: 054.7 μm
X5: 048.0 μm
X6: 045.6 μm
X7: 153.6 μm



CRICOTOPUS ? sp.2

Diagnosis:

Caput brown; postoccipital margin dark. Ant.5-segmented; blade not reaching the apex. Lauterborn organ distinct.
 S I bifid. Premandible with one tooth. Mandible with long seta subdentalis, and slightly crenulated. Mentum with one median tooth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates distinct.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB: 274.8µm (LL: 237.5 UL: 313.3µm)
 L : x: 3.40mm (LL: 3.20 UL: 3.60mm)
 X1: x: 105.4 µm (LL: 091.3 UL: 119.5µm)
 X2: x: 019.5µm (LL: 016.1 UL: 023.0µm)
 X3: x: 120.2µm (LL: 114.4 UL: 126.0µm)
 X4: x: 042.1µm (LL: 039.6 UL: 044.6µm)
 X5: x: 035.0µm (LL: 032.7 UL: 037.2µm)
 X6: x: 047.6µm (LL: 043.9 UL: 051.3µm)
 X7: x: 157.7µm (LL: 144.0 UL: 171.6µm)



CRICOTOPUS ? sp.2



3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: 221.7 μ m (LL: 214.5 UL: 228.9 μ m)
L : x: 1.85mm (LL: 1.63 UL: 2.05mm)
X1: x: 067.7 μ m (LL: 066.0 UL: 069.1 μ m)
X2: x: 013.7 μ m (LL: 011.5 UL: 014.8 μ m)
X3: x: 077.9 μ m (LL: 073.0 UL: 081.9 μ m)
X4: x: 016.8 μ m (LL: 014.4 UL: 019.1 μ m)
X5: x: 031.0 μ m (LL: 029.3 UL: 032.9 μ m)
X6: x: 027.9 μ m (LL: 027.1 UL: 029.3 μ m)
X7: x: 101.2 μ m (LL: 095.7 UL: 104.3 μ m)



CRICOTOPUS ? sp.2



2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: x: 154.0 μ m (LL: 147.2 UL: 160.8 μ m)
L : x: 1.275mm (LL: 0.865 UL: 1.745 mm.)
X1: x: 044.7 μ m (LL: 043.1 UL: 046.3 μ m)
X2: x: 009.4 μ m (LL: 007.8 UL: 011.1 μ m)
X3: x: 048.6 μ m (LL: 042.1 UL: 055.0 μ m)
X4: x: 008.9 μ m (LL: 008.1 UL: 009.6 μ m)
X5: x: 022.4 μ m (LL: 021.3 UL: 023.5 μ m)
X6: x: 018.2 μ m (LL: 015.8 UL: 020.5 μ m)
X7: x: 064.4 μ m (LL: 061.8 UL: 066.9 μ m)

CRICOTOPUS tremulus grp.

3rd instar

mag:1000

Diagnosis:

Caput light-brown, with dark postoccipital margin; Ant.5-segmented, blade reaching the apex.

S I bifid, outer part of setae longer than inner one. Premandible with one fairly divided apical tooth and with brush! Mentum with broad median tooth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth, the second pair of lateral teeth is distinctly smaller than the first and third pair of lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 220 µm

L : 2.90 mm

X1-X7: nc

G . . G



CRICOTOPUS tremulus grp.

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 145.5 µm

L : 1.500 mm,

X1: 047.8 µm

X2: 007.7 µm

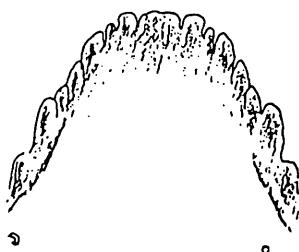
X3: 047.9 µm

X4: 009.1 µm

X5: 022.4 µm

X6: 019.1 µm

X7: 068.4 µm



EUKIEFFERIELLA claripennis grp.

Diagnosis:

Caput brown; with dark postoccipital margin. Ant. 4-segmented; blade not reaching the 3rd segment.
S I, S III simple. Praemandible with one slender apical tooth.
Mandible with 2 spines at the inner margin.
Mentum with 2 median teeth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth.

3rd?instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 149.9 μm (LL: 132.6 UL: 167.6 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.350 mm (LL: 1.200 UL: 1.500 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 030.5 μm (LL: 029.1 UL: 032.0 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 007.7 μm (LL: 006.1 UL: 009.4 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 045.7 μm (LL: 041.3 UL: 050.1 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 022.5 μm (LL: 011.2 UL: 033.9 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 023.3 μm (LL: 018.1 UL: 028.6 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 015.0 μm (LL: 013.3 UL: 016.6 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 060.7 μm (LL: 054.7 UL: 066.9 μm)



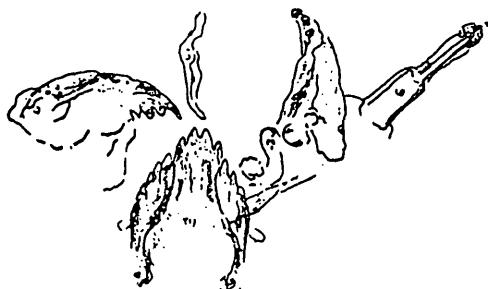
EUKIEFFERIELLA claripennis grp.

2nd?instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 090.0 μm
L : 0.800 mm
X1: 019.1 μm
X2: 004.8 μm
X3: 031.9 μm
X4: 010.6 μm
X5: 017.0 μm
X6: 010.0 μm
X7: 035.1 μm



Chironomid larvae

105

EUKIEFFERIELLA clypeata

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB:	\bar{x} : 256.1 μm	(LL: 220.0 UL: 310.0 μm)
L :	\bar{x} : 3.879mm	(LL: 3.100 UL: 4.900mm)
X1:	\bar{x} : 042.1 μm	(LL: 038.4 UL: 045.8 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} : 020.4 μm	(LL: 018.7 UL: 021.3 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} : 077.8 μm	(LL: 070.1 UL: 085.1 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} : 052.7 μm	(LL: 048.0 UL: 055.7 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} : 032.0 μm	(LL: 029.8 UL: 035.6 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} : 024.4 μm	(LL: 020.2 UL: 027.7 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} : 100.0 μm	(LL: 091.2 UL: 104.6 μm)



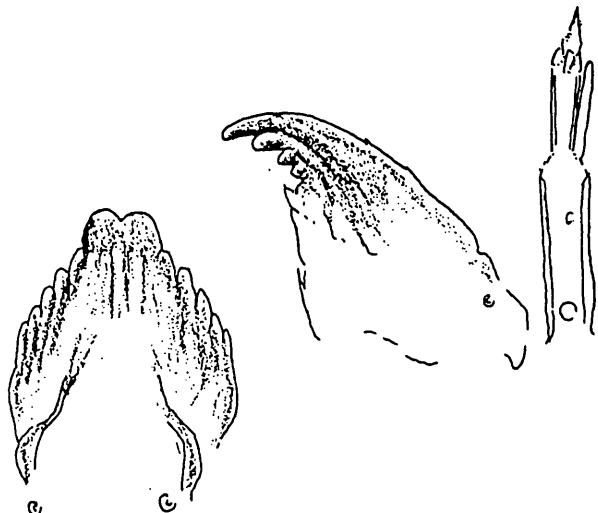
EUKIEFFERIELLA clypeata

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB:	\bar{x} : 180.0 μm	(LL: 160.0 UL: 200.0 μm)
L :	\bar{x} : 1.500mm	(LL: 1.400 UL: 1.600mm)
X1:	\bar{x} : 033.3 μm	(LL: 031.9 UL: 034.6 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} : 014.6 μm	(LL: 014.2 UL: 014.9 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} : 056.4 μm	(LL: 056.4 UL: 056.4 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} : 030.3 μm	(LL: 028.7 UL: 031.9 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} : 025.6 μm	(LL: 024.5 UL: 026.6 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} : 018.0 μm	(LL: 018.0 UL: 018.0 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} : 072.9 μm	(LL: 069.1 UL: 076.6 μm)



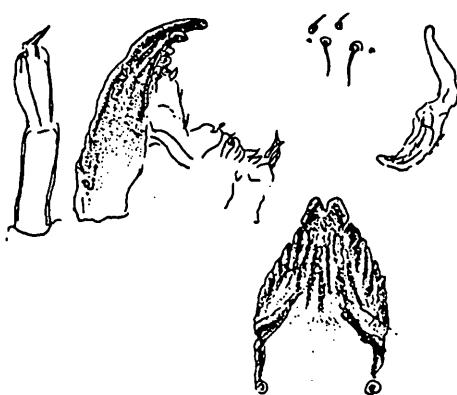
EUKIEFFERIELLA clypeata

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 123.3 μm (LL: 094.9 UL: 152.4 μm)
 L: \bar{x} : 1.189 mm (LL: 0.607 UL: 1.982 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 022.8 μm (LL: 020.2 UL: 025.3 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 008.4 μm (LL: 007.1 UL: 009.7 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 039.3 μm (LL: 034.4 UL: 044.2 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 019.8 μm (LL: 017.0 UL: 022.5 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 021.5 μm (LL: 016.7 UL: 026.4 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 012.3 μm (LL: 010.2 UL: 014.4 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 050.4 μm (LL: 048.6 UL: 052.2 μm)



EUKIEFFERIELLA clypeata

1st instar

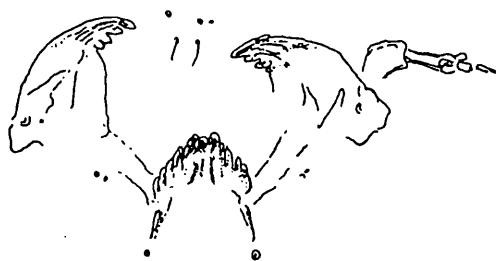
mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

The first instar differs in the structure of median mental teeth. 3 median teeth within the middle one the smallest.

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 076.7 μm (LL: 062.4 UL: 091.1 μm)
 L: \bar{x} : 0.731 mm (LL: 0.462 UL: 1.049 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 015.7 μm (LL: 014.9 UL: 016.4 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 006.2 μm (LL: 003.4 UL: 009.1 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 026.9 μm (LL: 022.3 UL: 031.6 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 005.0 μm (LL: 001.3 UL: 008.8 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 018.5 μm (LL: 014.8 UL: 022.3 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 007.5 μm (LL: 006.5 UL: 008.6 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 035.8 μm (LL: 031.9 UL: 039.8 μm)



EUKIEFFERIELLA coerulescens grp.

ith instar

mag:1000x

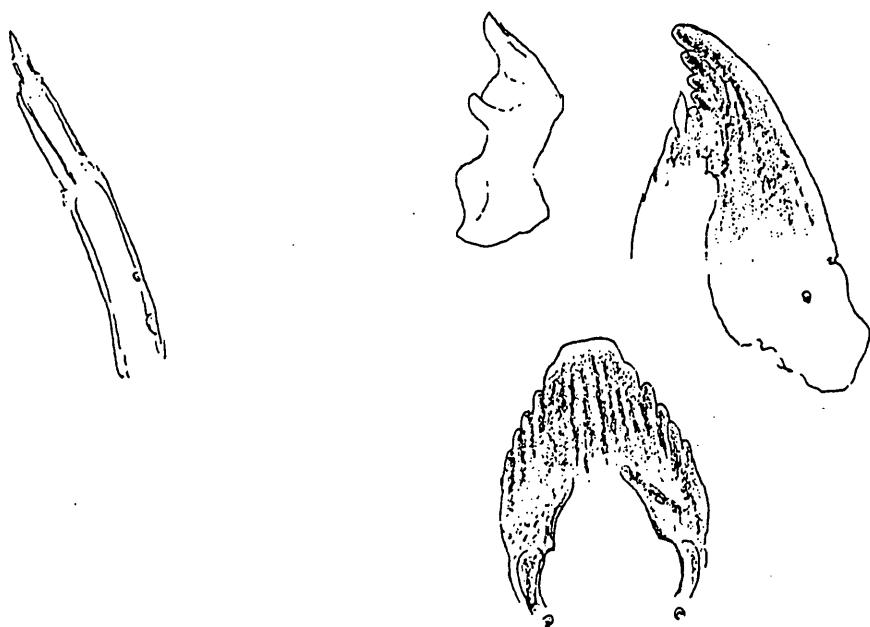
Diagnosis:

Caput dark-brown; postoccipital margin black; Ant.4-segmented, blade not reaching 3rd segment.

Mentum with first pair of lateral teeth fused to the median tooth.

Mandible with 2 spines at the inner margin:

Measurements: none



EUKIEFFERIELLA illejensis

Diagnosis:

Caput dark-brown; postoccipital margin black; Ant.5-segmented; blade not reaching the last segment.

S I simple, S III bifid; Praemandible with large apical tooth.

Mandible with 2 long spines at the base of the mola.

Mentum with one broad median tooth, at least twice the width of the first lateral tooth and 4 pairs of lateral teeth.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measuréments: (n=4)

CB: x: 302.5µm (LL: 294.6 UL: 310.5µm)

L : x: 2.347mm (LL: 2.087 UL: 2.628mm)

X1: x: 079.9µm (LL: 071.9 UL: 088.0µm)

X2: x: 030.1µm (LL: 023.6 UL: 036.6µm)

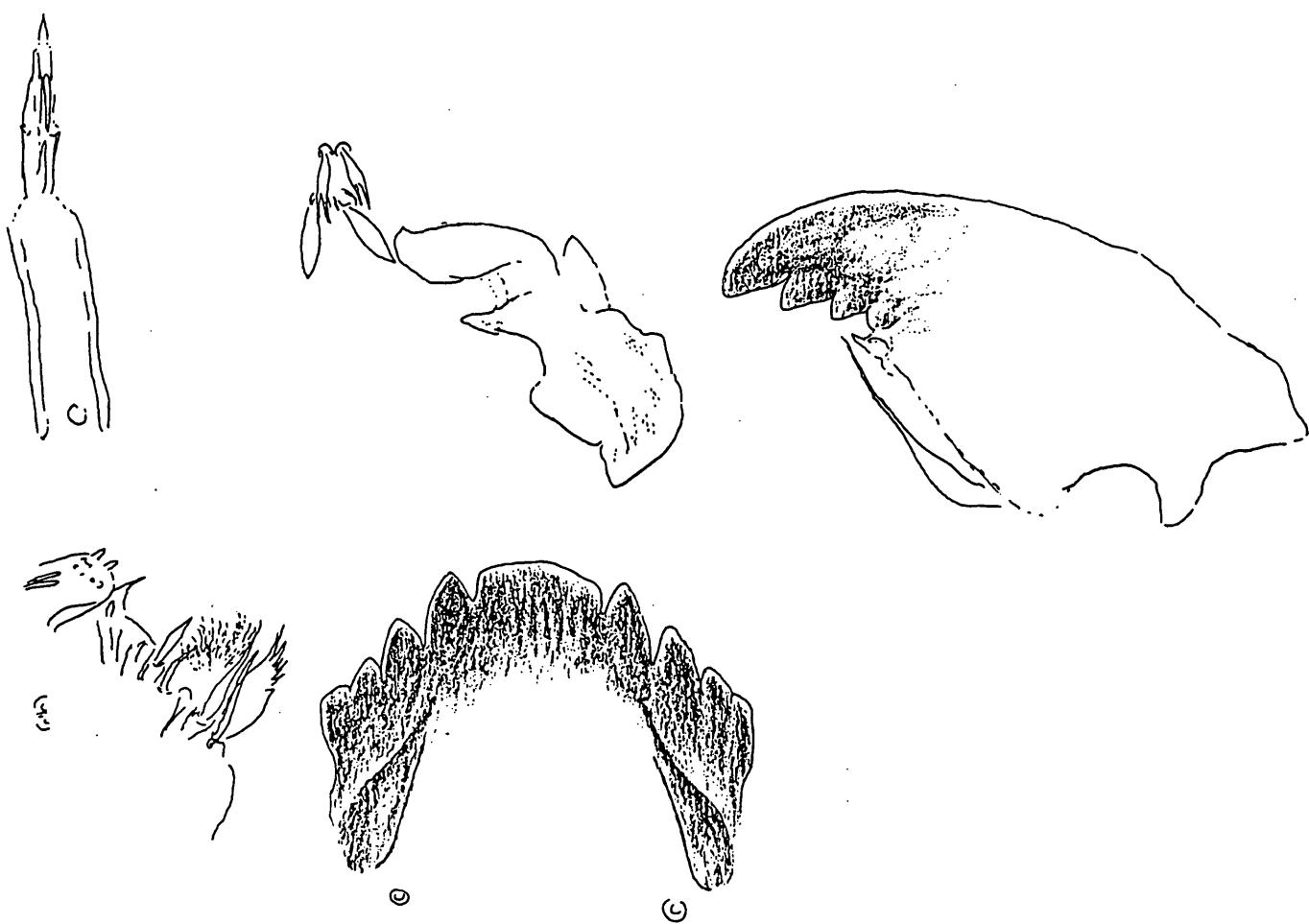
X3: x: 074.3µm (LL: 074.1 UL: 074.5µm)

X4: x: 047.4µm (LL: 042.3 UL: 052.4µm)

X5: x: 040.5µm (LL: 031.5 UL: 049.6µm)

X6: x: 041.3µm (LL: 036.0 UL: 046.7µm)

X7: x: 139.1µm (LL: 124.4 UL: 153.9µm)



Chironomid larvae

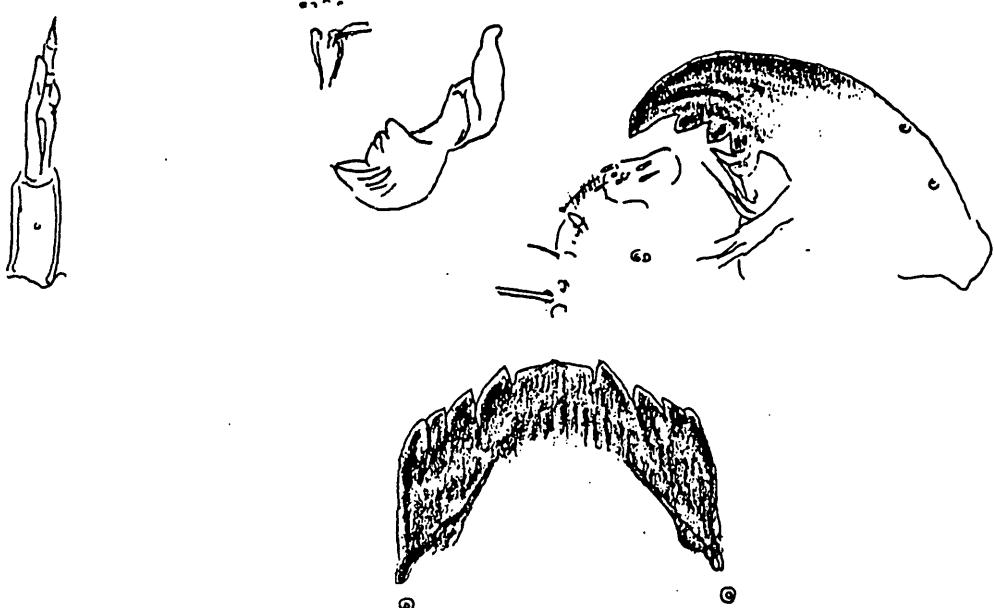
109

EUKIEFFERIELLA ilklejensis

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)
 CB: \bar{x} : 194.9 μm (LL: 167.8 UL: 222.6 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 1.998 mm (LL: 1.820 UL: 2.188 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 052.5 μm (LL: 043.8 UL: 061.4 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 016.0 μm (LL: 014.8 UL: 017.2 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 050.7 μm (LL: 045.9 UL: 055.4 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 023.4 μm (LL: 019.6 UL: 027.1 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 029.9 μm (LL: 027.7 UL: 032.1 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 023.3 μm (LL: 020.9 UL: 025.8 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 086.3 μm (LL: 081.5 UL: 091.2 μm)

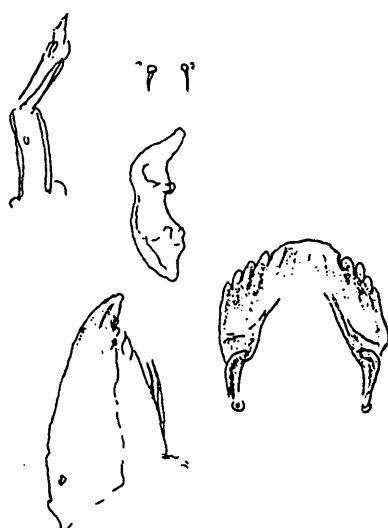


EUKIEFFERIELLA ilklejensis

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)
 CB: 130.0 μm
 L : 1.000 mm
 X1: 036.2 μm
 X2: 007.5 μm
 X3: 035.1 μm
 X4: 012.7 μm
 X5: 024.5 μm
 X6: 013.3 μm
 X7: 058.5 μm



EUKIEFFERIELLA minor

Diagnosis:

Caput dark-brown; light in the area of eye spots. Ant.-5-segmented. Blade reaching the 5th segment.
S I, S III simple. Praemandible with one broad apical tooth.
Mandible with 2 long spines at the base of the inner margin.
Mentum with one median tooth at least 3 times wider as the base of the first lateral tooth; 5 pairs of lateral teeth.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB: \bar{x} : 275.5 μm (LL: 224.2 UL: 328.9 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 3.405mm (LL: 3.303 UL: 3.503mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 076.4 μm (LL: 067.2 UL: 085.7 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 025.9 μm (LL: 023.4 UL: 028.5 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 089.8 μm (LL: 083.4 UL: 096.3 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 054.3 μm (LL: 048.6 UL: 060.0 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 038.7 μm (LL: 033.8 UL: 043.6 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 034.4 μm (LL: 030.0 UL: 038.8 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 124.3 μm (LL: 117.4 UL: 131.3 μm)



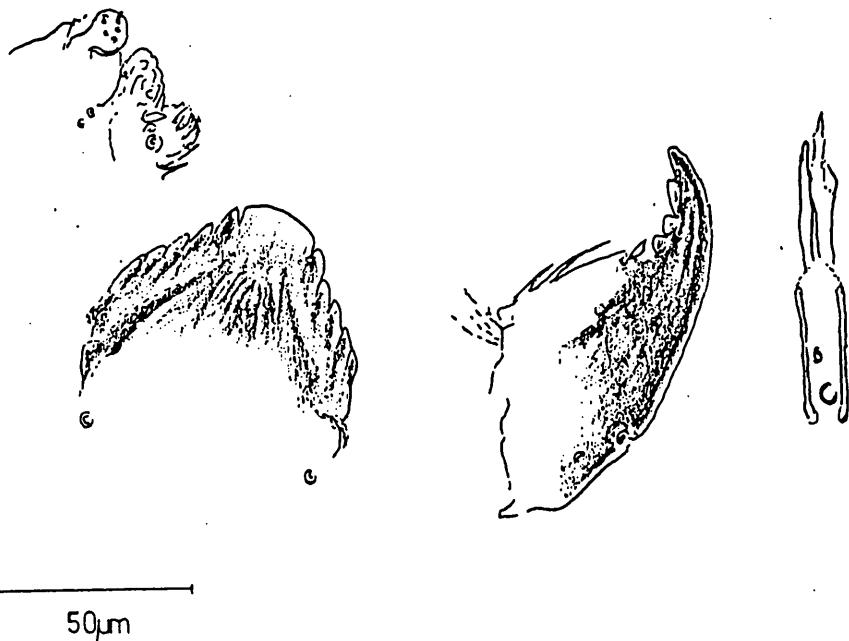
EUKIEFFERIELLA minor

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=6)

CB: \bar{x} : 193.2 μm (LL: 176.2 UL: 210.5 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 2.100 mm (LL: 2.000 UL: 2.200 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 055.5 μm (LL: 048.3 UL: 062.8 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 016.2 μm (LL: 014.7 UL: 017.7 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 054.0 μm (LL: 046.7 UL: 061.4 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 022.4 μm (LL: 018.9 UL: 025.8 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 029.3 μm (LL: 026.2 UL: 032.3 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 022.8 μm (LL: 020.3 UL: 025.3 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 084.5 μm (LL: 074.8 UL: 094.4 μm)



EUKIEFFERIELLA minor

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=6)

CB: \bar{x} : 129.9 μm (LL: 112.4 UL: 147.6 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 1.316 mm (LL: 1.137 UL: 1.510 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 031.9 μm (LL: 027.5 UL: 036.2 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 010.0 μm (LL: 008.5 UL: 011.5 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 035.8 μm (LL: 031.7 UL: 039.8 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 012.6 μm (LL: 010.0 UL: 015.2 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 020.9 μm (LL: 017.5 UL: 024.3 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 013.9 μm (LL: 012.6 UL: 015.3 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 053.3 μm (LL: 047.1 UL: 059.5 μm)



HELENIELLA ornaticollis

(4th instar)

mag : 1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput pale.

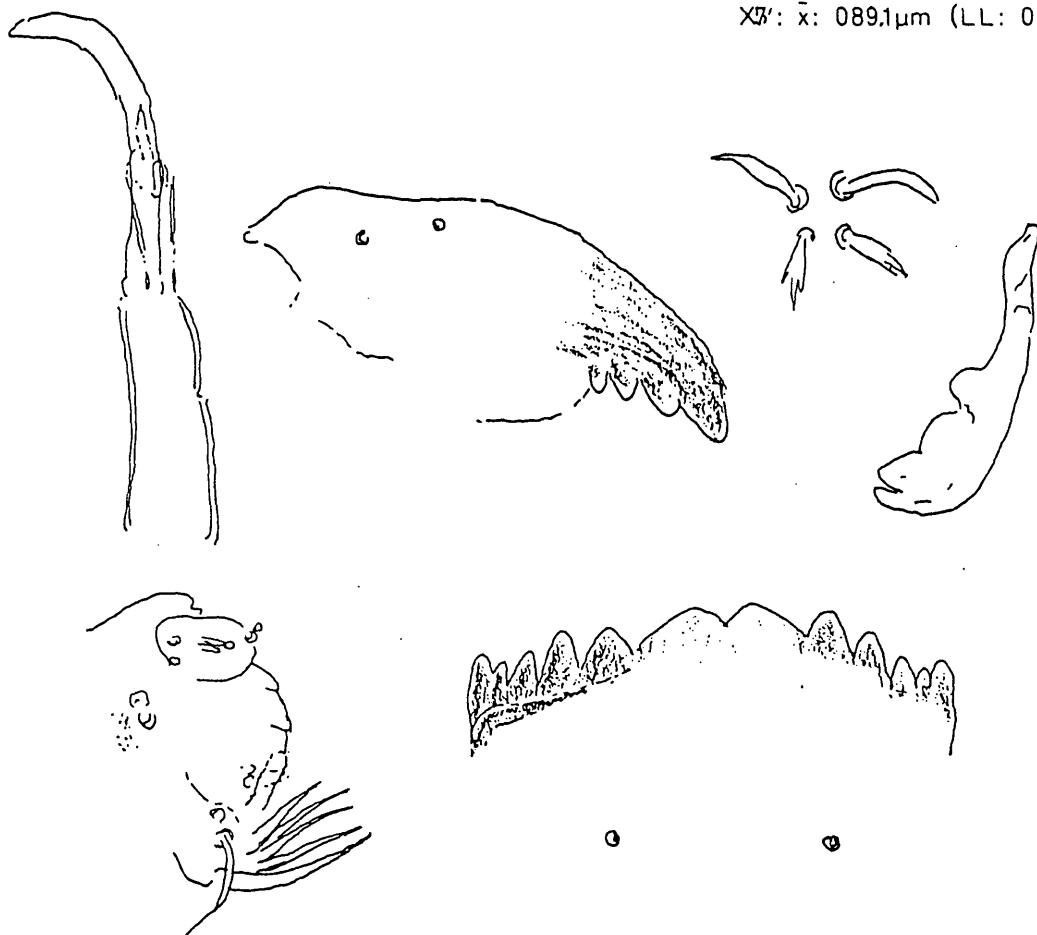
Ant.5-segmented. Antennal blade extending beyond flagellum, usually by length of the flagellum.

Labrum with S I branched 4-5 times. Premandible with 3 teeth.

Mentum with paired median teeth divided by broad U-shaped notch.

Measurements: (n=4)

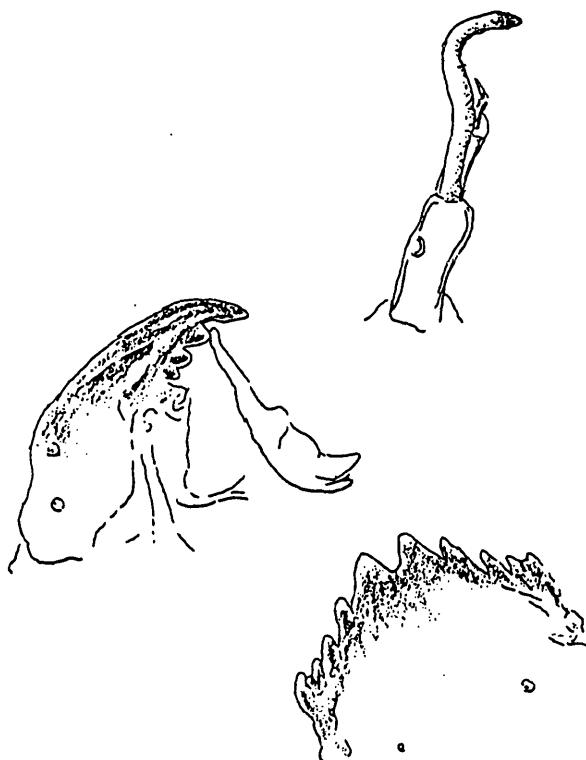
CB:	\bar{x} :	227.4 μm	(LL: 1925 UL: 2632 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	4.699 mm	(LL: 4.476 UL: 4.930 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	0374 μm	(LL: 0367 UL: 0432 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	0296 μm	(LL: 0243 UL: 0349 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	0434 μm	(LL: 0362 UL: 0506 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	0364 μm	(LL: 0316 UL: 0411 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	0256 μm	(LL: 0238 UL: 0273 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	0287 μm	(LL: 0234 UL: 0340 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	089.1 μm	(LL: 0837 UL: 0945 μm)



Measurements: (n=3)

113

CB: \bar{x} : 1399 μm (LL: 0913 UL: 190,7 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 2.498 mm (LL: 1.265 UL: 4.402 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 025,7 μm (LL: 0221 UL: 0293 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 019,0 μm (LL: 0118 UL: 0262 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 036,2 μm (LL: 030,5 UL: 0420 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 022,1 μm (LL: 019,8 UL: 024,5 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 022,0 μm (LL: 021,9 UL: 022,1 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 017,7 μm (LL: 012,7 UL: 022,8 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 064,4 μm (LL: 056,1 UL: 072,8 μm)



HELENIELLA ornaticollis

2nd instar

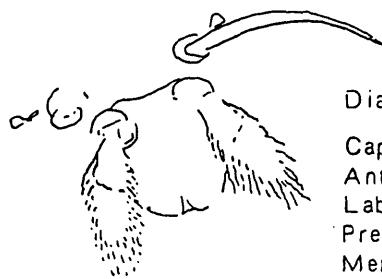
mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB: \bar{x} : 097,4 μm (LL: 089,6 UL: 105,9 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 1.599 mm (LL: 1.362 UL: 1.859 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 016,6 μm (LL: 012,9 UL: 021,3 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 012,0 μm (LL: 010,1 UL: 013,9 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 024,8 μm (LL: 018,1 UL: 030,7 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 010,8 μm (LL: 008,0 UL: 013,6 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 012,0 μm (LL: 009,4 UL: 014,5 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 017,1 μm (LL: 012,4 UL: 021,9 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 041,9 μm (LL: 033,5 UL: 050,4 μm)



100 μm



Diagnosis:

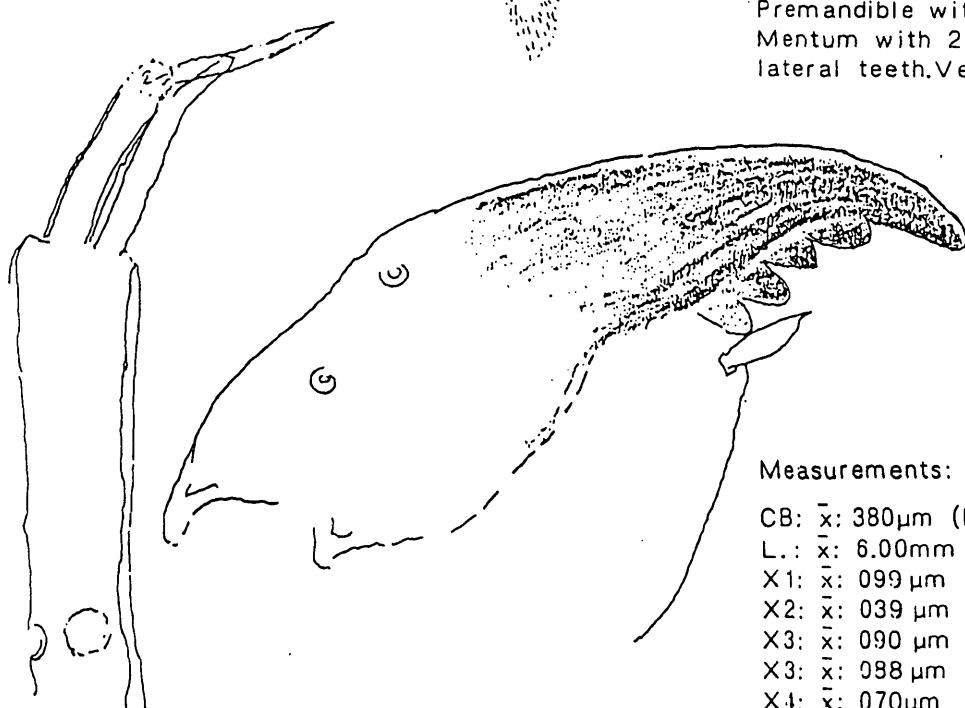
Caput yellow.

Ant. 7-segmented

Labrum with plumose S l; two labral lamellae.

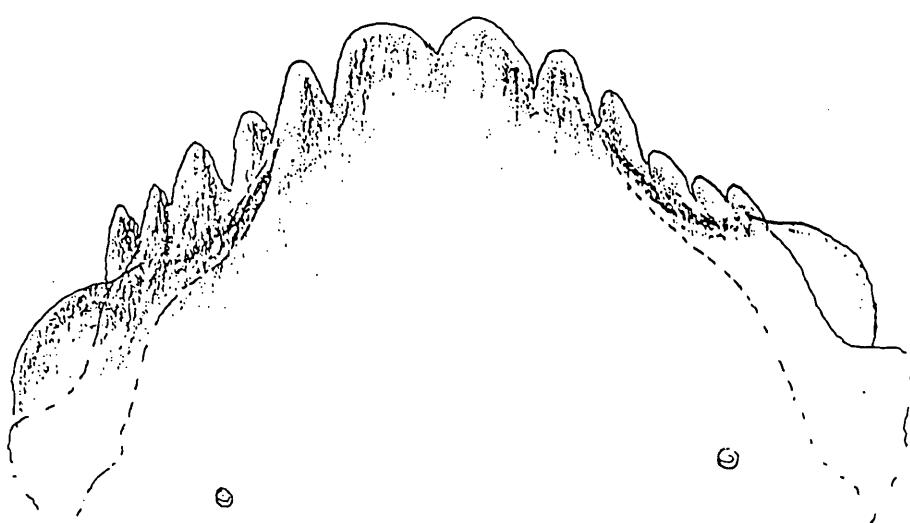
Premandible with two indistinct teeth.

Mentum with 2 median teeth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth. Ventromental plate distinct.



Measurements: (n=5)

CB:	\bar{x} : 380 μ m (LL: 340 UL: 420 μ m)
L.:	\bar{x} : 6.00mm (LL: 5.80 UL: 6.20mm)
X1:	\bar{x} : 099 μ m (LL: 095 UL: 104 μ m)
X2:	\bar{x} : 039 μ m (LL: 037 UL: 104 μ m)
X3:	\bar{x} : 090 μ m (LL: 038 UL: 093 μ m)
X3:	\bar{x} : 088 μ m (LL: 087 UL: 049 μ m)
X4:	\bar{x} : 070 μ m (LL: 065 UL: 075 μ m)
X5:	\bar{x} : 047 μ m (LL: 046 UL: 049 μ m)
X6:	\bar{x} : 159 μ m (LL: 144 UL: 174 μ m)



HETEROTRISSOCLADIUS marcidus

2nd instar

mag: 1000x

Measurements: n=5
CB: \bar{x} : 134 μm (LL: 123 UL: 145 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.36 mm (LL: 1.01 UL: 1.78 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 029 μm (LL: 025 UL: 034 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 014 μm (LL: 012 UL: 034 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 038 μm (LL: 036 UL: 040 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 021 μm (LL: 019 UL: 023 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 043 μm (LL: 035 UL: 050 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 017 μm (LL: 015 UL: 019 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 066 μm (LL: 061 UL: 070 μm)



HETEROTRISSOCLADIUS marcidus

1st to 2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: n=2

CB: \bar{x} : 095 μm (LL: 090 UL: 100 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.31 mm (LL: 1.21 UL: 1.42 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 022 μm (LL: 021 UL: 023 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 0045 μm (LL: 0043 UL: 0048 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 0237 μm (LL: 0234 UL: 0239 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 0043 μm (LL: 0043 UL: 0043 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 0287 μm (LL: 0287 UL: 0287 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 0115 μm (LL: 0101 UL: 0128 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 0442 μm (LL: 0430 UL: 0453 μm)



LIMNOPHYES prolongatus**4th instar**

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; with dark postoccipital margin. Ant. 5-segmented; blade longer than flagellum.

S I serrated; Premandible with 2 apical tooth and one inner rounded tooth.

Mandible with thin long seta subdentalis.

Mentum with 2 median teeth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth. Setae submentis originating beneath 3rd pair of lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=1)CB: 340.5 μm

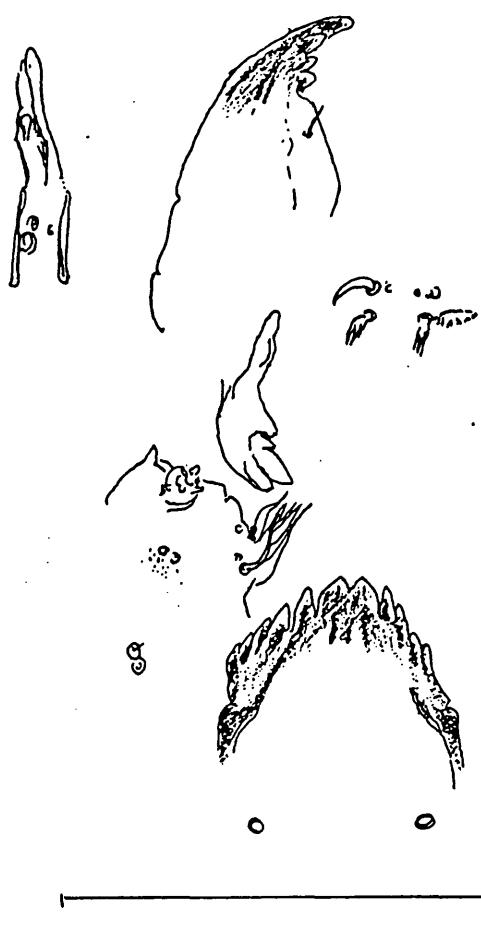
L : nc

X1: 058.5 μm X2: 023.4 μm X3: 078.7 μm X4: 029.8 μm X5: 023.4 μm X6: 038.3 μm X7: 117.0 μm 

LIMNOPHYES prolongatus

3rd instar

mag:1000x



Measurements: (n=2)

CB:	\bar{x} :	195.0 μm	(LL:	190.0	UL:	200.0 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	2.000 mm	(LL:	1.900	UL:	2.100 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	036.1 μm	(LL:	035.0	UL:	037.2 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	011.1 μm	(LL:	011.1	UL:	011.1 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	055.4 μm	(LL:	048.0	UL:	062.8 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	015.0 μm	(LL:	013.0	UL:	017.0 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	022.1 μm	(LL:	021.3	UL:	022.9 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	019.1 μm	(LL:	019.0	UL:	019.2 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	064.4 μm	(LL:	063.8	UL:	064.9 μm)

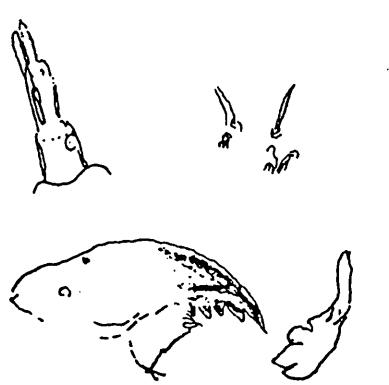
LIMNOPHYES prolongatus

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB:	\bar{x} :	112.5 μm	(LL:	104.6	UL:	120.5 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	1.386 mm	(LL:	0.962	UL:	1.903 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	024.1 μm	(LL:	022.3	UL:	025.9 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	007.3 μm	(LL:	005.7	UL:	008.8 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	034.8 μm	(LL:	029.7	UL:	039.9 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	007.8 μm	(LL:	007.0	UL:	008.6 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	016.9 μm	(LL:	015.1	UL:	018.6 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	013.0 μm	(LL:	011.4	UL:	014.6 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	044.7 μm	(LL:	039.6	UL:	049.8 μm)



KRENOSEMITIA boreoalpina

Diagnosis:

Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black. Ant:4-segmented; blade reaching the tip of 4th segment.
 S I serrated; Praemandible with 2 apical pointed teeth.
 Mandible with narrow apical tooth longer than the combined width of the 3 inner teeth.
 Mentum with nipped median tooth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 160.0 μm (LL: 135.0 UL: 180.5 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 2.800 mm (LL: 2.600 UL: 3.000 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 036.2 μm (LL: 035.1 UL: 037.8 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 014.9 μm (LL: 014.8 UL: 015.0 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 042.4 μm (LL: 041.0 UL: 043.6 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 031.2 μm (LL: 029.7 UL: 032.8 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 024.1 μm (LL: 022.3 UL: 025.1 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 021.6 μm (LL: 019.1 UL: 024.5 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 062.4 μm (LL: 057.5 UL: 066.5 μm)

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=6)

CB: \bar{x} : 116.6 μm (LL: 108.1 UL: 125.2 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 1.823 mm (LL: 1.311 UL: 2.449 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 027.1 μm (LL: 024.4 UL: 029.8 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 010.1 μm (LL: 008.3 UL: 011.9 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 032.1 μm (LL: 027.6 UL: 036.5 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 019.1 μm (LL: 013.3 UL: 024.9 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 020.9 μm (LL: 017.1 UL: 024.7 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 016.3 μm (LL: 014.9 UL: 017.6 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 048.6 μm (LL: 043.0 UL: 054.2 μm)

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 080.0 μm (LL: 080.0 UL: 080.0 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 1.350 mm (LL: 1.000 UL: 1.700 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 025.6 μm (LL: 021.3 UL: 029.8 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 007.1 μm (LL: 006.7 UL: 007.4 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 024.1 μm (LL: 021.8 UL: 026.4 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 013.2 μm (LL: 010.6 UL: 015.8 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 016.1 μm (LL: 014.9 UL: 017.3 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 013.6 μm (LL: 012.8 UL: 014.4 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 045.5 μm (LL: 038.3 UL: 042.7 μm)

NANOCLADIUS rectinervis**Diagnosis:**

Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black. Ant. 5-segmented; blade reaching 4th segment.
 S I simple. Premandible: faintly divided apical tooth.
 Mandible with apical tooth at least the length of the 3 inner teeth.
 Mentum with one partially divided median tooth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates distinct.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 213.3 μm (LL: 190.0 UL: 250.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 2.000 mm (LL: 2.600 UL: 3.200 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 063.3 μm (LL: 057.0 UL: 066.0 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 020.1 μm (LL: 017.0 UL: 023.0 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 059.4 μm (LL: 057.5 UL: 061.0 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 044.4 μm (LL: 039.4 UL: 051.1 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 036.2 μm (LL: 025.5 UL: 051.1 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 025.7 μm (LL: 023.4 UL: 027.0 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 089.0 μm (LL: 086.2 UL: 091.5 μm)

**NANOCLADIUS rectinervis****3rd instar**

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 135.0 μm (LL: 120.0 UL: 150.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.550 mm (LL: 1.500 UL: 1.600 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 042.6 μm (LL: 037.2 UL: 048.2 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 011.5 μm (LL: 009.6 UL: 013.3 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 044.0 μm (LL: 042.2 UL: 045.7 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 019.4 μm (LL: 019.2 UL: 019.5 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 024.8 μm (LL: 023.0 UL: 026.6 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 017.2 μm (LL: 016.3 UL: 018.1 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 054.5 μm (LL: 054.3 UL: 054.7 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS excavatus4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow with a black post-occipital margin median ventrally with a light interurion.

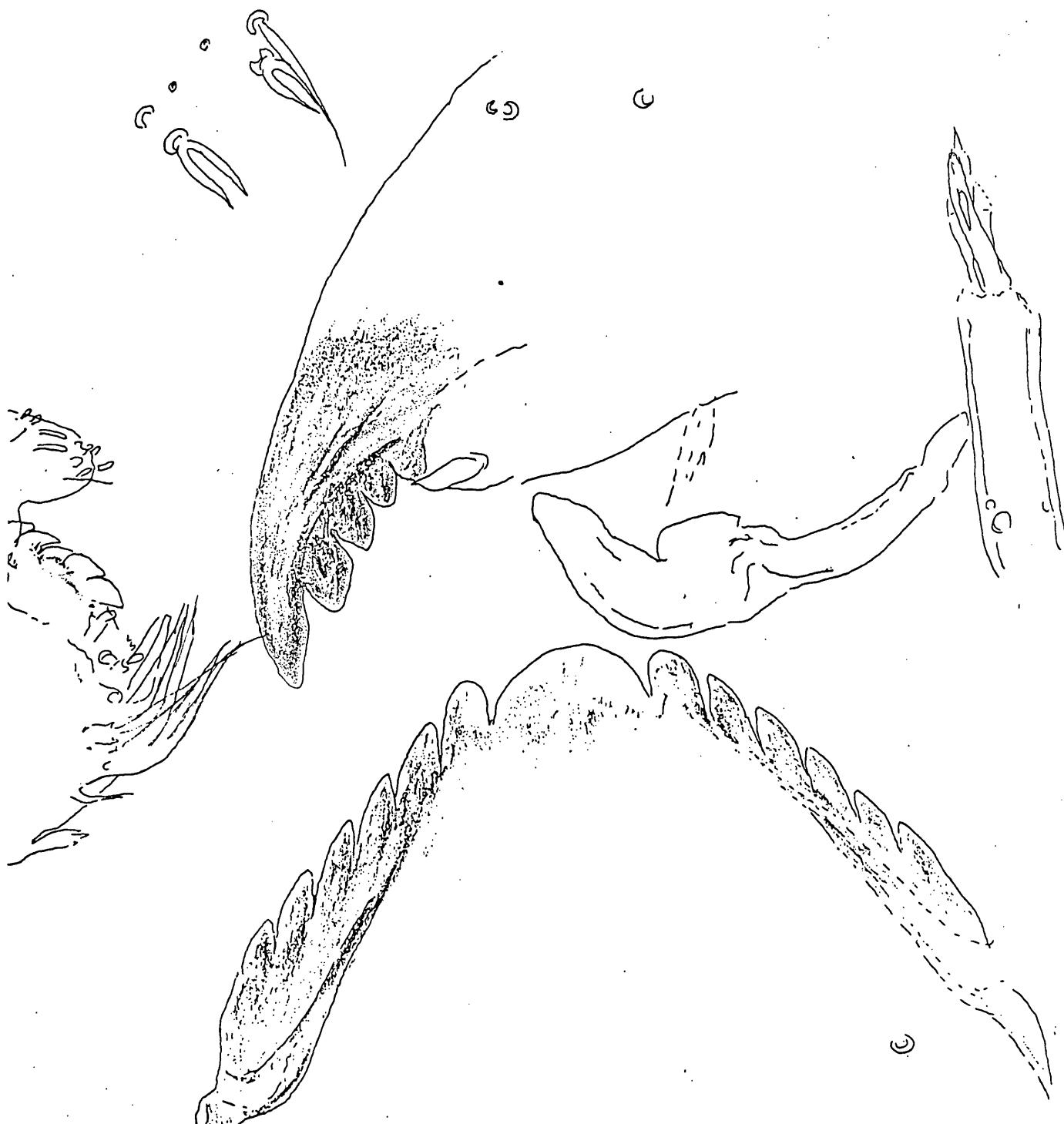
Ant.5-segmented, blade not reaching the apex. Lauterborn organ distinct.

S I bifid.

Seata subdentalis distally rounded. Mentum with broad median tooth, twice the width of one first lateral tooth. 6 pairs of lateral teeth. Seta submentalis situated beneath the 5th lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} :	373.9 μm	(LL: 349.7 UL: 398.5 μm)
L : \bar{x} :	3.426mm	(LL: 3.153 UL: 3.852mm)
X1: \bar{x} :	108.6 μm	(LL: 095.4 UL: 122.0 μm)
X2: \bar{x} :	033.1 μm	(LL: 031.2 UL: 035.0 μm)
X3: \bar{x} :	094.6 μm	(LL: 080.3 UL: 109.0 μm)
X4: \bar{x} :	054.9 μm	(LL: 049.4 UL: 060.5 μm)
X5: \bar{x} :	034.3 μm	(LL: 030.7 UL: 037.9 μm)
X6: \bar{x} :	054.5 μm	(LL: 046.3 UL: 062.7 μm)
X7: \bar{x} :	165.2 μm	(LL: 146.2 UL: 184.6 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS excavatus

3rd instar

mag: 1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB:	\bar{x} :	217.9 μm	(LL:	201.8	UL:	234.3 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	2.327 mm	(LL:	1.746	UL:	3.032 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	061.8 μm	(LL:	057.7	UL:	065.8 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	020.9 μm	(LL:	018.3	UL:	023.6 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	060.9 μm	(LL:	056.6	UL:	065.3 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	024.5 μm	(LL:	021.9	UL:	027.0 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	024.1 μm	(LL:	018.6	UL:	029.6 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	030.1 μm	(LL:	028.2	UL:	032.0 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	104.6 μm	(LL:	103.8	UL:	105.3 μm)

10 μm

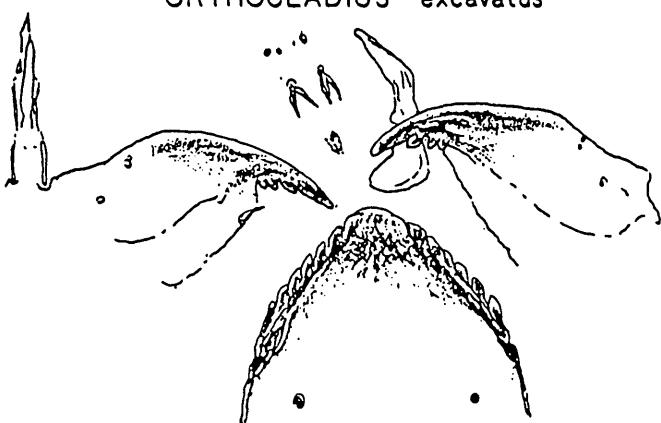
ORTHOCLADIUS excavatus

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB:	\bar{x} :	126.7 μm	(LL:	112.4	UL:	141.1 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	1.299 mm	(LL:	1.063	UL:	1.561 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	031.5 μm	(LL:	024.3	UL:	038.8 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	011.5 μm	(LL:	011.3	UL:	011.6 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	039.8 μm	(LL:	031.5	UL:	048.1 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	009.5 μm	(LL:	007.3	UL:	011.7 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	020.7 μm	(LL:	018.8	UL:	022.6 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	015.6 μm	(LL:	011.9	UL:	019.3 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	061.7 μm	(LL:	059.6	UL:	063.7 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS frigidus

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow to darkbrown; post-
occipital margin black.Ant.5-segmented; blade reaching
the 5th segment.S. I bifid; Premandible with one
apical tooth.Mandible crenulated. Seta subdentalis
not conspicuous.

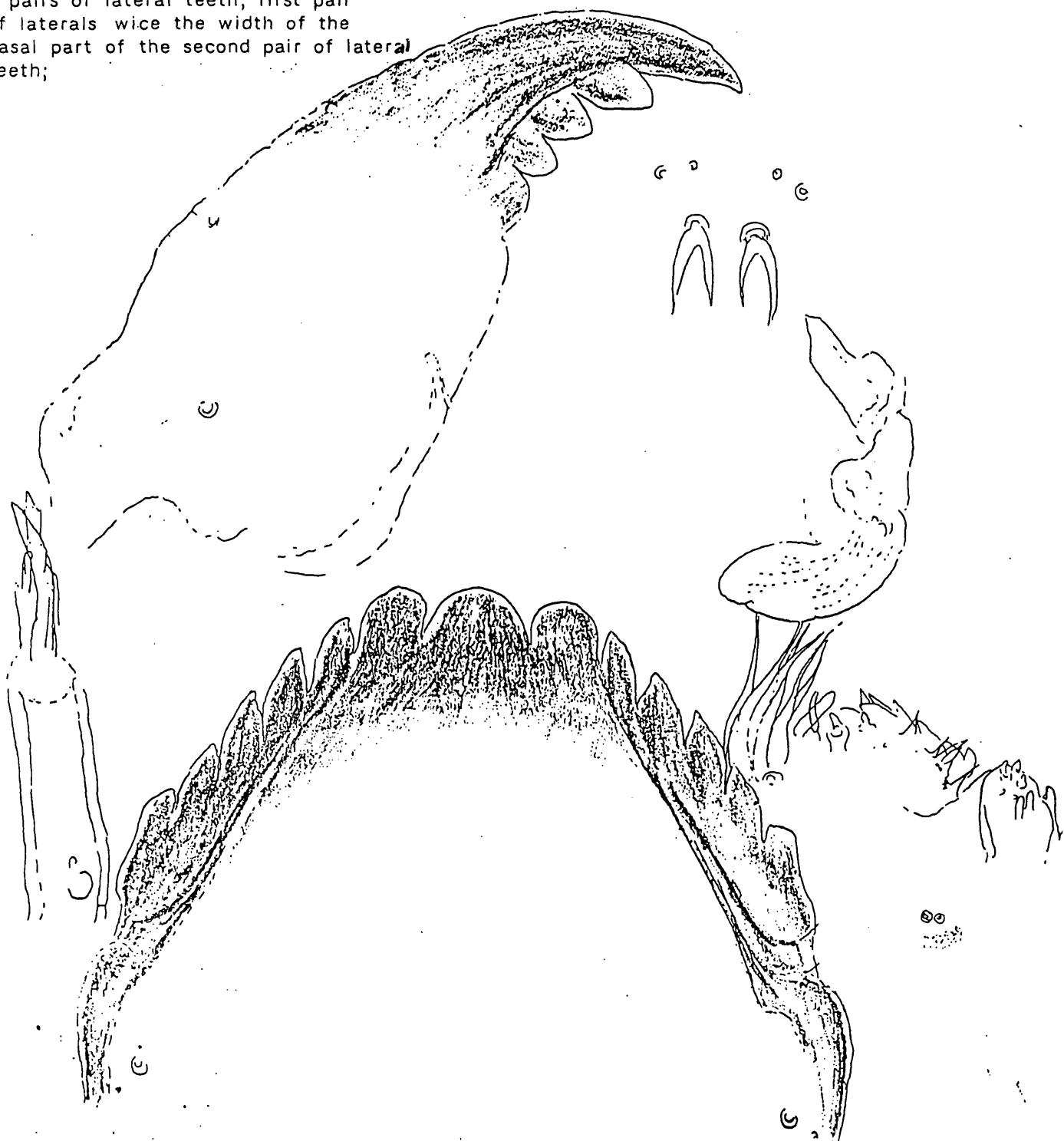
Mentum with one median tooth and

6 pairs of lateral teeth; first pair
of laterals twice the width of the
basal part of the second pair of lateral
teeth;4th instar

Measurements: (n=6)

CB: \bar{x} : 379.9 μm (LL: 341.6 UL: 418.7 μm)L: \bar{x} : 4.855 mm (LL: 4.000 UL: 5.710 mm)X1: \bar{x} : 154.8 μm (LL: 139.2 UL: 170.6 μm)X2: \bar{x} : 025.5 μm (LL: 022.3 UL: 028.8 μm)X3: \bar{x} : 129.6 μm (LL: 121.3 UL: 138.0 μm)X4: \bar{x} : 056.4 μm (LL: 050.6 UL: 062.2 μm)X5: \bar{x} : 039.4 μm (LL: 037.6 UL: 041.1 μm)X6: \bar{x} : 063.2 μm (LL: 059.5 UL: 066.9 μm)X7: \bar{x} : 204.6 μm (LL: 191.1 UL: 218.4 μm)

mag:1000x



ORTHOCLADIUS frigidus

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB: \bar{x} : 255.0 μm (LL: 245.8 UL: 264.2 μm)L: \bar{x} : 2.850 mm (LL: 2.800 UL: 2.900 mm)X1: \bar{x} : 093.3 μm (LL: 073.9 UL: 113.1 μm)X2: \bar{x} : 014.3 μm (LL: 010.3 UL: 018.4 μm)X3: \bar{x} : 081.0 μm (LL: 068.6 UL: 093.6 μm)X4: \bar{x} : 025.8 μm (LL: 023.8 UL: 027.7 μm)X5: \bar{x} : 031.5 μm (LL: 026.8 UL: 036.3 μm)X6: \bar{x} : 036.6 μm (LL: 032.0 UL: 041.3 μm)X7: \bar{x} : 128.4 μm (LL: 099.8 UL: 157.7 μm)

ORTHOCLADIUS frigidus

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=6)

CB: \bar{x} : 163.8 μm (LL: 130.4 UL: 198.1 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.121 mm (LL: 0.897 UL: 1.372 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 047.1 μm (LL: 042.8 UL: 051.4 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 010.0 μm (LL: 008.0 UL: 012.1 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 050.7 μm (LL: 045.0 UL: 056.4 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 011.1 μm (LL: 009.4 UL: 012.8 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 022.9 μm (LL: 020.2 UL: 025.5 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 020.3 μm (LL: 016.0 UL: 024.6 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 076.4 μm (LL: 070.0 UL: 082.9 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS rivularum

Diagnosis:

Caput light/grey; occipital margin black.

Ant. 5-segmented. Antennal blade extend beyond the 3rd segment.

SI bifid. Premandible with 1 tooth.

Mentum with one broad median tooth; at least 3x broader than the first lateral tooth; 8-9 pairs of lateral teeth.

Mandible: apical tooth as long or slightly shorter than the inner teeth.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} : 367.9 μm (LL: 354.5 UL: 381.6 μm)

L : \bar{x} : 5.078 mm (LL: 4.406 UL: 5.834 mm)

X1: \bar{x} : 051.2 μm (LL: 043.9 UL: 058.5 μm)

X2: \bar{x} : 039.5 μm (LL: 035.7 UL: 043.4 μm)

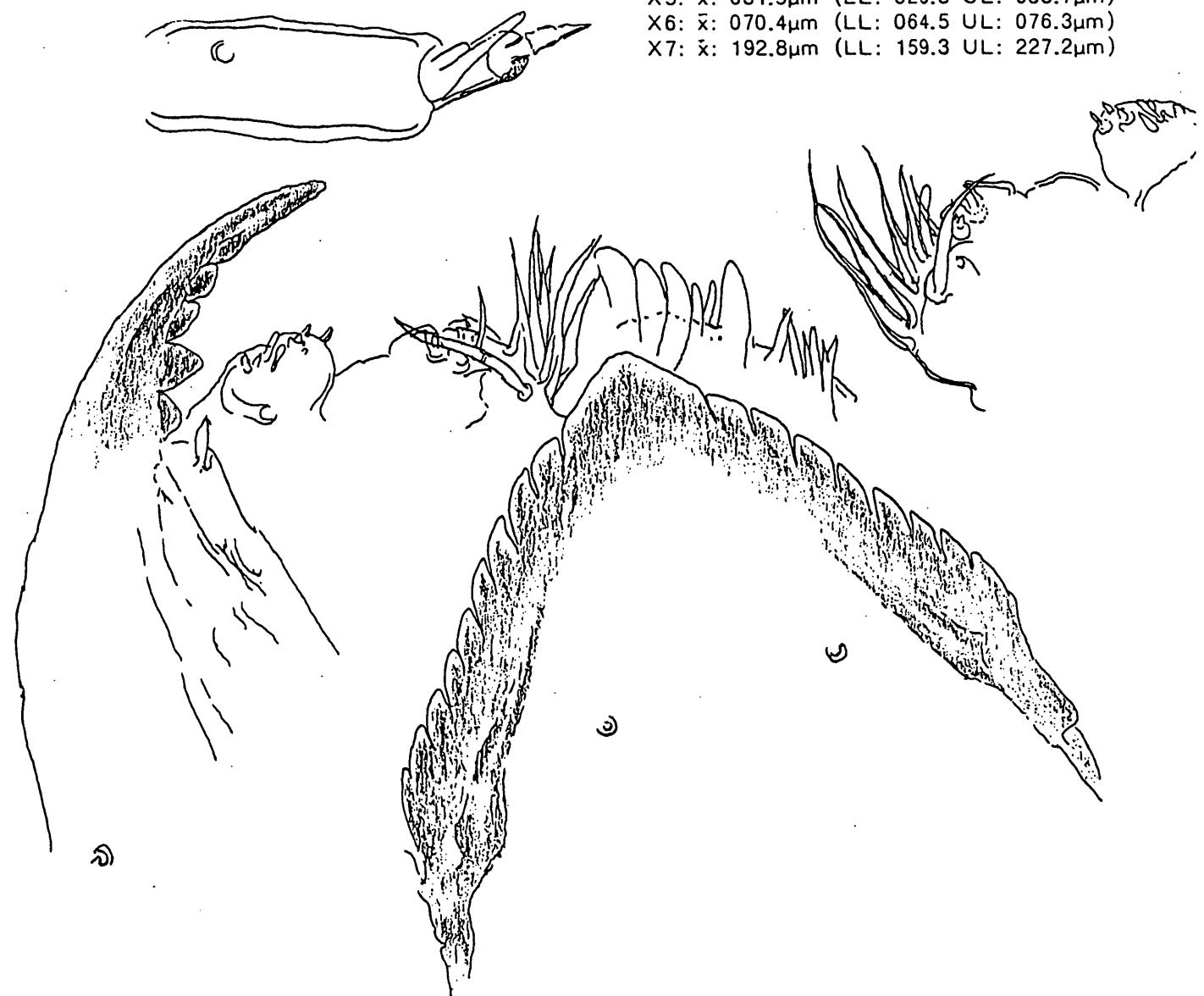
X3: \bar{x} : 076.9 μm (LL: 062.4 UL: 091.7 μm)

X4: \bar{x} : 058.2 μm (LL: 036.9 UL: 080.0 μm)

X5: \bar{x} : 031.5 μm (LL: 029.3 UL: 033.7 μm)

X6: \bar{x} : 070.4 μm (LL: 064.5 UL: 076.3 μm)

X7: \bar{x} : 192.8 μm (LL: 159.3 UL: 227.2 μm)

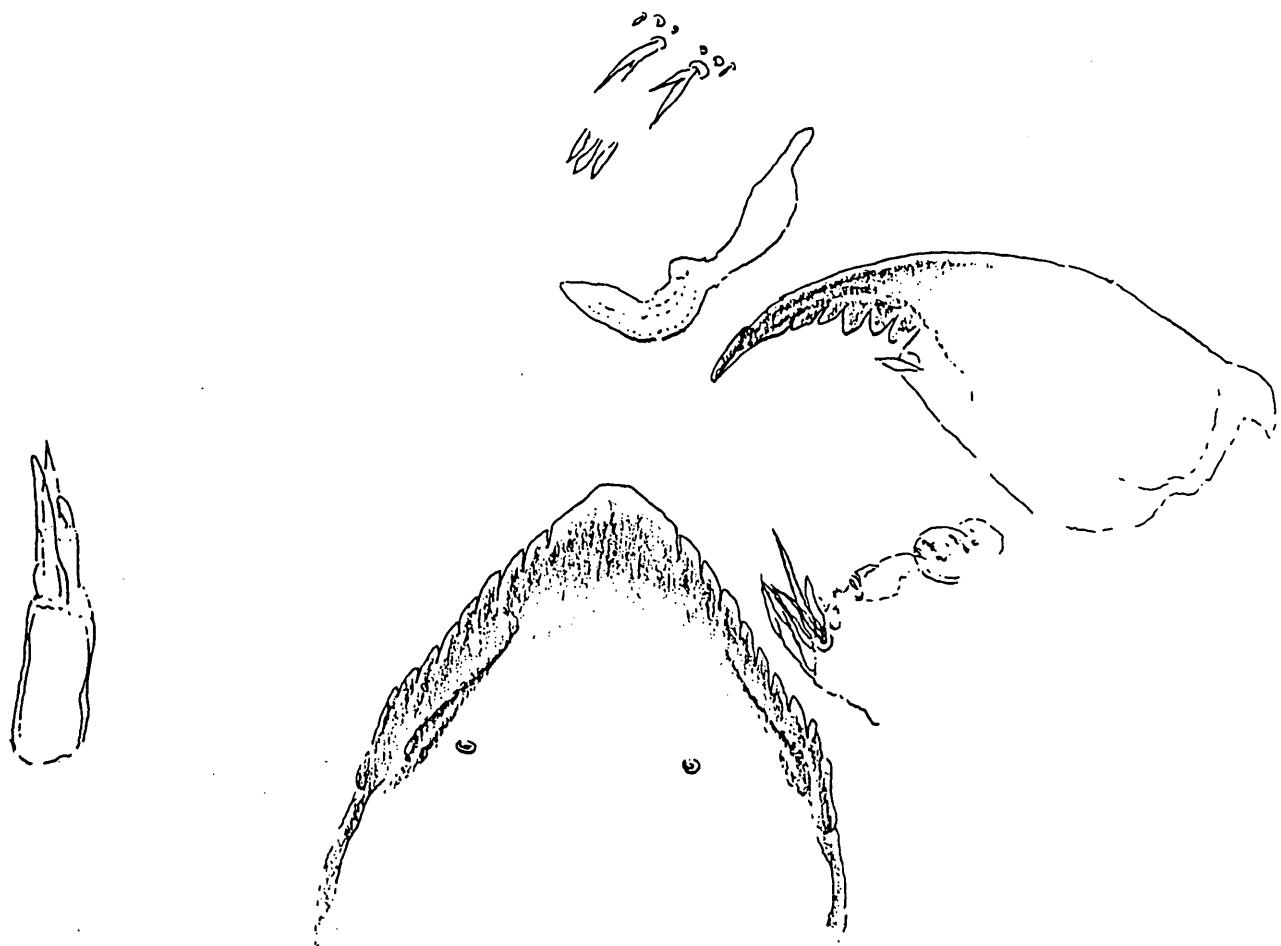


ORTHOCLADIUS rivularum

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} : 227.9 μm (LL: 207.5 UL: 248.6 μm)L : \bar{x} : 2.416 mm (LL: 1.900 UL: 3.025 mm)X1: \bar{x} : 037.5 μm (LL: 035.3 UL: 039.6 μm)X2: \bar{x} : 021.8 μm (LL: 021.0 UL: 022.5 μm)X3: \bar{x} : 049.5 μm (LL: 048.1 UL: 050.9 μm)X4: \bar{x} : 024.6 μm (LL: 022.5 UL: 026.6 μm)X5: \bar{x} : 024.8 μm (LL: 023.4 UL: 026.2 μm)X6: \bar{x} : 037.6 μm (LL: 034.4 UL: 040.9 μm)X7: \bar{x} : 110.9 μm (LL: 103.9 UL: 118.0 μm)

OPTHOCLADIUS rivularum

127

2nd instar

mag: 1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB:	\bar{x} :	128.0 μm	(LL:	122.4	UL:	133.6 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	1.408 μm	(LL:	.9223	UL:	2.017 μm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	030.6 μm	(LL:	024.0	UL:	037.1 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	014.3 μm	(LL:	012.1	UL:	016.6 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	033.5 μm	(LL:	029.5	UL:	037.6 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	009.3 μm	(LL:	005.6	UL:	012.9 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	019.4 μm	(LL:	017.9	UL:	020.9 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	020.1 μm	(LL:	016.6	UL:	023.6 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	054.6 μm	(LL:	040.6	UL:	068.8 μm)

100 μm

ORTHOCLADIUS rivularum

1st instar

mag: 1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB:	\bar{x} :	075.9 μm	(LL:	069.2	UL:	082.9 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	.8001 mm	(LL:	5001	UL:	1.1020 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	019.2 μm	(LL:	019.2	UL:	019.2 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	007.4 μm	(LL:	006.2	UL:	008.6 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	024 μm	(LL:	023	UL:	025 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	003.1 μm	(LL:	002.9	UL:	003.4 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	013.7 μm	(LL:	012.0	UL:	015.4 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	011.8 μm	(LL:	009.6	UL:	013.9 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	040.7 μm	(LL:	039.4	UL:	042.2 μm)



*ORTHOCLADIUS saxicola*4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black. Ant. 5-segmented; blade reaching the 5th segment.

S I bifid; premandible with one apical tooth.

Mentum with one broad median tooth, twice as wide than the first lateral tooth. 6 pairs of lateral teeth. Setae submentalis situated beneath the last pair of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates triangular.

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} :	319.9 μm	(LL: 296.8 UL: 343.4 μm)
L : \bar{x} :	3.266 mm	(LL: 2.430 UL: 4.389 mm)
X1: \bar{x} :	118.7 μm	(LL: 112.0 UL: 125.4 μm)
X2: \bar{x} :	024.0 μm	(LL: 020.9 UL: 027.7 μm)
X3: \bar{x} :	092.9 μm	(LL: 089.3 UL: 096.6 μm)
X4: \bar{x} :	038.4 μm	(LL: 033.2 UL: 043.6 μm)
X5: \bar{x} :	030.9 μm	(LL: 029.3 UL: 032.6 μm)
X6: \bar{x} :	040.7 μm	(LL: 037.7 UL: 043.7 μm)
X7: \bar{x} :	132.1 μm	(LL: 126.3 UL: 137.9 μm)



Chironomid larvae

129

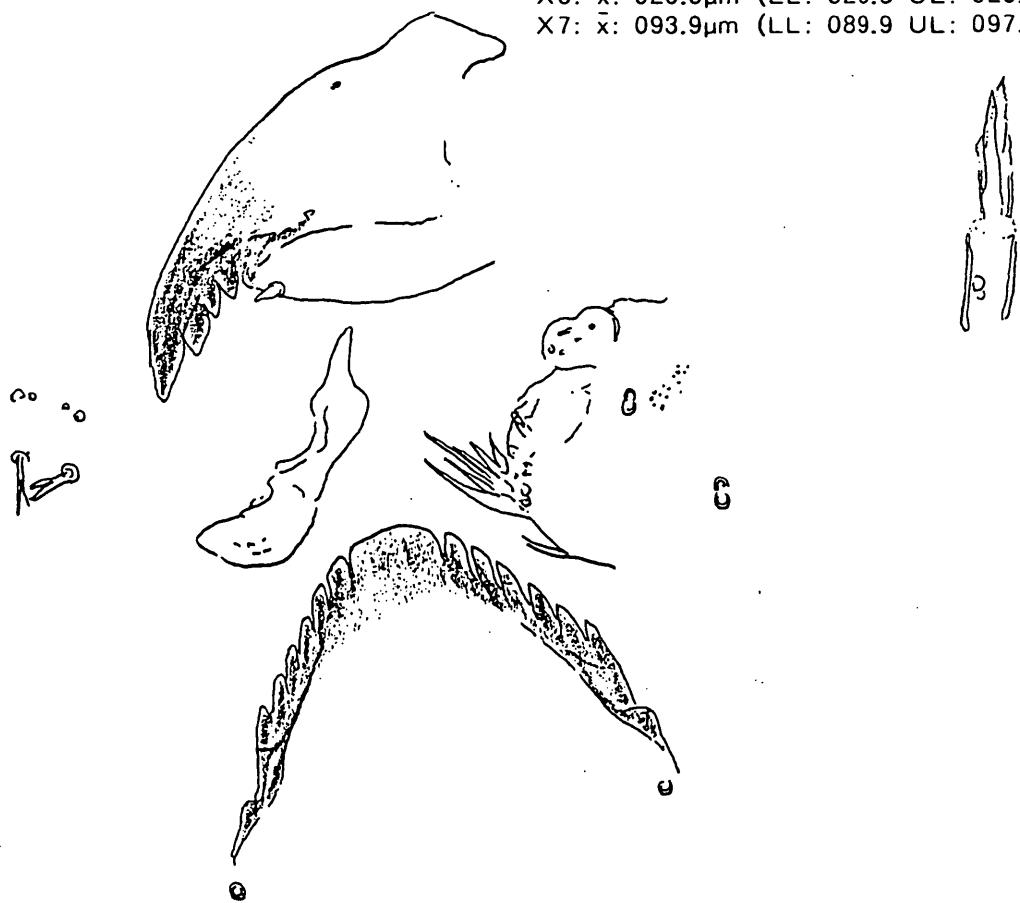
ORTHOCLADIUS saxicola

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 214.9 μm (LL: 200.0 UL: 229.8 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 1.300 mm (LL: 1.050 UL: 1.550 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 067.6 μm (LL: 066.0 UL: 069.1 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 016.1 μm (LL: 015.4 UL: 016.7 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 067.0 μm (LL: 055.3 UL: 072.3 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 016.5 μm (LL: 016.0 UL: 017.0 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 027.2 μm (LL: 026.6 UL: 027.7 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 026.6 μm (LL: 026.5 UL: 026.7 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 093.9 μm (LL: 089.9 UL: 097.9 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS saxicola

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 120.0 μm
 L : 1.000 mm
 X1: 035.6 μm
 X2: 008.0 μm
 X3: 036.2 μm
 X4: 004.3 μm
 X5: 014.9 μm
 X6: 012.8 μm
 X7: 053.2 μm



— 50 μm —

ORTHOCLADIUS sp.1 saxosus grp.

Diagnosis:

Caput darkbrown with a light ribbon all around the caput proximally.

Ant. 5-segmented, blade not reaching the 5th segment. Premandible with 2 enlarged apical teeth.

S I bifid.

Mentum with one median tooth and 6 pairs tapered lateral teeth. Setae submentis beneath the 5th pair of lateral teeth.



4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB: \bar{x} : 287.5 μm (LL: 267.5 UL: 307.7 μm)

L : \bar{x} : 5.375 mm (LL: 4.450 UL: 6.700 mm)

X1: \bar{x} : 064.8 μm (LL: 057.1 UL: 072.6 μm)

X2: \bar{x} : 015.0 μm (LL: 012.7 UL: 017.3 μm)

X3: \bar{x} : 085.4 μm (LL: 075.7 UL: 095.3 μm)

X4: \bar{x} : 042.7 μm (LL: 038.3 UL: 047.1 μm)

X5: \bar{x} : 032.1 μm (LL: 030.2 UL: 034.1 μm)

X6: \bar{x} : 030.7 μm (LL: 026.5 UL: 035.0 μm)

X7: \bar{x} : 121.2 μm (LL: 111.7 UL: 130.7 μm)

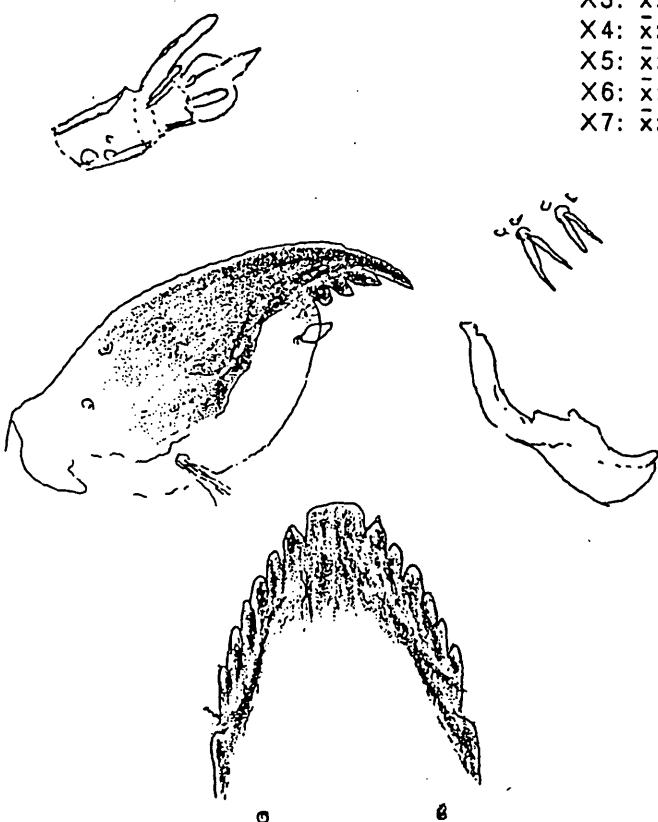
ORTHOCLADIUS sp.1 saxosus grp.

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=7)

CB: \bar{x} : 171.4 μm (LL: 161.6 UL: 181.3 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 2.186 mm (LL: 1.850 UL: 2.752 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 041.6 μm (LL: 039.2 UL: 044.1 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 010.2 μm (LL: 009.6 UL: 010.8 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 058.6 μm (LL: 053.3 UL: 057.8 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 015.7 μm (LL: 014.9 UL: 016.6 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 023.5 μm (LL: 022.0 UL: 025.0 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 019.9 μm (LL: 019.1 UL: 020.8 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 082.6 μm (LL: 081.1 UL: 084.0 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS sp.1 saxosus grp.

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 107.5 μm (LL: 092.4 UL: 122.8 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 0.967 mm (LL: 0.800 UL: 1.100 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 029.2 μm (LL: 027.8 UL: 030.1 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 007.3 μm (LL: 007.2 UL: 007.5 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 035.4 μm (LL: 033.0 UL: 038.9 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 009.9 μm (LL: 009.6 UL: 010.6 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 019.6 μm (LL: 019.2 UL: 020.1 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 013.9 μm (LL: 013.2 UL: 014.6 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 043.9 μm (LL: 040.7 UL: 049.9 μm)



— 50 μm

ORTHOCLADIUS sp.2 saxosus

Diagnosis:

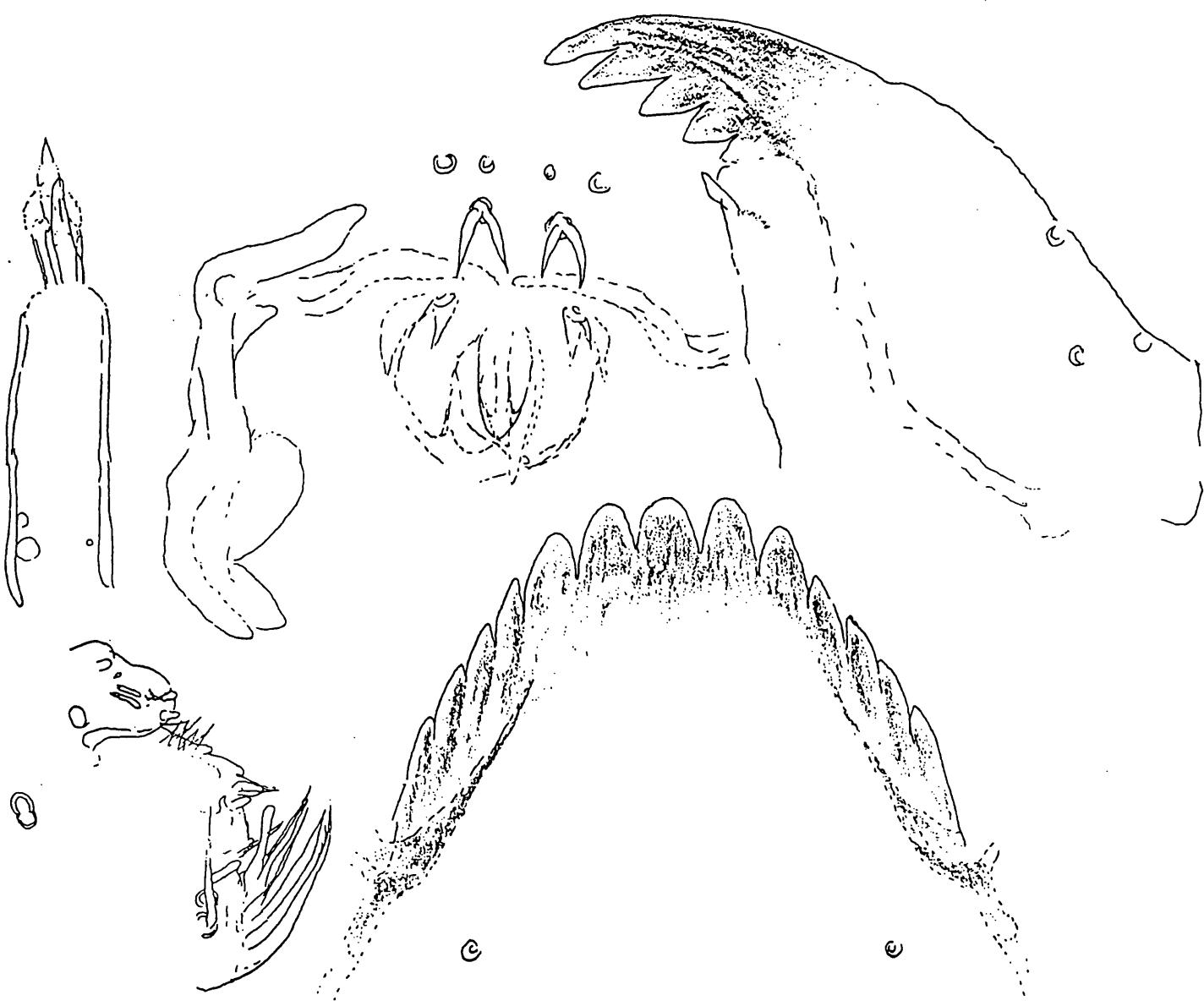
Caput yellow; with black postoccipital margin. Ant. 5-segmented; blade not reaching the 5th segment. Premandible with two apical teeth. S I bifid. Mentum with one median tooth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth. First pair of lateral about the same size than the median tooth. Setae submentis underneath the 5th pair of lateral teeth.

^{4th} instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 283.3 μm (LL: 269.1 UL: 297.7 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 3.550 mm (LL: 3.050 UL: 4.050 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 063.0 μm (LL: 051.3 UL: 074.9 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 013.1 μm (LL: 010.4 UL: 015.9 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 076.0 μm (LL: 069.4 UL: 082.6 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 045.8 μm (LL: 038.5 UL: 053.1 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 030.2 μm (LL: 029.1 UL: 031.4 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 033.6 μm (LL: 027.3 UL: 039.9 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 120.0 μm (LL: 113.7 UL: 125.7 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS sp.2 saxosus

3rd instar

mag: 1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 220.0 μm

L: 1:600mm

X1: 048.9 μm

X2: 010.6 μm

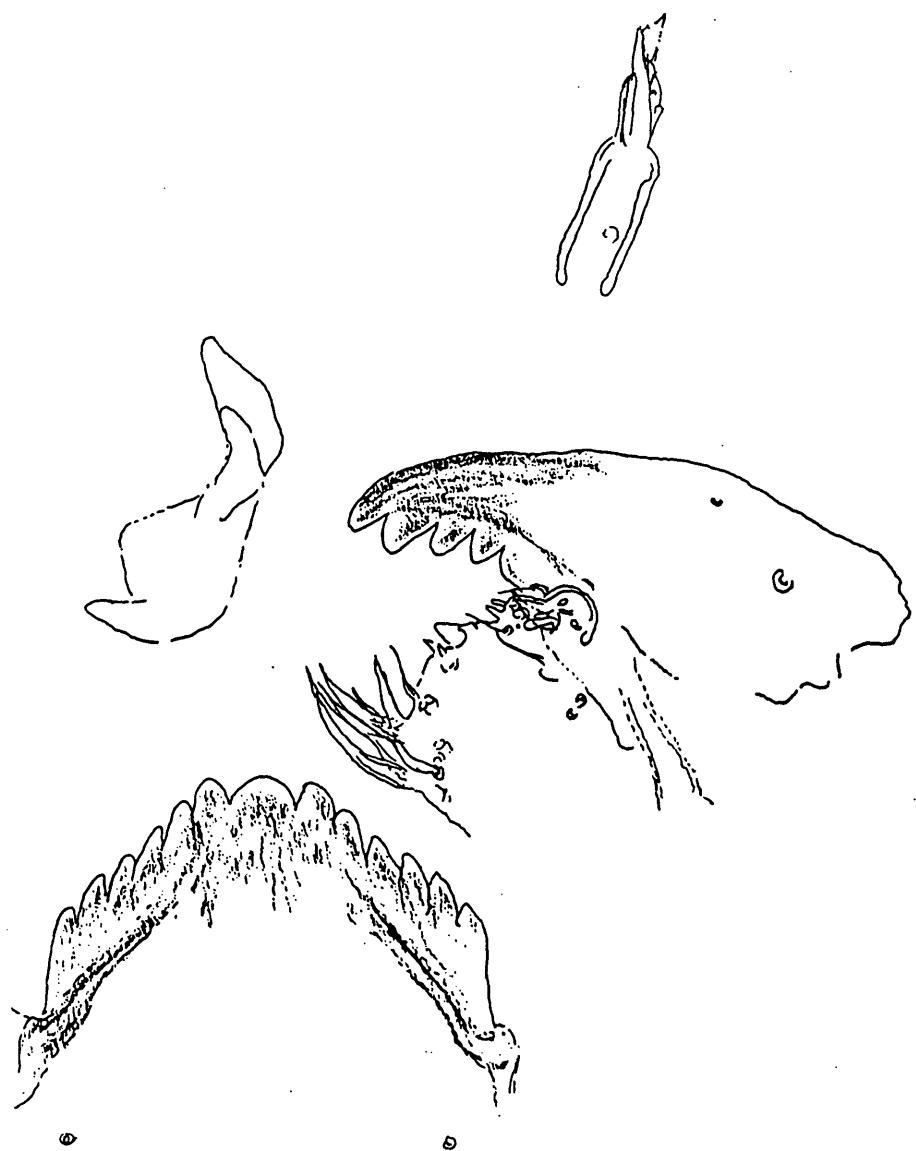
X3: 054.3 μm

X4: 022.9 μm

X5: 027.7 μm

X6: 021.3 μm

X7: 079.8 μm



Diagnosis:

Caput darkbrown; black postoccipital margin Ant.5-segmented, blade not reaching the 5th segment. Lauterborn organ distinct.
 SI bifid. Praemandible bifid.
 Mentum with one median tooth and 6 pairs of lateral ones. Setae basalis originating beneath the 4th to 5th pair of lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=3)

CB:	\bar{x} : 419.9 μm	(LL: 395.4 UL: 445.0 μm)
L :	\bar{x} : 3.010mm	(LL: 2.905 UL: 3.105mm)
X1:	\bar{x} : 107.6 μm	(LL: 106.4 UL: 110.1 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} : 026.0 μm	(LL: 025.0 UL: 027.0 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} : 098.2 μm	(LL: 093.6 UL: 106.4 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} : 064.5 μm	(LL: 062.2 UL: 068.6 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} : 037.2 μm	(LL: 031.9 UL: 042.6 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} : 054.1 μm	(LL: 050.0 UL: 061.2 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} : 181.0 μm	(LL: 179.8 UL: 182.3 μm)



Chironomid larvae

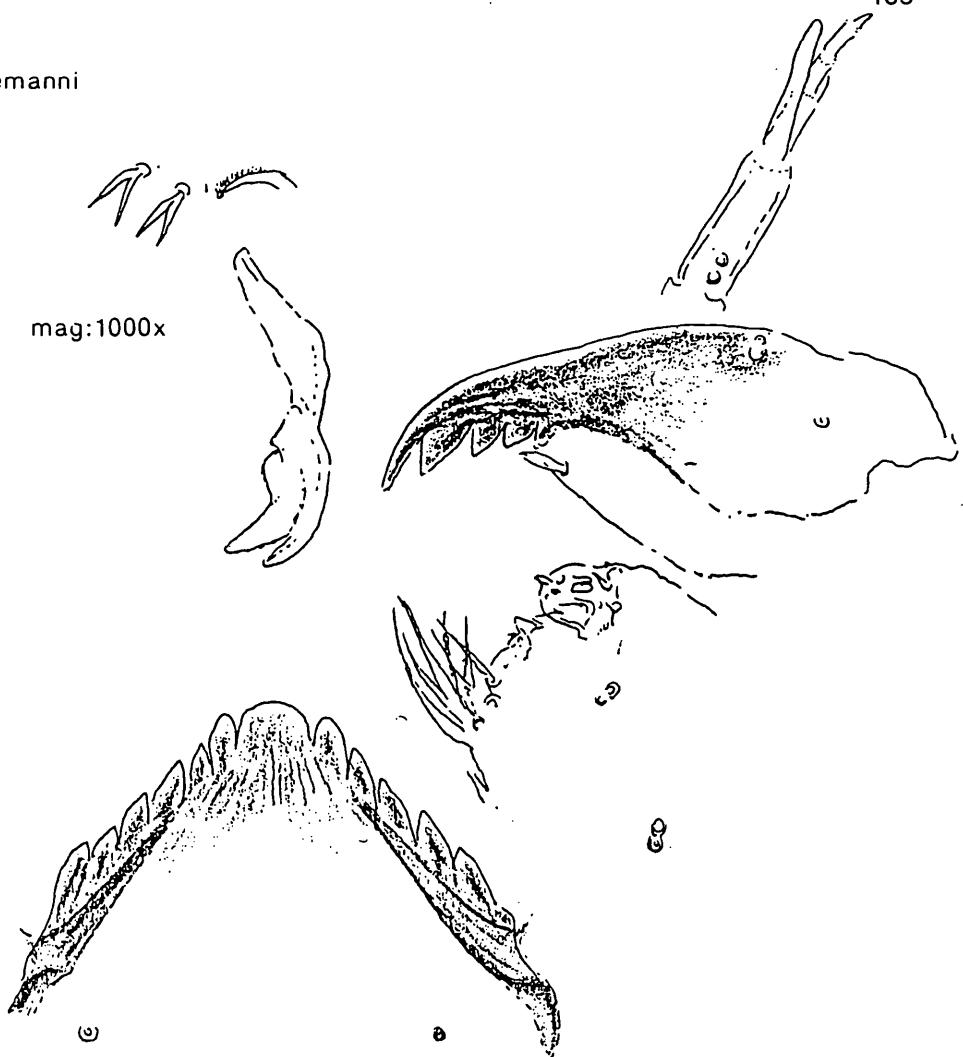
135

ORTHOCLADIUS thienemanni

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements:(n=2)
CB: 210-250µm
L : 2.00-2.20mm
X2: 145 µm



ORTHOCLADIUS thienemanni

2nd instar

mag:1000x



PARAMETRIOCNEMUS borealpjnus

4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin light. Ant.5 segmented; blade reaching the 5th segment.

S I plumose; Premandible with 6 apical teeth.

Mandible with serrated seta subdentalis.

Mentum with one fairly divided median tooth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth. Paralabial plates distinct.

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} : 245.9 μm (LL: 220.6 UL: 271.7 μm)

L : \bar{x} : 3.371 mm (LL: 3.371 UL: 4.164 mm)

X1: \bar{x} : 052.3 μm (LL: 050.0 UL: 054.6 μm)

X2: \bar{x} : 025.9 μm (LL: 022.3 UL: 029.6 μm)

X3: \bar{x} : 043.6 μm (LL: 039.9 UL: 047.3 μm)

X4: \bar{x} : 043.4 μm (LL: 040.6 UL: 046.2 μm)

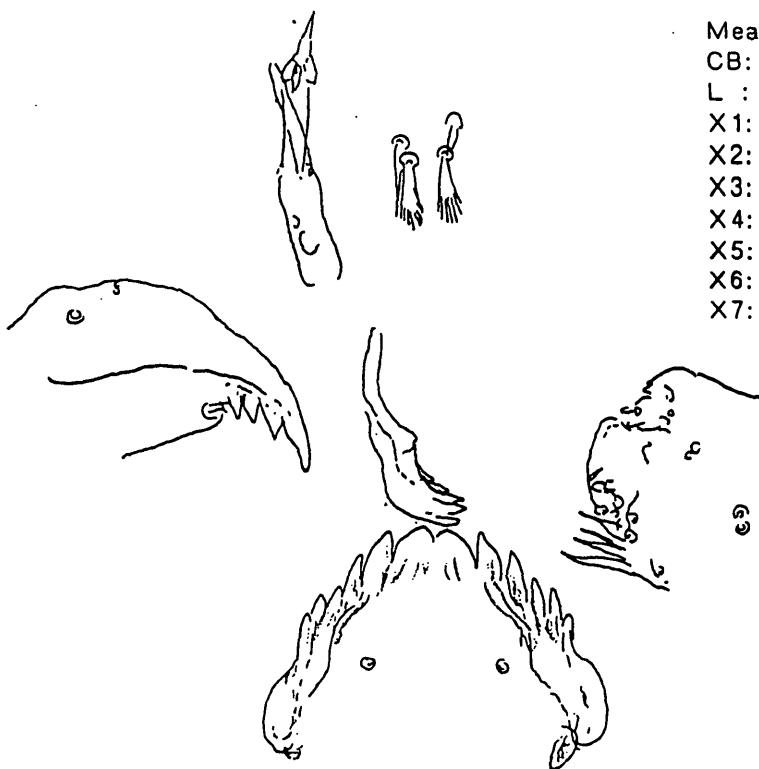
X5: \bar{x} : 029.7 μm (LL: 026.9 UL: 032.4 μm)

X6: \bar{x} : 029.4 μm (LL: 026.6 UL: 032.2 μm)

X7: \bar{x} : 101.7 μm (LL: 094.8 UL: 108.6 μm)



PARAMETRIOCNEMUS

borealpinus3rd instar

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 140.0 μm (LL: 127.1 UL: 153.1 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 2.460 mm (LL: 1.607 UL: 3.593 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 032.0 μm (LL: 026.4 UL: 037.6 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 014.9 μm (LI: 012.8 UL: 017.1 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 030.0 μm (LL: 027.4 UL: 032.5 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 017.6 μm (LL: 016.3 UL: 018.9 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 025.0 μm (LL: 022.5 UL: 027.5 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 018.5 μm (LL: 011.8 UL: 025.3 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 067.5 μm (LL: 063.9 UL: 071.2 μm)

PARAMETRIOCNEMUS

borealpinus2nd instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 090.0 μm
 L : 1.100 mm
 X1: 017.0 μm
 X2: 009.6 μm
 X3: 017.0 μm
 X4: 009.6 μm
 X5: 018.0 μm
 X6: 015.4 μm
 X7: 053.2 μm

PARAMETRIOCNEMUS stylatus

4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:
Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin
light. Ant. 5-segmented; 1st segment
much shorter than the following ones.
S 1 plumose; Premandible with 3 apical
teeth.
Mentum with one divided median tooth
and 5 pairs of lateral teeth. Mentre-
vential plates distinct.

Measurements: (n=1)
CB: 200.0 μm
L : nc
X1: 044.2 μm
X2: 024.0 μm
X3: 040.3 μm
X4: 013.4 μm
X5: 021.6 μm
X6: 034.6 μm
X7: 096.0 μm



PARATRICHOCCLADIUS nivalis

4th instar

mag: 1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; dark postoccipital margin.
 Ant.5-segmented, blade not reaching the tip of 5th seg.
 Lauterborn organ distinct.
 S I bifid, but inner part a quarter shorter than the outer part.
 Premandible bifid
 Mandible not crenulated, seta interna lying rather caudad.
 Slender significant apical tooth of mandible.
 Mentum with one broad median and 6 pairs of lateral teeth.
 Basal mental setae originating beneath the 4th, 5th lateral pairs of teeth.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 390 µm
 L : nc
 X1: 106.3 µm
 X2: 025.0 µm
 X3: 089.4 µm
 X4: 066.0 µm
 X5: 037.2 µm
 X6: 055.3 µm
 X7: 175.5 µm



PARATRICOCLADIUS rufiventris

4th instar

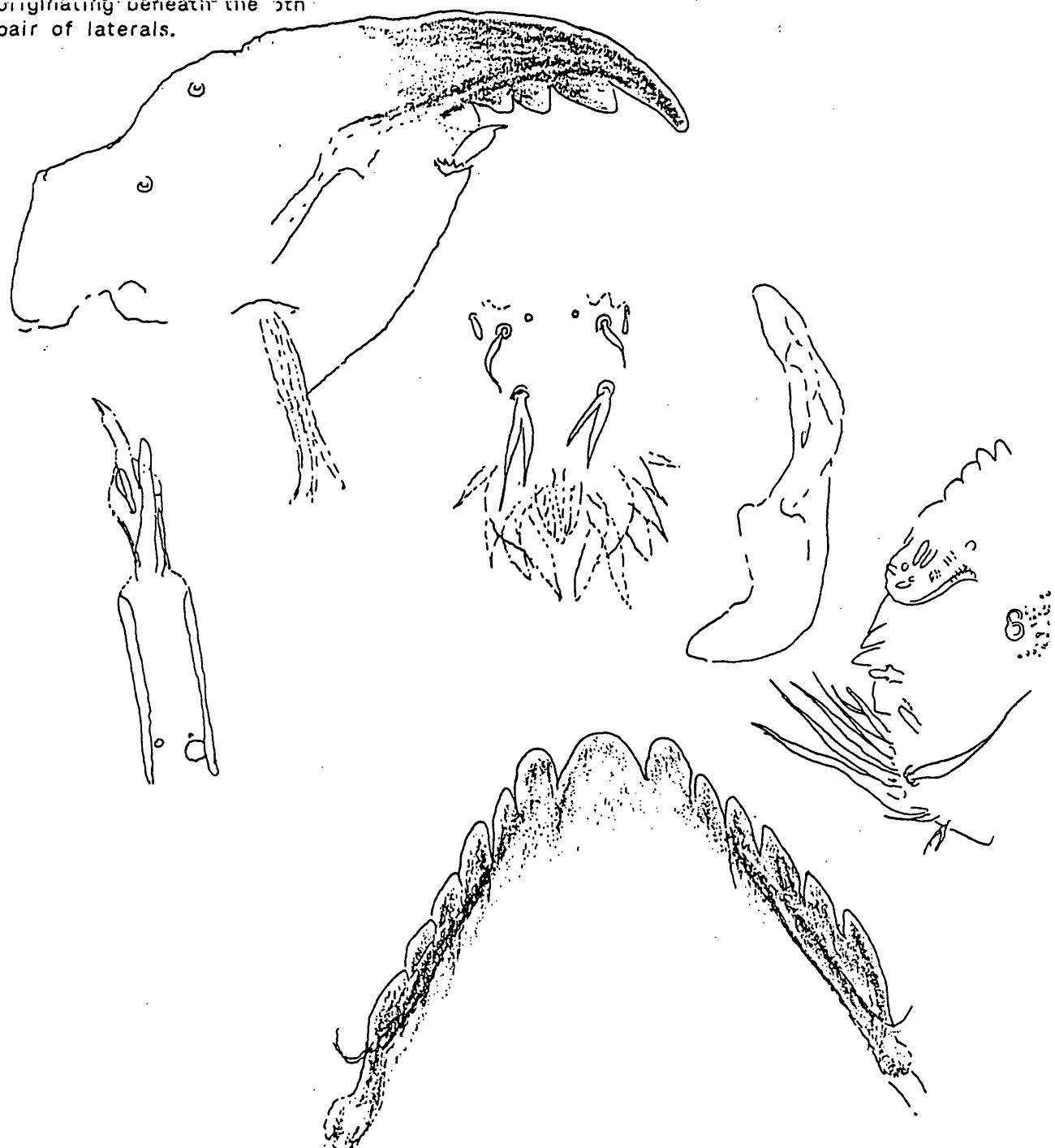
mag: 1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; light postoccipital margin. Ant. 5-segmented, blade reaching not the half of the 4th segment. Lauterborn organ distinct. SI bifid, innermost part not reaching the tip of outermost half. Mentum with one median tooth, less the width of one pair of 1st laterals. 6 pair of lateral teeth. Basal setae originating beneath the 5th pair of laterals.

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 280.0 μm (LL: 270.0 UL: 290.0 μm)
 L : nc
 X1: \bar{x} : 089.6 μm (LL: 086.4 UL: 092.2 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 019.5 μm (LL: 019.2 UL: 020.2 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 099.2 μm (LL: 096.0 UL: 102.7 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 042.4 μm (LL: 041.3 UL: 043.2 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 035.5 μm (LL: 033.6 UL: 037.0 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 043.5 μm (LL: 041.3 UL: 046.1 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 144.7 μm (LL: 140.2 UL: 148.8 μm)



PARATRICHOCCLADIUS rufiventris

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 180.0 μm

L : nc

X1: 079.8 μm

X2: 012.8 μm

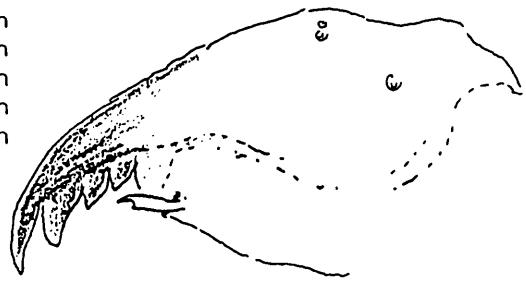
X3: 069.2 μm

X4: 022.3 μm

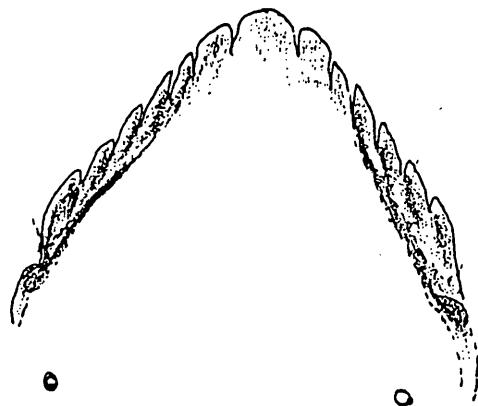
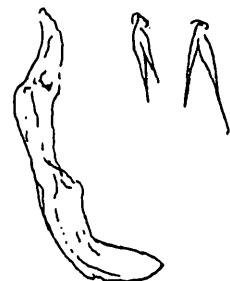
X5: 027.7 μm

X6: 030.9 μm

X7: 106.4 μm



Figures



142

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; occipital margin black.

Ant. 5-segmented. Lauterborn organ conspicuous.

S I bifid. Premandible with 1 apical tooth.

Mentum with one median tooth, less as broad than the first pair of lateral teeth; second pair of lateral teeth smaller than the first as well the third pair of lateral teeth; 6 pairs of lateral teeth.

Measuréments; (n=4)

CB:	\bar{x} :	314.6 μm	(LL:	255.0	UL:	377.0 μm)
L:	\bar{x} :	3.300 mm	(LL:	3.000	UL:	3.600 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	088.7 μm	(LL:	080.1	UL:	097.4 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	018.6 μm	(LL:	017.2	UL:	020.0 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	070.5 μm	(LL:	063.9	UL:	079.1 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	057.0 μm	(LL:	052.7	UL:	061.4 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	036.9 μm	(LL:	032.2	UL:	041.6 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	044.3 μm	(LL:	040.6	UL:	048.1 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	153.3 μm	(LL:	138.5	UL:	168.2 μm)



Measurements: (n=6)

CB: \bar{x} : 130.0 μm (LL: 123.4 UL: 136.6 μm)
 L: \bar{x} : .8830mm (LL:.8398 UL:.9271mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 033.3 μm (LL: 031.5 UL: 035.2 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 008.2 μm (LL: 007.6 UL: 008.9 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 039.1 μm (LL: 035.7 UL: 042.4 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 010.6 μm (LL: 010.6 UL: 010.6 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 024.0 μm (LL: 023.1 UL: 024.9 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 016.9 μm (LL: 016.2 UL: 017.5 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 062.5 μm (LL: 060.3 UL: 064.8 μm)



PARATRICHOCCLADIUS skirwithensis

1st instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Structure of the Mentum differs from all other instar stages: one median tooth with at least double width of the first lateral tooth; and 5 pairs of lateral teeth.



Measurements: (n=4)

CB: \bar{x} : 100.0 μm (LL: 095.0 UL: 110.0 μm)
 L: \bar{x} : .7705mm (LL:.5557 UL:1.0149mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 022.1 μm (LL: 020.6 UL: 023.6 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 006.7 μm (LL: 005.7 UL: 007.6 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 027.9 μm (LL: 025.8 UL: 030.0 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 003.2 μm (LL: 024.4 UL: 003.9 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 015.7 μm (LL: 012.0 UL: 019.5 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 010.2 μm (LL: 009.3 UL: 010.6 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 041.2 μm (LL: 037.8 UL: 044.6 μm)

PARATRICOCLADIUS triquetra

4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput white; postoccipital margin black.
Ant.5-segmented; blade not reaching the
5th segment.

S Iplumose premandible with two fairly di-
vided apical teeth.

Mandible with apical teeth in the width
of 2 inner teeth.

Mentum with one large triangular median
tooth, pale in colour and 6 pairs of lateral
teeth covered by large ventromental plates.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 266.0 μm

L : 2.128 mm

X1: 055.9 μm

X2: 037.2 μm

X3: 055.9 μm

X4: 025.0 μm

X5: 029.3 μm

X6: 023.9 μm

X7: 086.2 μm



PARATRICHOCCLADIUS triquetra

Chironomid larvae

3rd instar

145
mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 185.2 μm

L : nc

X1: 038.3 μm

X2: 022.3 μm

X3: 033.0 μm

X4: 010.5 μm

X5: 022.5 μm

X6: 018.1 μm

X7: 069.1 μm



PARATRICHOCCLADIUS triquetra

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 100.0 μm

L : 0.700 mm

X1: 017.0 μm

X2: 008.0 μm

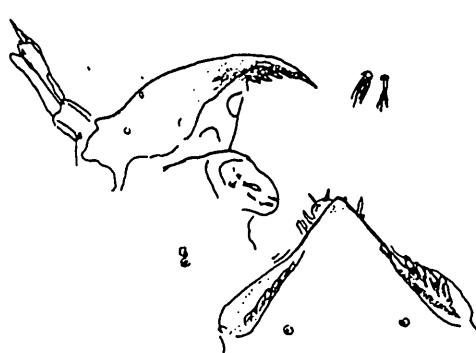
X3: 019.7 μm

X4: 003.2 μm

X5: 010.6 μm

X6: 012.2 μm

X7: 035.6 μm



PARORTHOCLADIUS nudipennis**Diagnosis:**

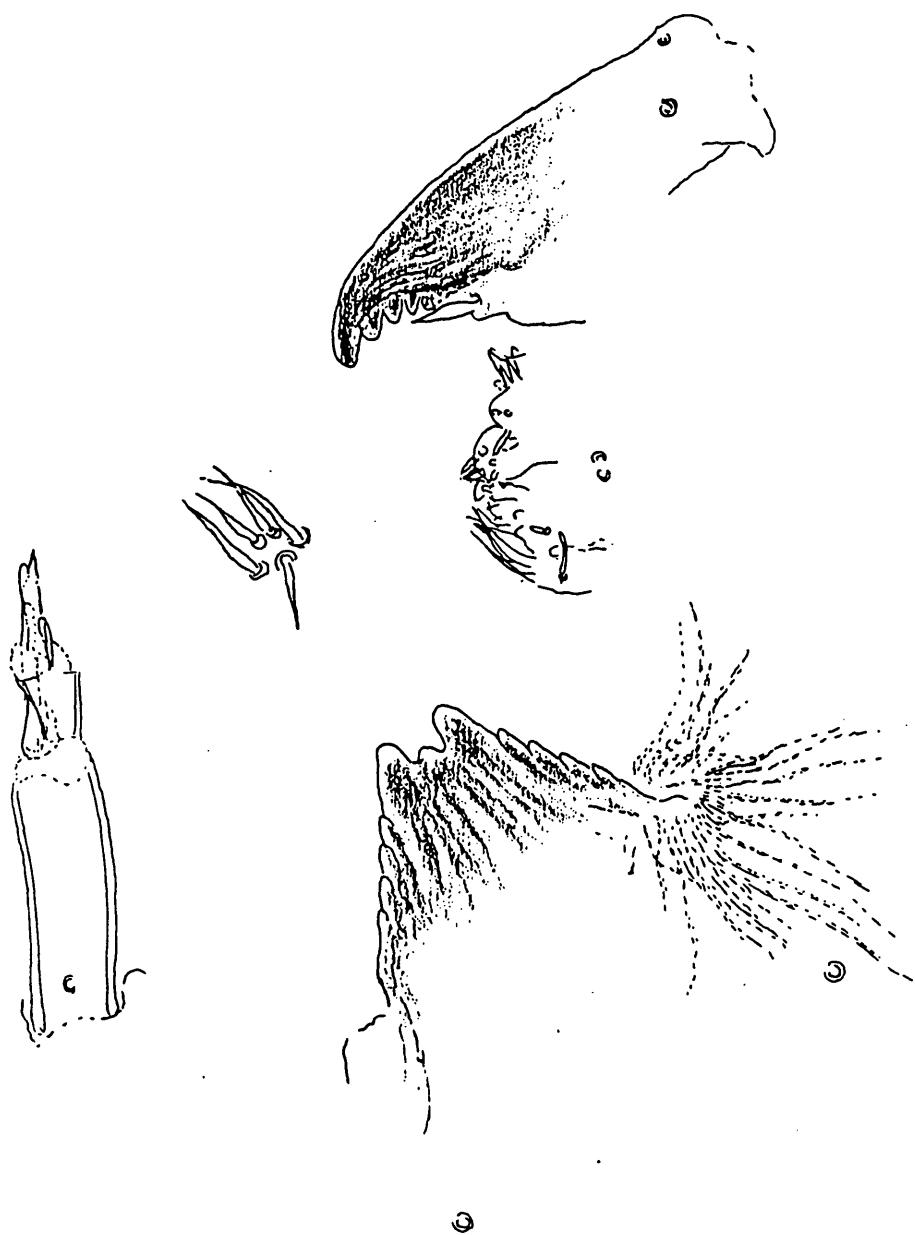
Caput dark-brown; postoccipital margin black. Ant. 5-segmented; blade reaching the 5th segment. S I simple; premandible with 1 apical tooth; Mentum with 3 median teeth, the middle one is the smallest and 4 pairs of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates with a tuft of setae as long as the mentum itself.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} :	291.9 μm	(LL: 273.6 UL: 310.5 μm)
L: \bar{x} :	2.606 mm	(LL: 1.473 UL: 4.258 mm)
X1: \bar{x} :	056.8 μm	(LL: 053.1 UL: 060.5 μm)
X2: \bar{x} :	025.9 μm	(LL: 022.6 UL: 029.1 μm)
X3: \bar{x} :	089.9 μm	(LL: 084.2 UL: 095.7 μm)
X4: \bar{x} :	052.0 μm	(LL: 048.4 UL: 055.7 μm)
X5: \bar{x} :	041.2 μm	(LL: 039.2 UL: 043.2 μm)
X6: \bar{x} :	022.2 μm	(LL: 020.4 UL: 024.0 μm)
X7: \bar{x} :	102.8 μm	(LL: 099.9 UL: 105.8 μm)



Chironomid larvae

147

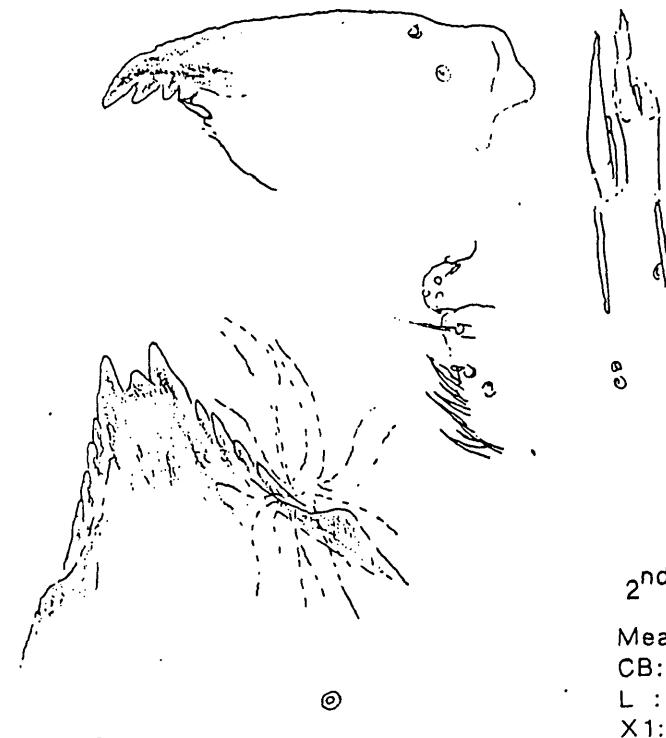
PARORTHOCLADIUS nudipennis

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB: \bar{x} : 177.5 μm (LL: 157.5 UL: 197.7 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 1.550 mm (LL: 1.500 UL: 1.600 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 040.4 μm (LL: 036.3 UL: 044.4 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 014.6 μm (LL: 013.3 UL: 015.9 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 060.5 μm (LL: 056.0 UL: 065.1 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 016.2 μm (LL: 012.1 UL: 020.2 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 032.9 μm (LL: 027.4 UL: 038.4 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 015.3 μm (LL: 013.8 UL: 016.8 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 072.4 μm (LL: 065.9 UL: 078.9 μm)



PARORTHOCLADIUS nudipennis

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=4)

CB: \bar{x} : 122.5 μm (LL: 114.6 UL: 130.5 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 1.230 mm (LL: 0.884 UL: 1.639 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 024.0 μm (LL: 022.9 UL: 025.0 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 008.2 μm (LL: 007.1 UL: 009.2 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 040.2 μm (LL: 039.8 UL: 040.6 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 008.6 μm (LL: 008.6 UL: 008.6 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 028.1 μm (LL: 027.1 UL: 029.0 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 011.3 μm (LL: 010.6 UL: 012.0 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 050.4 μm (LL: 049.3 UL: 051.5 μm)

1st instar

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 077.5 μm (LL: 070.6 UL: 084.5 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 0.562 mm (LL: 0.400 UL: 0.700 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 016.6 μm (LL: 015.2 UL: 018.0 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 005.6 μm (LL: 005.1 UL: 006.0 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 028.6 μm (LL: 027.0 UL: 030.1 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 003.0 μm (LL: 002.1 UL: 003.9 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 021.7 μm (LL: 019.5 UL: 023.9 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 008.0 μm (LL: 007.1 UL: 008.9 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 038.2 μm (LL: 033.1 UL: 043.3 μm)

PSEUDOSMITIA sp.

ith instar

mag:1000x

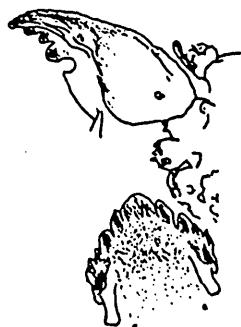
Diagnosis:

Measurements: nc

Caput light-grey; light postoccipital margin; Ant.3?-segmented; blade longer than flagellum.

S I bifid; Premandible with 2 apical teeth.

Mentum with one broad median tooth and 4 pairs of lateral teeth.



RHEOCRICOTOPUS fuscipes

Diagnosis:

Caput light-yellow; dark postoccipital margin; Ant.5-segmented; blade not reaching the 5th segment.
S I bifid; Premandible with 1 apical tooth.
Mentum with 2 median teeth and 1 pair of small accessory teeth; 5 pairs of lateral teeth; ventromental plates distinct; at their bases with long setae.

4th instar

mag:1000x .

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: x: 330.0 μm	(LL: 320.0 UL: 340.0 μm)
L : x: 3.700 mm	(LL: 3.400 UL: 4.000mm)
X1: x: 083.0 μm	(LL: 073.5 UL: 092.5 μm)
X2: x: 026.4 μm	(LL: 025.0 UL: 027.7 μm)
X3: x: 085.7 μm	(LL: 079.8 UL: 091.5 μm)
X4: x: 060.1 μm	(LL: 055.3 UL: 064.9 μm)
X5: x: 043.1 μm	(LL: 039.4 UL: 046.8 μm)
X6: x: 040.5 μm	(LL: 038.3 UL: 042.6 μm)
X7: x: 146.8 μm	(LL: 134.0 UL: 159.6 μm)



150

P. E. Schmid

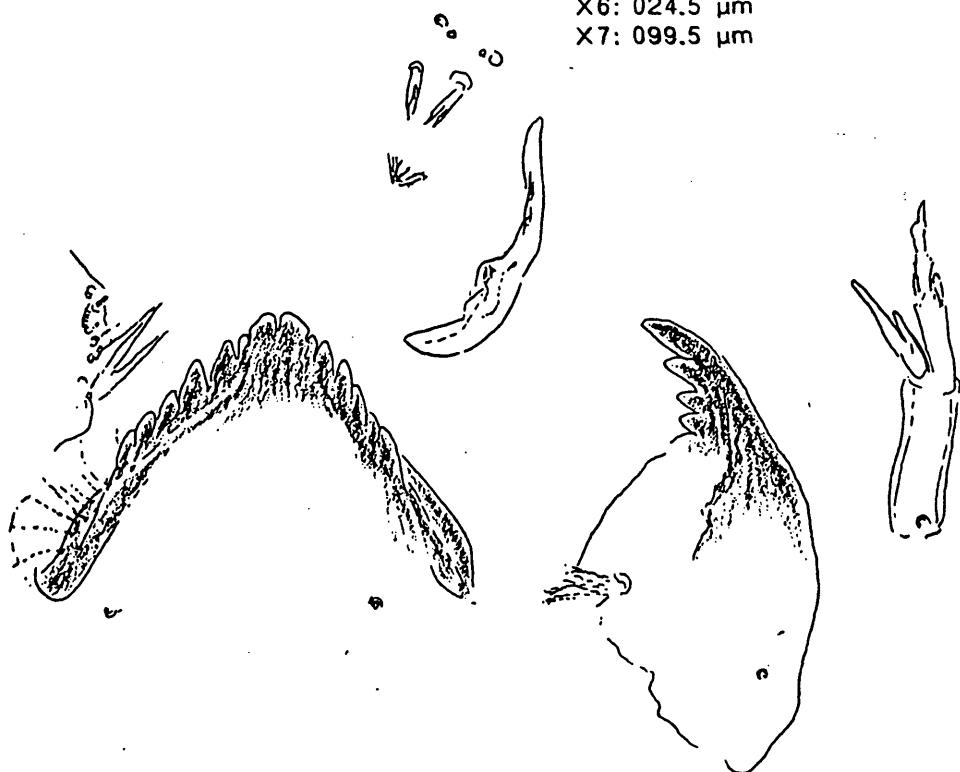
RHEOCRICOTOPUS fuscipes

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 210.0 μm
L : 2.700 mm
X1: 052.1 μm
X2: 015.4 μm
X3: 054.5 μm
X4: 033.0 μm
X5: 034.0 μm
X6: 024.5 μm
X7: 099.5 μm



RHEOCRICOTOPUS fuscipes

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 135 μm (LL: 120.0 UL: 150.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.850 mm (LL: 1.300 UL: 2.400 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 039.5 μm (LL: 037.2 UL: 041.8 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 010.9 μm (LL: 010.6 UL: 011.2 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 044.8 μm (LL: 042.6 UL: 047.0 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 012.0 μm (LL: 010.2 UL: 013.8 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 026.6 μm (LL: 026.6 UL: 026.6 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 019.2 μm (LL: 018.1 UL: 020.2 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 068.9 μm (LL: 063.8 UL: 073.9 μm)



RHEOCRICOTOPUS effusus

^{4th} instar

mag:1000x .

Diagnosis:

Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black; Ant.5-segmented; blade not reaching the apex of 5th segment.
 S I bifid; premandible with 1 apical tooth.
 Mentum with 2 median teeth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth; Ventromental plates distinct with setae originating at its base.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 330.0 μm
 L : 4.400 mm
 X1: 083.0 μm
 X2: 029.3 μm
 X3: 089.4 μm
 X4: 056.4 μm
 X5: 043.6 μm
 X6: 035.1 μm
 X7: 133.0 μm

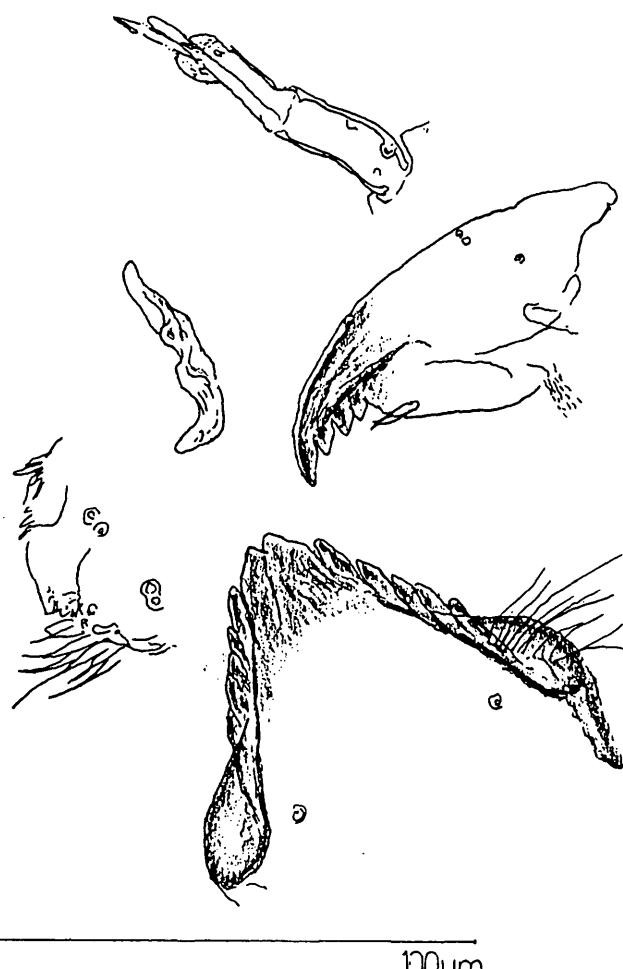


RHEOCRICOTOPUS effusus

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)
CB: 220.0 μm
L : 2.800 mm
X1: 050.0 μm
X2: 017.6 μm
X3: 058.5 μm
X4: 023.2 μm
X5: 034.0 μm
X6: 026.6 μm
X7: 093.6 μm



RHEOCRICOTOPUS effusus

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements:(n=1)
CB: 130.0 μm
L : 1.450 mm
X1: 027.7 μm
X2: 009.6 μm
X3: 037.8 μm
X4: 012.8 μm
X5: 021.8 μm
X6: 017.0 μm
X7: 056.9 μm



Chironomid larvae

153

RHEOSMITTIA sp.

ith instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput white; light postoccipital margin;
Ant. 5-segmented; segment 2 as long
as first; blade as long as 2nd segment.
S I not visible; Premandible with small
apical teeth.
Mentum with 4 median teeth and 6 pairs
of lateral teeth. Median area of hypo-
pharynx with 2 lobate scales.

Measurements: nc



SMITTIA sp.

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin darkened; Ant.4-segmented; blade not reaching the 4th segment.
S I plumose; Premandible with 2 apical teeth.
Mentum with single median tooth and 4 pairs of lateral teeth.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 200.0 µm

L : nc

X1: 053.2 µm

X2: 016.5 µm

X3: 045.7 µm

X4: 011.7 µm

X5: 034.6 µm

X6: 021.2 µm

X7: 074.5 µm



Chironomid larvae

155

SYMBIOCLADIUS rithrogenae?

Diagnosis:

Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin darkened; Caput small relative to body size! Ant 5-segmented; balde not reaching the 5th segment.

S I simple; Premandible narrow.

Mandible with spine-like 3 inner teeth;;
Mentum with a median toothless concavity and 4 pairs of pointed lateral teeth.

4th? instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 250.0 µm

L : 2.800 mm

X1: nc

X2: nc

X3: 053.2 µm

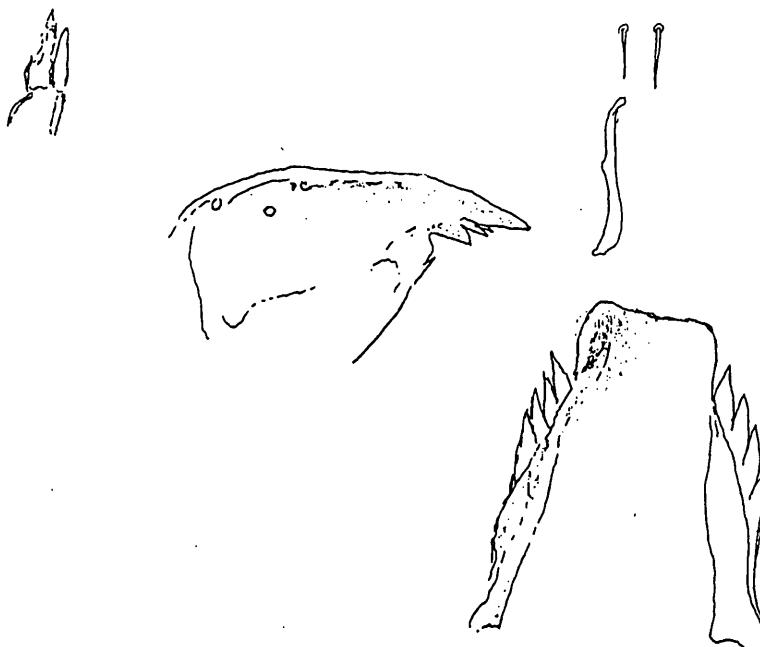
X4: 009.1 µm

X5: 016.0 µm

X6: 019.7 µm

X7: 070.7 µm

mag:1000x



*SYMPARIOCLADIUS lignicola*4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis :

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black. Ant.5-segmented; blade not reaching the apex of flagellum.
 Lauterborn organ very distinct!
 S I simple; Premandible with 1 apical tooth and one broad inner tooth.
 Mentum with a triangular median tooth and 2 pairs of lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 260.0 μm
 L : 2.800 mm
 X1: 097.9 μm
 X2: 080.2 μm
 X3: 101.8 μm
 X4: 023.5 μm
 X5: nc
 X6: 038.4 μm
 X7: 129.6 μm



• ♂

♂

Chironomid larvae

157

SYMPHOCLADIUS lignicola

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 165.0 μm (LL: 140.0 UL: 190.0 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 1.900mm (LL: 1.800 UL: 2.000mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 051.8 μm (LL: 050.4 UL: 053.2 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 041.3 μm (LL: 040.4 UL: 042.2 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 061.7 μm (LL: 059.5 UL: 063.8 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 014.3 μm (LL: 012.5 UL: 016.0 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 029.1 μm (LL: 027.8 UL: 030.3 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 023.4 μm (LL: 020.2 UL: 026.9 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 092.5 μm (LL: 068.2 UL: 122.3 μm)



SYMPHOCLADIUS lignicola

1st instar

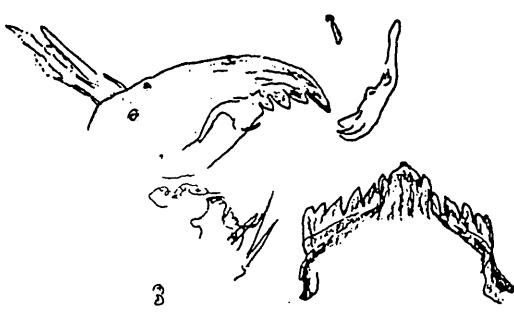
mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

The 1st instar differs in the structure of mentum; 1 median tooth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth; the second pair of laterals is the smallest.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 100.0 μm
 L : 1.000mm
 X1: 018.1 μm
 X2: 003.4 μm
 X3: nc
 X4: 004.3 μm
 X5: 022.3 μm
 X6: 014.0 μm
 X7: 050.0 μm



158

SYNORTHOCLOADIUS semivirens
Diagnosis:
Caput yellow; postoccipital margin darkened; Ant.5-segmented; blade extending a bit beyond flagellum.
S I simple; Premandible with 1 tooth.
Mentum with 2 median teeth and 4 pairs of lateral teeth.
Ventromental plates distinct, bearing long setae.
Mandible with long seta subdentalis.

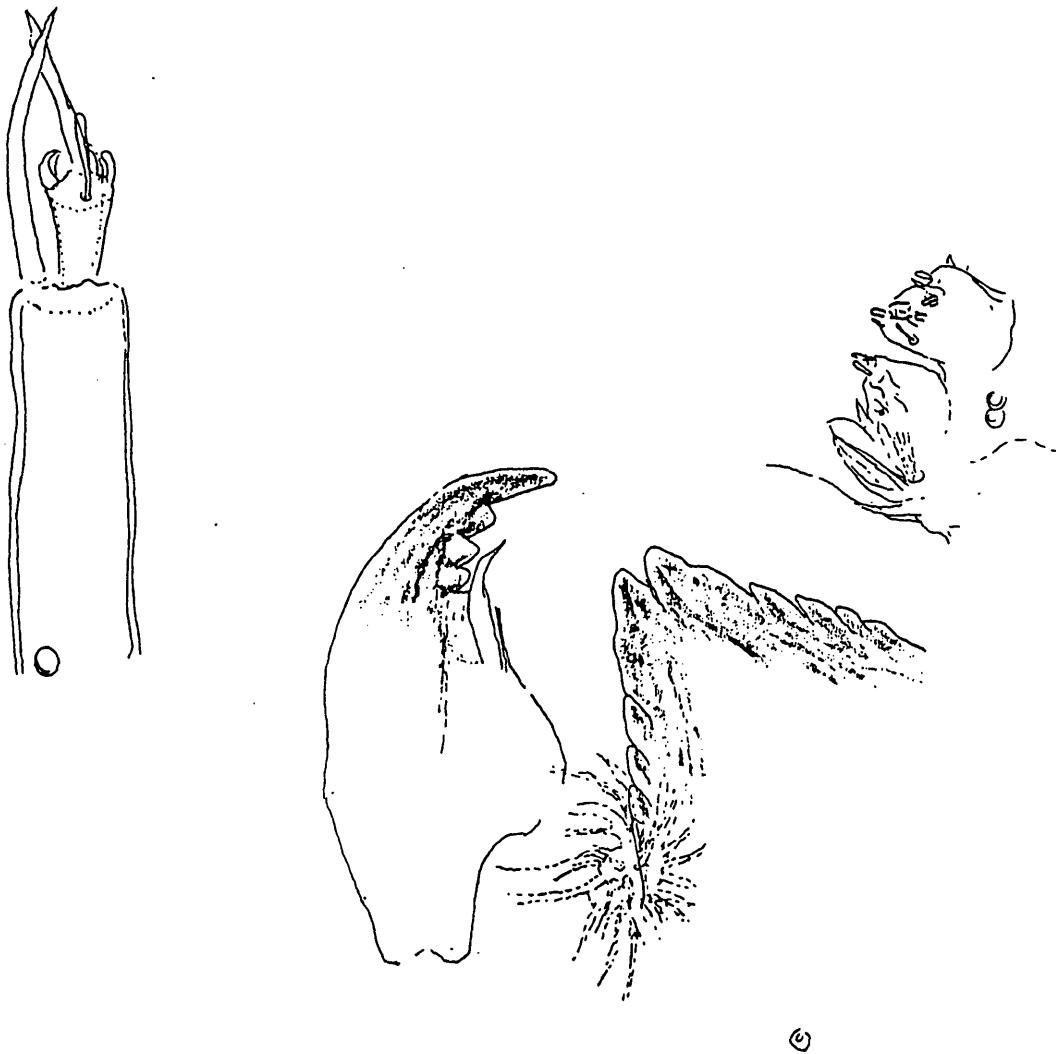
P. E. Schmid

th
4 instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 261.9 μm (LL: 235.2 UL: 289.1 μm)
L: \bar{x} : 3.233mm (LL: 3.000 UL: 3.400mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 065.3 μm (LL: 059.5 UL: 068.7 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 028.0 μm (LL: 027.0 UL: 028.8 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 092.1 μm (LL: 087.5 UL: 097.0 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 064.6 μm (LL: 059.5 UL: 067.7 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 050.7 μm (LL: 048.0 UL: 052.0 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 026.2 μm (LL: 024.0 UL: 030.7 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 107.2 μm (LL: 100.0 UL: 115.2 μm)



Chironomid larvae

159

SYNORTHOCLOADIUS semivirens

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 158.0 μm

L : 1.465 mm

X1 - X7: nc

SYNORTHOCLOADIUS semivirens

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 115.0 μm (LL: 110.0 UL: 120.0 μm)

L : \bar{x} : 0.900 mm (LL: 0.800 UL: 1.000 mm)

X1: \bar{x} : 028.5 μm (LL: 025.0 UL: 031.9 μm)

X2: \bar{x} : 008.5 μm (LL: 008.5 UL: 008.5 μm)

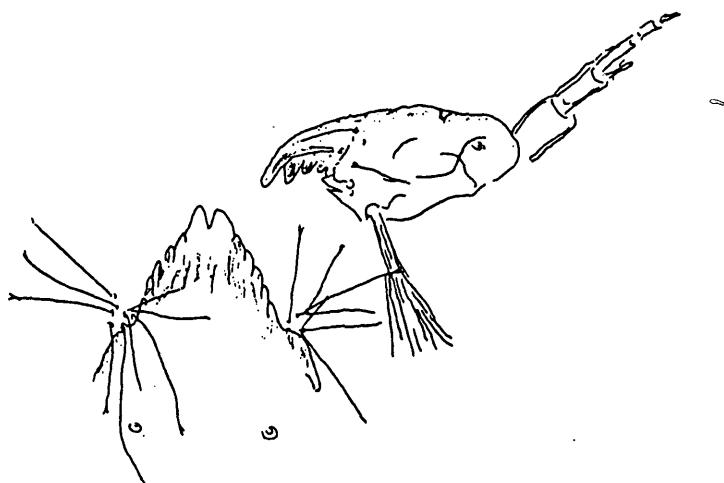
X3: \bar{x} : 040.8 μm (LL: 039.0 UL: 042.6 μm)

X4: \bar{x} : 011.7 μm (LL: 010.6 UL: 012.8 μm)

X5: \bar{x} : 028.9 μm (LL: 025.9 UL: 031.9 μm)

X6: \bar{x} : 012.7 μm (LL: 012.5 UL: 012.8 μm)

X7: \bar{x} : 046.9 μm (LL: 046.8 UL: 047.0 μm)



SYNORTHOCLOADIUS semivirens

1st instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 080 μm

L : 0.90 mm

X1: 015.4 μm

X2: 005.3 μm

X3: 025.9 μm

X4: 003.4 μm

X5: 023.5 μm

X6: 007.7 μm

X7: 035.5 μm

THIENEMANNIELLA partita

Diagnosis:

Caput whitish; postoccipital margin black. Ant. 5-segmented. Segment 2 darkened.

S I simple; premandible with 1 apical tooth and with brush.

Mentum with 3 median teeth, middle smallest one, and 5 pairs of lateral teeth.

4th instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 170.0 μm

L : 2.200 mm

X1: 052.2 μm

X2: 009.3 μm

X3: 052.0 μm

X4: 044.3 μm

X5: 038.8 μm

X6: 011.4 μm

X7: 054.6 μm

mag:1000x



Chironomid larvae

161

THIENEMANNIELLA partita

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 100.0 μm

L : 1.500 mm

X1: 023.5 μm

X2: 004.5 μm

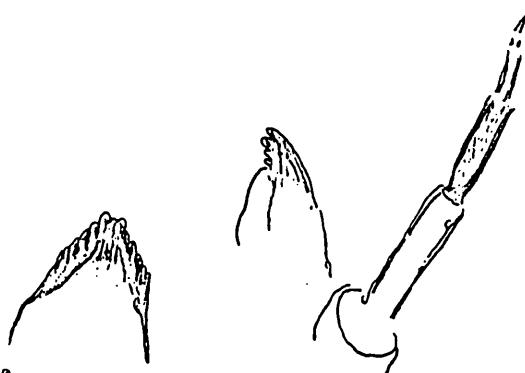
X3: 027.7 μm

X4: 031.2 μm

X5: 039.6 μm

X6: 007.9 μm

X7: 033.5 μm



TVETENIA calvescens

Diagnosis:

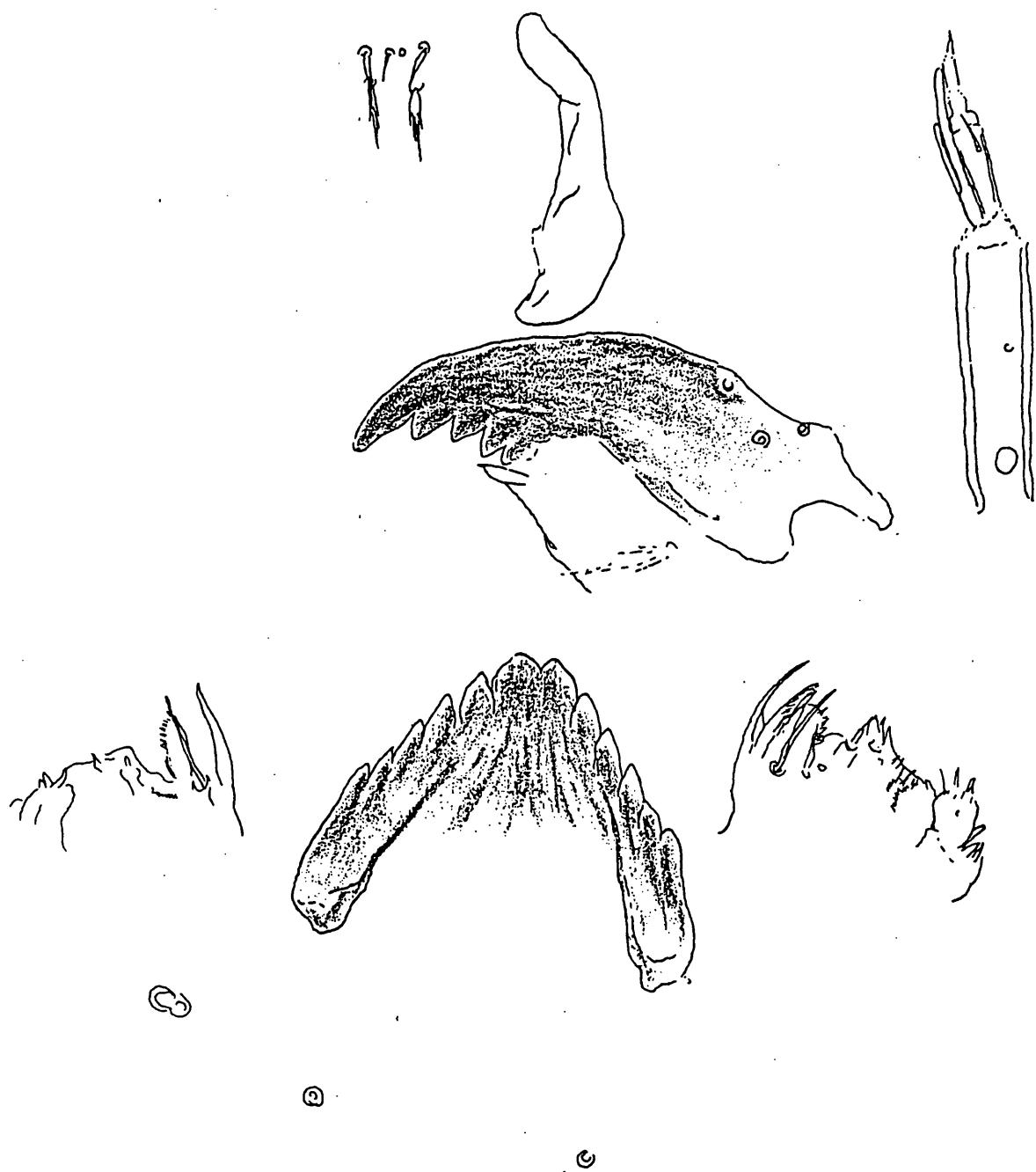
Caput yellow; postoccipital margin light.
Ant.5-segmented; blade not reaching
the apex of 5th segment.
S I branched 3 times; Premandible with
one broad apical tooth.
Mandible with 2 spines.
Mentum with 2 median teeth and 5 pairs
of lateral teeth.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 270.0 μm
L : 4.300 mm
X1: 056.4 μm
X2: 018.0 μm
X3: 094.7 μm
X4: 054.3 μm
X5: 038.8 μm
X6: 028.7 μm
X7: 098.9 μm



TVETENIA calvescens

Chironomid larvae

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 130.0 μm

L: 2.400 mm

X1: 028.8 μm

X2: 010.1 μm

X3: 056.2 μm

X4: 027.4 μm

X5: 027.8 μm

X6: 014.9 μm

X7: 064.8 μm



TVETENIA calvescens

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} : 114.0 μm (LL: 102.9 UL: 125.2 μm)

L: \bar{x} : 1.356 mm (LL: 0.940 UL: 1.862 mm)

X1: \bar{x} : 023.3 μm (LL: 021.0 UL: 025.6 μm)

X2: \bar{x} : 006.9 μm (LL: 006.4 UL: 007.4 μm)

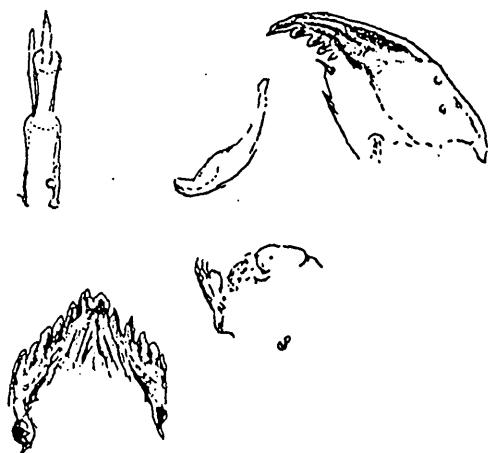
X3: \bar{x} : 042.9 μm (LL: 040.3 UL: 045.5 μm)

X4: \bar{x} : 016.3 μm (LL: 015.3 UL: 017.4 μm)

X5: \bar{x} : 022.5 μm (LL: 019.9 UL: 025.1 μm)

X6: \bar{x} : 011.8 μm (LL: 010.8 UL: 012.8 μm)

X7: \bar{x} : 047.0 μm (LL: 043.0 UL: 050.9 μm)



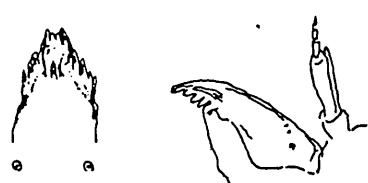
TVETENIA calvescens

1st instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

1st instar with 4 median teeth, the 2 middle one spine-like.



Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 090.0 μm (LL: 080.0 UL: 100.0 μm)

L: \bar{x} : 1.050 mm (LL: 1.000 UL: 1.100 mm)

X1: \bar{x} : 019.8 μm (LL: 017.8 UL: 021.8 μm)

X2: \bar{x} : 006.1 μm (LL: 005.9 UL: 006.2 μm)

X3: \bar{x} : 026.0 μm (LL: 025.0 UL: 027.0 μm)

X4: \bar{x} : 010.9 μm (LL: 005.8 UL: 016.0 μm)

X5: \bar{x} : 021.4 μm (LL: 018.2 UL: 024.5 μm)

X6: \bar{x} : 067.6 μm (LL: 007.2 UL: 008.0 μm)

X7: \bar{x} : 033.5 μm (LL: 033.1 UL: 033.8 μm)

TVETENIA discoloripes

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black!
 Ant 5-segmented; blade not reaching the
 5th segment.
 S I plumose; Premandible with one broad
 apical tooth.
 Mentum with 1-2 median teeth and 5 pairs of
 lateral teeth.
 Mandible without inner spines.

4th instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 300.0 μm

L : 3.000 mm

X1: 063.8 μm X2: 018.7 μm X3: 094.0 μm X4: 067.2 μm X5: 042.7 μm X6: 030.7 μm X7: 129.6 μm

mag:1000x



Chironomid larvae

165

TVETENIA discoloripes

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 220.0 μm

L: 2.300 mm

X1: 045.5 μm

X2: 014.3 μm

X3: 059.9 μm

X4: 033.2 μm

X5: 039.9 μm

X6: 024.6 μm

X7: 096.2 μm



TVETENIA discoloripes

2nd instar

Measurements (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 125.0 μm (LL: 120.0 UL: 130.0 μm)

L : \bar{x} : 1.600 mm (LL: 1.500 UL: 1.700 mm)

X1: \bar{x} : 026.4 μm (LL: 025.4 UL: 027.4 μm)

X2: \bar{x} : 006.8 μm (LL: 006.7 UL: 006.9 μm)

X3: \bar{x} : 038.4 μm (LL: 038.2 UL: 038.6 μm)

X4: \bar{x} : 020.4 μm (LL: 020.2 UL: 020.6 μm)

X5: \bar{x} : 023.0 μm (LL: 022.0 UL: 024.0 μm)

X6: \bar{x} : 012.5 μm (LL: 011.5 UL: 013.4 μm)

X7: \bar{x} : 049.9 μm (LL: 049.4 UL: 050.4 μm)

ORTHOCLADIUS sp:1

1st instar

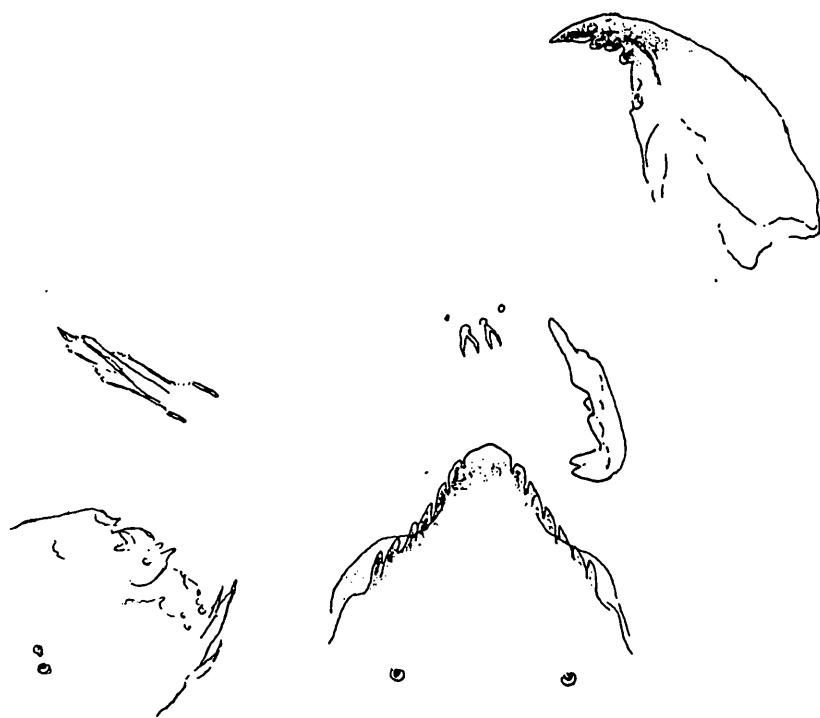
mag:1000x ..

Diagnosis:

Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black; Ant. 5-segmented; blade not reaching the apex. Lauterborn organ distinct. S I bifid. Premandible with 2 apical teeth. Mentum with one median tooth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates distinctly covering the 5th, 6th pairs of laterals. Mandible with slightly elongated apical tooth.

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 083.3 μm (LL: 080.0 UL: 090.0 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 0.700mm (LL: 0.600 UL: 0.900mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 021.6 μm (LL: 021.1 UL: 022.3 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 004.5 μm (LL: 004.3 UL: 004.8 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 028.3 μm (LL: 026.9 UL: 030.9 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 002.9 μm (LL: 002.7 UL: 003.1 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 015.8 μm (LL: 014.9 UL: 016.5 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 011.0 μm (LL: 010.1 UL: 012.2 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 041.4 μm (LL: 038.3 UL: 044.6 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS sp.2

1st instar

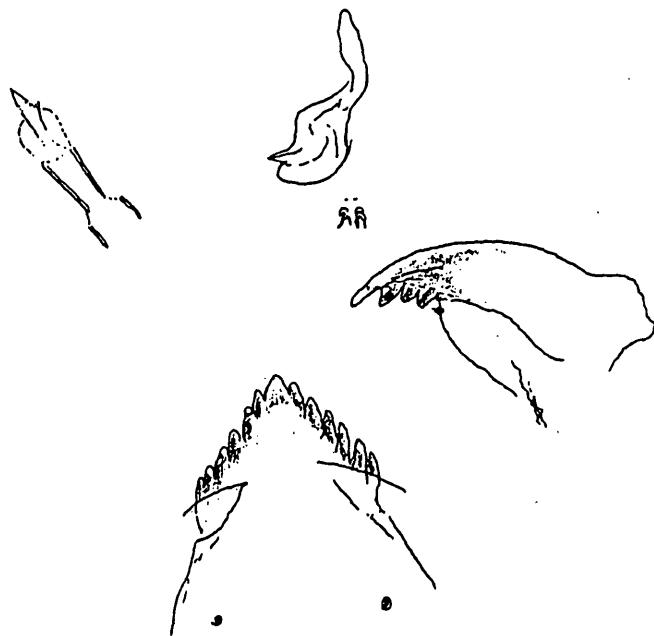
mag:1000x ..

Diagnosis:

Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black;
 Ant. 4?-segmented; Lauterborn organ very
 distinct.
 S I bifid; premandible with 2 apical teeth.
 Mentum with one median tooth and 6 pairs
 of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates: distinct.

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} : 095.9 μm (LL: 089.2 UL: 102.8 μm)
 L : \bar{x} : 0.817 mm (LL: 0.689 UL: 0.956 mm)
 X1: \bar{x} : 019.6 μm (LL: 018.1 UL: 021.0 μm)
 X2: \bar{x} : 002.4 μm (LL: 001.8 UL: 003.0 μm)
 X3: \bar{x} : 029.4 μm (LL: 026.3 UL: 032.4 μm)
 X4: \bar{x} : 003.7 μm (LL: 002.8 UL: 004.7 μm)
 X5: \bar{x} : 017.4 μm (LL: 015.6 UL: 019.1 μm)
 X6: \bar{x} : 009.3 μm (LL: 007.7 UL: 010.8 μm)
 X7: \bar{x} : 038.5 μm (LL: 036.4 UL: 040.6 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS sp. 3b**Diagnosis:**

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black. Ant.: 5-segmented, blade reaching the 5th segment.

S I bifid, the inner branches smaller than the outer ones; Premandible with one fairly divided apical tooth and one basal inner roundness.

Mandible with pointed seta subdentalis.

Mentum with 1 broad median tooth, twice the width than one lateral tooth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth. Setae submenti arising underneath the 4th, 5th pair of lateral teeth.

4th? instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} :	350.0 μm	(LL: 0340.0 UL: 0360.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} :	4.350 mm	(LL: 4.200 UL: 4.500 mm)
X1: \bar{x} :	113.4 μm	(LL: 111.4 UL: 115.2 μm)
X2: \bar{x} :	029.3 μm	(LL: 027.8 UL: 030.7 μm)
X3: \bar{x} :	102.7 μm	(LL: 105.6 UL: 099.8 μm)
X4: \bar{x} :	050.2 μm	(LL: 049.0 UL: 051.4 μm)
X5: \bar{x} :	033.9 μm	(LL: 033.1 UL: 034.6 μm)
X6: \bar{x} :	051.3 μm	(LL: 048.0 UL: 054.7 μm)
X7: \bar{x} :	178.6 μm	(LL: 177.6 UL: 179.5 μm)



ORTHOCLADIUS sp. 3a

Diagnosis:

Caput light-brown; dark postoccipital margin;
Ant. 5-segmented; blade reaching the apex
S I bifid; premandible with one fairly divided
apical tooth.

Mentum with 1 broad median tooth, twice the
width than one lateral tooth and 6 pairs of
lateral teeth. Setae submenti dituated underneath
the 5th pair of lateral teeth.

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=6)

CB: \bar{x} :	164.9 μm	(LL: 150.6 UL: 179.5 μm)
L: \bar{x} :	2.283 mm	(LL: 2.206 UL: 2.362 mm)
X1: \bar{x} :	062.1 μm	(LL: 056.9 UL: 067.4 μm)
X2: \bar{x} :	012.7 μm	(LL: 010.9 UL: 014.5 μm)
X3: \bar{x} :	058.2 μm	(LL: 054.4 UL: 062.1 μm)
X6: \bar{x} :	022.5 μm	(LL: 019.7 UL: 025.3 μm)
X5: \bar{x} :	022.4 μm	(LL: 020.3 UL: 024.4 μm)
X4: \bar{x} :	015.2 μm	(LL: 013.8 UL: 016.6 μm)
X7: \bar{x} :	081.9 μm	(LL: 078.7 UL: 085.1 μm)



DIAMESA insignipes4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput light-grey; broad postoccipital margin in black. Ant. 5-segmented; 3rd segment annulated; Blade not reaching the 5th segment.
 S I simple; Premandible with 7 apical teeth;
 Mentum with 1 median tooth with a small V-shaped notch and 9-10 pairs of lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} :	471.7 μm	(LL: 433.2 UL: 511.3 μm)
L: \bar{x} :	4.940 mm	(LL: 3.896 UL: 6.206 mm)
X1: \bar{x} :	092.1 μm	(LL: 081.4 UL: 102.8 μm)
X2: \bar{x} :	015.2 μm	(LL: 013.1 UL: 017.3 μm)
X3: \bar{x} :	114.8 μm	(LL: 105.8 UL: 123.8 μm)
X4: \bar{x} :	059.5 μm	(LL: 053.8 UL: 065.3 μm)
X5: \bar{x} :	036.9 μm	(LL: 032.7 UL: 041.1 μm)
X6: \bar{x} :	056.3 μm	(LL: 050.2 UL: 062.4 μm)
X7: \bar{x} :	173 μm	(LL: 157.4 UL: 189.4 μm)



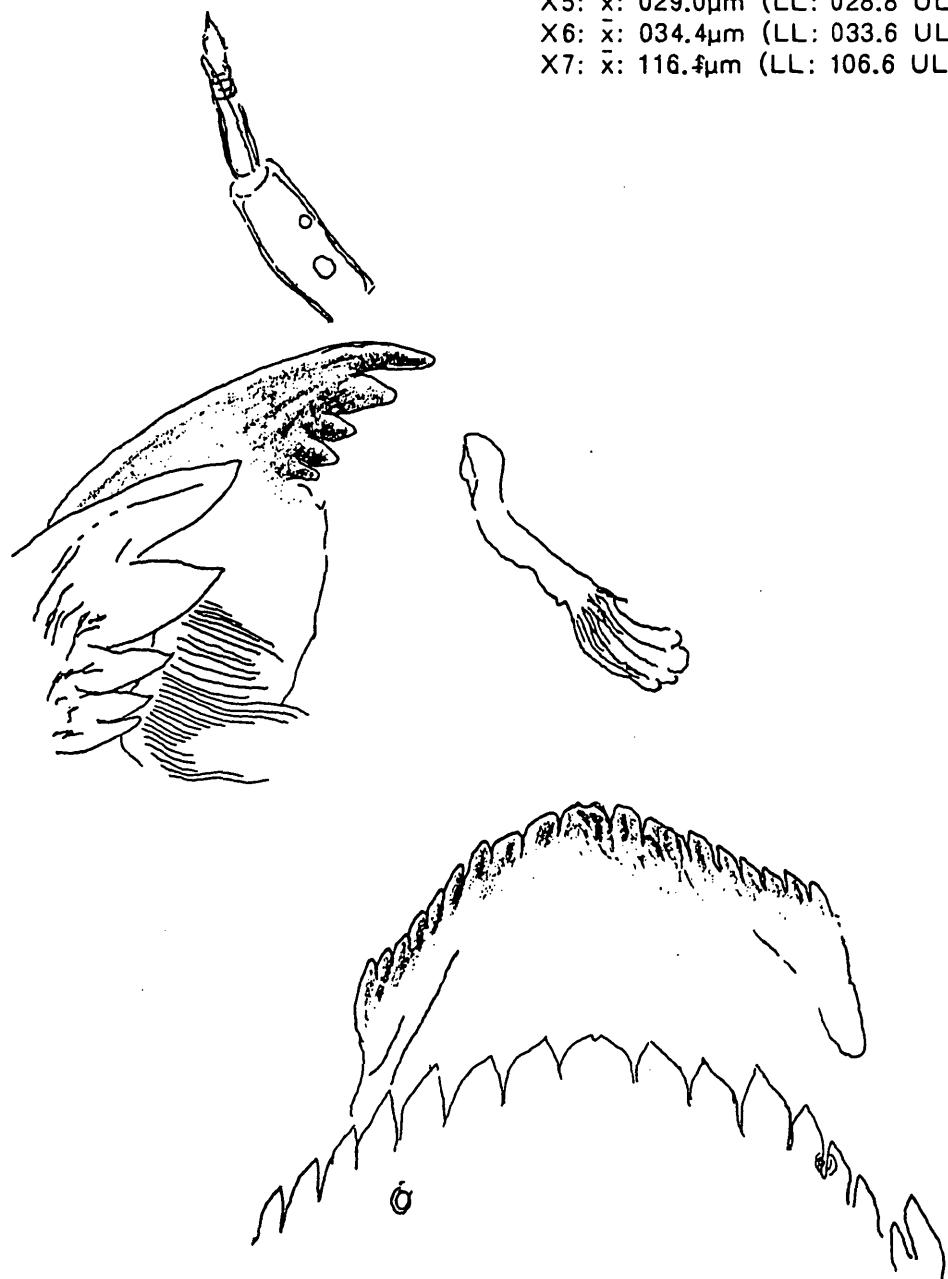
DIAMESA insignipes

3rd instar

171
mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 346.5 μm (LL: 330.0 UL: 380.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 3.896mm (LL: 3.700 UL: 4.100mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 067.6 μm (LL: 061.9 UL: 072.0 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 010.3 μm (LL: 009.6 UL: 010.6 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 076.9 μm (LL: 070.9 UL: 081.2 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 028.1 μm (LL: 027.8 UL: 028.8 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 029.0 μm (LL: 028.8 UL: 029.3 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 034.4 μm (LL: 033.6 UL: 035.5 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 116.4 μm (LL: 106.6 UL: 126.7 μm)



172

DIAMESA insignipes

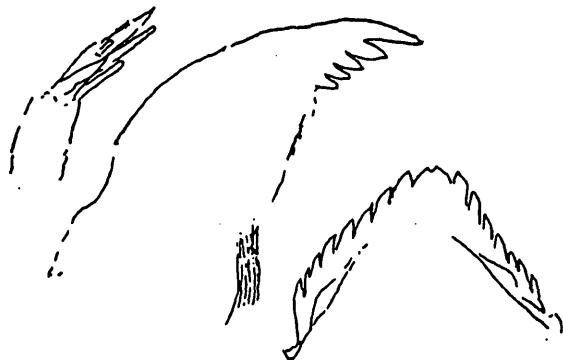
P. E. Schmid

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB:	\bar{x} :	167.9 μm	(LL:	151.8	UL:	184.3 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	2.372 mm	(LL:	2.062	UL:	2.714 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	041.8 μm	(LL:	038.5	UL:	045.2 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	005.9 μm	(LL:	005.3	UL:	006.5 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	052.2 μm	(LL:	048.2	UL:	056.3 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	011.1 μm	(LL:	009.5	UL:	012.7 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	021.8 μm	(LL:	020.5	UL:	023.1 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	019.8 μm	(LL:	018.5	UL:	021.1 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	075.3 μm	(LL:	071.4	UL:	079.3 μm)

*DIAMESA insignipes*1st instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

C8:	\bar{x} :	110.0 μm	(LL:	097.1	UL:	123.1 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	1.000 mm	(LL:	0.900	UL:	1.200 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	024.1 μm	(LL:	021.1	UL:	027.0 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	002.8 μm	(LL:	002.5	UL:	003.1 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	035.3 μm	(LL:	034.6	UL:	036.5 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	004.7 μm	(LL:	004.6	UL:	004.8 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	015.7 μm	(LL:	015.4	UL:	016.3 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	014.1 μm	(LL:	013.9	UL:	014.4 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	054.4 μm	(LL:	052.8	UL:	056.6 μm)



DIAMESA sp.2

4th?instar

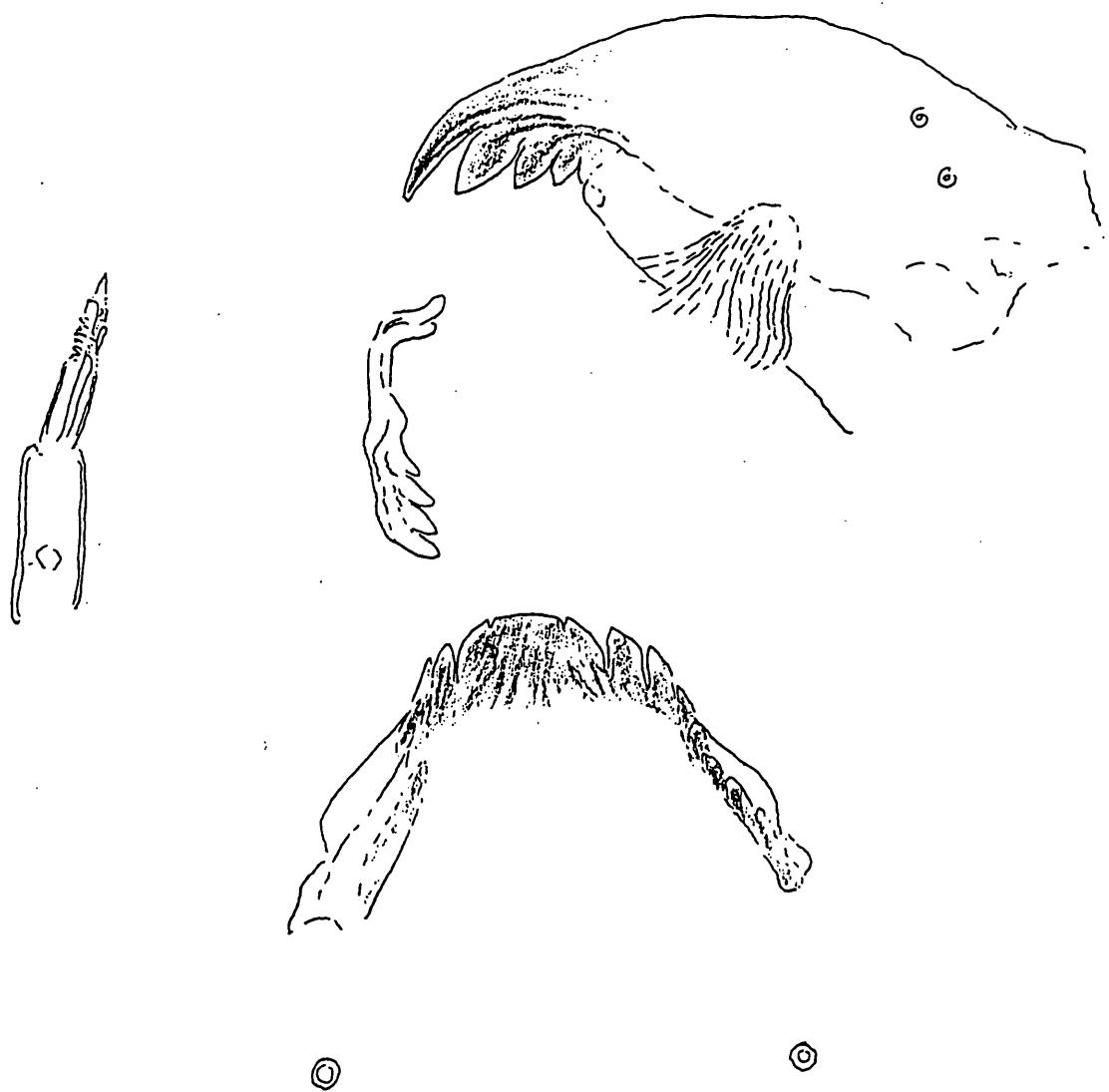
mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput dark-brown; postoccipital margin black. Ant. 5-segmented; 3rd segment annulated; blade not reaching the 5th segment.
 Premandible with 4 apical teeth.
 Median tooth of the mentum fairly divided twice and 7 pairs of lateral teeth.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 320.0 μm
 L : 1.900 mm
 X1: 095.7 μm
 X2: 029.8 μm
 X4: 030.3 μm
 X5: 028.7 μm
 X6: 039.4 μm
 X7: 132.9 μm
 X3: 088.8 μm



POTTHASTIA longimana

4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput reddish-brown; postoccipital margin black; Ant.5-segmented; blade not reaching the apex of 5th segment..

S I simple; Labral lamellae bifid to trifid. X2: nc

Premandible with 10 spine-like apical teeth. X3: 075.5 µm

Mandible with hook-like apical tooth and 3 undistinct inner teeth. X4: 024.9 µm

Mentum without teeth. X5: 040.4 µm

X6: 024.5 µm

X7: 080.9 µm

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 310.0 µm

L : 5.10 mm

X1: 080.9 µm



Chironomid larvae

175

POTTHASTIA longimana

3rd instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 240.0 μm

L : 4.300 mm

X1: 065.0 μm

X2: nc

X3: 063.8 μm

X4: 011.0 μm

X5: 027.7 μm

X6: 021.2 μm

X7: 069.1 μm

POTTHASTIA longimana

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 120.0 μm

L : 1.350 mm

X1: 028.5 μm

X2: 005.9 μm

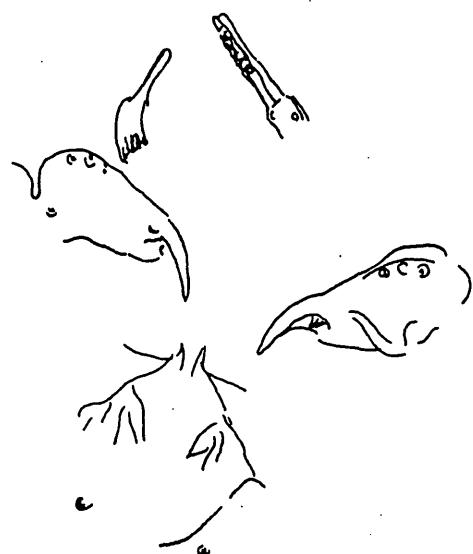
X3: 036.4 μm

X4: 006.2 μm

X5: 018.6 μm

X6: 013.3 μm

X7: 039.9 μm



POTTHASTIA gaedii grp.

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black; Ant. 5-segmented; blade not reaching the 5th segment.
 S I simple; Premandible with 1 apical tooth!
 Mentum with one broad median tooth and 10-11 pairs of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates covering the lateral teeth.

^{4th instar}

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 360.0 μm
 L : n.c
 X1: 104.3 μm
 X2: 031.9 μm
 X3: 124.5 μm
 X4: 070.2 μm
 X5: 039.4 μm
 X6: 060.6 μm
 X7: 191.5 μm

mag:1000x



POTTHASTIA gaedii grp.

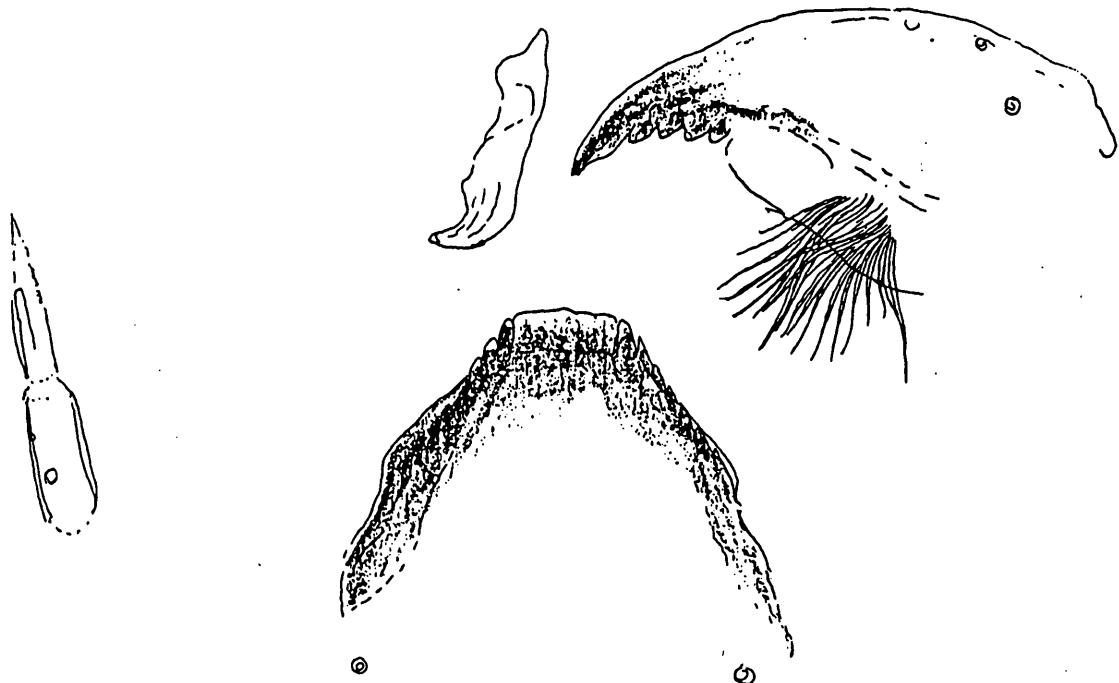
Chironomid larvae

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB:	\bar{x} :	293.3 μm	(LL:	0229.1	UL:	0257.7 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	3.430 mm	(LL:	2.409	UL:	3.985 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	077.6 μm	(LL:	063.4	UL:	092.1 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	019.4 μm	(LL:	015.3	UL:	023.5 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	070.2 μm	(LL:	050.1	UL:	080.5 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	025.5 μm	(LL:	017.8	UL:	033.3 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	030.2 μm	(LL:	026.8	UL:	033.6 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	031.1 μm	(LL:	026.6	UL:	033.3 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	106.5 μm	(LL:	094.2	UL:	118.1 μm)



POTTHASTIA gaedii grp.

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB:	150.0 μm
L :	1.600 mm
X1:	038.9 μm
X2:	011.0 μm
X3:	014.4 μm
X4:	006.9 μm
X5:	020.2 μm
X6:	018.9 μm
X7:	064.9 μm

POTTHASTIA gaedii prp.

1st instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n= 2)

CB:	\bar{x} :	090 μm	(LL:	080.0	UL:	100.0 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	0.950 mm	(LL:	0.900	UL:	1.000 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	026.5 μm	(LL:	024.2	UL:	028.7 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	008.1 μm	(LL:	007.6	UL:	008.5 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	027.6 μm	(LL:	025.4	UL:	029.8 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	005.6 μm	(LL:	005.3	UL:	005.9 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	020.7 μm	(LL:	020.0	UL:	021.3 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	011.0 μm	(LL:	011.0	UL:	011.0 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	042.5 μm	(LL:	042.3	UL:	042.7 μm)

—
50 μm

PSEUDODIAMESA branickii

Diagnosis:

Caput dark-grey; postoccipital margin black; Ant. 5-segmented; blade not reaching the apex of 5th segment. S I simple; premandible with 4 apical teeth.

Mentum with 1 median tooth and 7 pairs of lateral teeth; visible only in flattened position.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 260.0 μm

L : nc

X1: 074.5 μm

X2: 021.3 μm

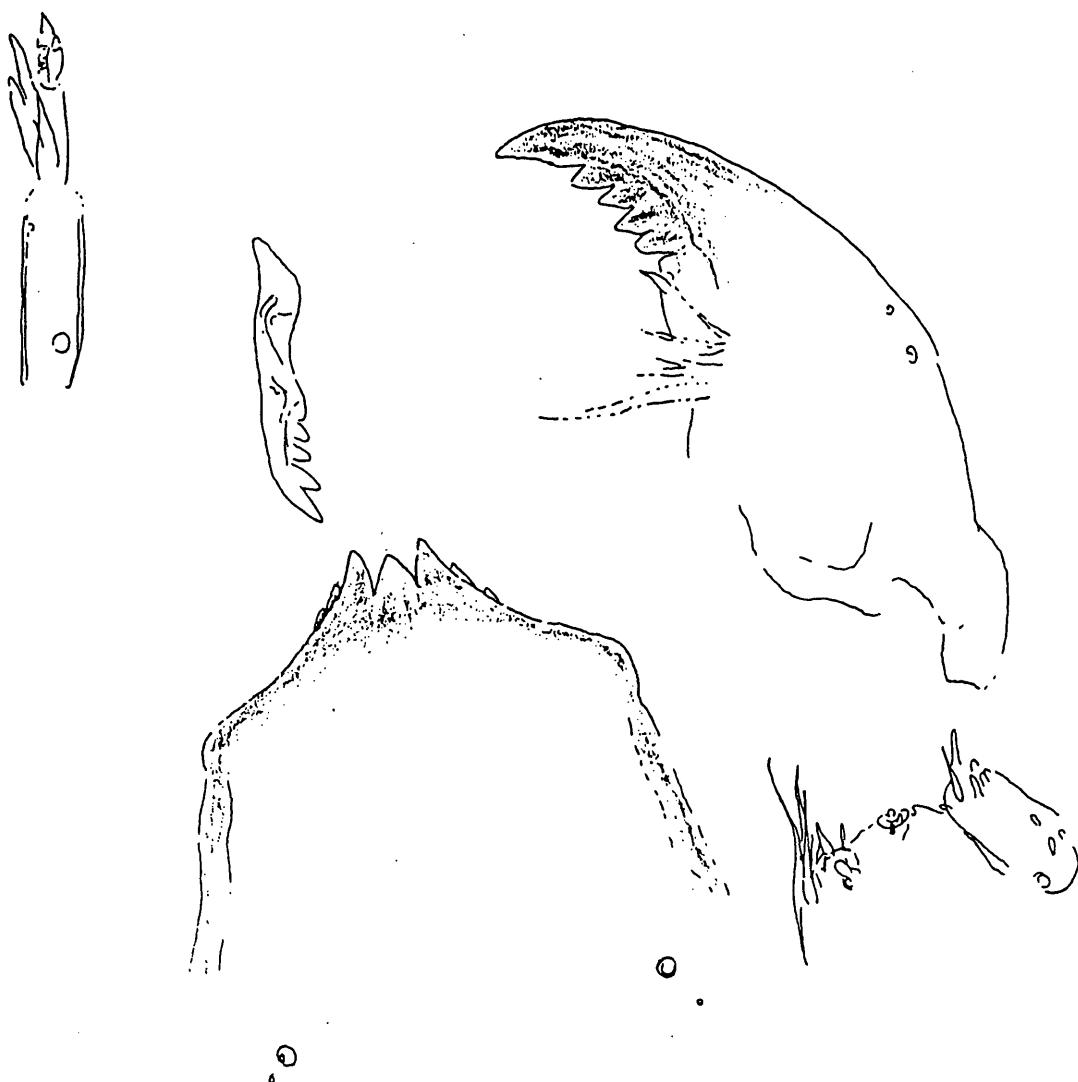
X3: 087.2 μm

X4: 031.9 μm

X5: 031.9 μm

X6: 037.2 μm

X7: 122.3 μm



Chironomid larvae

179

PRODIAMESA olivacea

3rd?instar

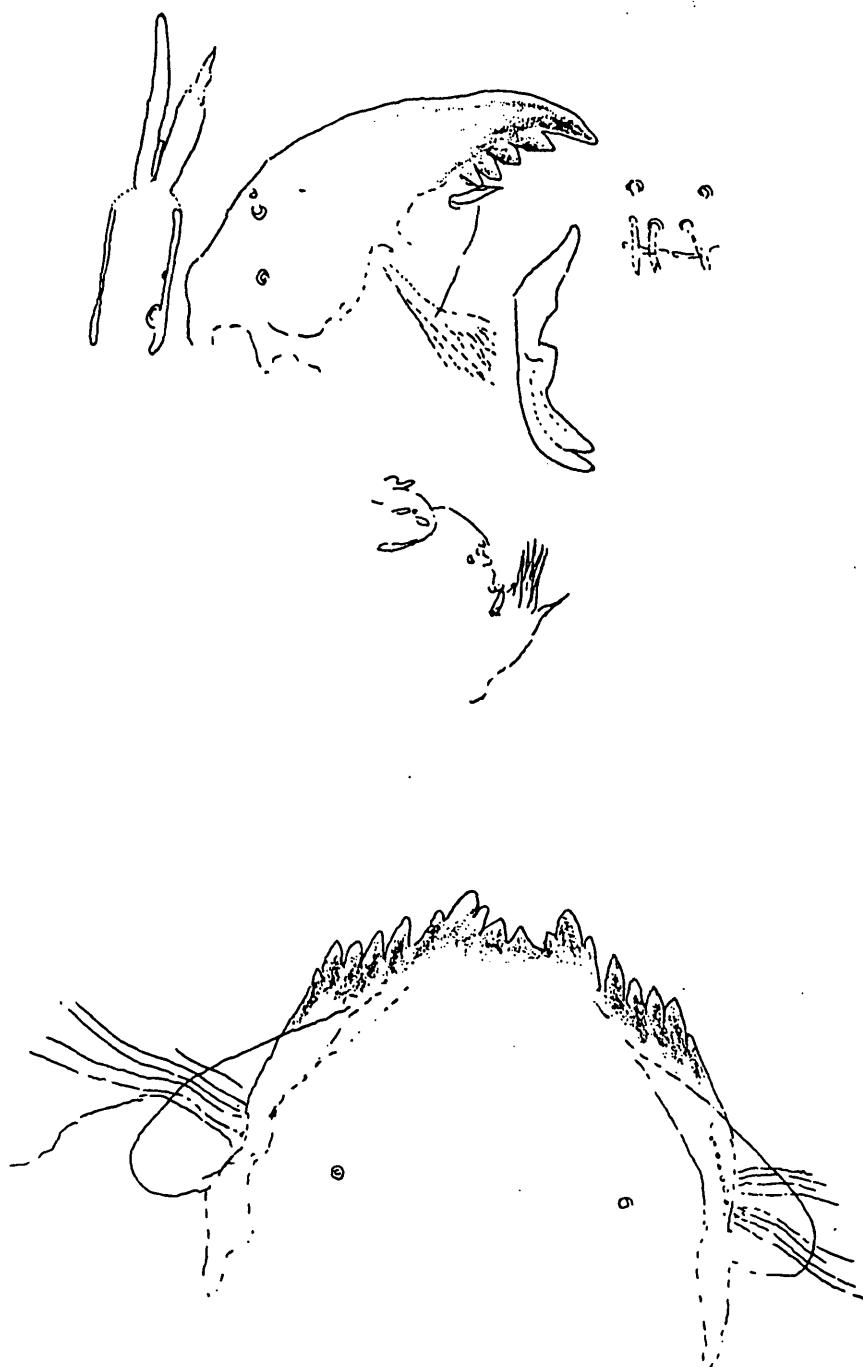
mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black; gula darkened;
Ant.4-segmented; blade longer than flagellum;
S I apically plumose; Premandible with 2 apical teeth .
Mentum with 2 small median teeth and 8 pairs of lateral teeth, different in shape; the first lateral teeth with 2 pairs of small accessory teeth.
Ventromental plates distinct with beard.

Measurements (n=1)

CB: 245.5µm
L : nc
X1: 058.5µm
X2: 023.4µm
X3: 059.6µm
X4: 027.7µm
X5: 027.9µm
X6: 010.2µm
X7: 093.6µm



CONCHAPELOPIA sp.

Diagnosis:
Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black;
Maxillary palpus with seta b 3-segmented;
Ligula deeply concaved within 5 teeth;
Mandible with 1 small basal tooth.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 560.0 μm

L : nc

X1: 042.6 μm

X2: 058.5 μm

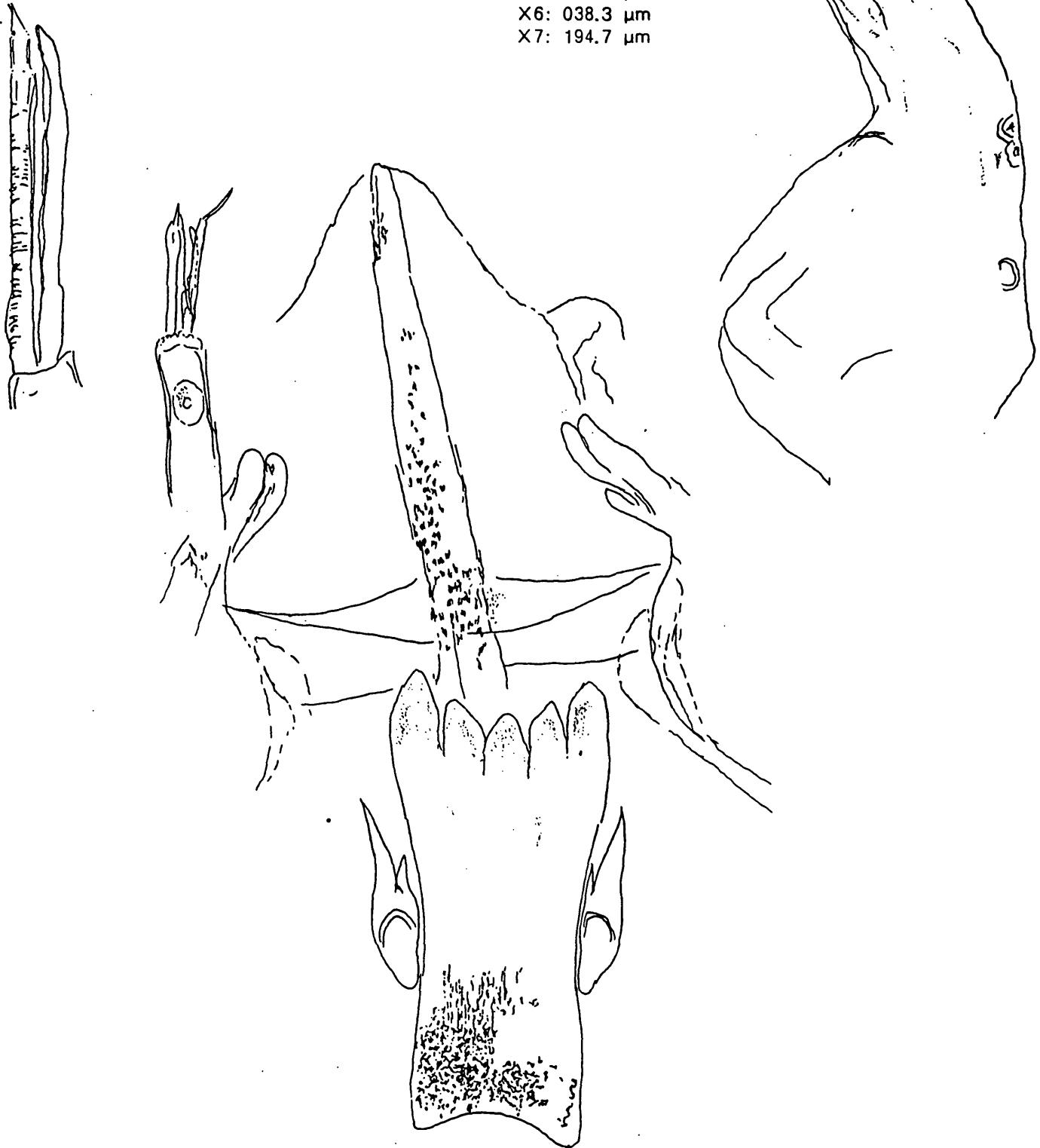
X3: 121.2 μm

X4: 031.9 μm

X5: 420.2 μm

X6: 038.3 μm

X7: 194.7 μm



Chironomid larvae

181

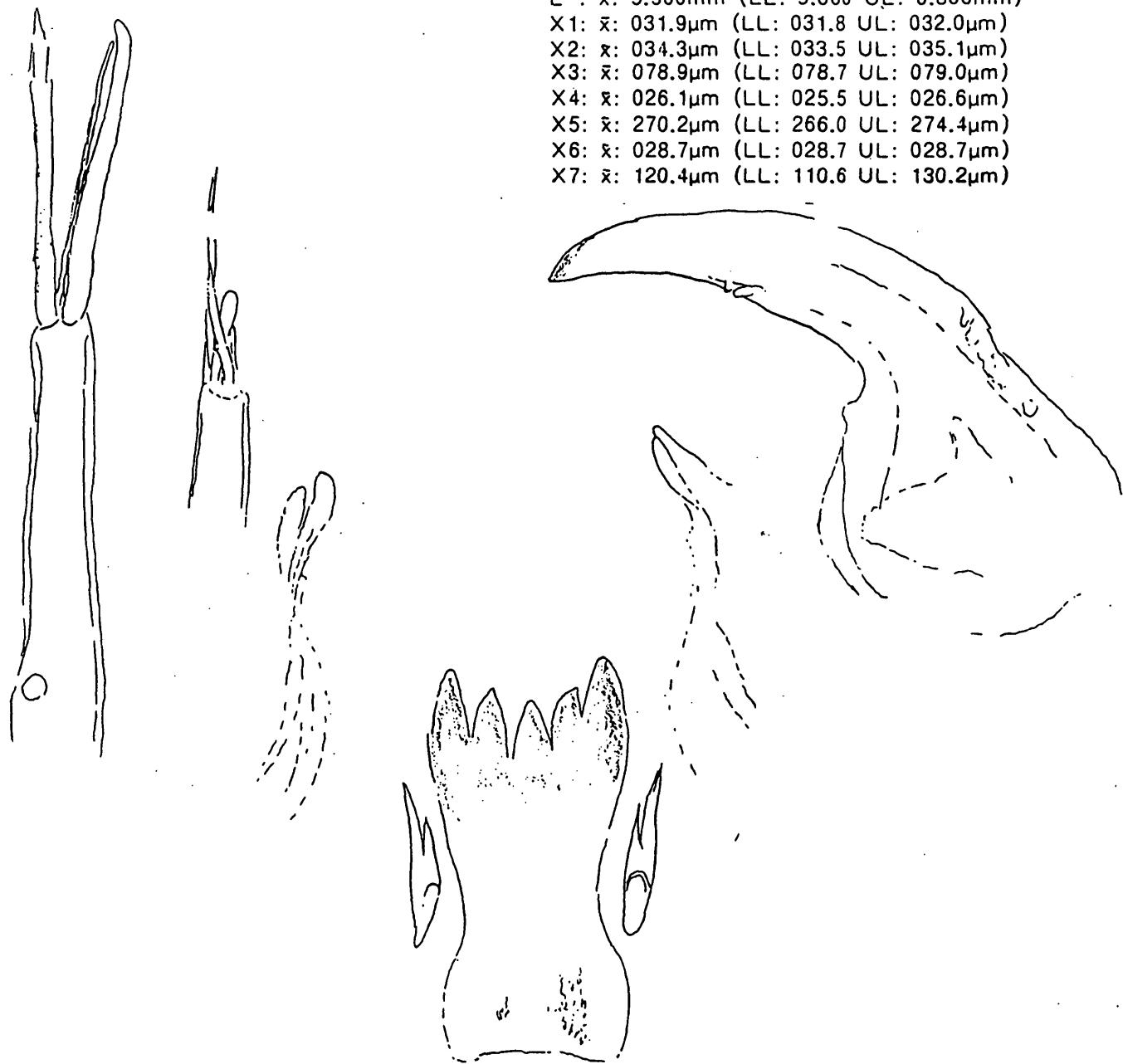
CONCHAPELOPIA sp.

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 430.0 μm (LL: 410.0 UL: 450.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 5.900mm (LL: 5.000 UL: 6.800mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 031.9 μm (LL: 031.8 UL: 032.0 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 034.3 μm (LL: 033.5 UL: 035.1 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 078.9 μm (LL: 078.7 UL: 079.0 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 026.1 μm (LL: 025.5 UL: 026.6 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 270.2 μm (LL: 266.0 UL: 274.4 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 028.7 μm (LL: 028.7 UL: 028.7 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 120.4 μm (LL: 110.6 UL: 130.2 μm)



182

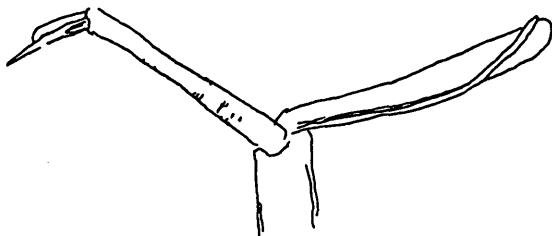
P. E. Schmid

CONCHAPELOPIA sp.

2nd instar

mag:1000 x

Measurements: (n=1)
CB: 280.0 μm
L : 3.100 mm
X1: 016.0 μm
X2: 018.0 μm
X3: 043.6 μm
X4: 017.0 μm
X5: 152.1 μm
X6: 016.0 μm
X7: 058.5 μm



Chironomid larvae

183

THIENEMANNIMYIA gejskesi

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow with greyish-darkened ribbon
nearby the black postoccipital margin
Maxillar palpus with b seta 2-segmented.
Ligula concaved with 5 teeth.
Mandible with undistinct basal tooth.

4th instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 521.5 μm

L : nc

X1: 031.9 μm

X2: 056.4 μm

X3: 110.6 μm

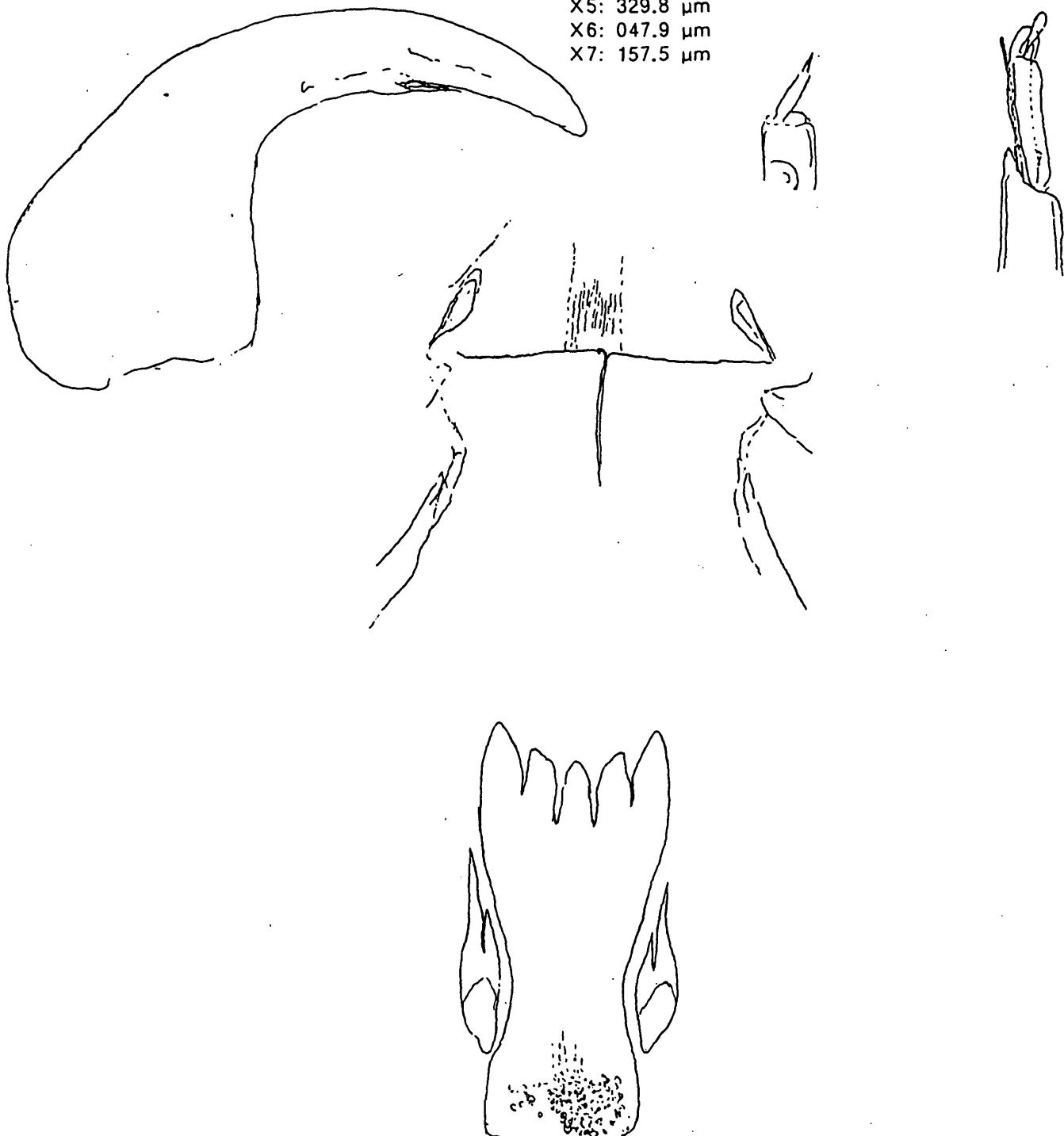
X4: 031.9 μm

X5: 329.8 μm

X6: 047.9 μm

X7: 157.5 μm

mag:1000x



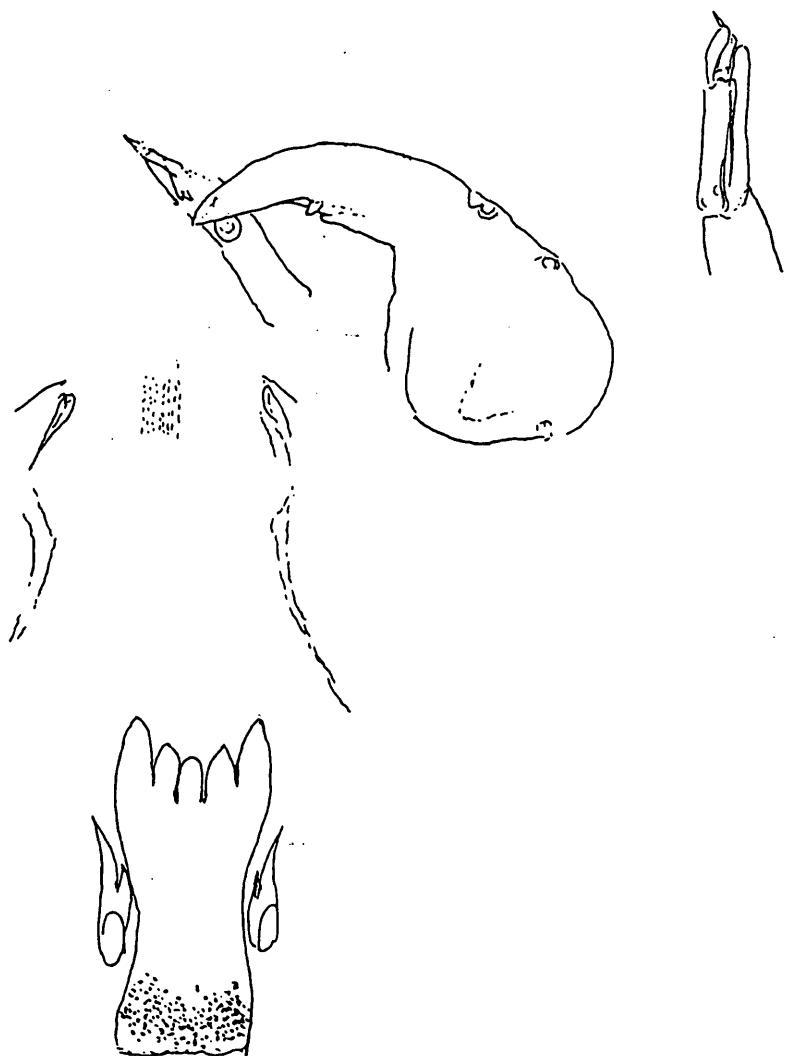
THIENEMANNIMYIA geisksesi

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 355.5 μ m (LL: 350.0 UL: 360.0 μ m)
L : \bar{x} : 3.050mm (LL: 3.000 UL: 3.100mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 026.1 μ m (LL: 024.5 UL: 027.7 μ m)
X2: \bar{x} : 030.9 μ m (LL: 029.8 UL: 031.9 μ m)
X3: \bar{x} : 065.2 μ m (LL: 063.8 UL: 066.5 μ m)
X4: \bar{x} : 023.9 μ m (LL: 023.4 UL: 024.4 μ m)
X5: \bar{x} : 186.4 μ m (LL: 183.0 UL: 189.8 μ m)
X6: \bar{x} : 024.7 μ m (LL: 023.9 UL: 025.5 μ m)
X7: \bar{x} : 094.7 μ m (LL: 092.5 UL: 096.8 μ m)



Chironomid larvae

185

THIENEMANNIMYIA geiskskei

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 255.0 μm

L : 1.700mm

X1: .020.2 μm

X2: 020.2 μm

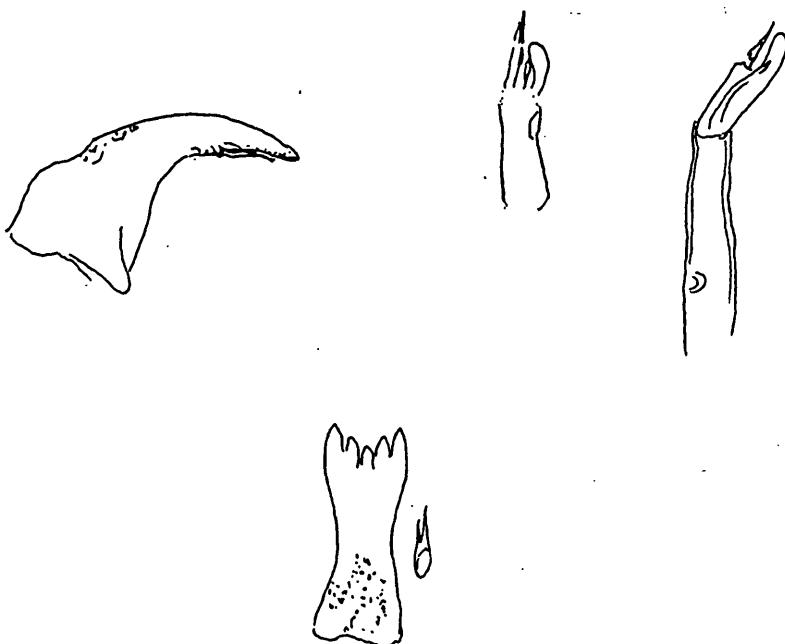
X3: 040.4 μm

X4: 016.5 μm

X5: 133.0 μm

X6: 016.0 μm

X7: 061.2 μm



*TRISSOPELOPIA longimana*4th instar

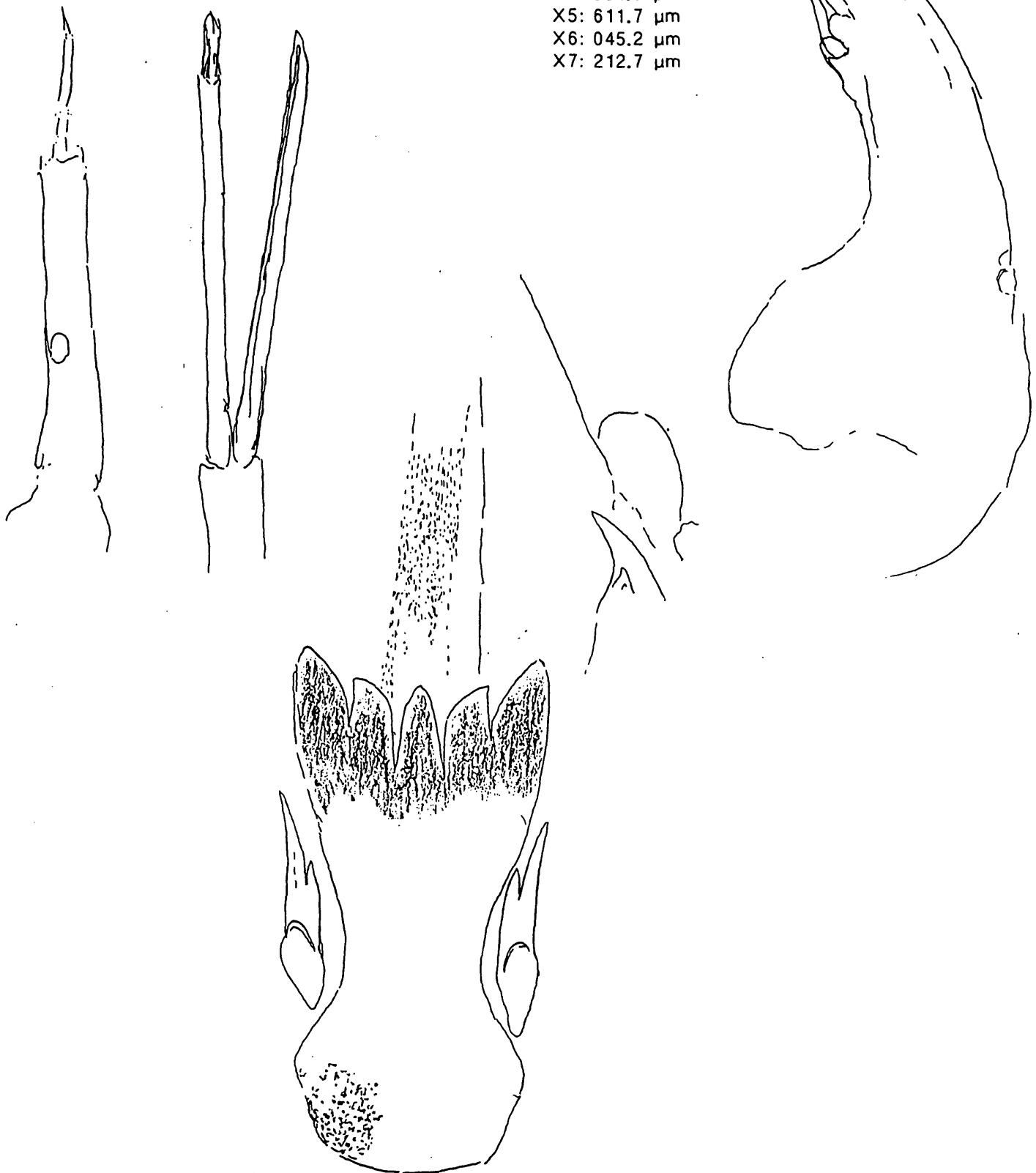
mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black;
 Maxillary palpus with b-seta: 4-segmented.
 Ligula concave;
 Mandible with large bluntly rounded basal
 tooth.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 734.0 μm
 L : nc
 X1: 079.8 μm
 X2: 071.3 μm
 X3: nc
 X4: 034.0 μm
 X5: 611.7 μm
 X6: 045.2 μm
 X7: 212.7 μm



Chironomid larvae

187

TRISSOPELOPIA longimana

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 489.4 μm

L: 3.723 mm

X1: 042.6 μm

X2: 043.6 μm

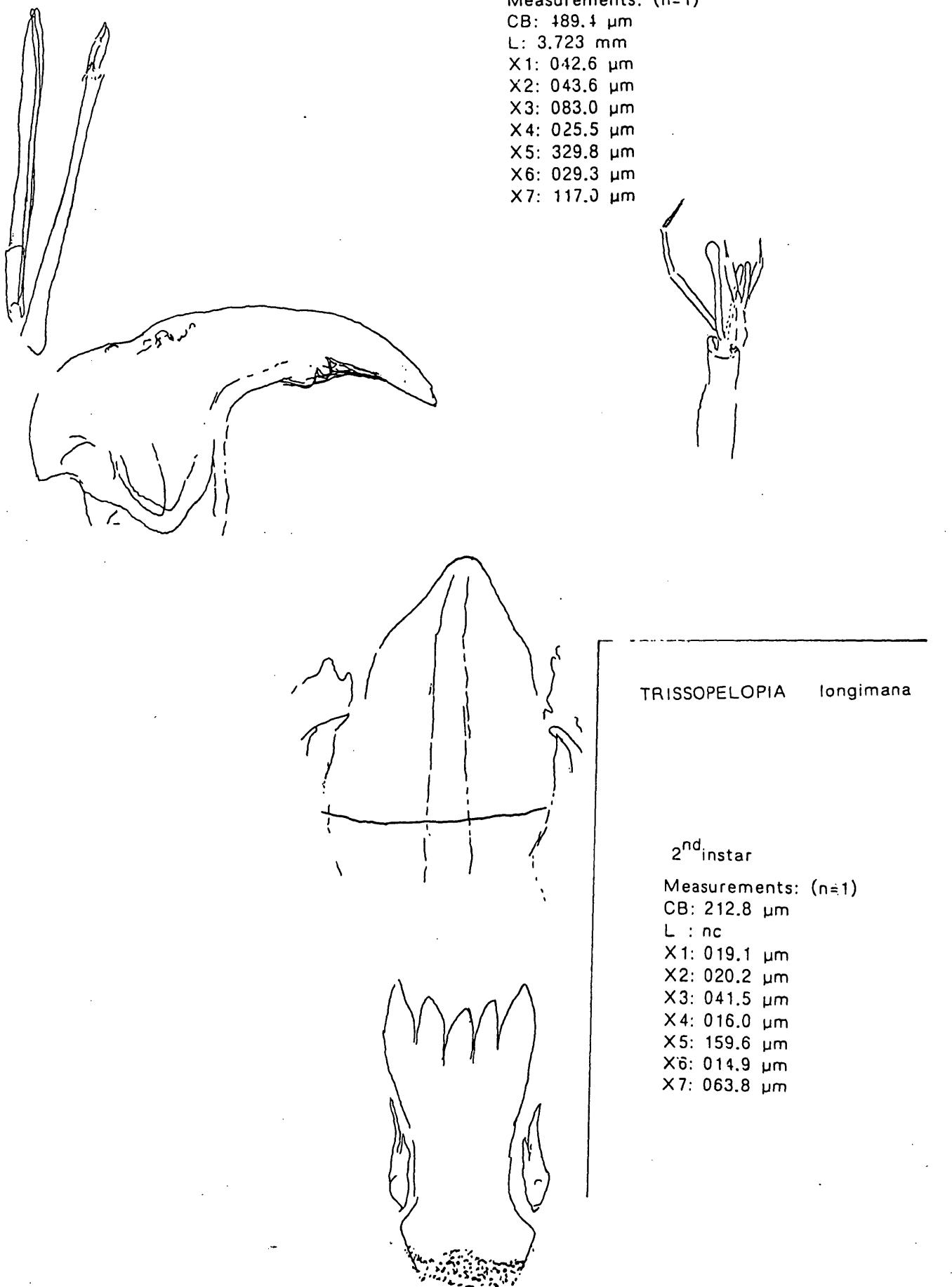
X3: 083.0 μm

X4: 025.5 μm

X5: 329.8 μm

X6: 029.3 μm

X7: 117.0 μm



188

ZAVRELIMYIA signatipennis

P. E. Schmid

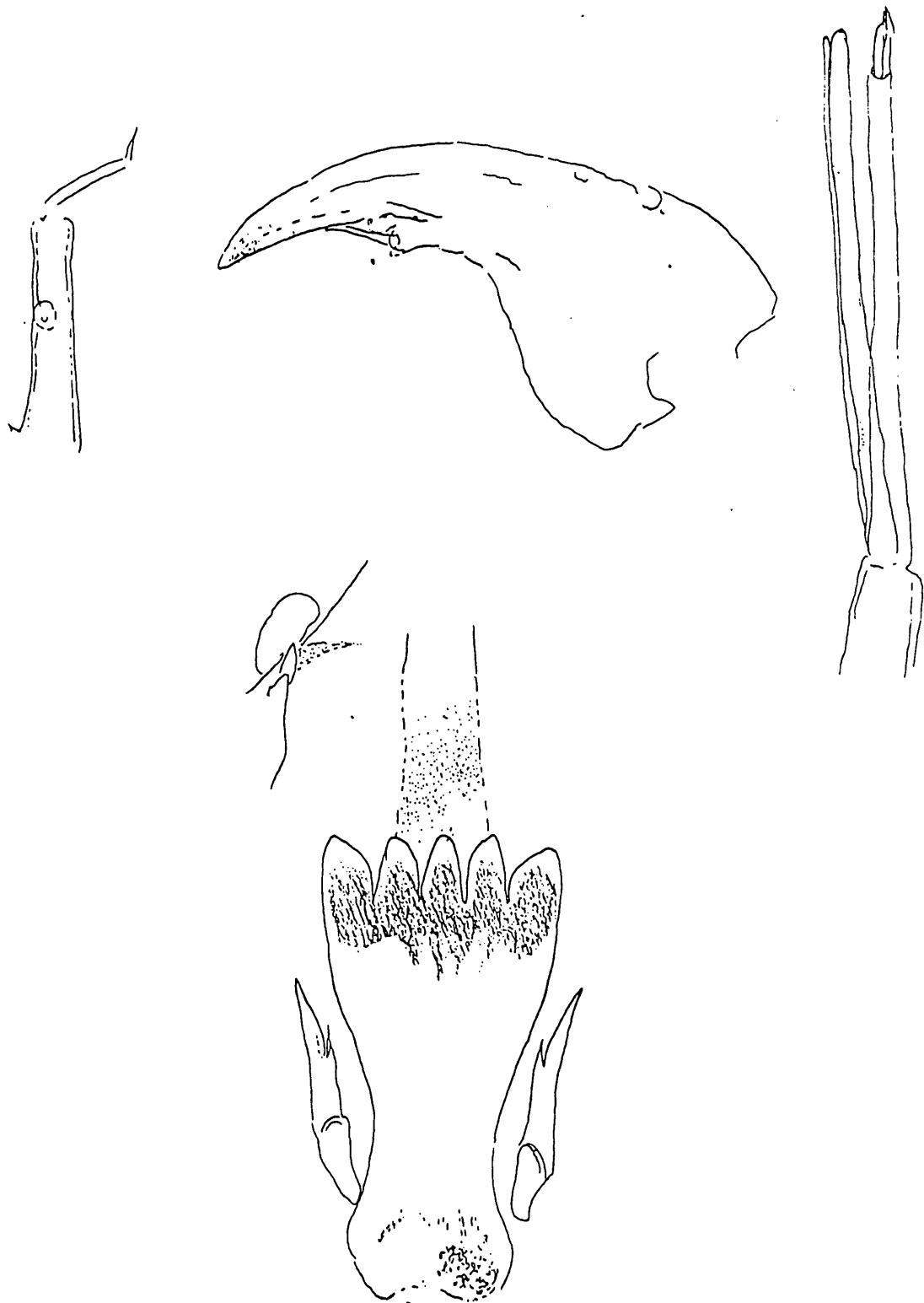
4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin dark;
Maxillary palpus with b-seta: 2-segmented.
Ligula weakly concave with 5 teeth.
Mandible with large blunt basal tooth and
a distinct hump dorsally at base of basal
tooth.

Measurements: none



Chironomid larvae

189

ZAVRELIMYIA signatipennis

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 191.5 μm

L: 1.950 mm

X1: 019.7 μm

X2: 018.1 μm

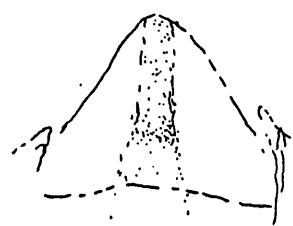
X3: 037.2 μm

X4: 016.5 μm

X5: 129.8 μm

X6: 016.0 μm

X7: 055.3 μm



ZAVRELIMYIA signatipennis

3rd instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 350.0 μm

L: nc

X1: 027.7 μm

X2: 036.2 μm

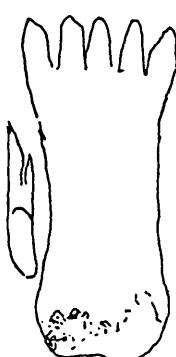
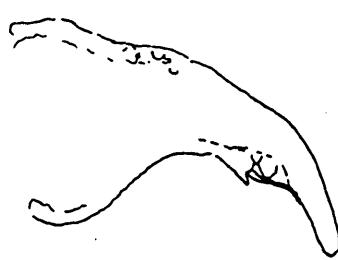
X3: 071.3 μm

X4: 027.7 μm

X5: 287.2 μm

X6: 023.4 μm

X7: .096.8 μm



NILOTANYPUS dubius

4th instar

mag:1000x

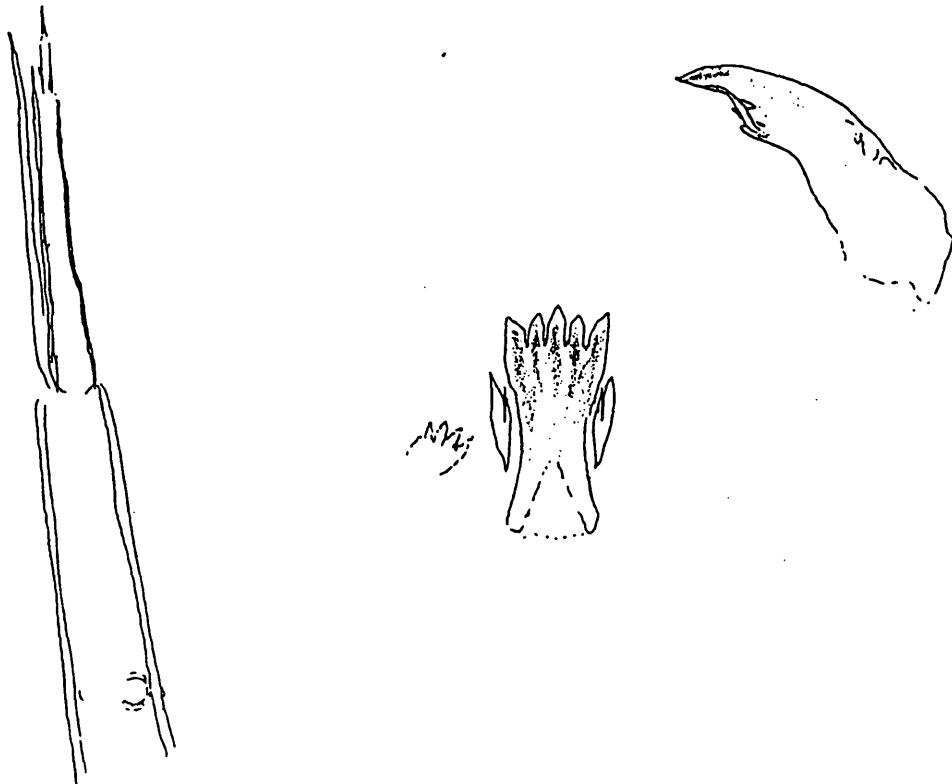
Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black;
 Ligula with 5 teeth; middle tooth extending
 beyond other teeth.

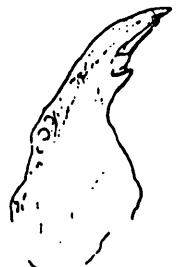
Mandible with large, apically produced basal
 tooth; ventrally on inner edge, a larger pointed
 accessory tooth.

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} : 225.9 μm	(LL: 207.1 UL: 245.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 2.998mm	(LL: 2.806 UL: 3.199mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 021.9 μm	(LL: 021.2 UL: 022.6 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 021.9 μm	(LL: 021.2 UL: 022.6 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 045.3 μm	(LL: 044.3 UL: 046.4 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 021.3 μm	(LL: 020.5 UL: 022.1 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 258.5 μm	(LL: 248.8 UL: 268.3 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 014.2 μm	(LL: 013.8 UL: 014.6 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 066.2 μm	(LL: 063.7 UL: 068.6 μm)



NILOTANYPUS dubius

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB:	\bar{x} :	156.0 μm	(LL:	141.9	UL:	170.2 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	1.812 mm	(LL:	1.346	UL:	2.365 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	014.2 μm	(LL:	013.3	UL:	015.2 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	013.9 μm	(LL:	013.2	UL:	014.7 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	035.5 μm	(LL:	033.4	UL:	037.6 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	016.2 μm	(LL:	015.9	UL:	016.5 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	161.4 μm	(LL:	151.6	UL:	171.2 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	011.7 μm	(LL:	010.9	UL:	012.6 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	046.9 μm	(LL:	042.2	UL:	051.6 μm)

NILOTANYPUS dubius

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB:	\bar{x} :	112.0 μm	(LL:	106.5	UL:	117.5 μm)
L :	\bar{x} :	1.094 mm	(LL:	0.880	UL:	1.332 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} :	007.9 μm	(LL:	006.4	UL:	009.5 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} :	010.5 μm	(LL:	009.7	UL:	011.2 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} :	022.6 μm	(LL:	022.0	UL:	023.3 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} :	011.7 μm	(LL:	010.7	UL:	012.7 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} :	105.6 μm	(LL:	097.0	UL:	114.2 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} :	008.7 μm	(LL:	006.5	UL:	010.8 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} :	036.6 μm	(LL:	035.1	UL:	038.1 μm)



*MACROPELOPIA notata*th₄ instar

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin darkened;
 Ligula with 5 teeth, deeply concave.
 Mandible with one pointed basal tooth.
 Dorsomentum with 7 pairs of teeth.

Measurements: (n=1)

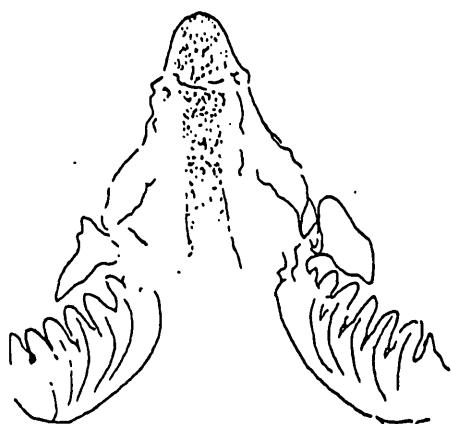
CB: 630.0 μm
 L: 7.900 mm
 X₁: 040.4 μm
 X₂: 056.4 μm
 X₃: 101.1 μm
 X₄: 034.0 μm
 X₅: 176.6 μm
 X₆: 048.9 μm
 X₇: 167.0 μm

*MACROPELOPIA notata*rd₃ instar

mag: 1000

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 410.0 μm
 L: 5.300 mm
 X₁: 023.4 μm
 X₂: 039.4 μm
 X₃: 075.5 μm
 X₄: 026.6 μm
 X₅: 170.2 μm
 X₆: 036.2 μm
 X₇: 111.7 μm

*MACROPELOPIA notata*nd₂ instar

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 310.0 μm
 L: 1.600 mm
 X₁: 021.3 μm
 X₂: 028.7 μm
 X₃: 042.6 μm
 X₄: 023.4 μm
 X₅: 101.1 μm
 X₆: 023.9 μm
 X₇: 050.0 μm

MICROPSECTRA notescens**Diagnosis:**

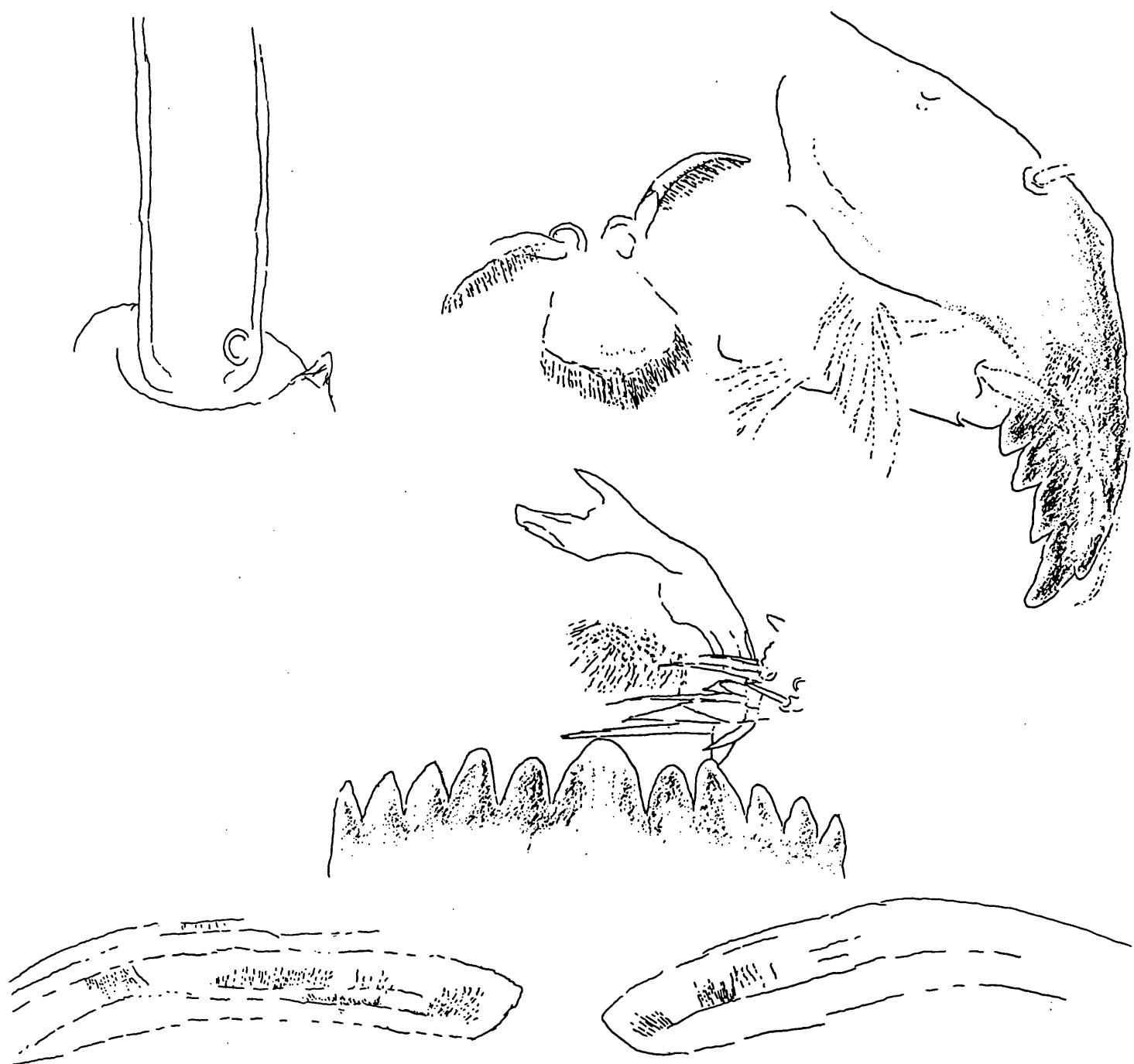
Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black; Ant.5-segmented, placed on pedestals with apical tooth. Lauterborn organ on pedicels. S I comb-like; S II plumose; labral lamellae distinct; Premandible with 2 apical teeth and brush; Mentum with 1 median notched tooth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates close medially.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

C_B: 385.0 µm
 L : 4.200 mm
 X₁: 140.4 µm
 X₂: 023.9 µm
 X₃: 118.0 µm
 X₄: 202.1 µm
 X₅: 100.0 µm
 X₆: 044.7 µm
 X₇: 160.0 µm



194

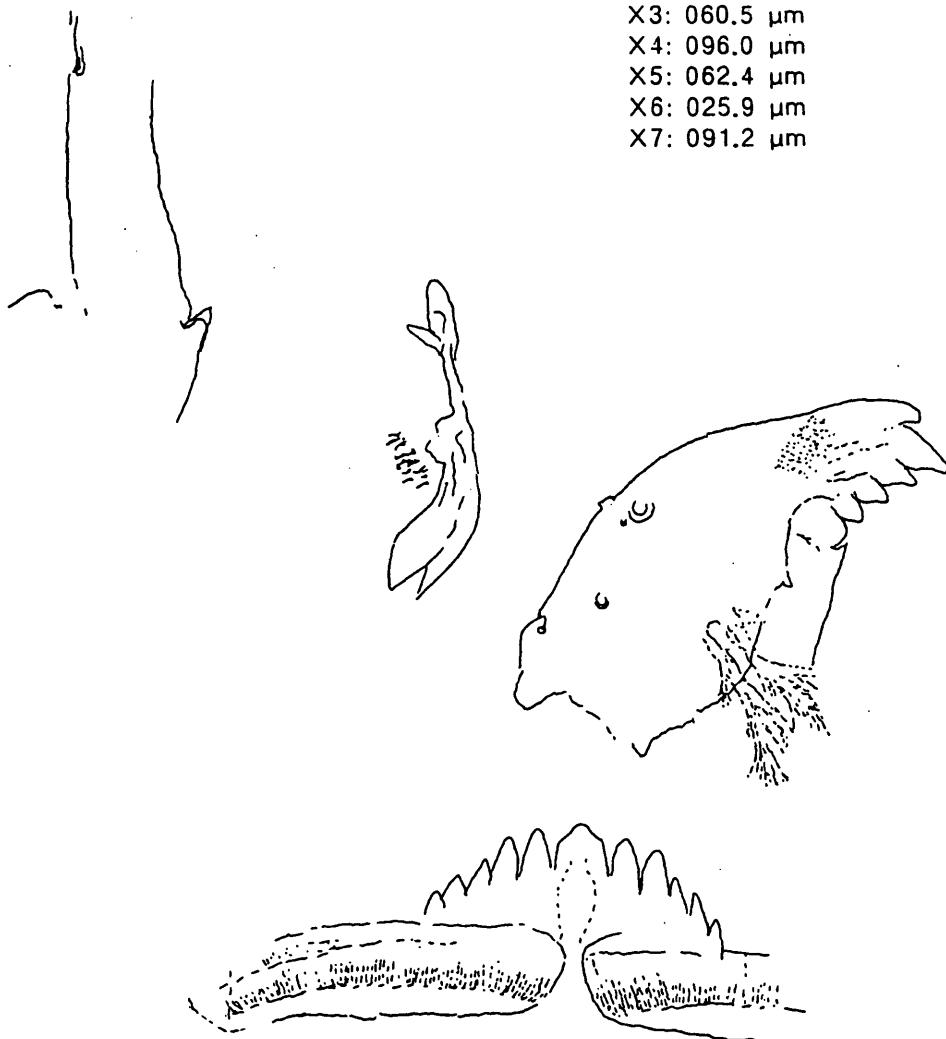
MICROPSECTRA notescens

P. E. Schmid

mag:1000x

3rd instar

Measurements: (n=1)
 CB: 170.0 μm
 L : 1.900 mm
 X1: 075.8 μm
 X2: 011.5 μm
 X3: 060.5 μm
 X4: 096.0 μm
 X5: 062.4 μm
 X6: 025.9 μm
 X7: 091.2 μm

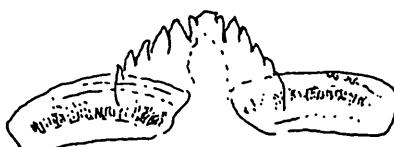


MICROPSECTRA notescens

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)
 CB: 100.0 μm
 L : 0.900 mm
 X1: 031.9 μm
 X2: 003.7 μm
 X3: 023.1 μm
 X4: 021.3 μm
 X5: 037.2 μm
 X6: 010.6 μm
 X7: 032.0 μm



Chironomid larvae

195

MICROPSECTRA sp.1

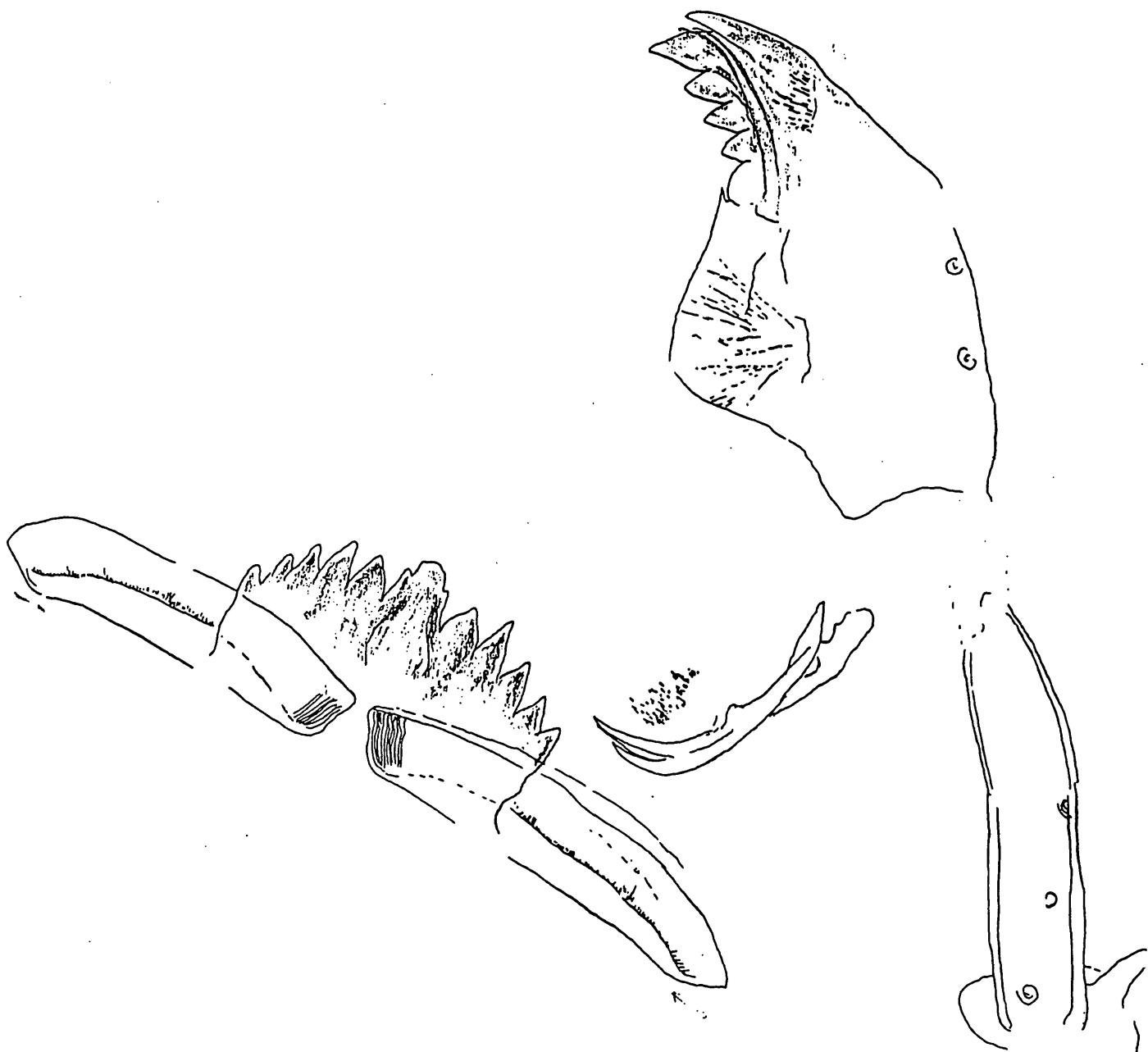
4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:
Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black;
Ant. 5-segmented; placed on pedestals,
bearing apical tooth. Lauterborn organ on
pedicels;
S I comb-like; S II plumose; labral lamellae
distinct; premandible with 2 apical teeth and
brush.
Mentum with 1 median notched tooth and 5
pairs of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates
close medially.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 250.0 μm
L : 2.400 mm
X1: 111.7 μm
X2: 020.2 μm
X3: 100.0 μm
X4: 159.6 μm
X5: 085.1 μm
X6: 045.7 μm
X7: 115.1 μm

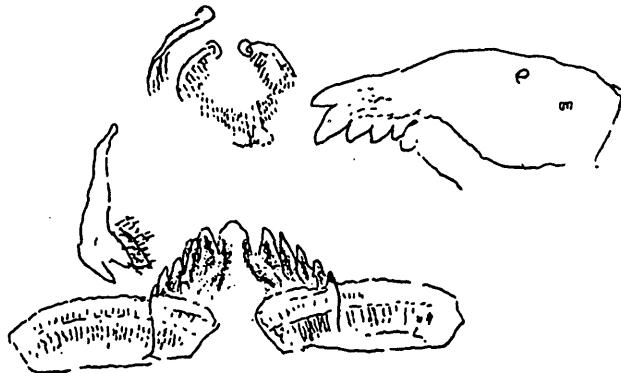


MICROPSECTRA sp.1

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)
CB: 140.0 μm
L : 1.400 mm
X1: 048.9 μm
X2: 007.4 μm
X3: 045.2 μm
X4: 048.9 μm
X5: 054.3 μm
X6: 017.0 μm
X7: 064.9 μm



MICROPSECTRA sp.1

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)
CB: 090.0 μm
L : 1.000 mm
X1: 029.3 μm
X2: 003.2 μm
X3: 020.7 μm
X4: 021.2 μm
X5: 034.0 μm
X6: 010.6 μm
X7: 040.4 μm



Chironomid larvae

197

NEOZAVRELIA sp.

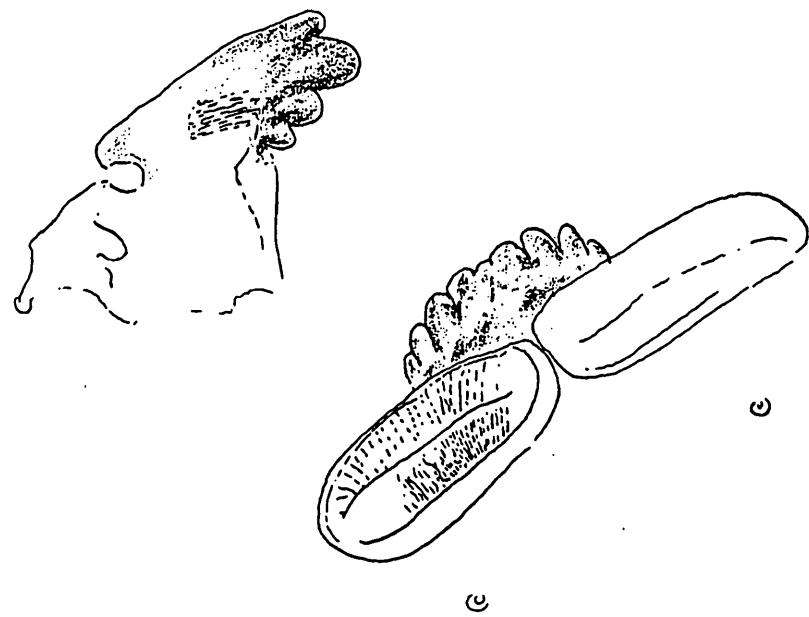
4th instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Caput dark-brown; postoccipital margin black.
Ant. 5-segmented; blade reaching the 3rd segment.
Lauterborn organs placed on broad pedicels
which extend slightly beyond the apex of flagellum.
S I comb-like; S II plumose; Premandible with 2
apical teeth and 1 lateral pale tooth.
Mandible with 2 inner teeth;
Mentum with 1 small median tooth and 4 pairs of
lateral teeth. Ventromental plates very close to-
gether medially.

Measurements: none



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RHEOTANYTARSUS nigricauda

Diagnosis:

Caput light-yellow; postoccipital margin black. Ant. 5-segmented; Lauterborn organs on rather short pedicels only slightly longer than 3rd to 5th segment.

S I plumose; S II plumose; Premandible with 2 apical teeth.

Mentum with 1 median tooth and 5 pairs of lateral teeth; median tooth with 1 to 2 notches laterally. Ventromental plates almost in contact medially.

4th instar

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 215.0 μm (LL: 194.6 UL: 235.7 μm)
L: \bar{x} : 2.350 mm (LL: 1.900 UL: 2.800 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 101.0 μm (LL: 095.7 UL: 106.3 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 097.8 μm (LL: 097.5 UL: 098.0 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 084.1 μm (LL: 083.0 UL: 085.1 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 129.8 μm (LL: 127.7 UL: 131.9 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 052.1 μm (LL: 046.8 UL: 057.4 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 034.6 μm (LL: 034.0 UL: 035.1 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 118.6 μm (LL: 117.0 UL: 120.2 μm)

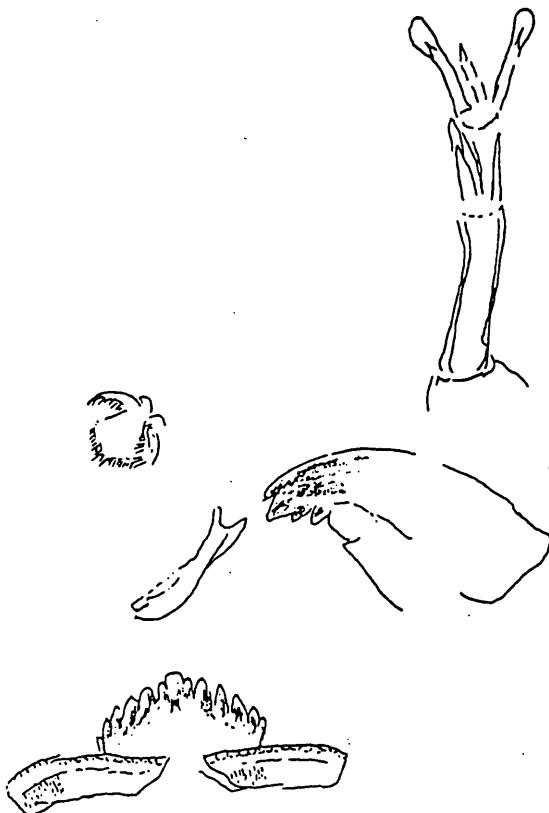
RHEOTANYTARSUS nigricauda

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=2)

CB: \bar{x} : 163.9 μm (LL: 157.2 UL: 170.8 μm)
L: \bar{x} : 1.900 mm (LL: 1.700 UL: 2.100 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 069.5 μm (LL: 064.4 UL: 074.5 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 004.6 μm (LL: 004.3 UL: 004.8 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 052.7 μm (LL: 052.1 UL: 053.2 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 071.3 μm (LL: 070.2 UL: 072.3 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 038.0 μm (LL: 038.0 UL: 038.0 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 020.2 μm (LL: 019.1 UL: 021.3 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 077.1 μm (LL: 074.4 UL: 079.8 μm)



RHEOTANYTARSUS nigricauda

2nd instar

Measurements: (n=3)

CB: \bar{x} : 120.0 μm (LL: 110.0 UL: 130.0 μm)
L: \bar{x} : 1.550 mm (LL: 1.300 UL: 1.800 mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 044.2 μm (LL: 043.6 UL: 044.7 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 003.2 μm (LL: 003.2 UL: 003.2 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 034.9 μm (LL: 033.5 UL: 037.2 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 033.1 μm (LL: 031.9 UL: 034.0 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 030.0 μm (LL: 029.5 UL: 030.8 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 014.0 μm (LL: 012.8 UL: 016.0 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 053.9 μm (LL: 053.2 UL: 055.2 μm)

STEMPELLINA bausei

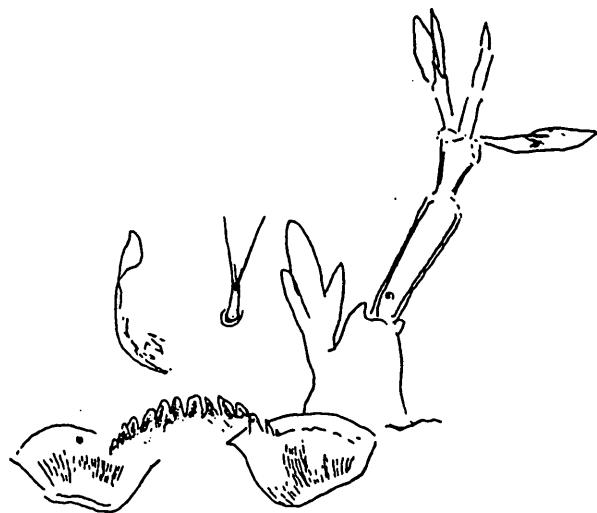
3rd instar

mag:1000x

Diagnosis:

Measurements: none

Caput greyish; postoccipital margin darkened:
2 knob-like processes posteriorly; Ant.5-segmented, situated on pedestal bearing palpate process mesally. 2nd segment bearing style and paired Lauterborn organs distally.
S I comb-like; S II plumose; labral lamellae distinct.
Mnetum with 1 median rounded tooth and
6 pairs of lateral teeth.



STEMPELLINELLA brevis**Diagnosis:**

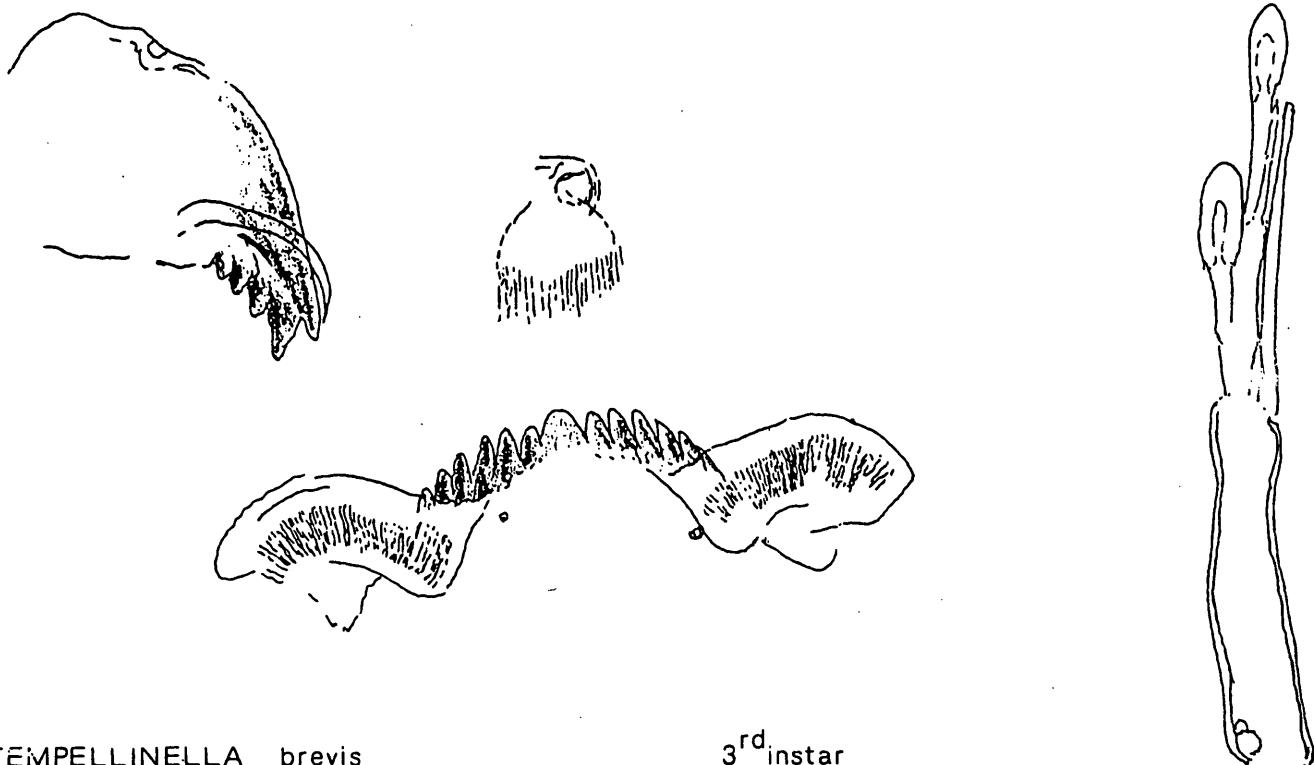
Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin darkened; Ant.5-segmented; 2nd segment with one pair of alternate Lauterborn organs; S I comb-like, S II plumose; Labral lamellae distinct., premandible with 2 apical teeth. Mentum with 1 median rounded tooth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth. Ventromental plates fan-shaped and widely separated medially.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=5)

CB: \bar{x} : 166.7 μm (LL: 152.4 UL: 181.1 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.900mm (LL: 1.700 UL: 2.100mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 042.2 μm (LL: 039.5 UL: 045.0 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 007.7 μm (LL: 007.1 UL: 008.4 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 027.8 μm (LL: 022.5 UL: 033.4 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 062.6 μm (LL: 054.6 UL: 070.6 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 050.9 μm (LL: 021.6 UL: 080.9 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 022.0 μm (LL: 020.7 UL: 023.3 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 078.4 μm (LL: 069.9 UL: 086.9 μm)

**STEMPELLINELLA brevis****3rd instar****Measurements: (n=2)**

CB: \bar{x} : 120.0 μm (LL: 110.0 UL: 130.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.350mm (LL: 1.300 UL: 1.400mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 037.5 μm (LL: 035.6 UL: 039.4 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 005.7 μm (LL: 005.6 UL: 005.8 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 021.3 μm (LL: 019.8 UL: 022.8 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 032.8 μm (LL: 030.9 UL: 034.6 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 044.5 μm (LL: 042.6 UL: 046.3 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 012.6 μm (LL: 012.2 UL: 012.9 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 053.2 μm (LL: 052.1 UL: 054.3 μm)

STEMPELLINELLA brevis**2nd instar****Measurements: (n=2)**

CB: \bar{x} : 095.0 μm (LL: 090.0 UL: 100.0 μm)
L : \bar{x} : 1.000mm (LL: 0.800 UL: 1.200mm)
X1: \bar{x} : 021.2 μm (LL: 021.2 UL: 021.2 μm)
X2: \bar{x} : 003.0 μm (LL: 002.7 UL: 003.3 μm)
X3: \bar{x} : 014.7 μm (LL: 012.8 UL: 016.5 μm)
X4: \bar{x} : 016.0 μm (LL: 013.3 UL: 018.6 μm)
X5: \bar{x} : 031.6 μm (LL: 031.2 UL: 031.9 μm)
X6: \bar{x} : 009.8 μm (LL: 009.0 UL: 010.6 μm)
X7: \bar{x} : 035.4 μm (LL: 034.6 UL: 036.1 μm)

Chironomid larvae

201

TANYTARSUS sp.1

4th instar

mag:1000X

Diagnosis:

Measurements: none

Caput greyish; postoccipital margin light;

Ant.5-segmented; pedestals without spurs.

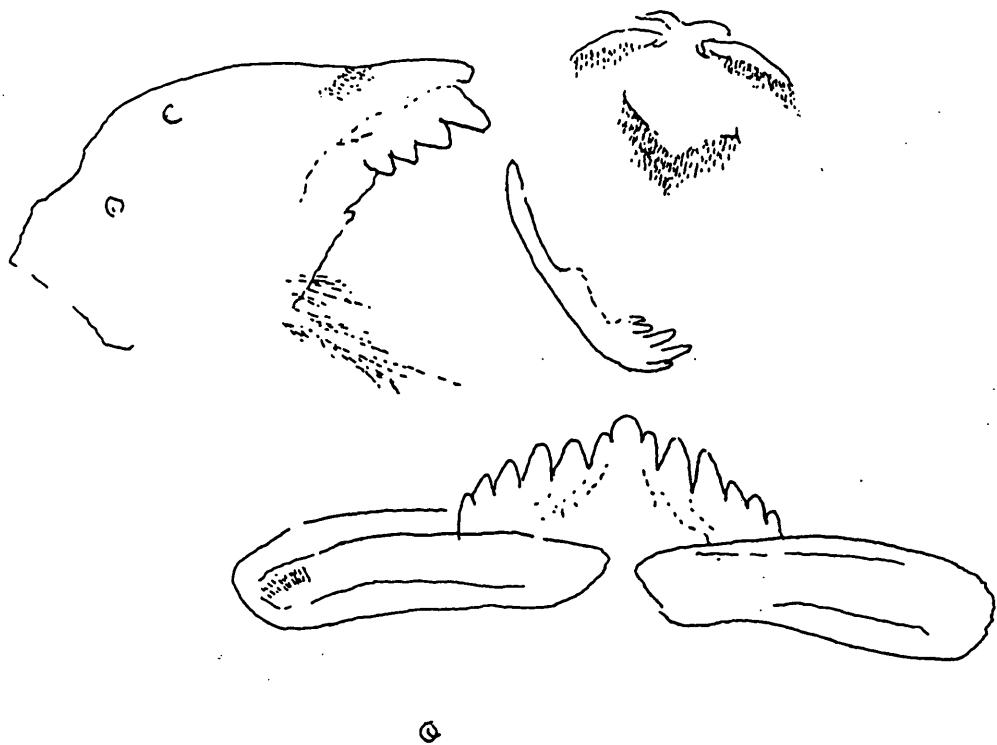
2nd segment more transparent than 1st.

Lauterborn organs small and indistinct

situated on long pedicels.

S I comb-like; S II plumose; premandible with
4 apical teeth.

Mentum with rounded median tooth and 5 pairs
of lateral teeth; Ventromental plates narrowly
separated.

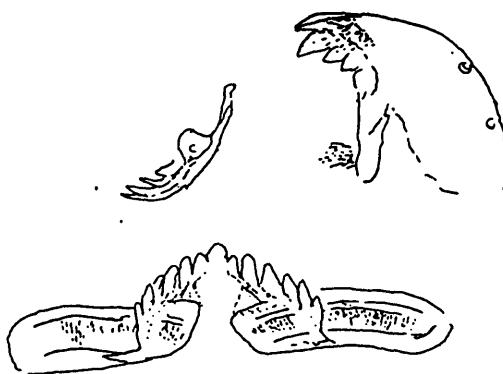


TANYTARSUS sp.1

3rd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: none



MICROTENDIPES pedellus grp.

4th instar

mag:1000X

Diagnosis:

Caput yellow; postoccipital margin black.
 Ant. 6-segmented; blade not reaching the apex of 6th segment;
 S I plumose; pecten epipharyngis with 3 broad teeth; premandible with 2 apical teeth and 1 small tooth more proximal.
 Mandible with a paler dorsal tooth;
 Mentum with trifid median tooth, pale in colour and the middle tooth is very indistinct. 6 pairs of lateral brownish teeth; 1st lateral tooth narrowest and lower than second.
 Ventromental plates strongly curved.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 455.0 μm
 L: 4.250 mm
 X1: 128.7 μm
 X2: 050.0 μm
 X3: 095.7 μm
 X4: 104.3 μm
 X5: 092.6 μm
 X6: 071.3 μm
 X7: 234.0 μm



MICROTENDIPES pedellus grp.

Chironomid larvae

3rd instar

203

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 340.0 µm

L: nc

X1: 092.6 µm

X2: 029.8 µm

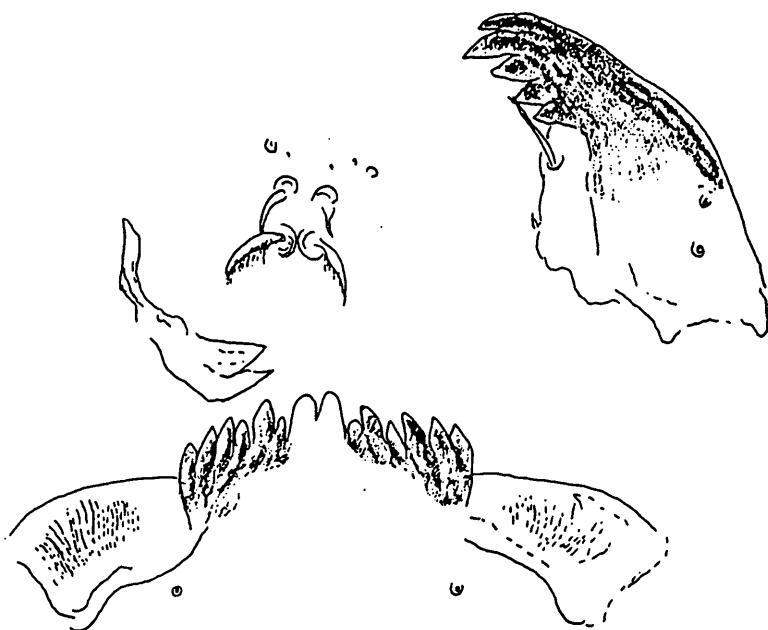
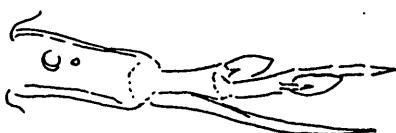
X3: 066.0 µm

X4: 056.4 µm

X5: 070.7 µm

X6: 049.5 µm

X7: 113.6 µm



MICROTENDIPES pedellus grp.

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 190.0 µm

L: nc

X1: 054.3 µm

X2: 033.3 µm

X3: 037.2 µm

X4: 031.4 µm

X5: 048.9 µm

X6: 027.7 µm

X7: 086.2 µm

PARACLADOPELMA camptolabis grp.

Diagnosis:

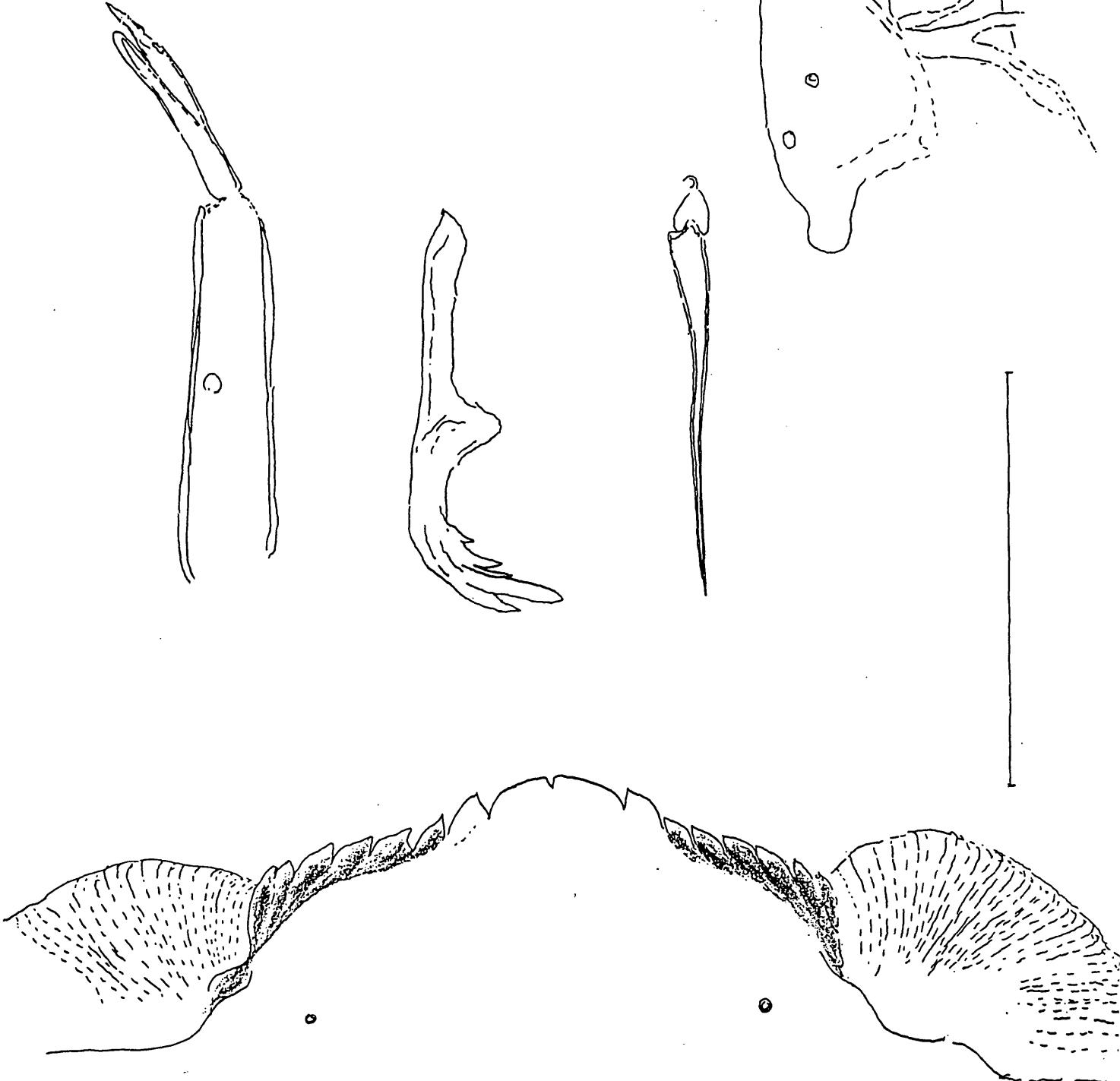
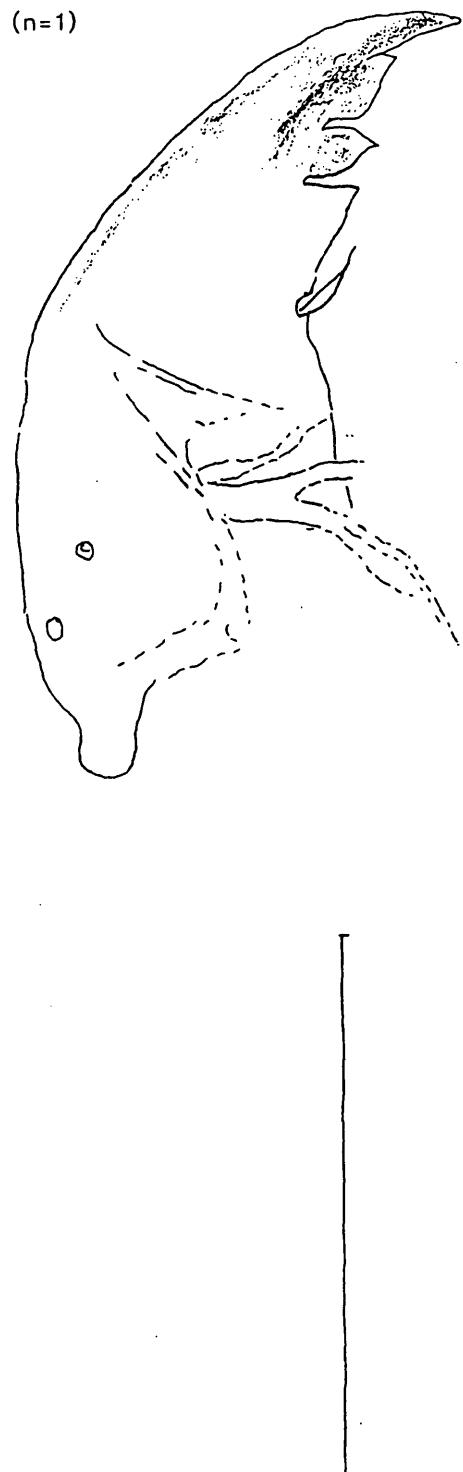
Caput brown; postoccipital margin black.
Ant.5-segmented; blade fused with 2nd
segment at the base.
S I, S III small; S II long, simple. Pre-
mandible with 5 apical teeth.
Mandible without dorsal tooth; 3 inner
pointed teeth.
Mentum with 2 median teeth and 7
pairs of lateral teeth; 2 median teeth
and 1st pair of laterals pale in colour.

4th instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 330.0 μm
L : nc
X1: 099.8 μm
X2: 030.7 μm
X3: 053.8 μm
X4: 081.6 μm
X5: 044.2 μm
X6: 039.4 μm
X7: 146.9 μm



4th instar

mag:1000x

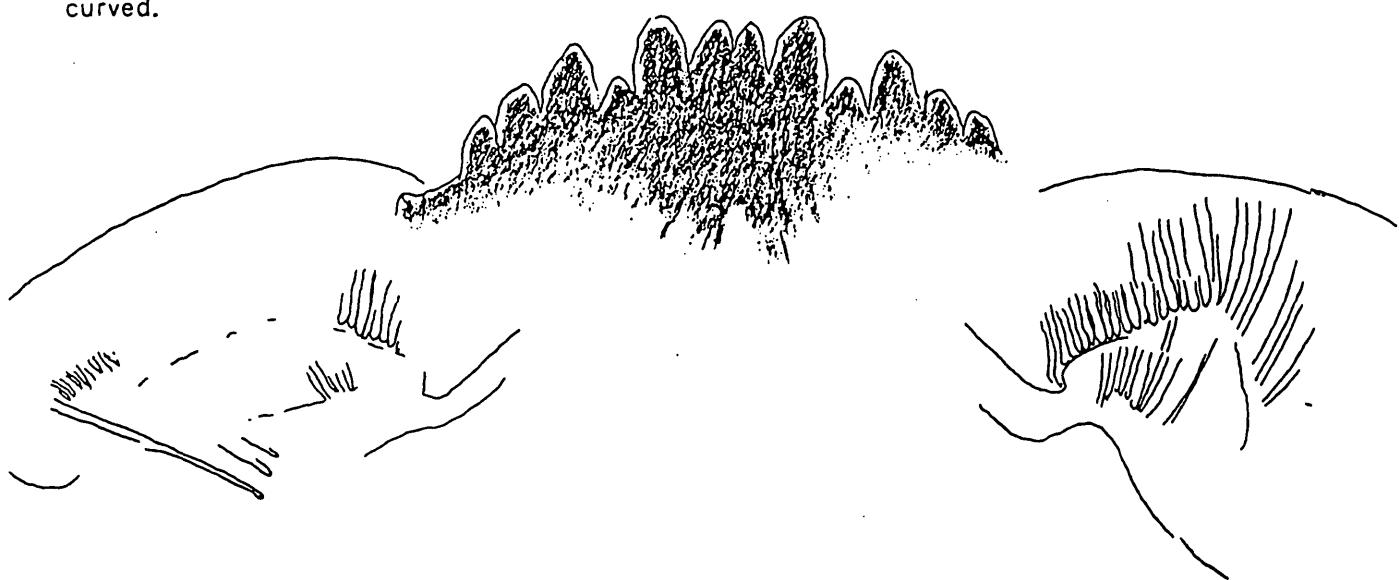
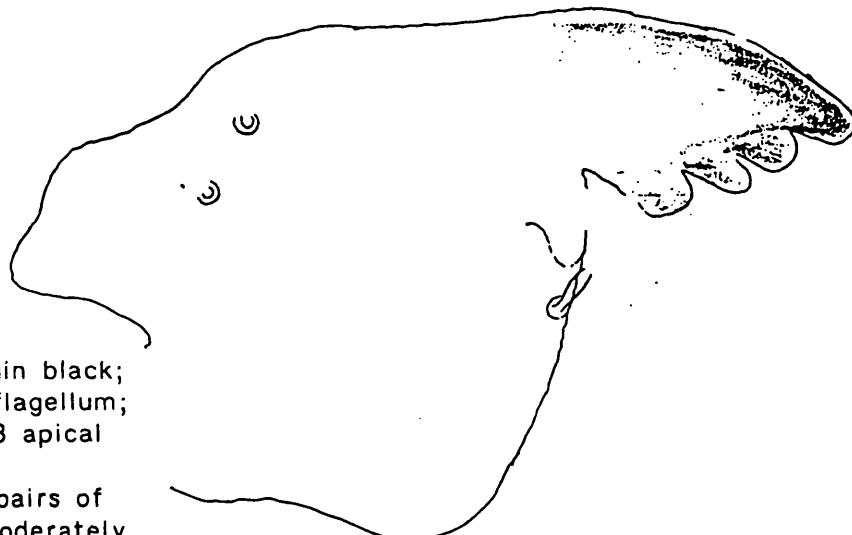
Measurements: none

PHAENOPSECTRA flavipes

Diagnosis:

Caput dark-brown; postoccipital margin black;
Ant. 5-segmented; blade as long as flagellum;
S I, S II plumose; premandible with 3 apical
teeth.

Mentum with 4 median teeth and 6 pairs of
lateral teeth. Ventromental plates moderately
curved.



3rd instar

Measurements: (n=3)

CB:	\bar{x} : 178.7 μm	(LL: 150.0 UL: 210.0 μm)
L :	\bar{x} : 2.700 mm	(LL: 2.500 UL: 2.900 mm)
X1:	\bar{x} : 048.7 μm	(LL: 041.3 UL: 056.6 μm)
X2:	\bar{x} : 019.2 μm	(LL: 018.2 UL: 020.2 μm)
X3:	\bar{x} : 045.4 μm	(LL: 043.2 UL: 048.0 μm)
X4:	\bar{x} : 028.1 μm	(LL: 026.8 UL: 028.8 μm)
X5:	\bar{x} : 036.2 μm	(LL: 033.6 UL: 038.4 μm)
X6:	\bar{x} : 020.4 μm	(LL: 020.2 UL: 021.1 μm)
X7:	\bar{x} : 079.8 μm	(LL: 076.8 UL: 081.6 μm)

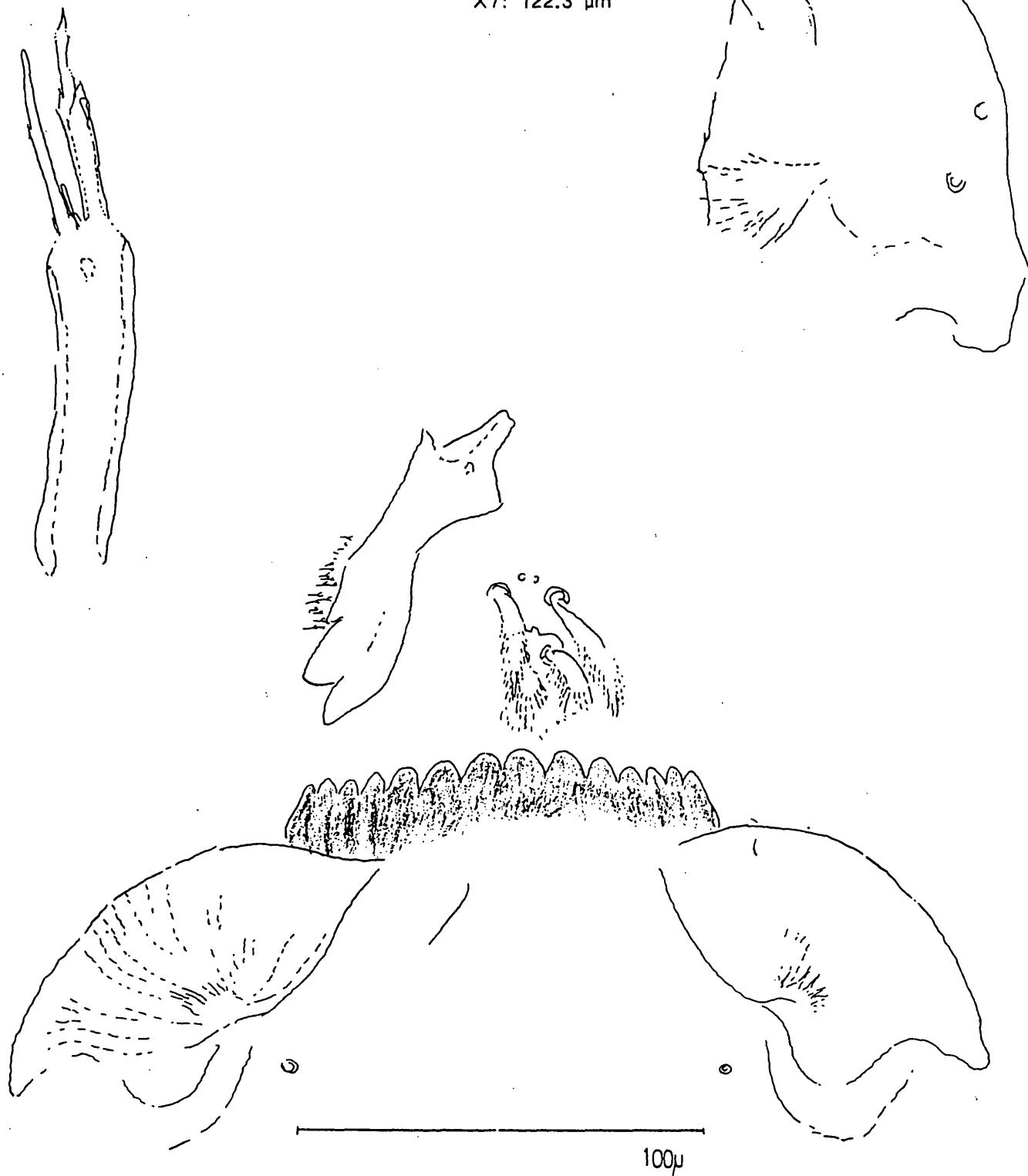
POLYPEDILUM albicorne**Diagnosis:**

Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black; Ant. 5-segmented;
 S I, SII plumose; premandible with 2 apical teeth.
 Mentum with 4 median teeth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth; nearly all equal in size. Ventromental plates widely separated.

4th instar**Measurements: (n=1)**

C3: 270.0 μm
 L : 4.200 mm
 X1: 099.5 μm
 X2: 037.2 μm
 X3: 086.7 μm
 X4: 053.2 μm
 X5: 048.9 μm
 X6: 037.7 μm
 X7: 122.3 μm

mag:1000x



Chironomid larvae

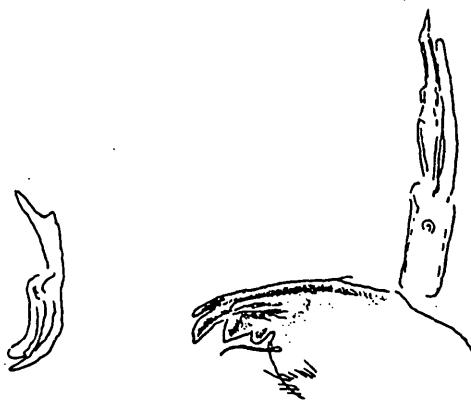
POLYPEDILUM albicorne

2nd instar

mag:1000x

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 130.0 μm
 L : 1.500 mm
 X1: 037.8 μm
 X2: 014.4 μm
 X3: 026.5 μm
 X4: 016.5 μm
 X5: 028.7 μm
 X6: 013.8 μm
 X7: 046.8 μm



POLYPEDILUM sp.

1th instar

Diagnosis:
 Caput light-grey; postoccipital margin black; Ant.5-segmented;
 S I , S II plumose; premandible with 2 apical teeth.
 Mentum with 4 median teeth, within the innermost 2 teeth higher than the 2nd pair of median teeth and 6 pairs of lateral teeth, all brownish in colour.
 Ventromental plates widely separated.

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 330.0 μm
 L : 6.300 mm
 X1: 108.5 μm
 X2: 042.6 μm
 X3: 096.8 μm
 X4: 057.4 μm
 X5: 051.1 μm
 X6: 040.4 μm
 X7: 152.1 μm

POLYPEDILUM sp.

*2nd instar*

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 110.0 μm
 L : 2.000 mm
 X1: 032.9 μm
 X2: 011.1 μm
 X3: 031.9 μm
 X4: 021.3 μm
 X5: 031.0 μm
 X6: 014.9 μm
 X7: 055.3 μm

mag:1000x

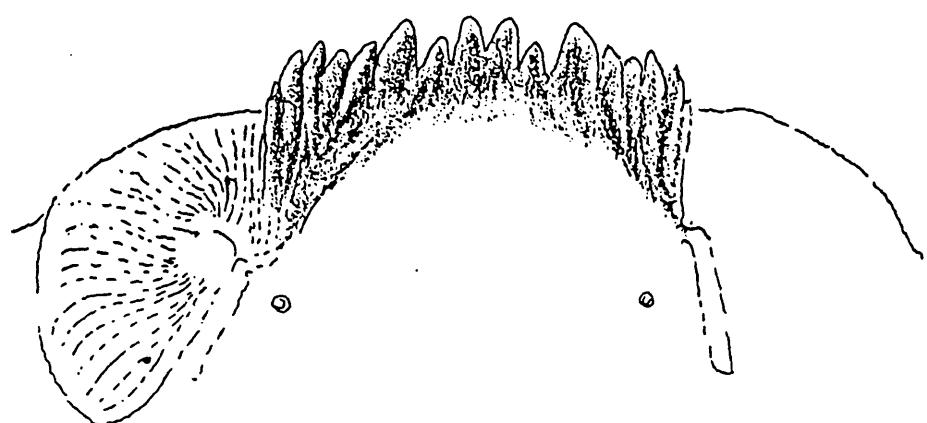


POLYPEDILUM sp.

*3rd instar*

Measurements: (n=1)

CB: 220.0 μm
 L : 3.200 mm
 X1: 063.8 μm
 X2: 091.1 μm
 X3: 047.3 μm
 X4: 027.7 μm
 X5: 035.1 μm
 X6: 021.9 μm
 X7: 078.1 μm



mag:1000x

 100 μm

REGRESSION ANALYSES

Based on the Model I Regression Analysis (SOKAL and ROHLF 1969) three two-state characters (X_1/X_3 ; X_1/X_2 ; CB/X_4) were randomly choosen out of $7X$ -character- and CB- measurements. X_1 and CB were evaluated as the least dependent variables within the set of characters.

All species and their instars represented by ≥ 9 n of measurements per character unit were taken for the analyses.

In all cases the correlation between the different characters within the instars of a species showed a very high significance ($*** = P < 0.001$).

95 % confidence limits for the regression coefficient and for the μ_x corresponding to \bar{x} were computed and plotted showing the significance of the regression analyses.

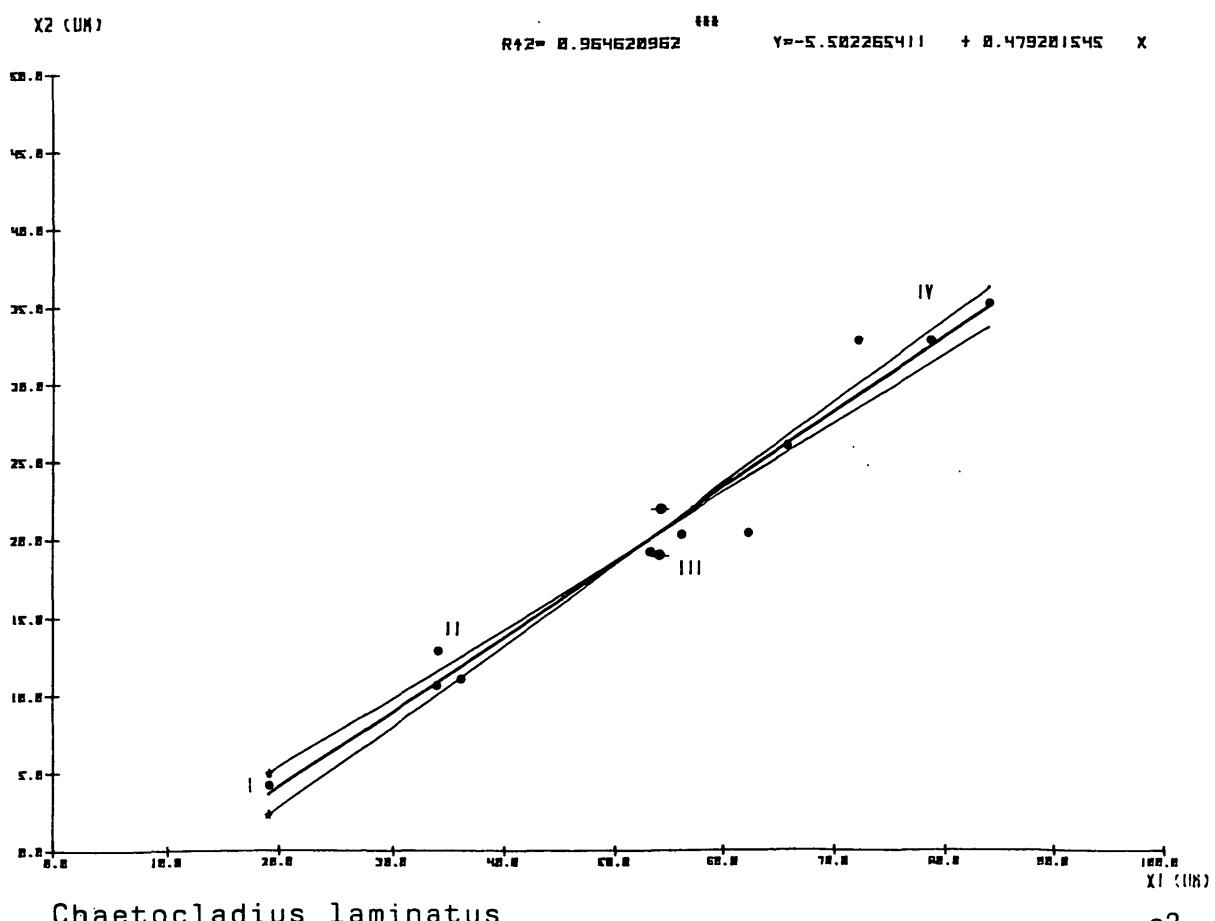
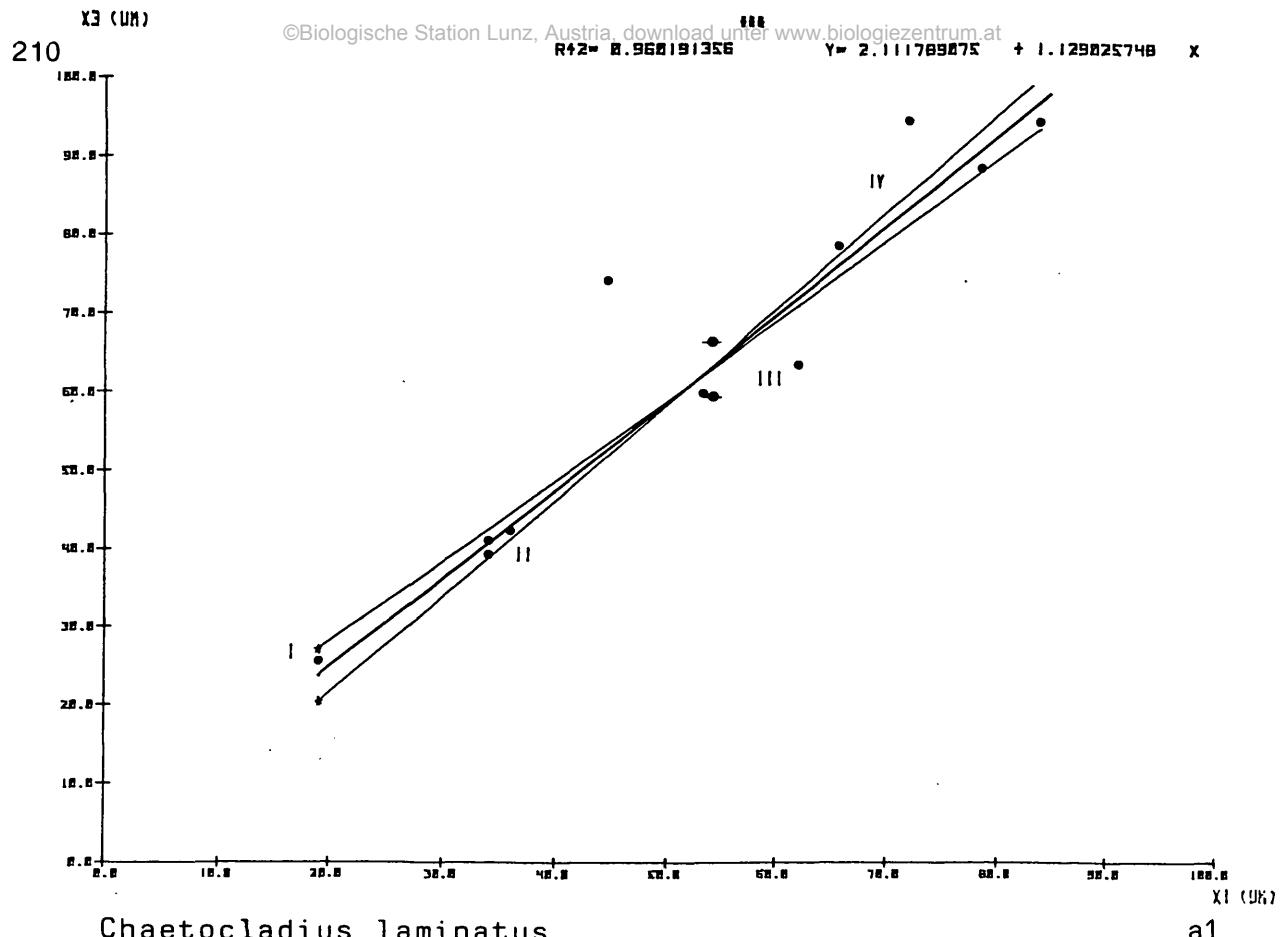
Abbreviations:

- 95% confidence limits of the regression line (UL and LL)
- regression line
- two-state characters
- 95% confidence limits for the regression coefficient (UL and LL)
- * 95% confidence limits for the μ_x (UL and LL).

Reference:

SOKAL R.R. and ROHLF F.J. 1969 BIOMETRY

The principles and practice of statistics
in biological research Freeman &Co. S.Francisco



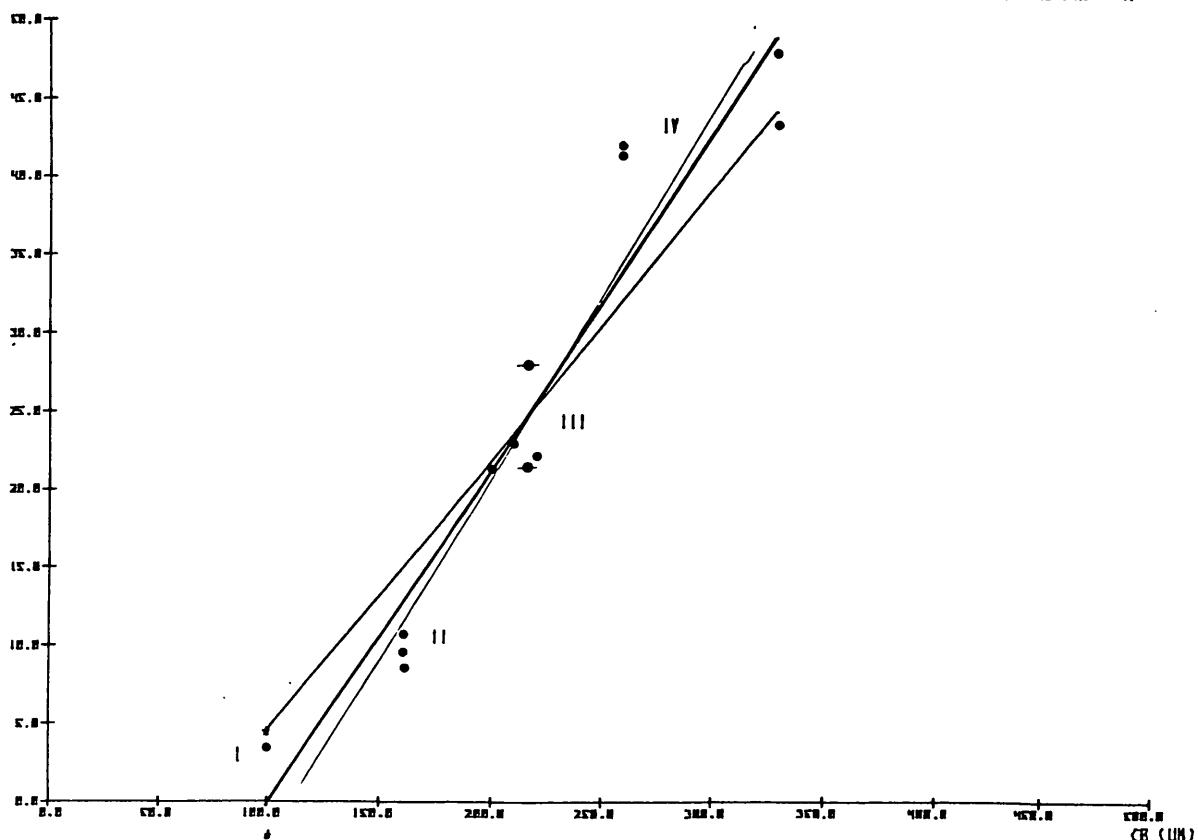
X4 (UM)

©Biologische Station Lunz, Austria, download unter www.biologiezentrum.atR²= 0.921546998

Y= 21.57752058

+ 0.213389342

x 211

*Chaetocadius laminatus*

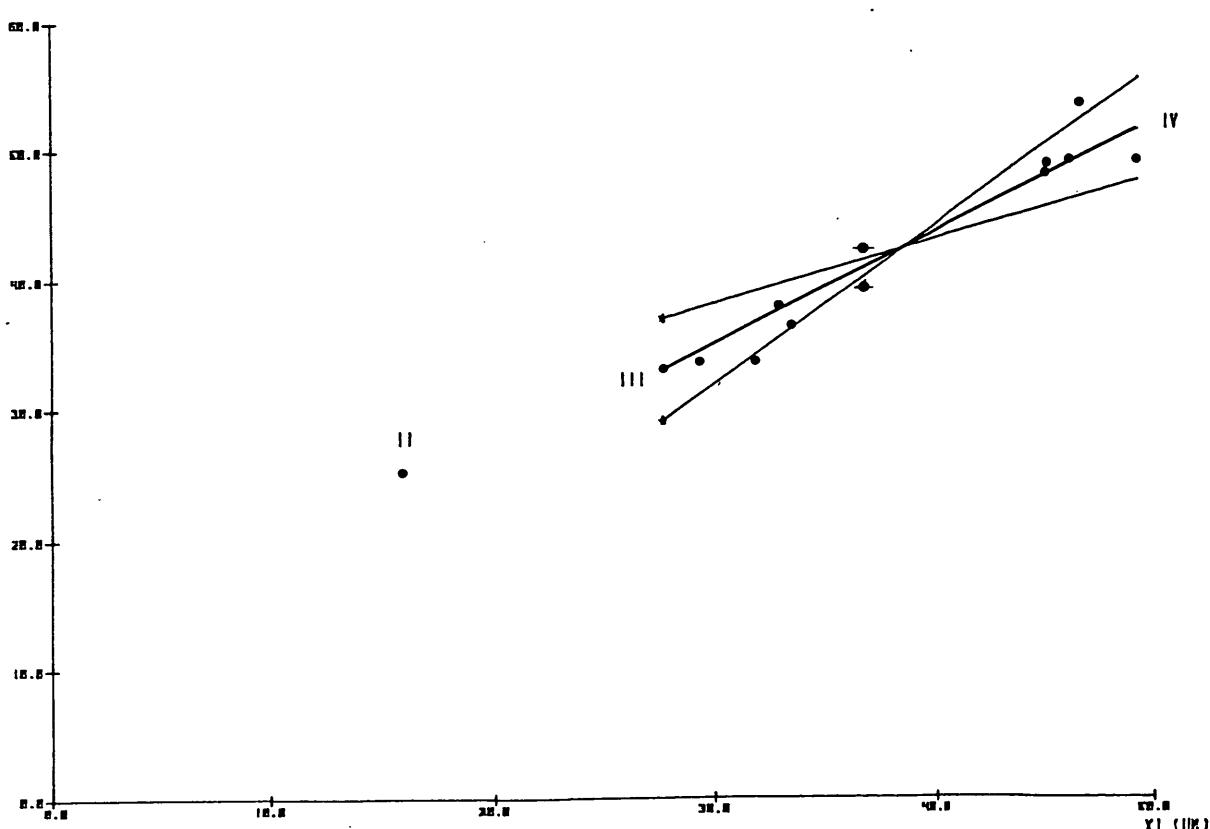
a3

X3 (UM)

R²= 0.952717478

Y= 9.377026207 + 0.848720217

x

*Corynoneura lobata*

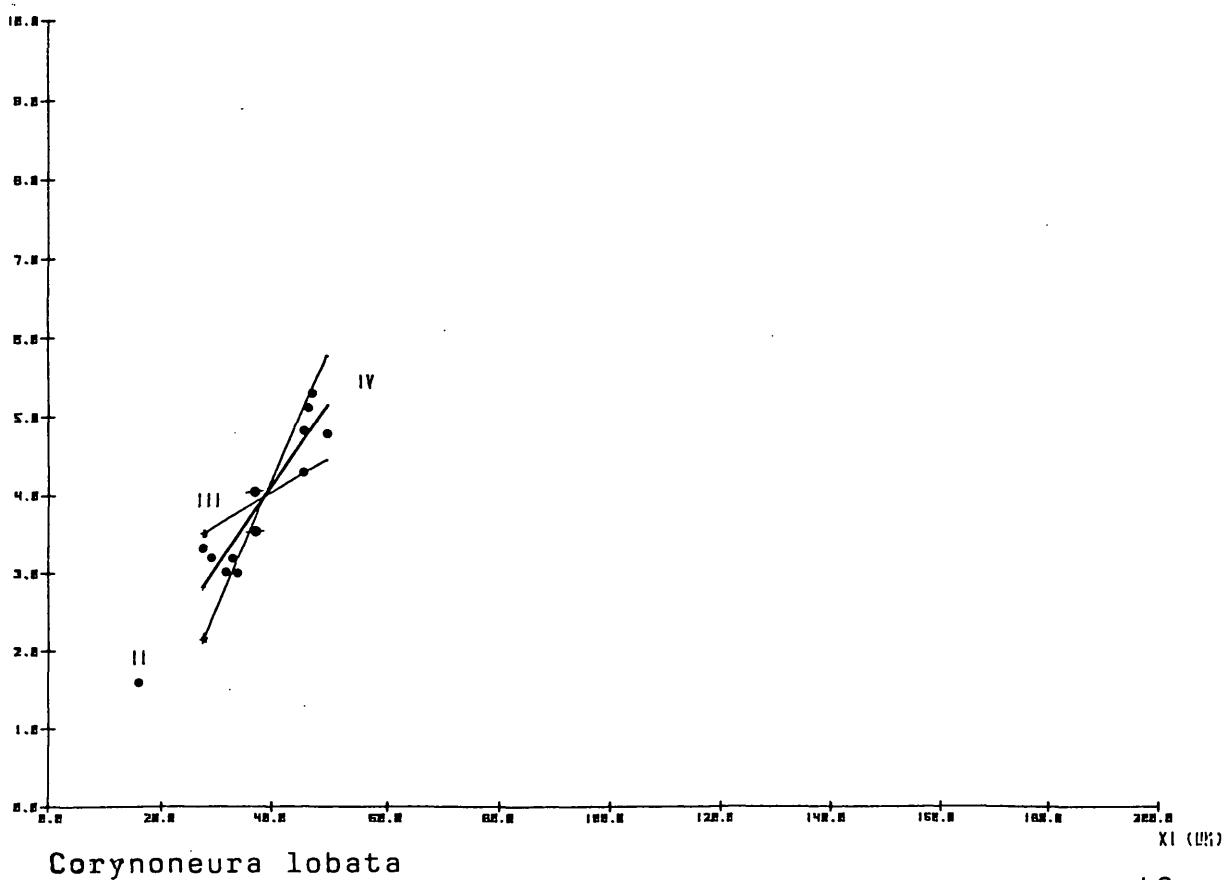
b1

X2 (UM)
212

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R²= 0.915443237

Y=-0.859882175 + 0.104549268 X

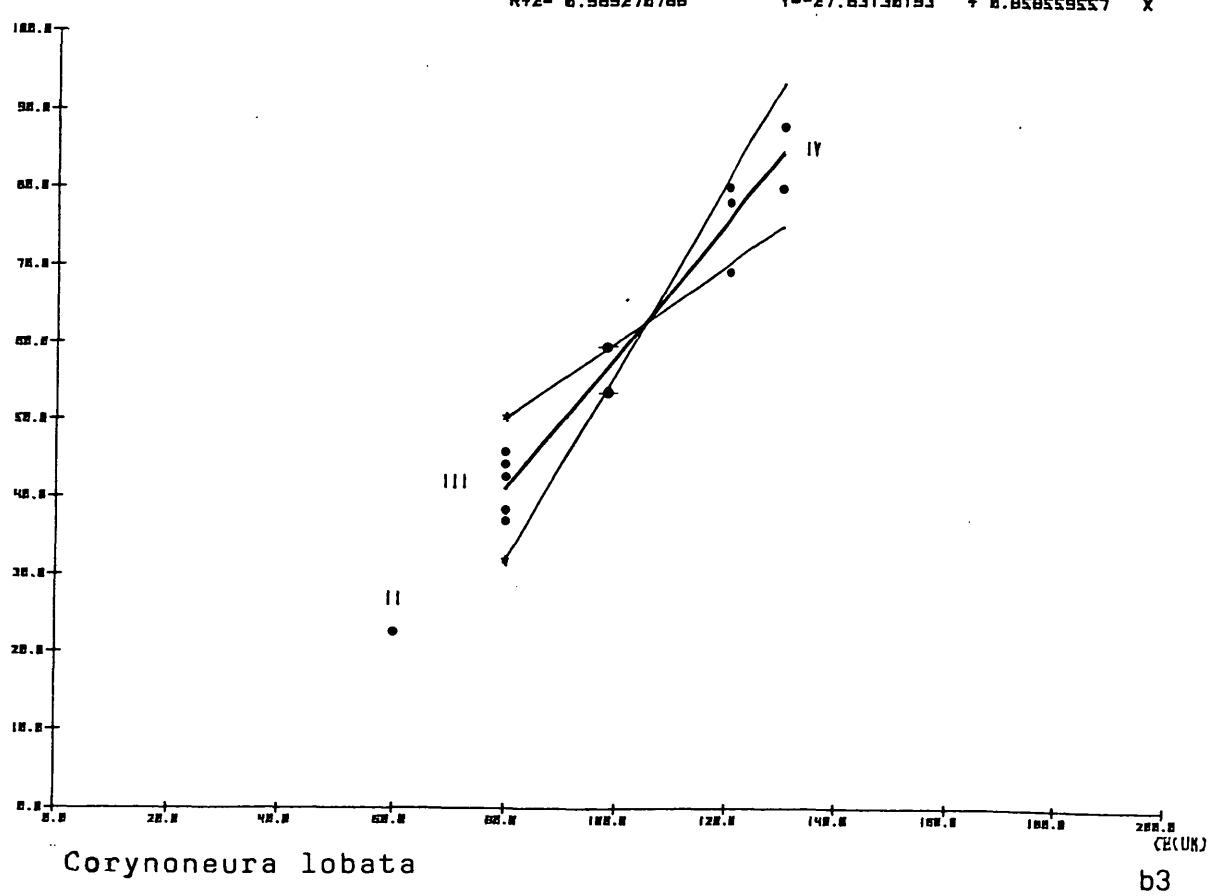


b2

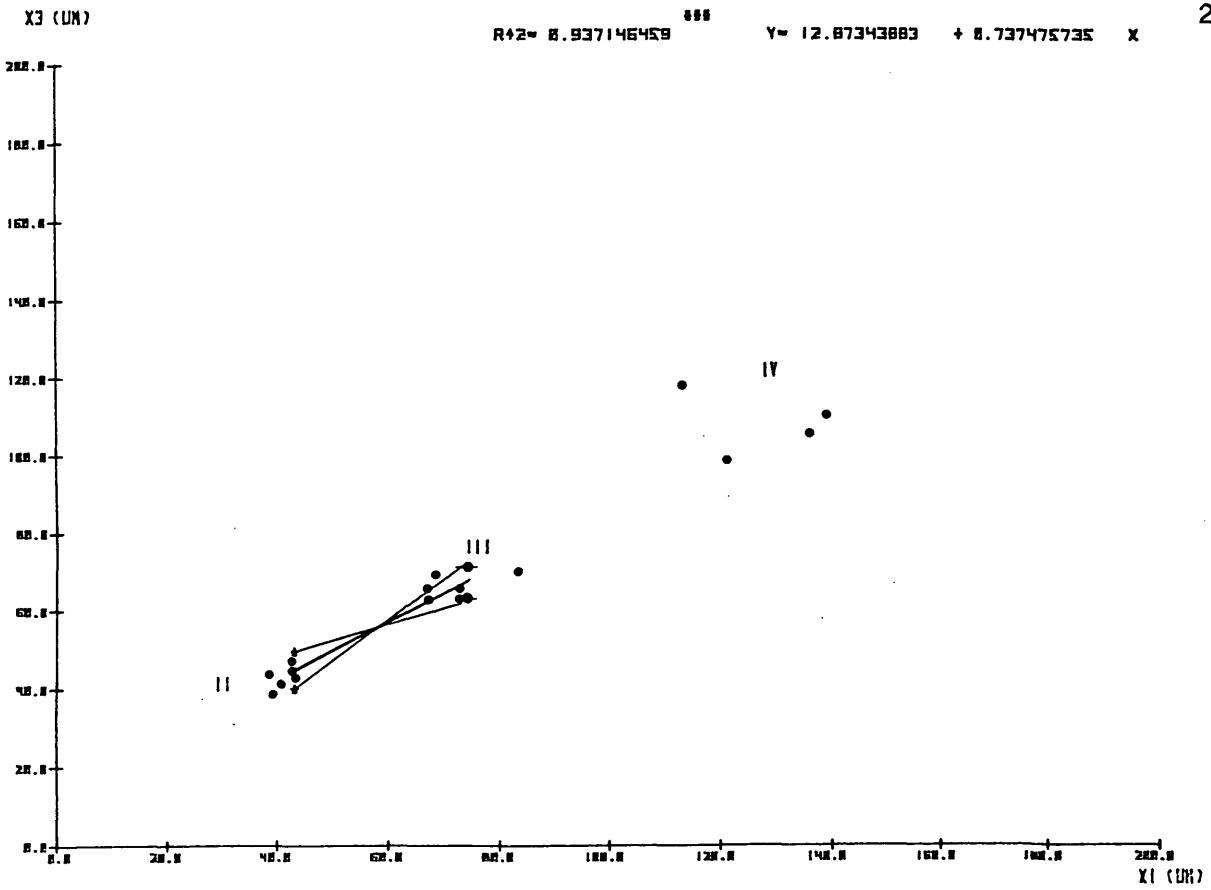
X4 (UM)

R²= 0.969270768 ***

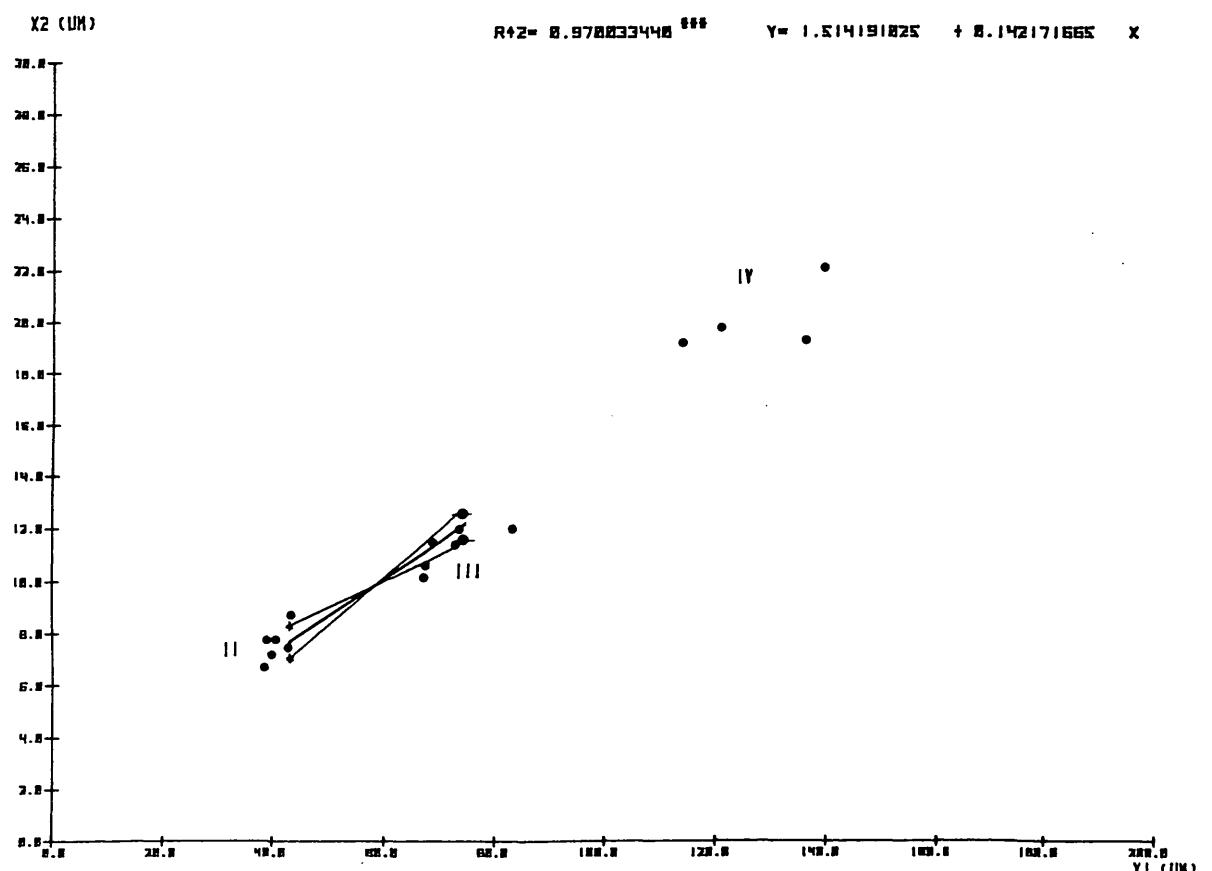
Y=-27.63138193 + 0.858559557 X



b3



c1



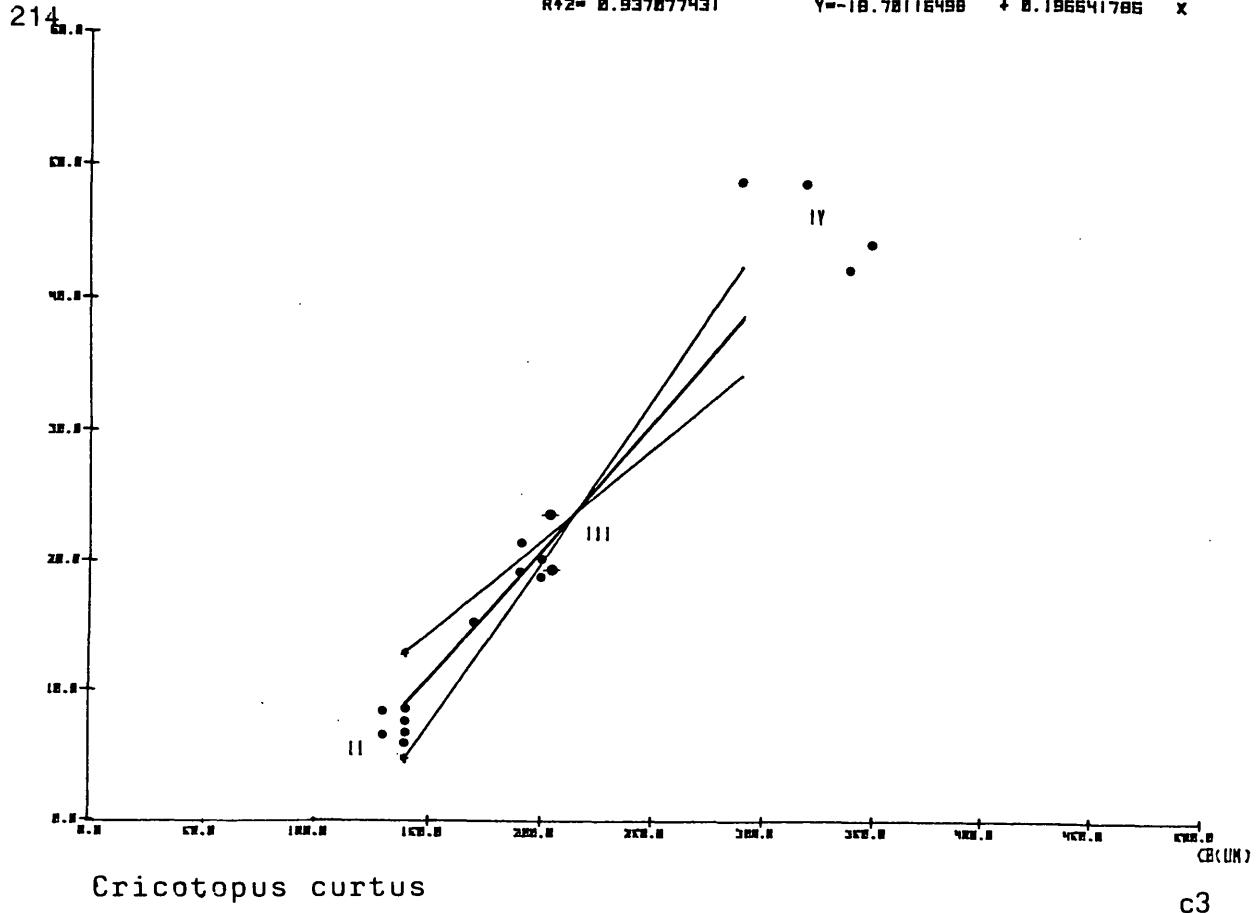
c2

X4 (UM)

©Biologische Station Lunz, Austria, download unter www.biologiezentrum.at

R42= 0.937877431

Y=-18.78116498 + 0.196641786 X

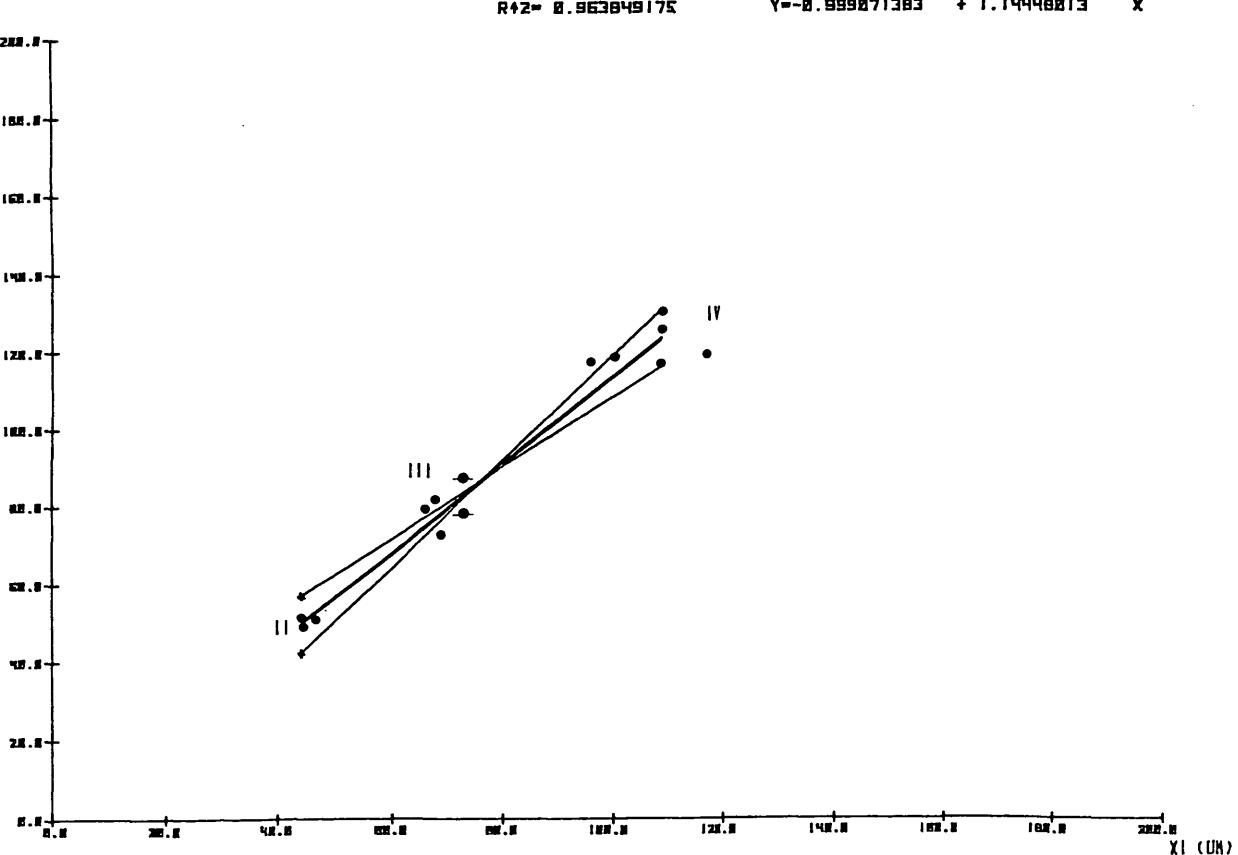
*Cricotopus curtus*

c3

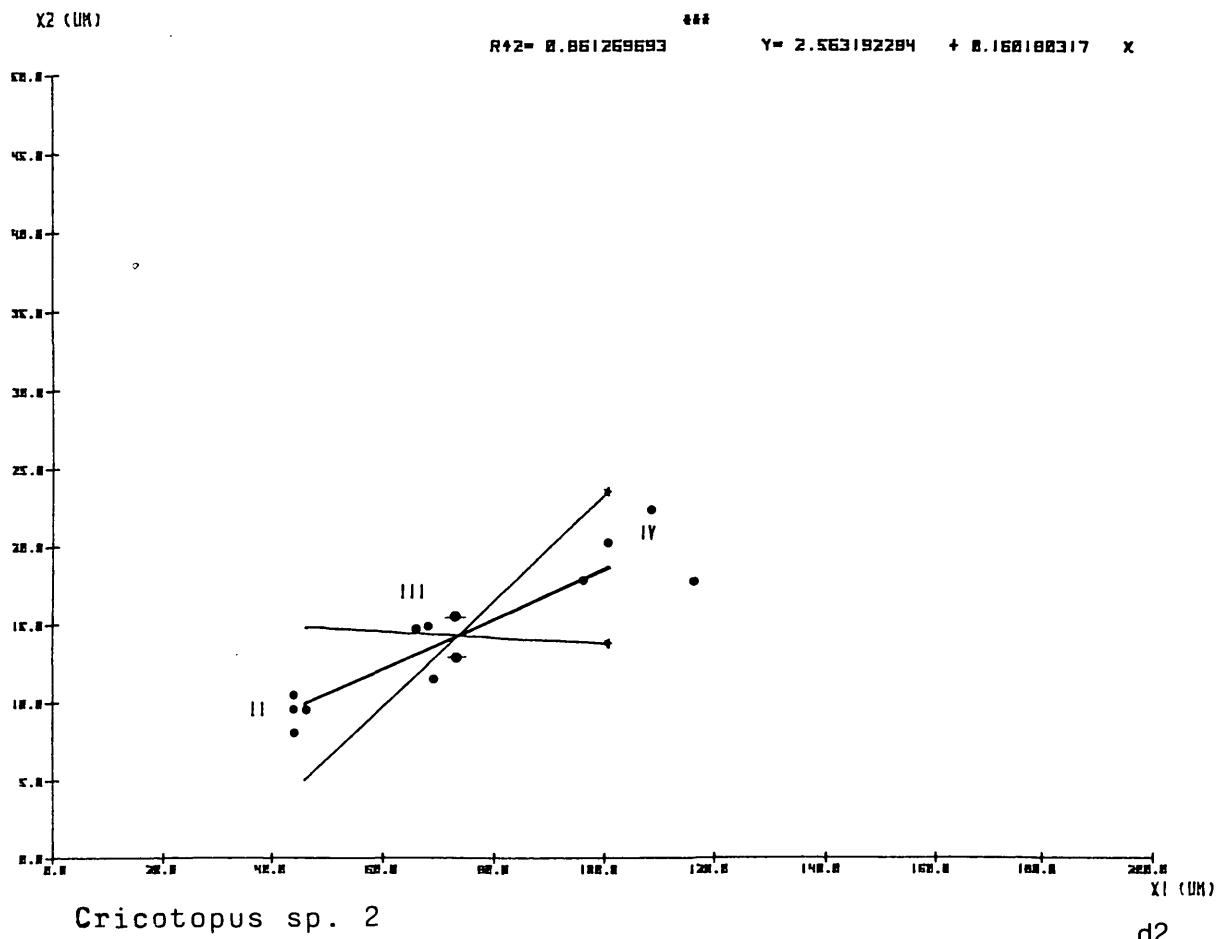
X3 (UM)

R42= 0.963849175

Y=-0.8999071383 + 1.14446813 X

*Cricotopus sp. 2*

d1

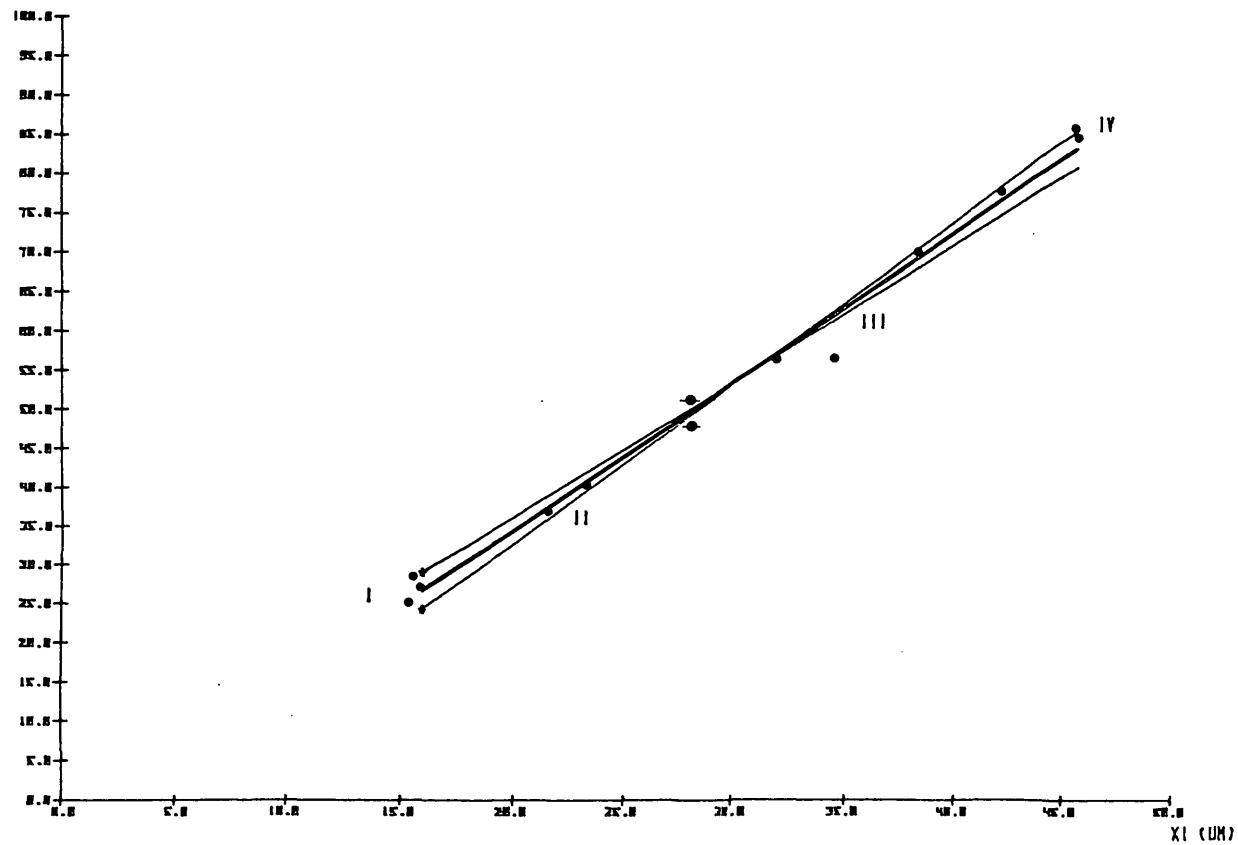


216

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R²= 0.889387842

Y=-3.785282486 + 1.889313863 X

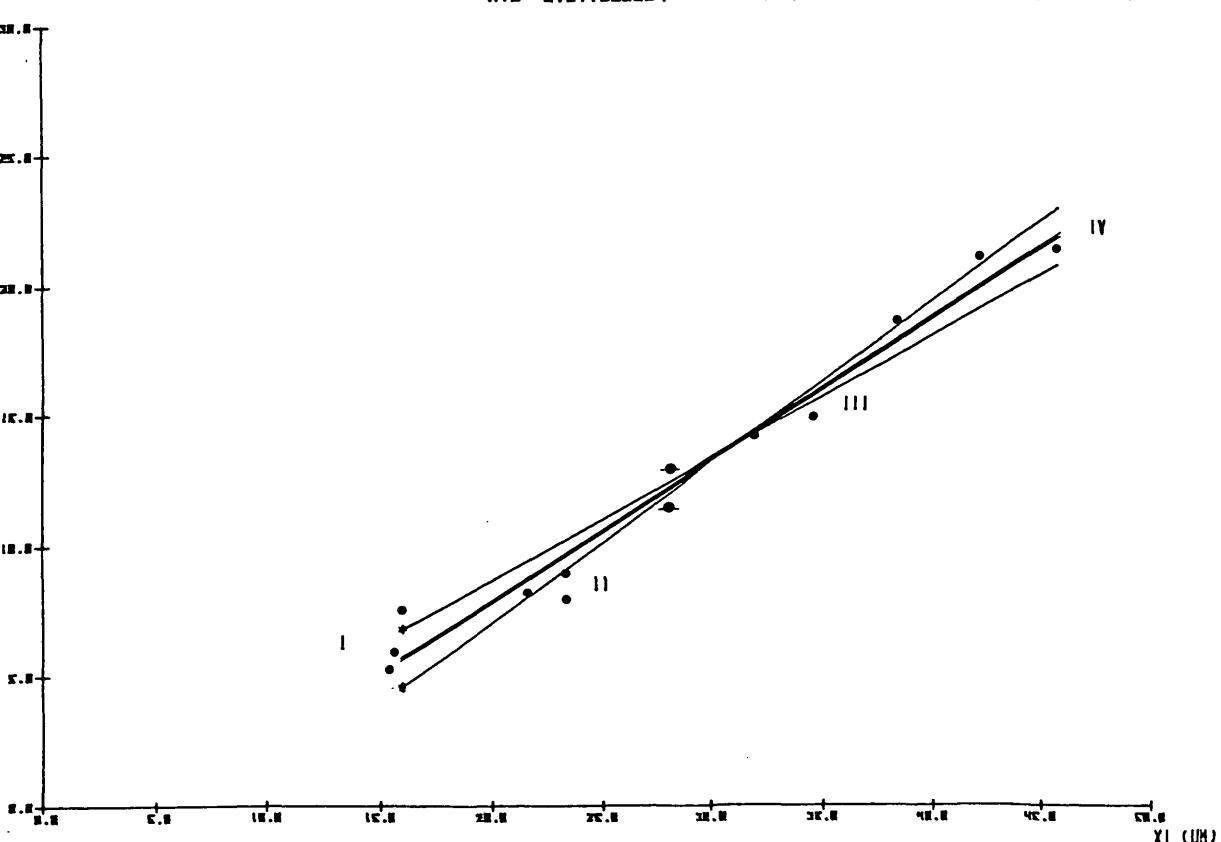


e1

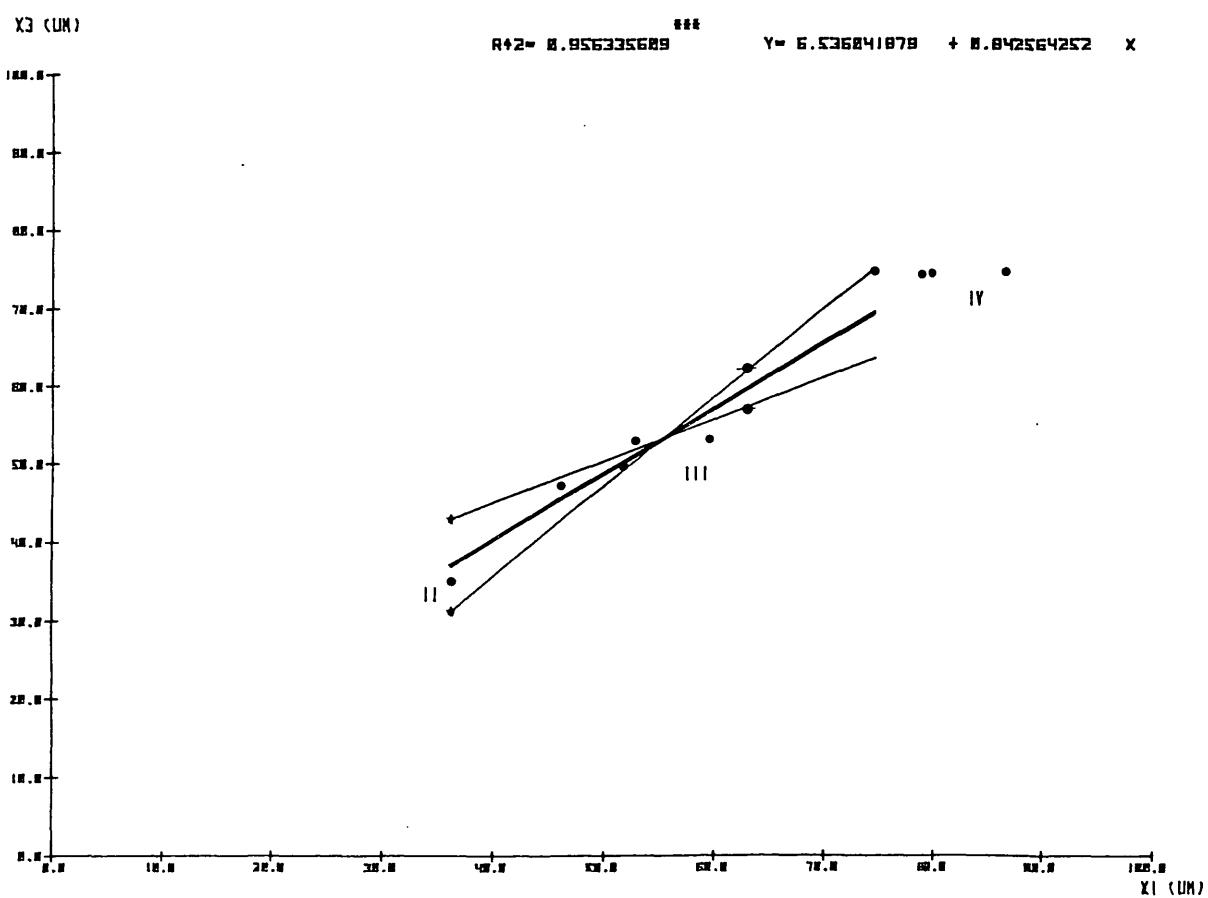
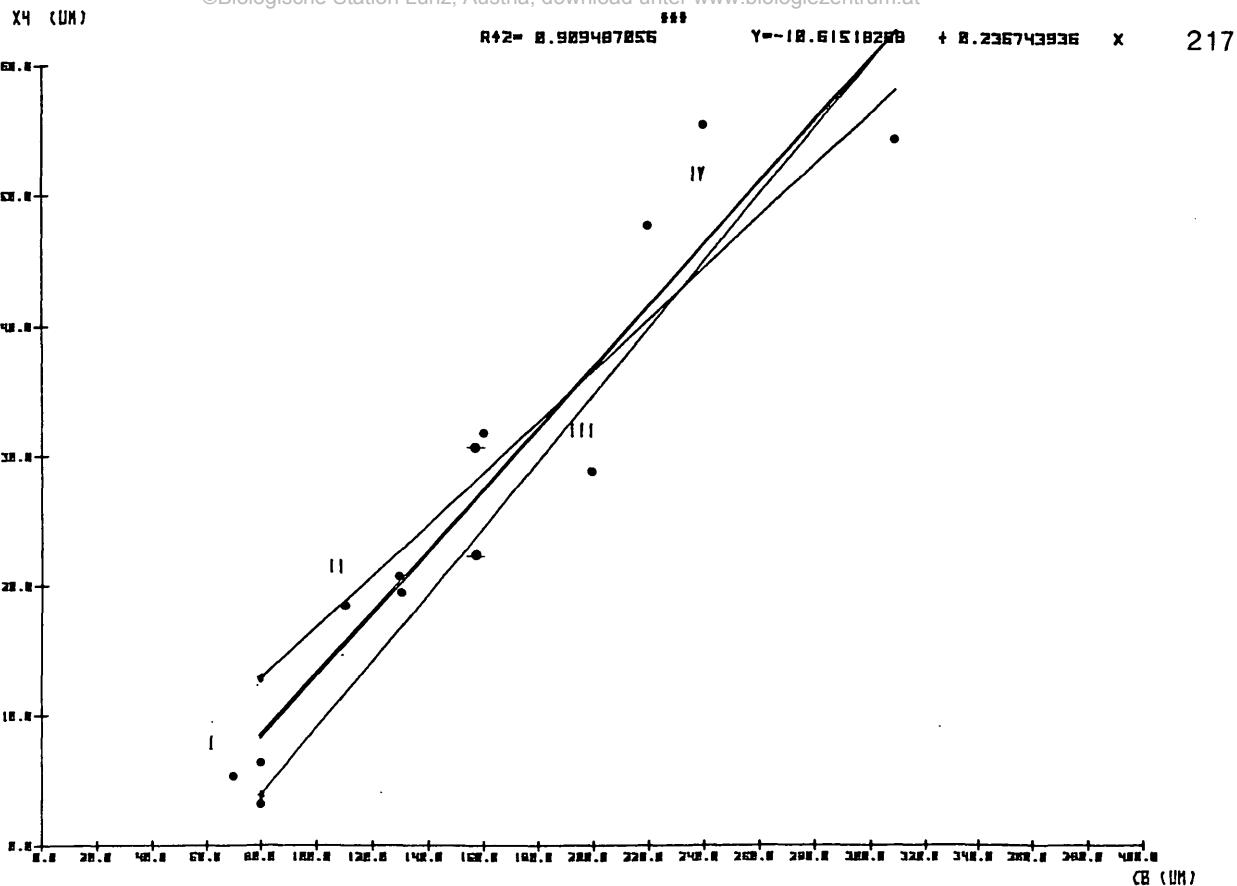
X2 (UM)

R²= 0.971883594

Y=-2.968388794 + 8.548876383 X



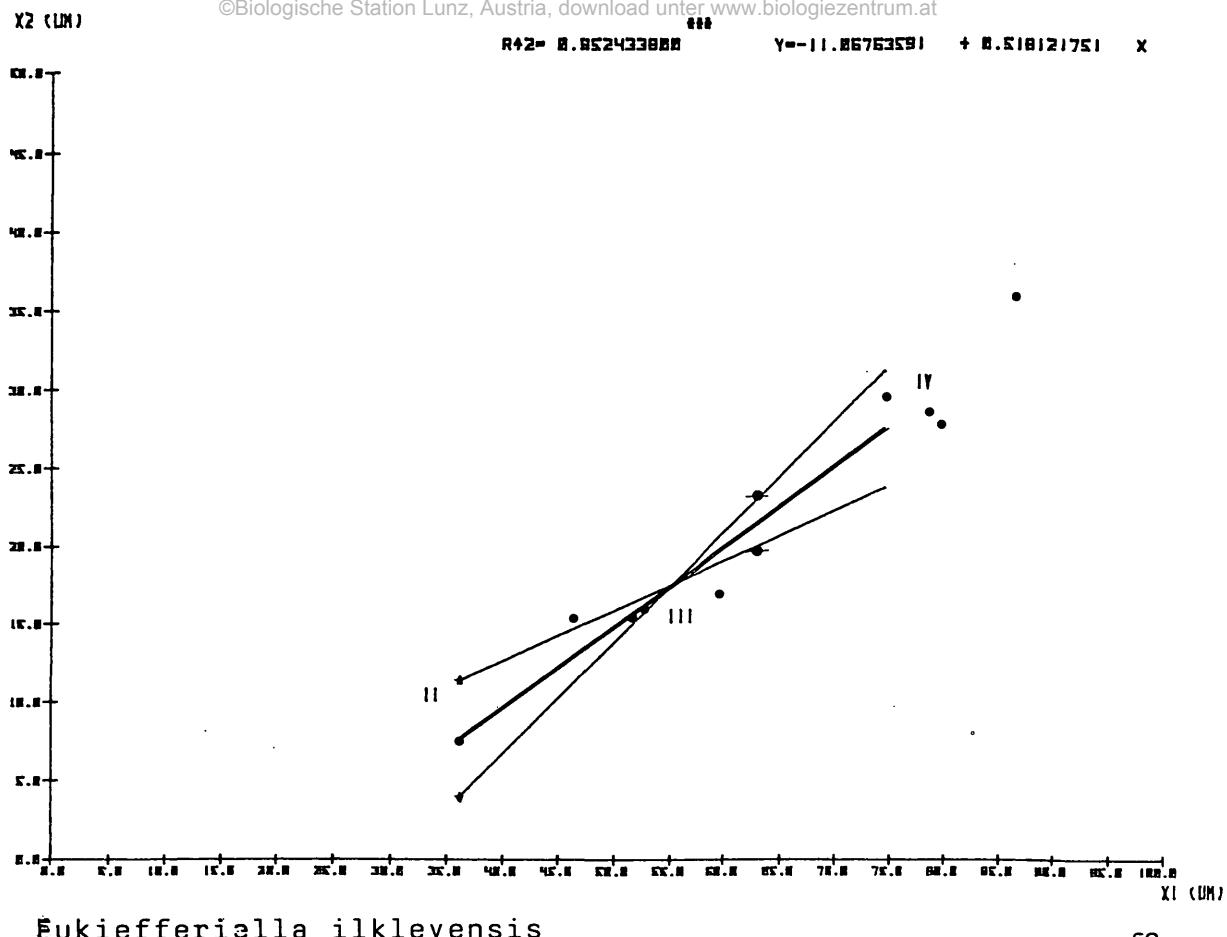
e2



R²= 0.852433888 ***

Y=-11.86763591 + 0.518121751 X

218

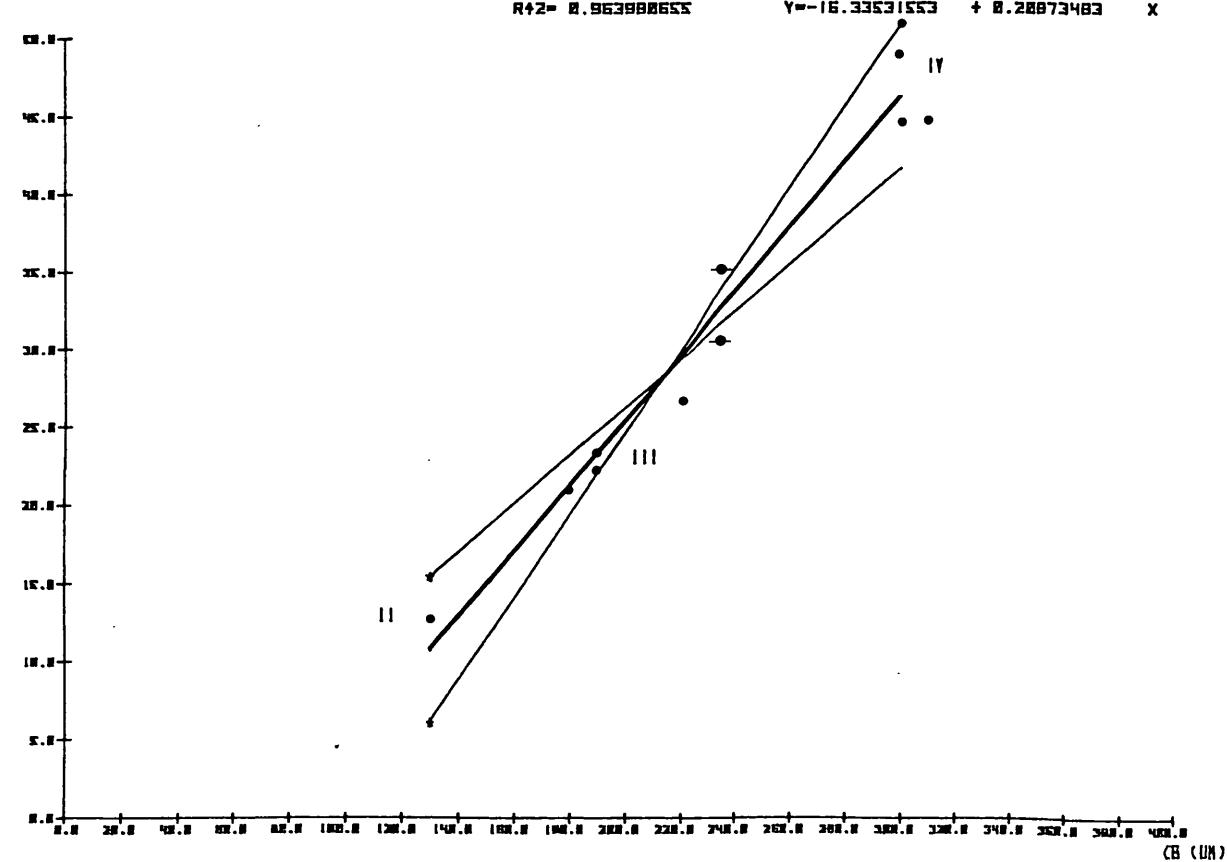
*Eukiefferiella ilkleyensis*

f2

X4 (UM)

R²= 0.963998655 ***

Y=-16.33531553 + 0.28873483 X

*Eukiefferiella ilkleyensis*

f3

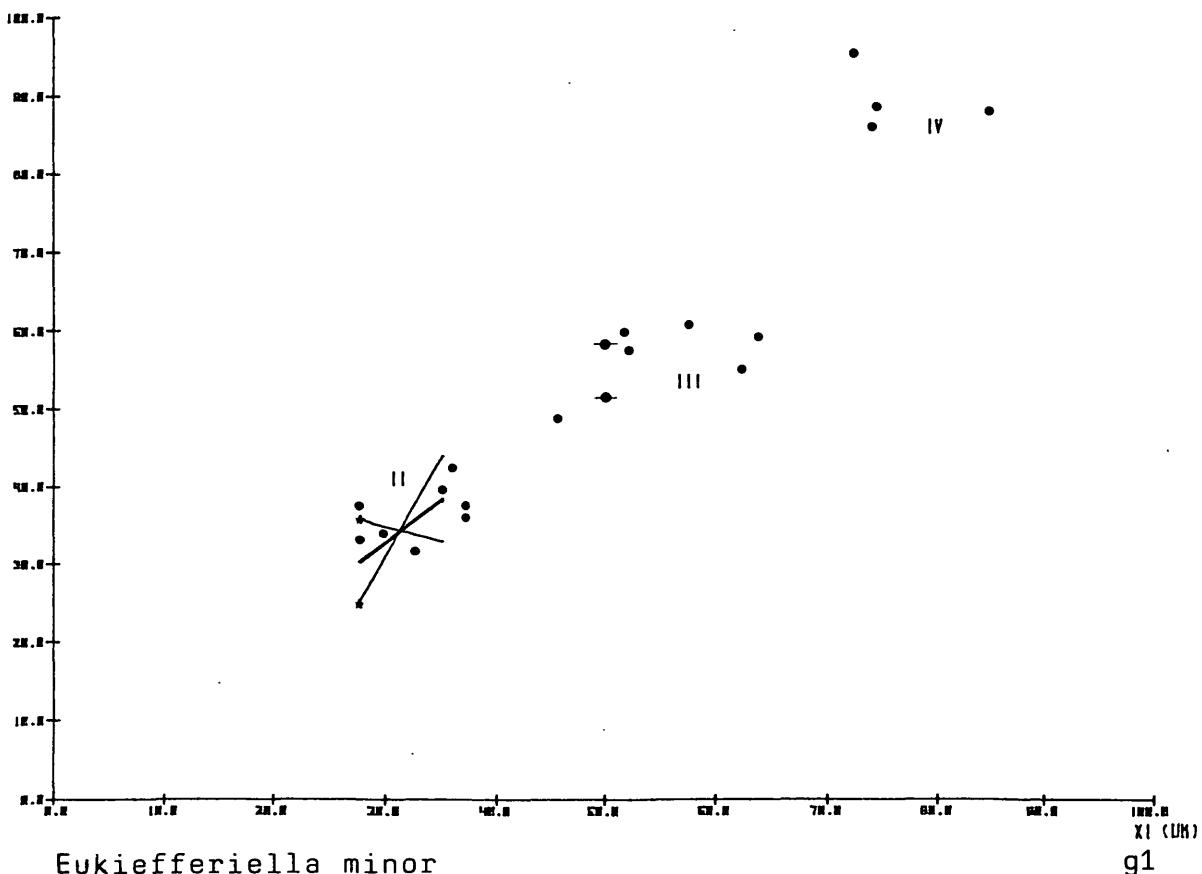
X3 (UM)

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R²= 0.900381846

Y=-0.361328422 + 1.187827916

219



Eukiefferiella minor

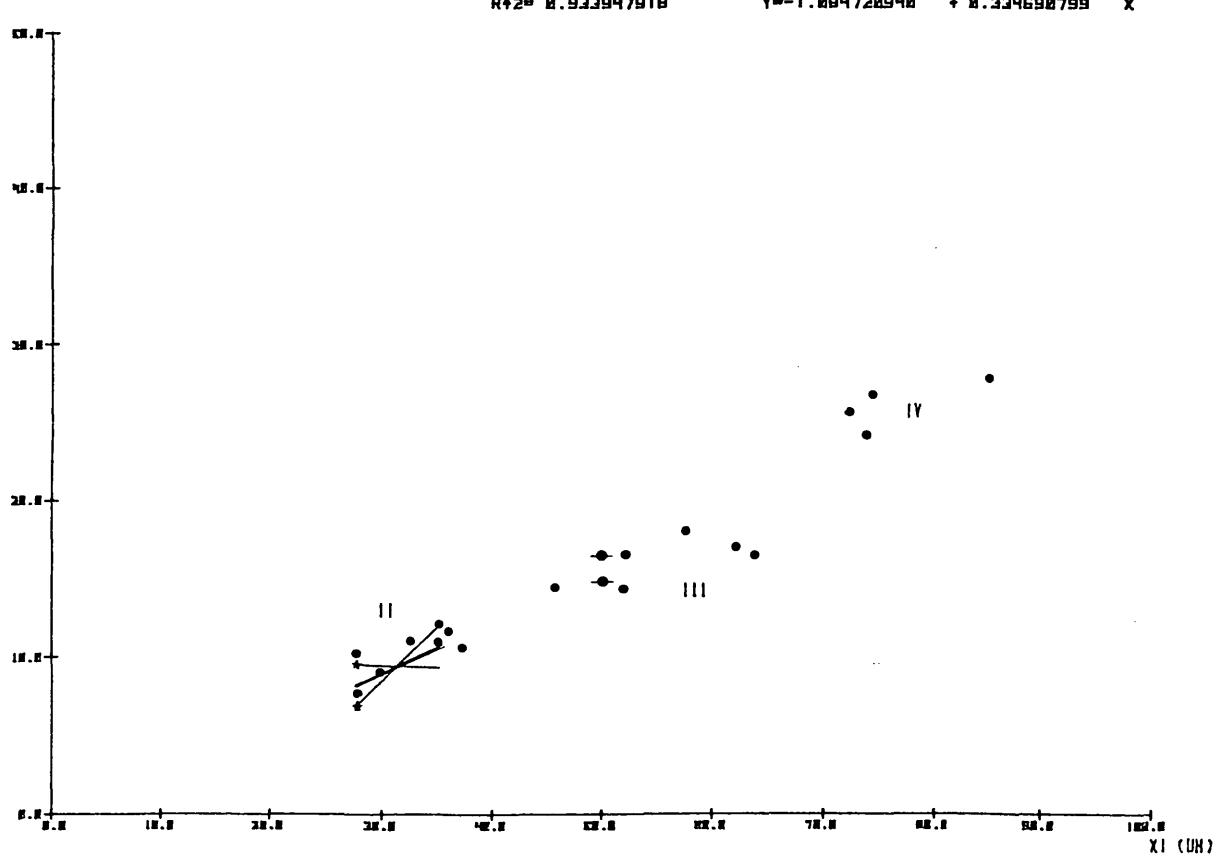
g1

X2 (UM)

R²= 0.933947918

Y=-1.084728940 + 8.334690799

x

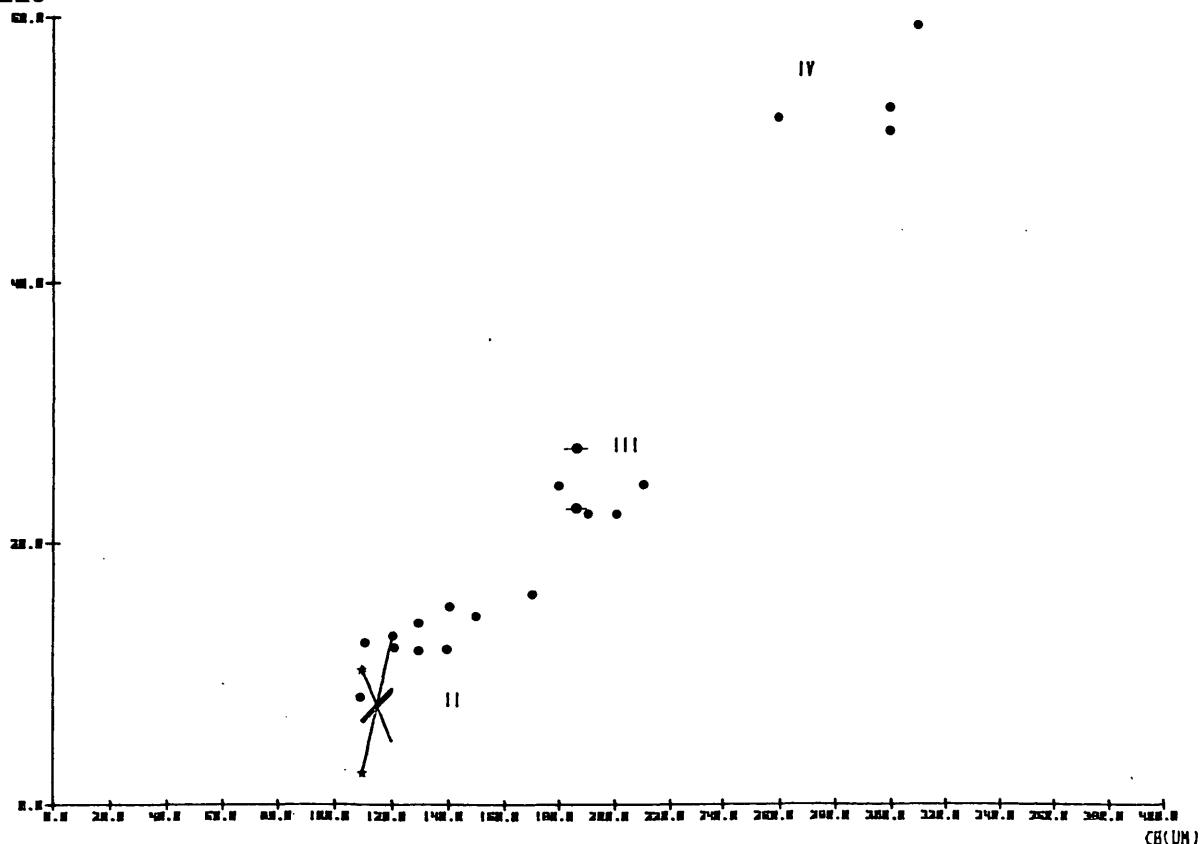


Eukiefferiella minor

g2

X4 (UM)
220

©Biologische Station Lunz, Austria download unter www.biologiezentrum.at R²= 0.938428664 Y= -28.46254818 + 0.243757655 X

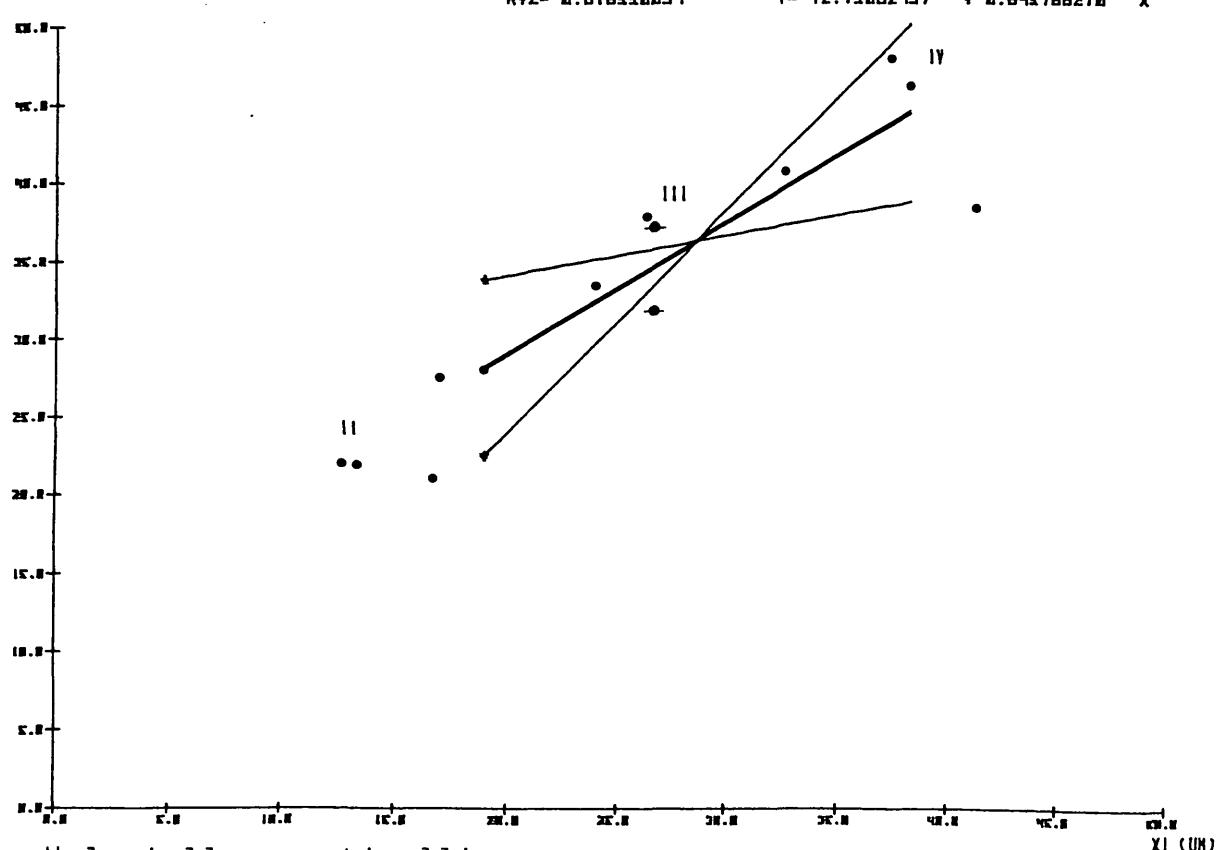


Eukiefferiella minor

g3

X3 (UM)

R²= 0.818558834 Y= 12.15882437 + 0.845768210 X



Heleniella ornaticollis

h1

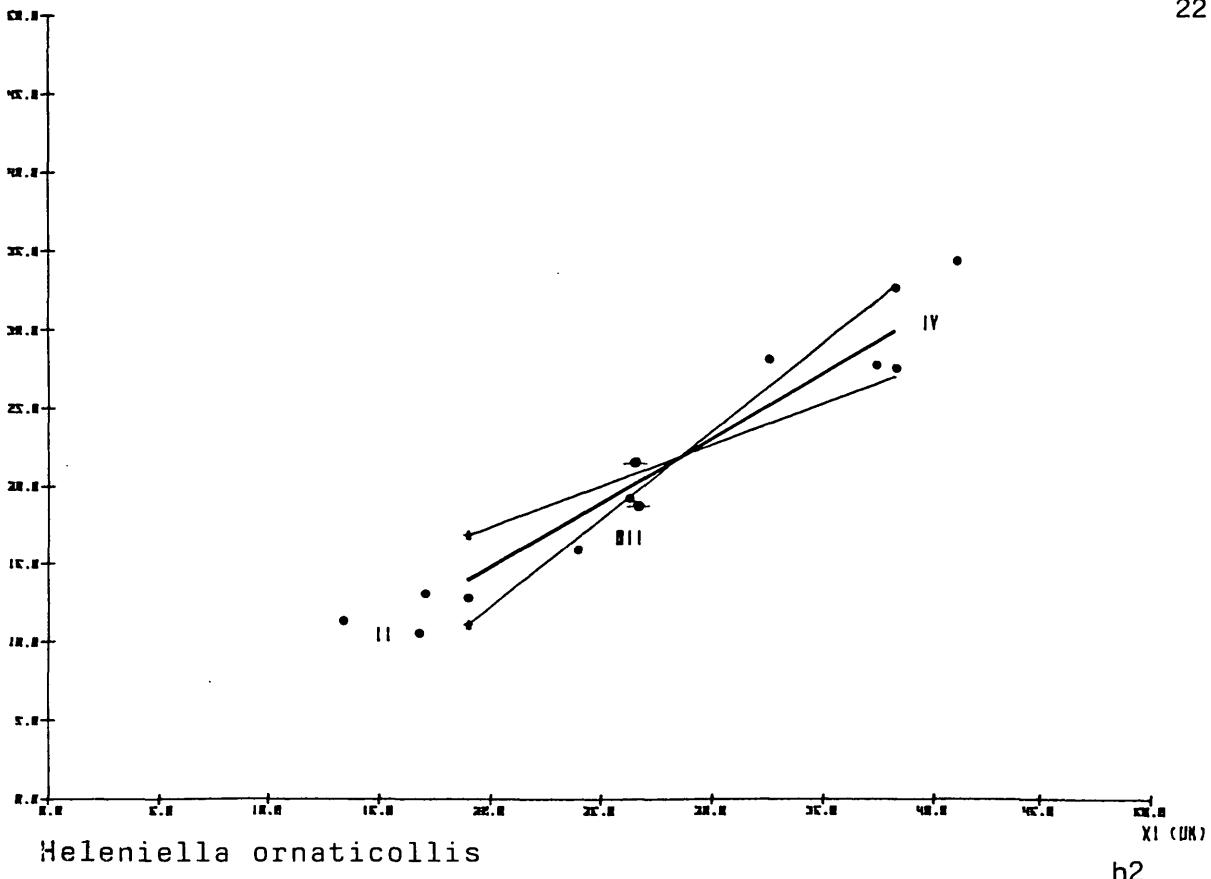
X2 (UM)

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R²= 0.944694685

Y=-1.768489454 + 0.029458278

221



Heleniella ornaticollis

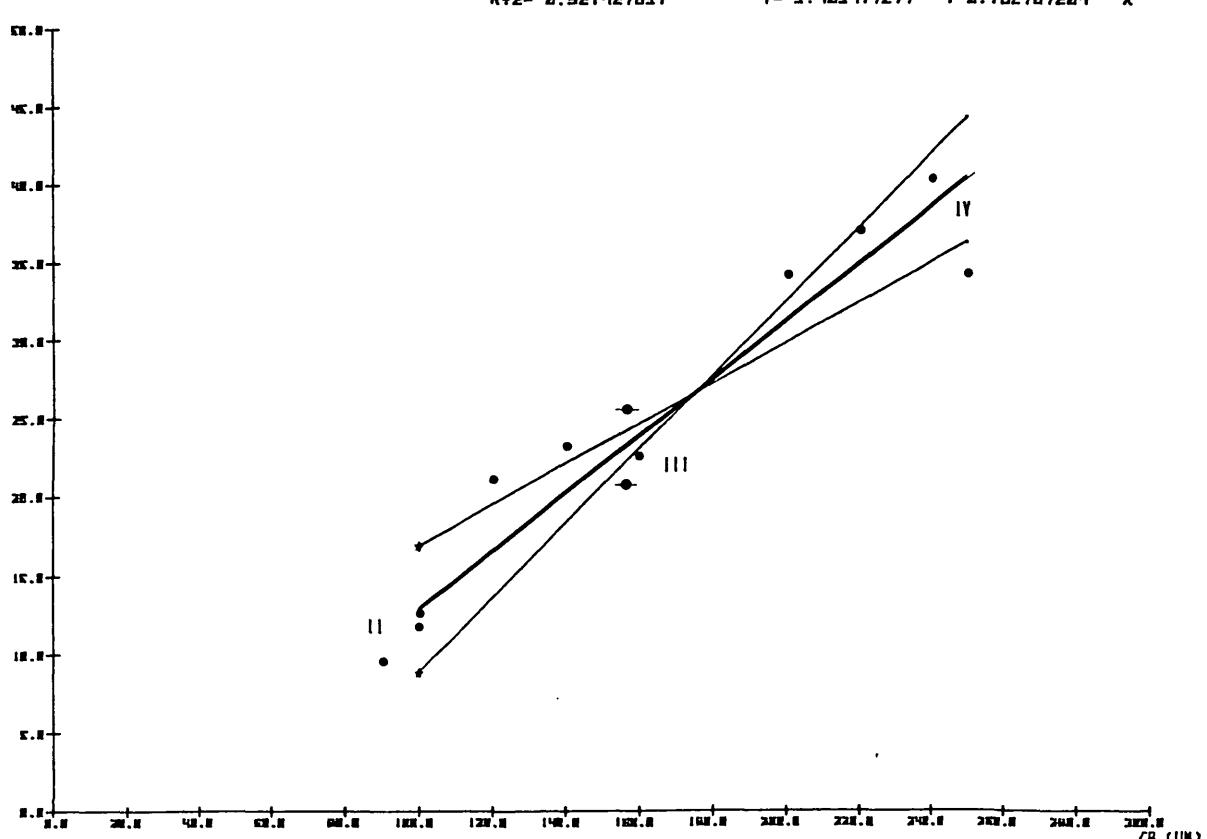
h2

X4 (UM)

R²= 0.921427851

Y=-5.485417277 + 0.182767284

x



Heleniella ornaticollis

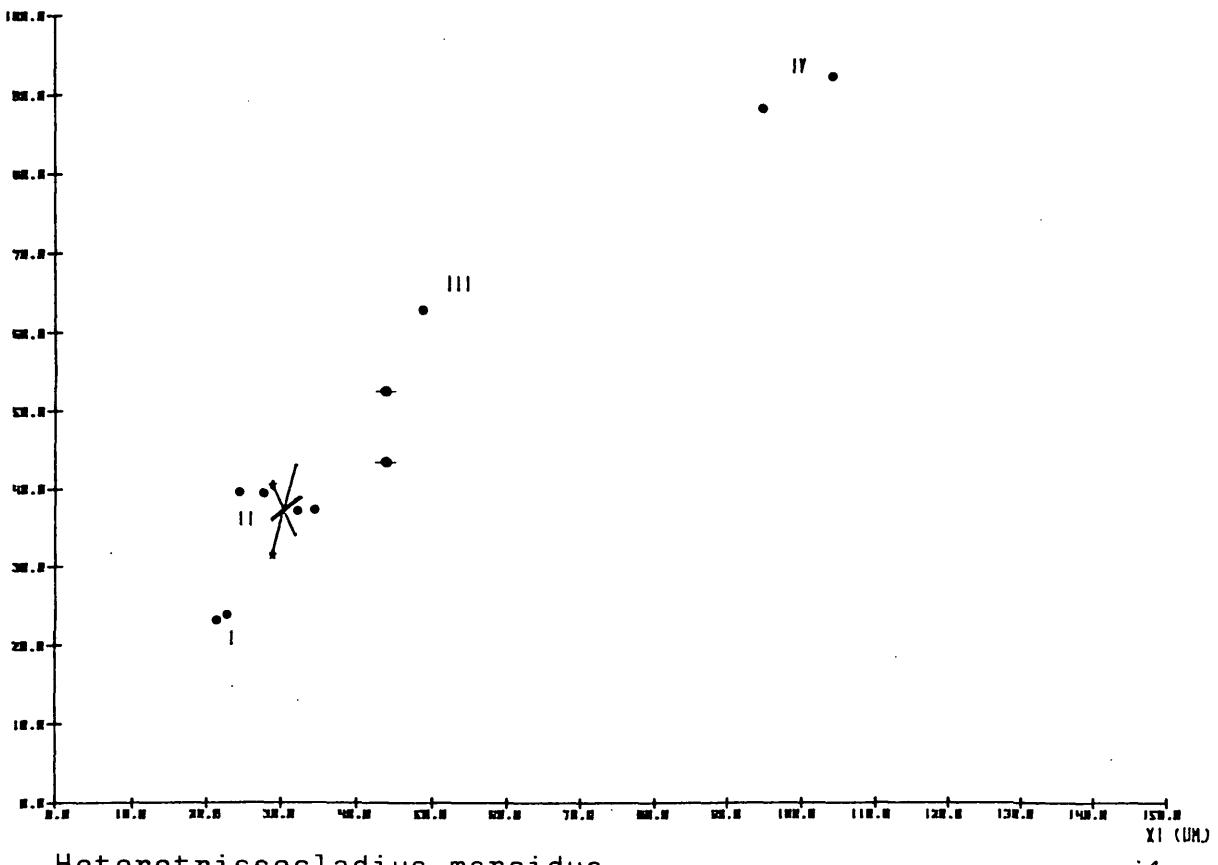
h3

X3 (UM)
222

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R²= 0.846545144

Y= 13.24868636 + 0.782711371 X



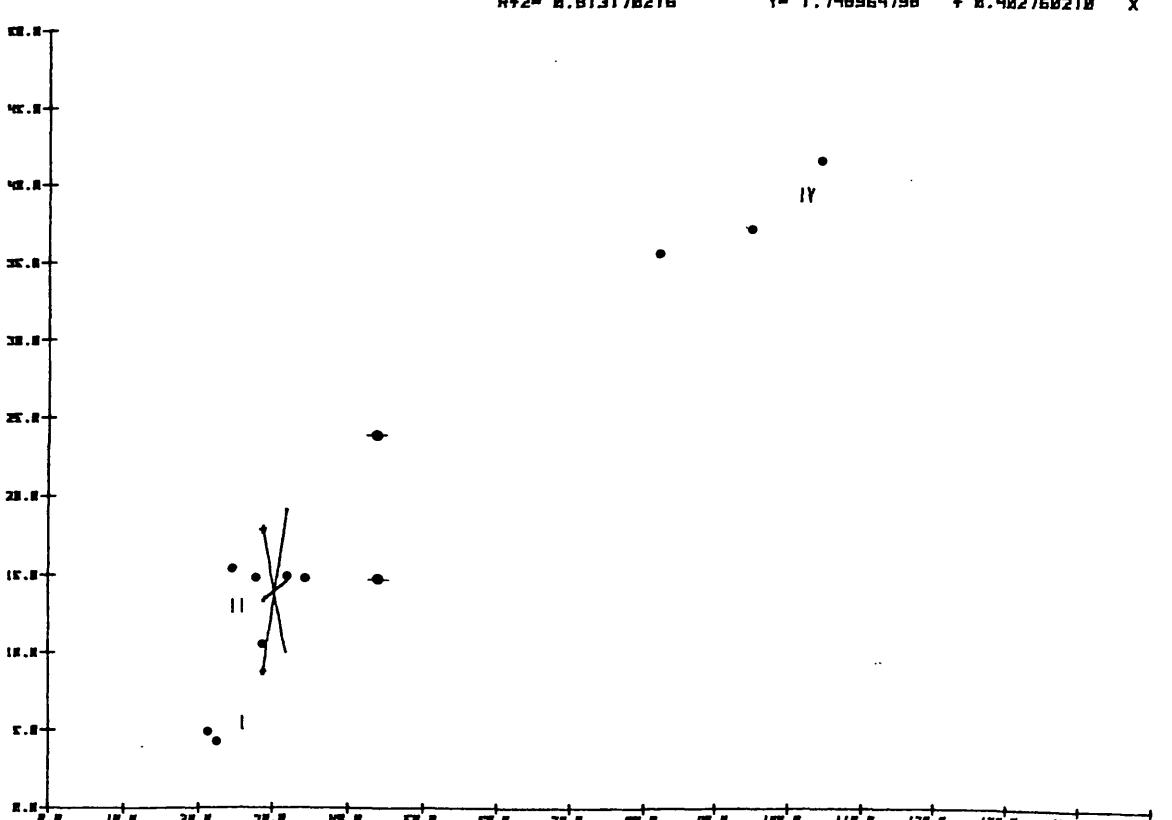
Heterotriassocladus marcidus

i1

X2 (UM)

R²= 0.813178216

Y= 1.748964798 + 0.482768218 X



Heterotriassocladus marcidus

i2

X4 (UM)

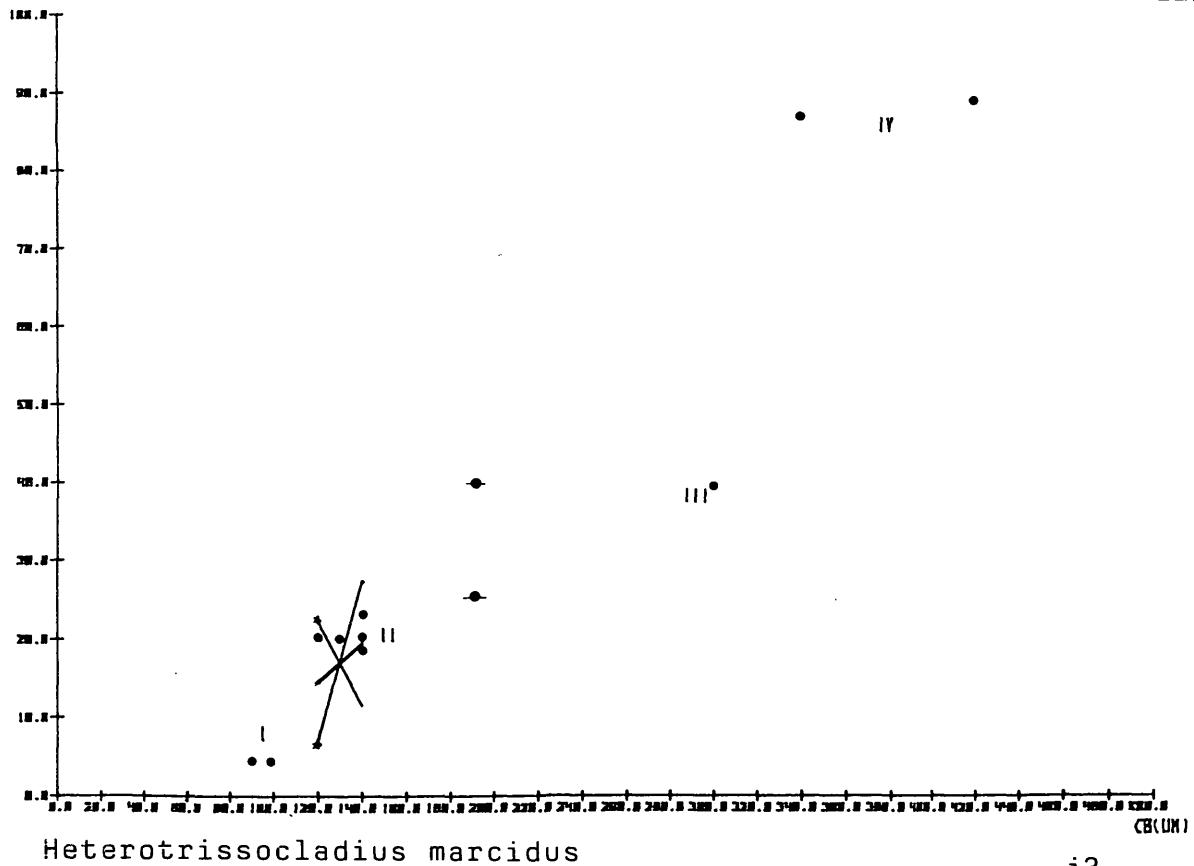
©Biologische Station Lunz, Austria, download unter www.biologiezentrum.at

R²= 0.907621098 ***

Y=-15.7367226

+ 0.253187838

X 223

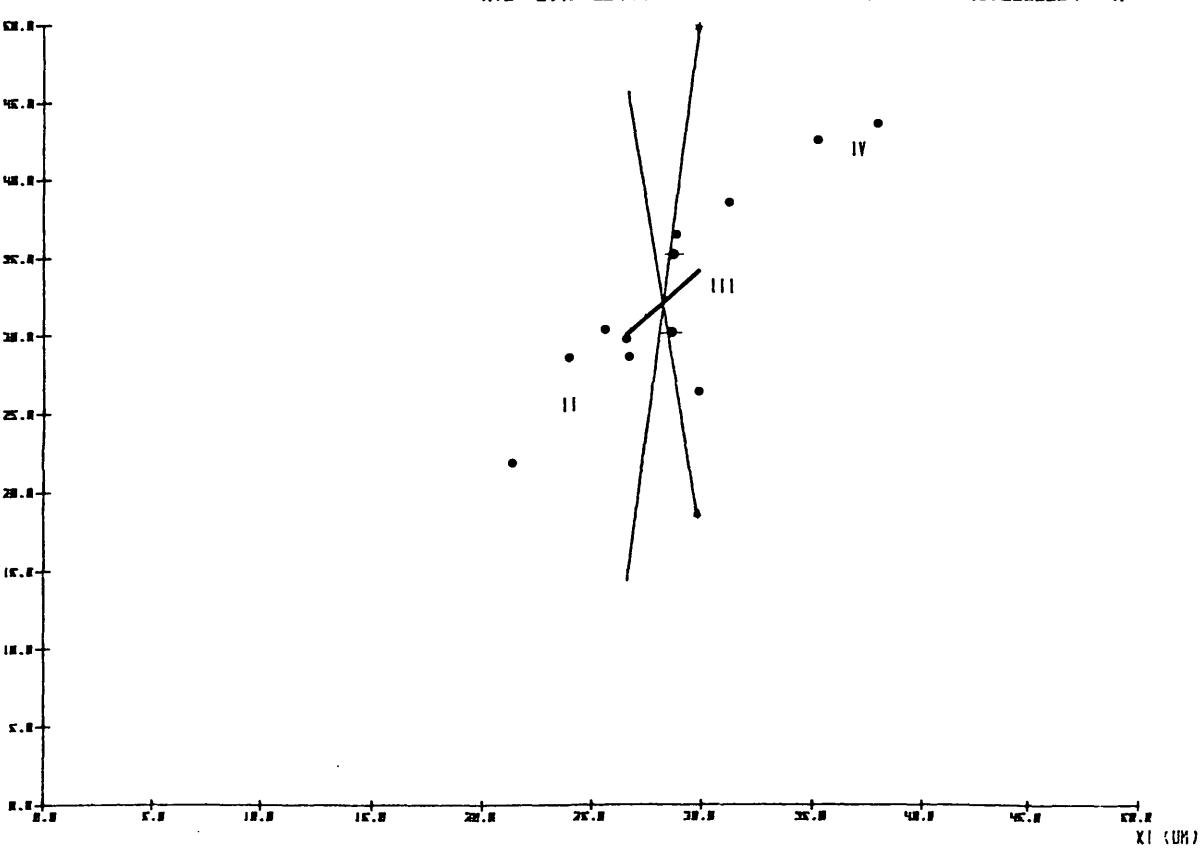


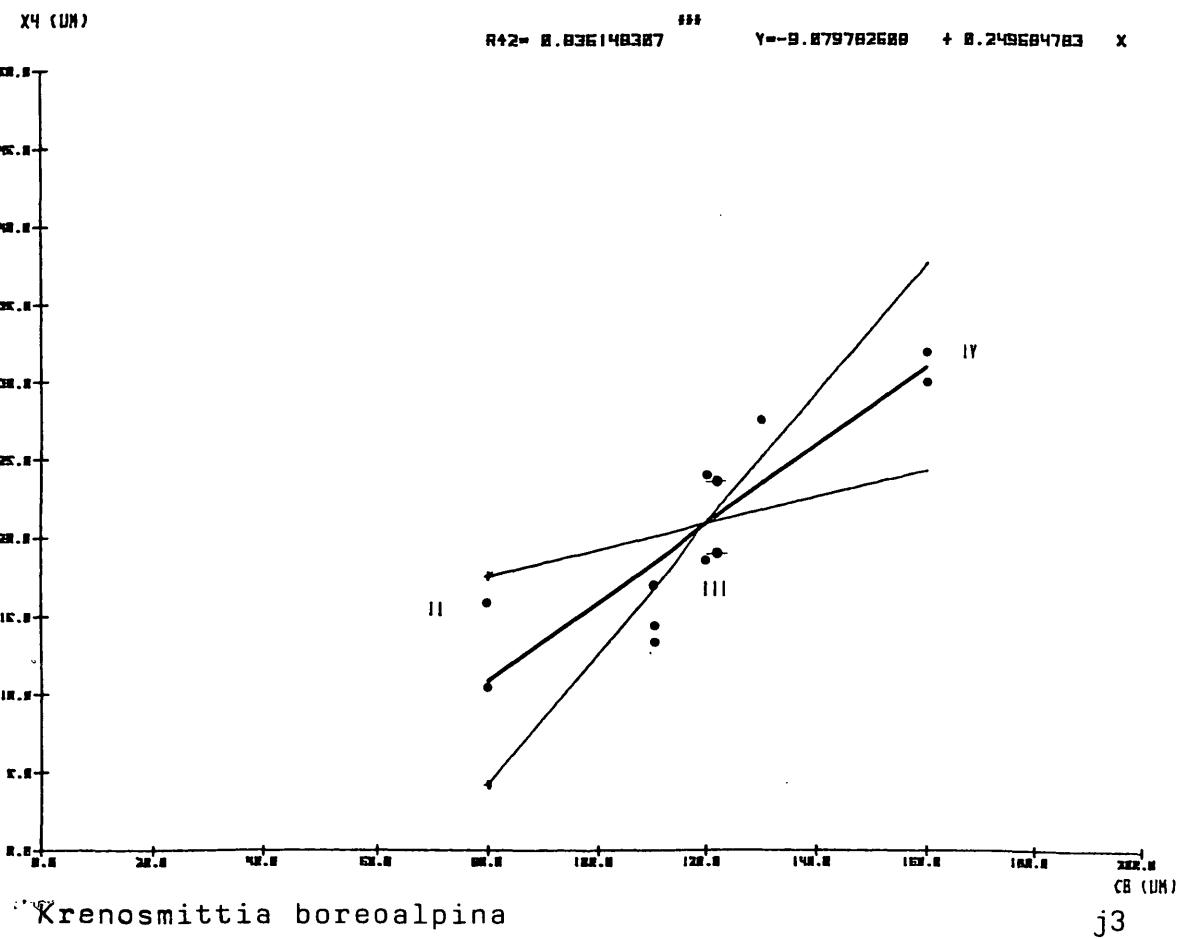
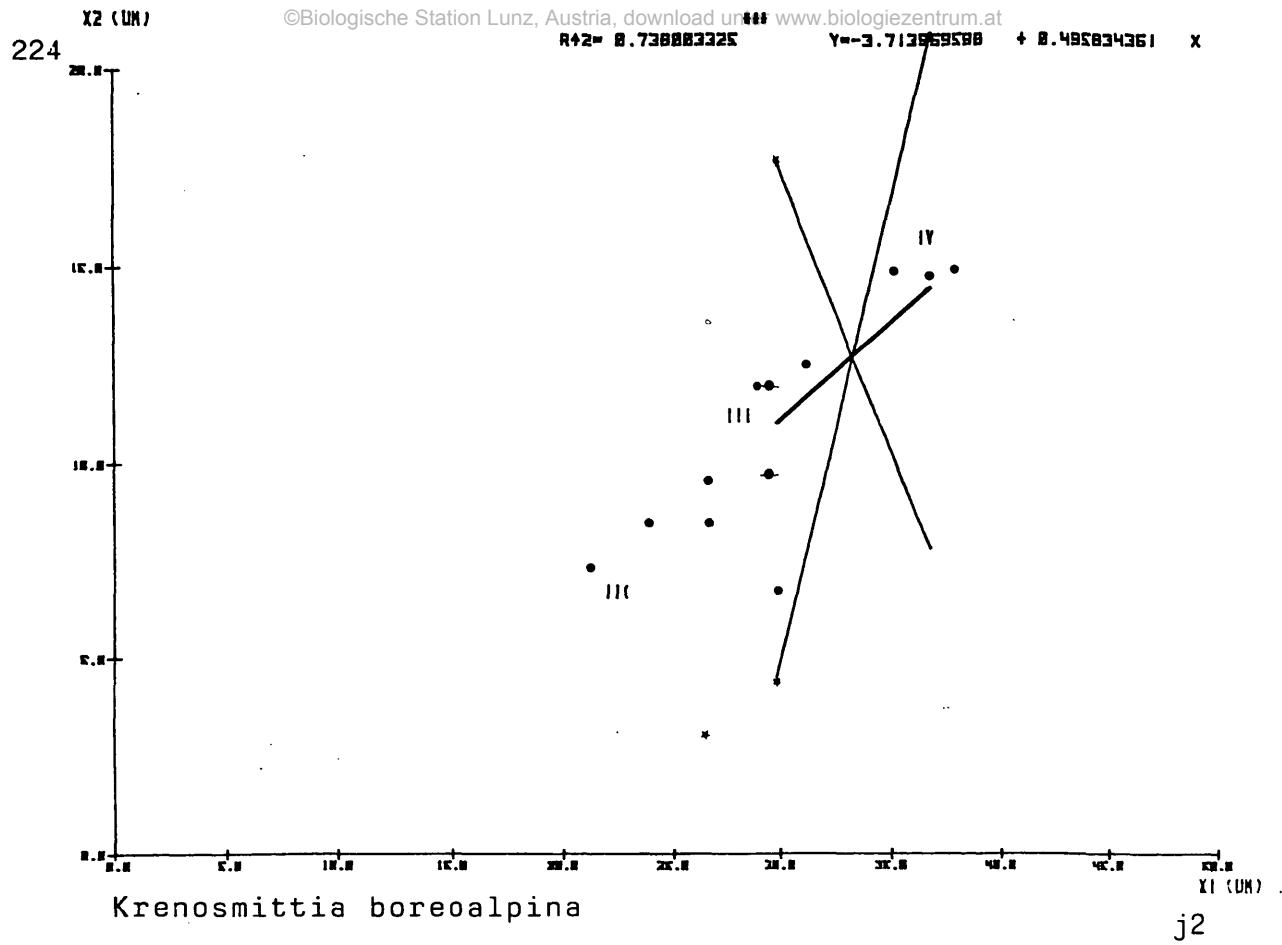
X3 (UM)

R²= 0.799654648 ***

Y=-4.001227982

+ 1.280322094 X





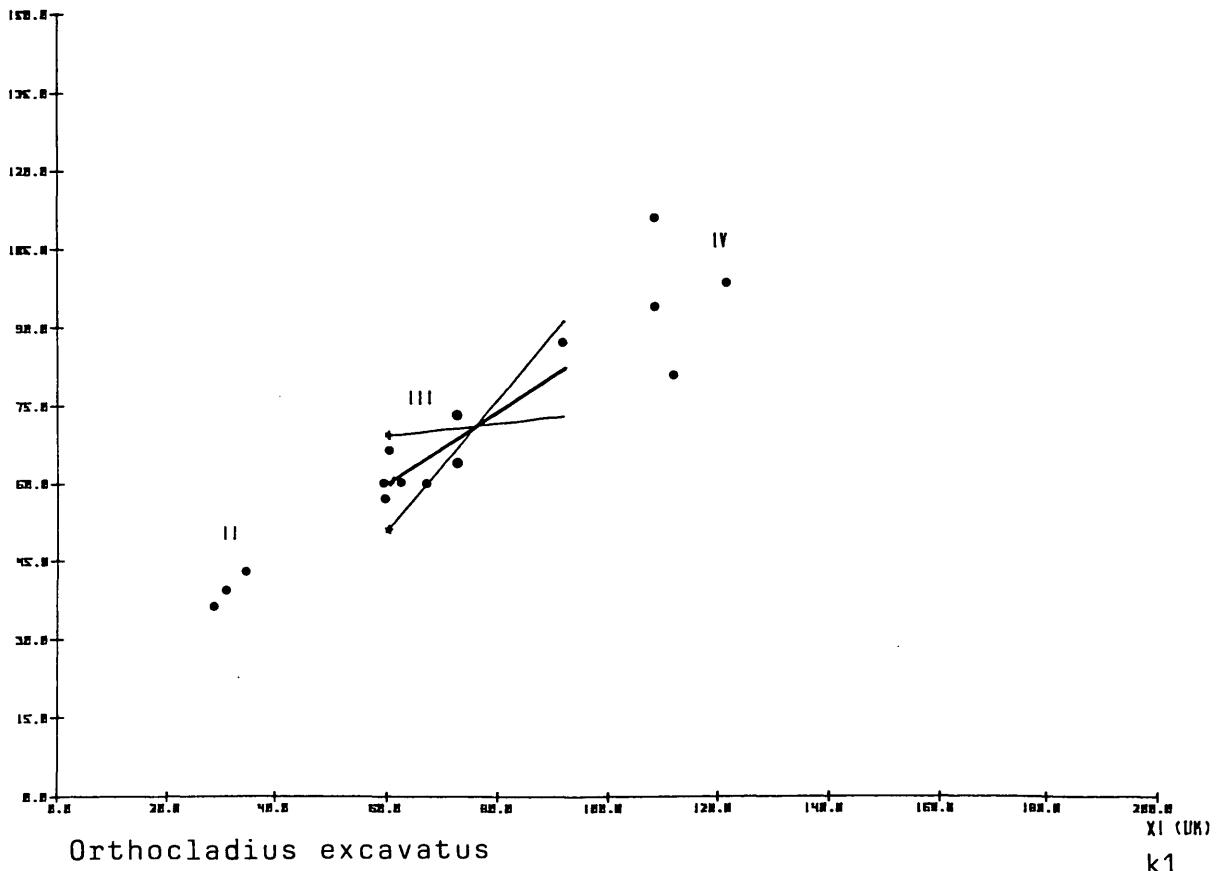
X3 (UM)

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R42= 0.963169858

Y= 18.37317388 + 0.695178875

x 225



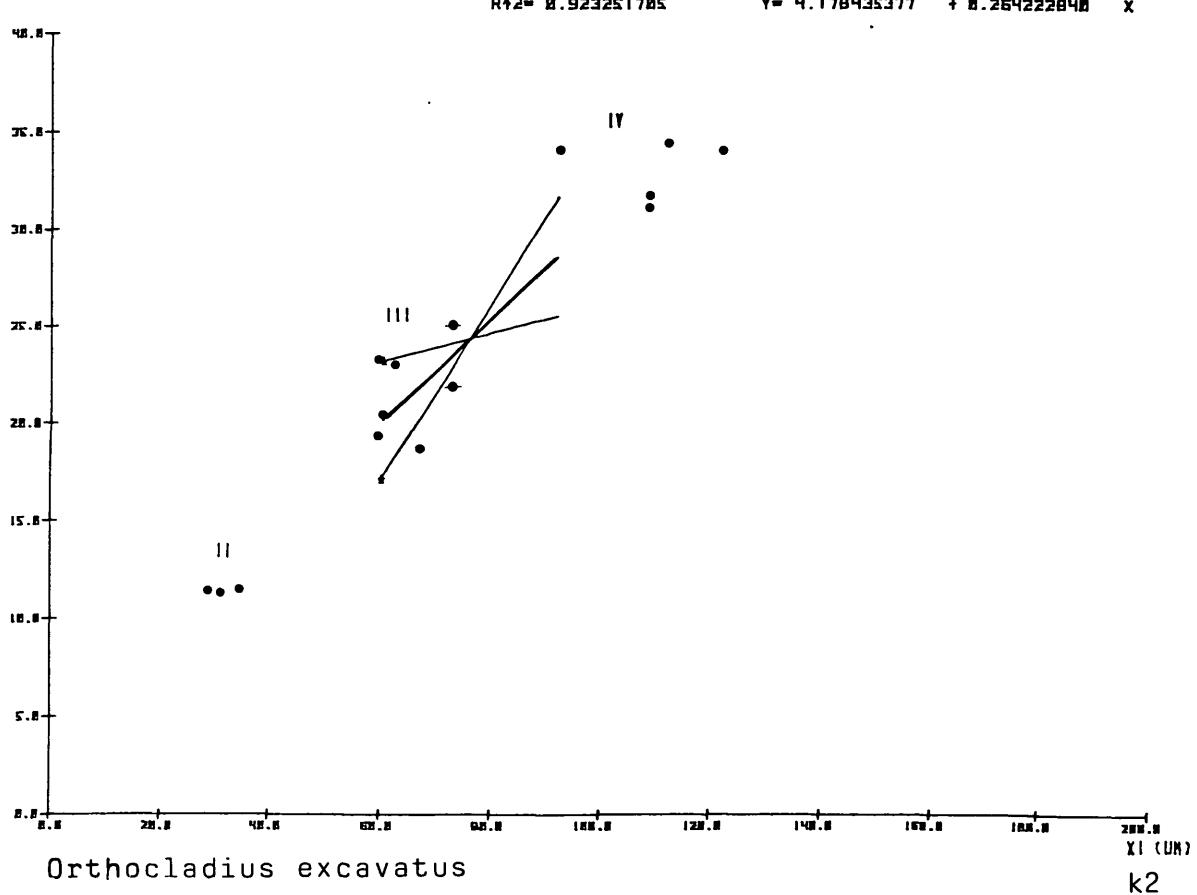
Orthocladius excavatus

k1

X2 (UM)

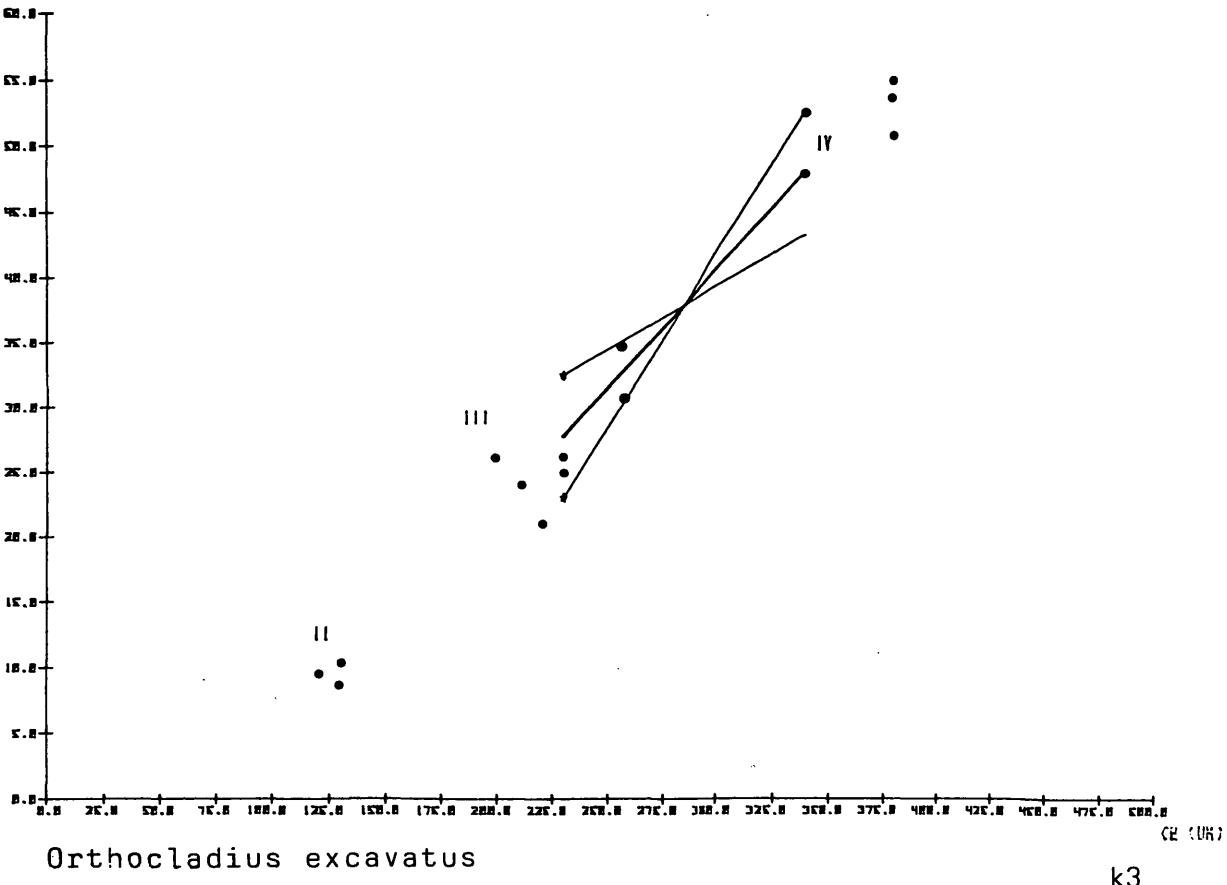
R42= 0.923251785

Y= 4.178435377 + 0.264222840 x

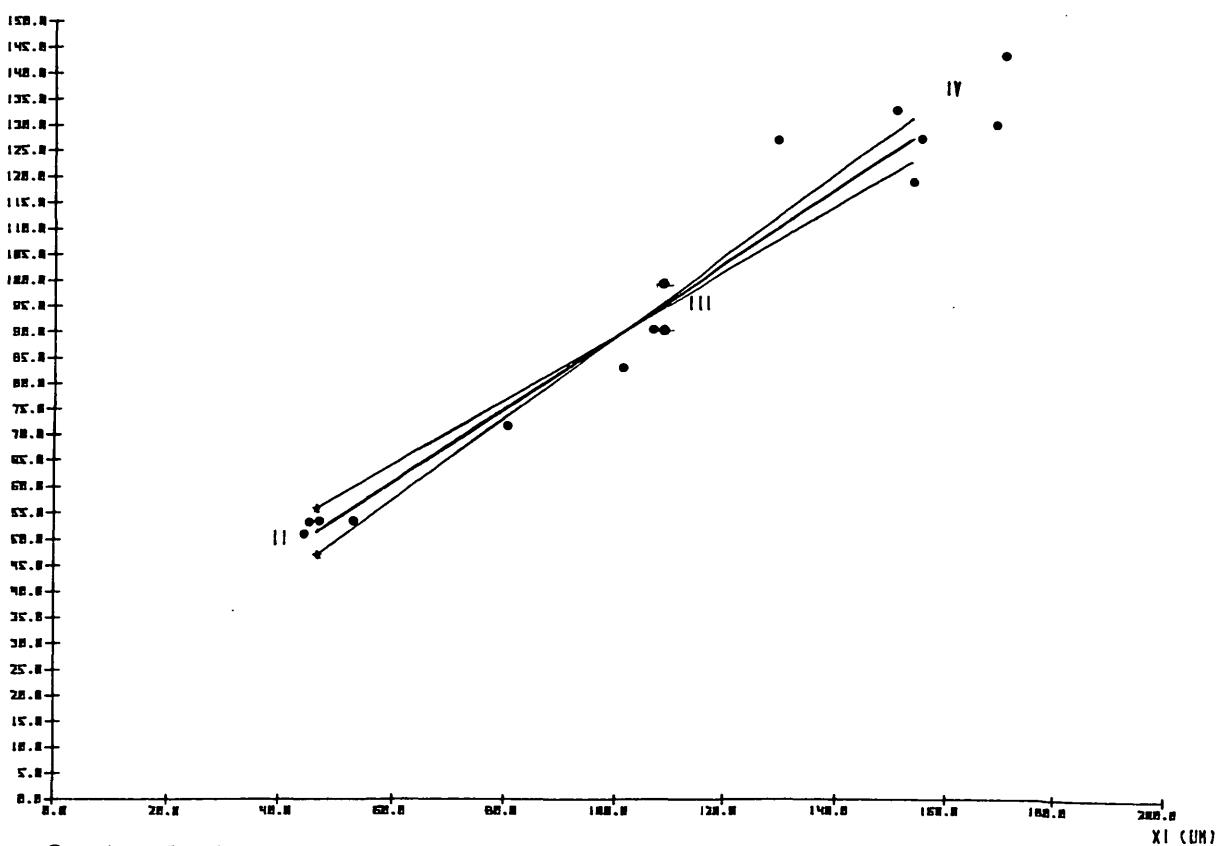


Orthocladius excavatus

k2

*Orthocladus excavatus*

k3

*Orthocladus frigidus*

11

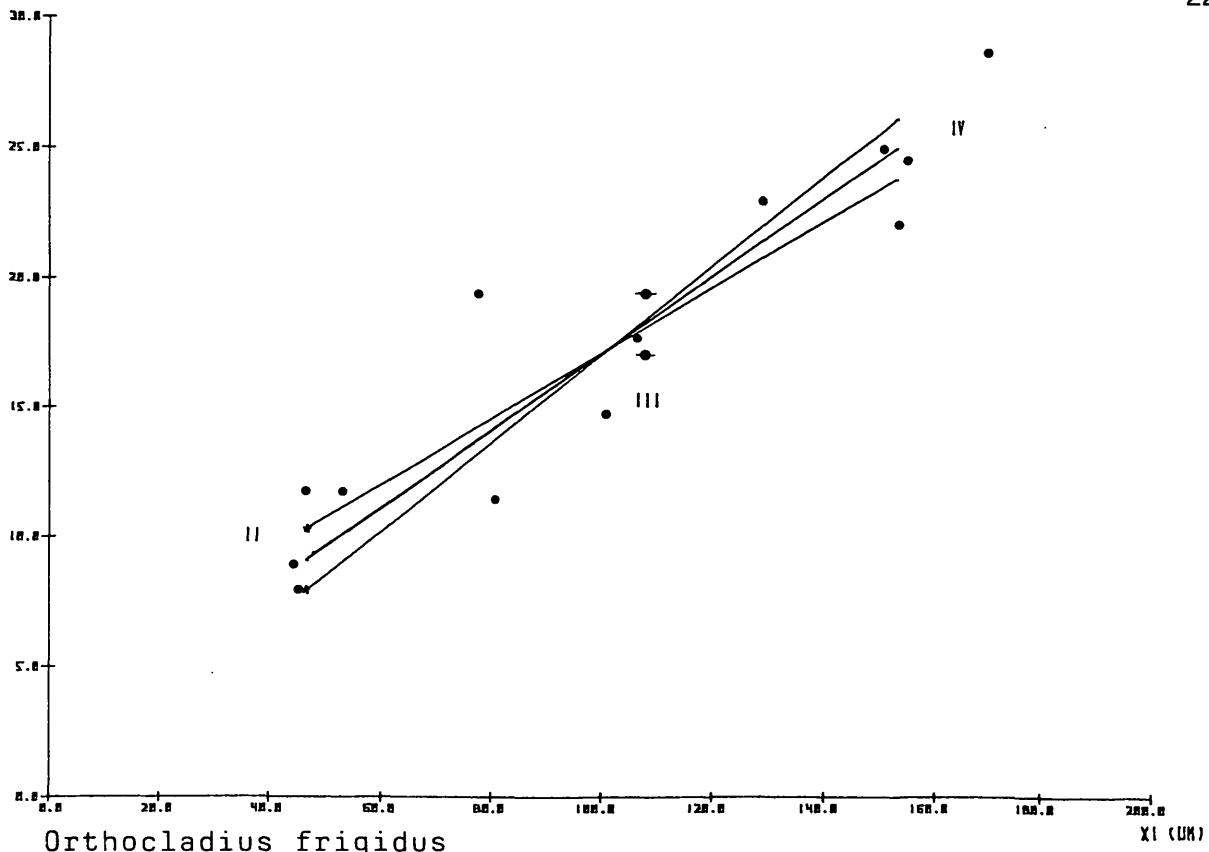
X2 (UM)

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R²= 0.939316939

Y= 2.156686573 + 0.148798892

x 227



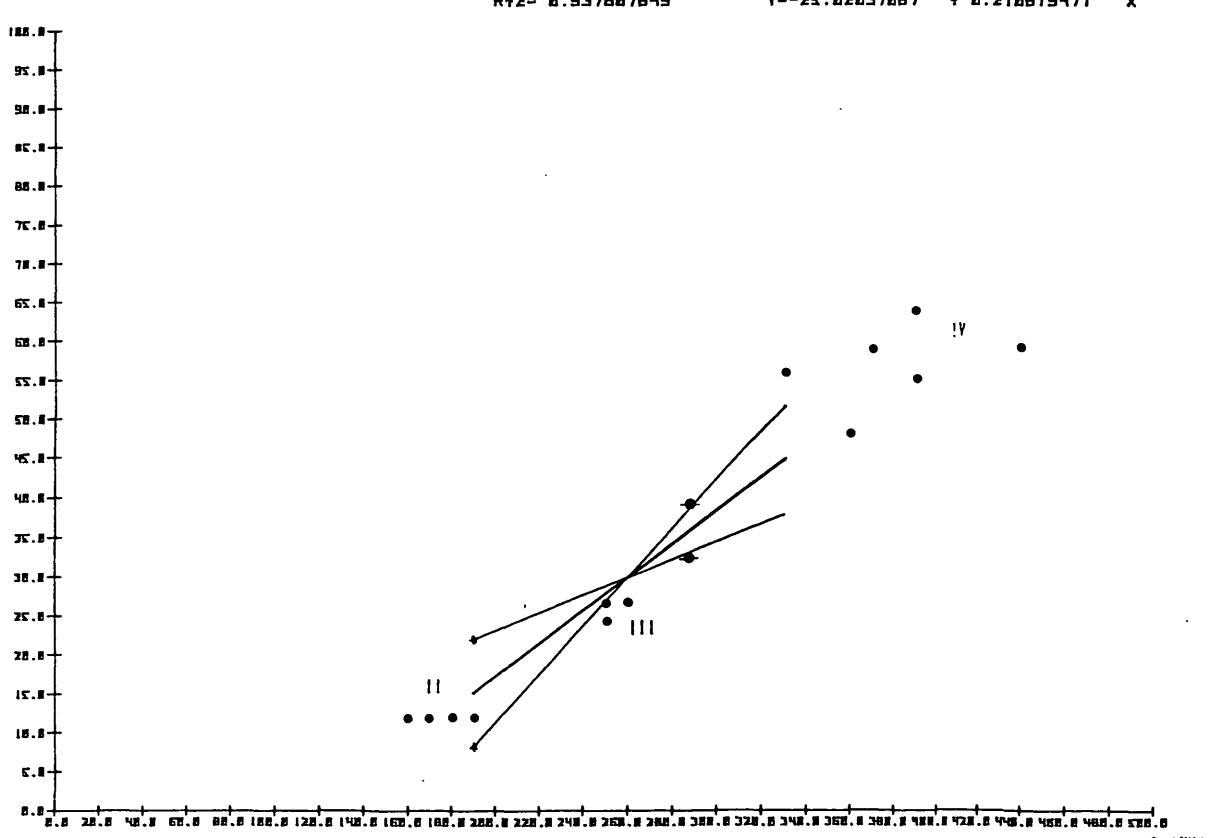
12

X4 (UM)

R²= 0.937687849

Y= -25.02837887 + 0.218819471

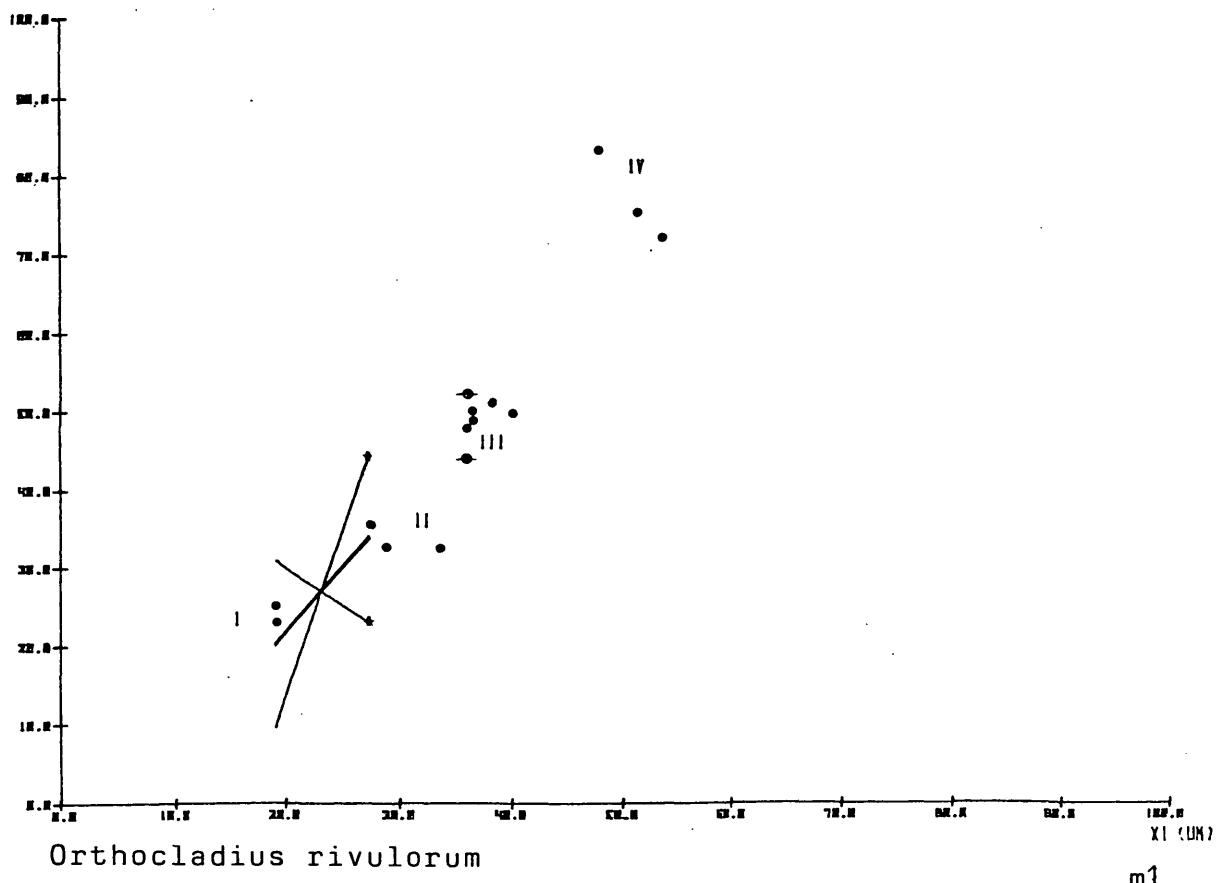
x



13

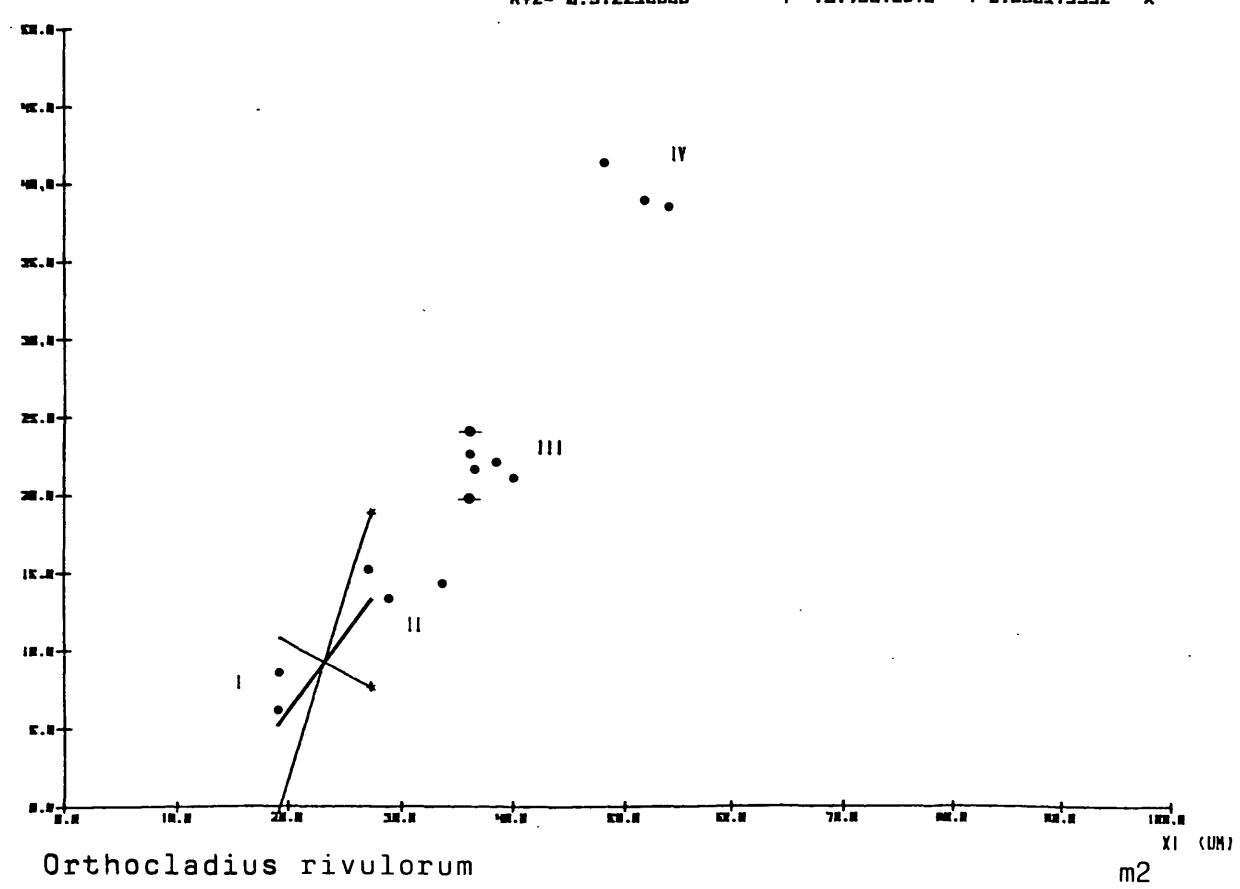
228

©Biologische Station Lunz, Austria, download unter www.biologiezentrum.at
 $R^2 = 0.99892226$ $Y = -11.58848332 + 1.65988312 \cdot X$



X2 (UM)

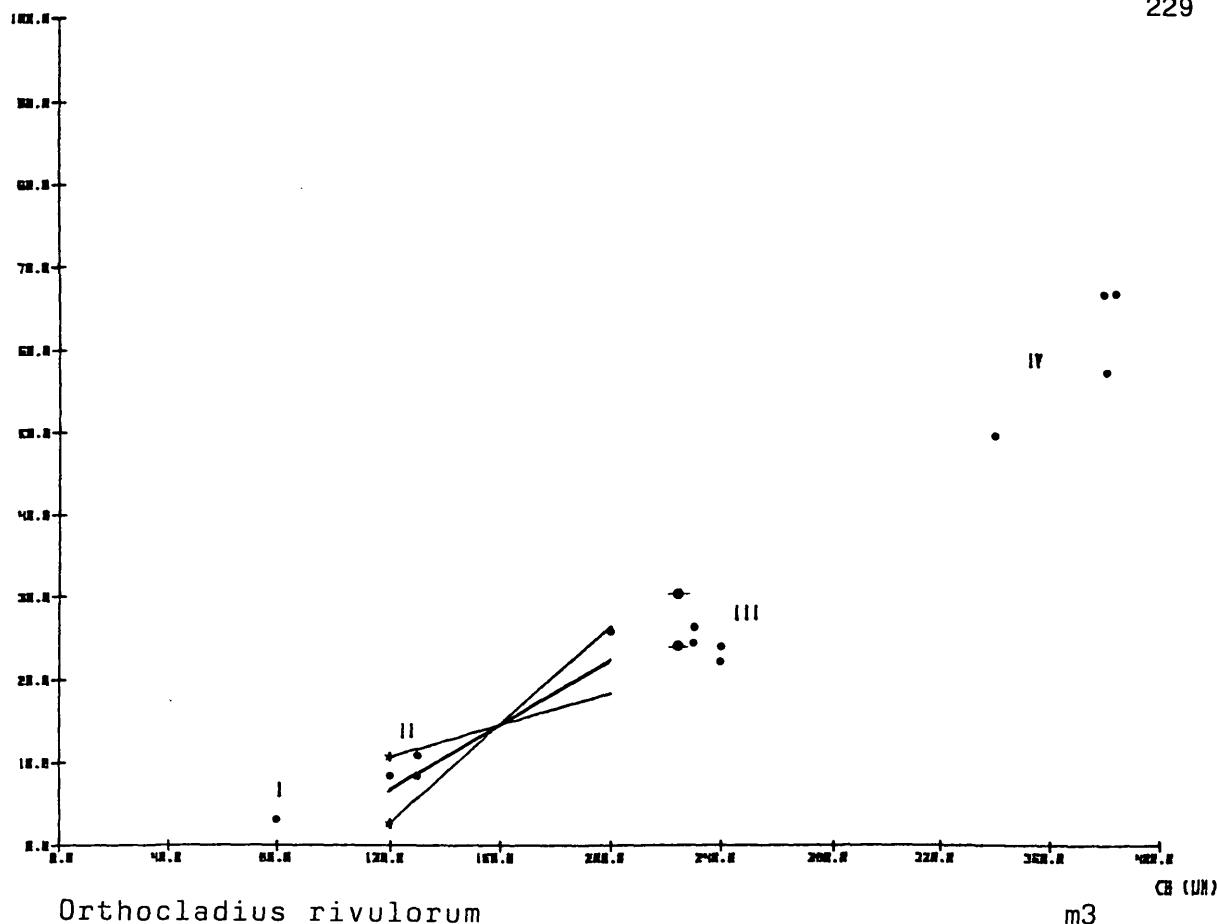
$R^2 = 0.912256868$ $Y = -13.79613876 + 0.898513332 \cdot X$



X4 (UM)

©Biologische Station Lunz, Austria R²=0.844802899 Y=15.0000000

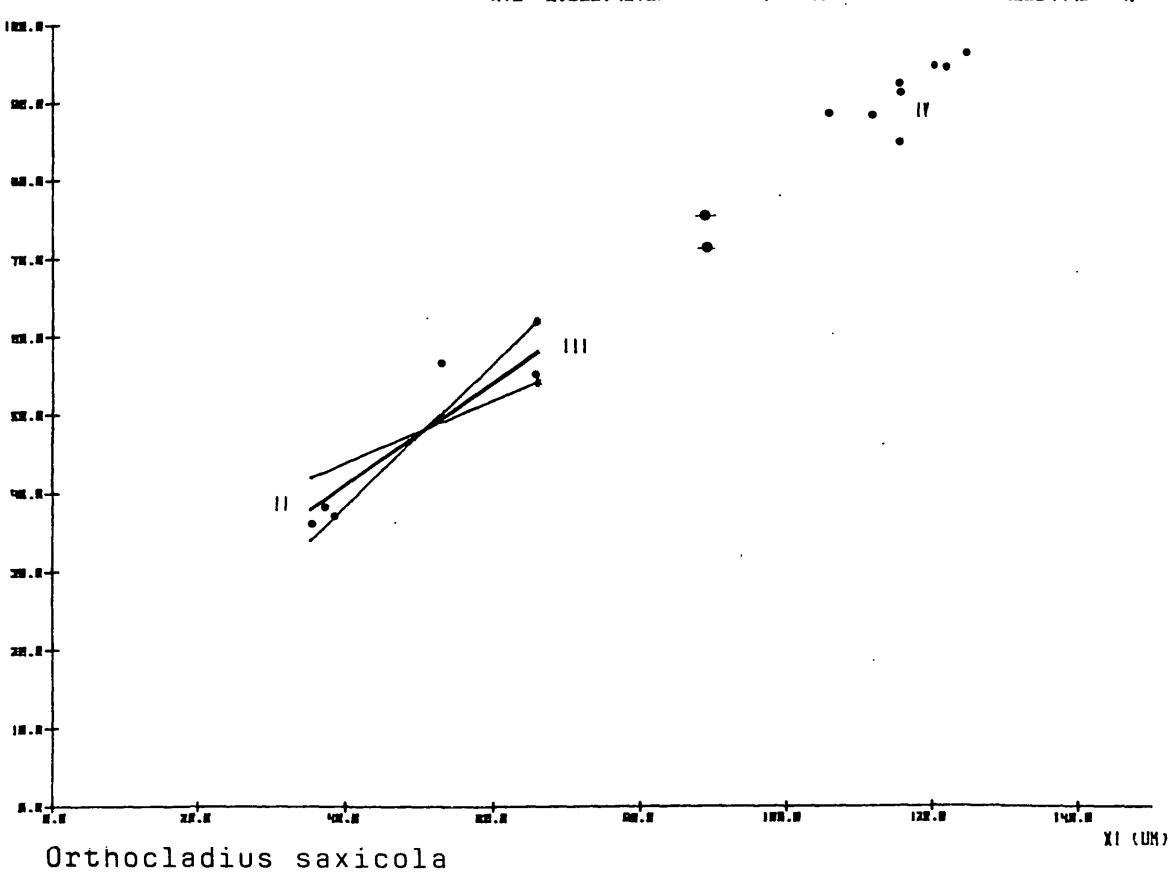
+ 8.196924444 X 229

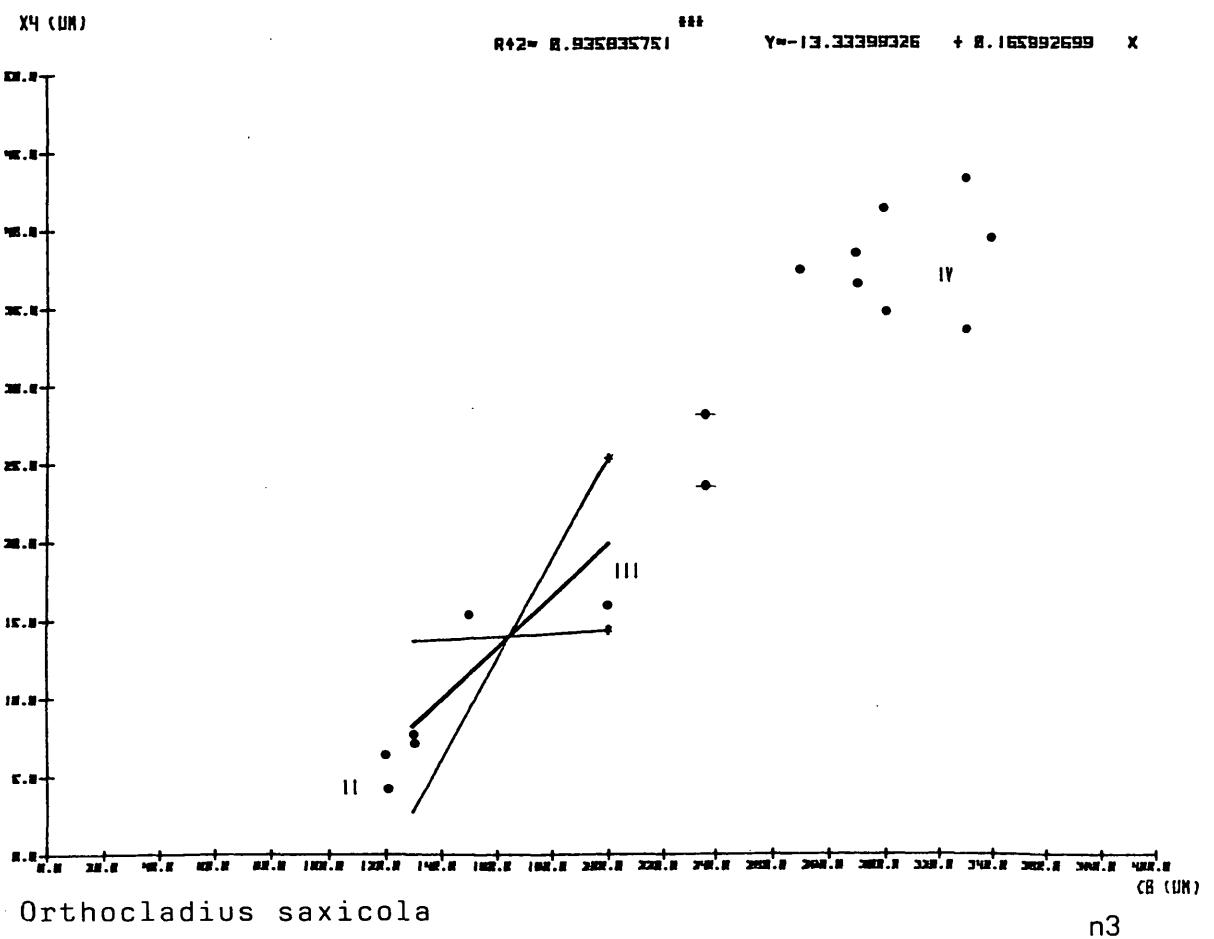
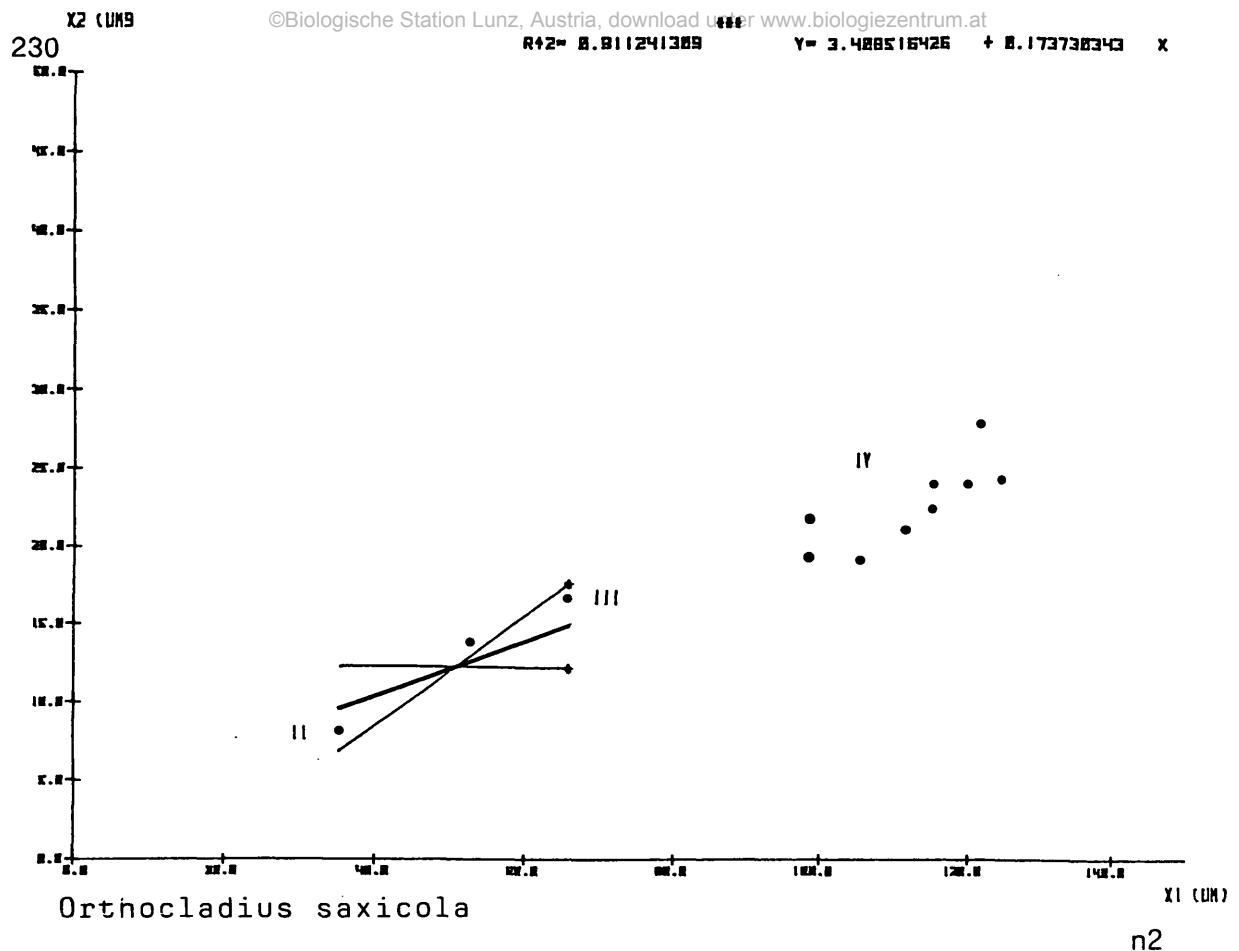


X3 (UM)

R²= 0.982145159

Y= 14.38368873 + 8.660524444 X





X3 (UM)

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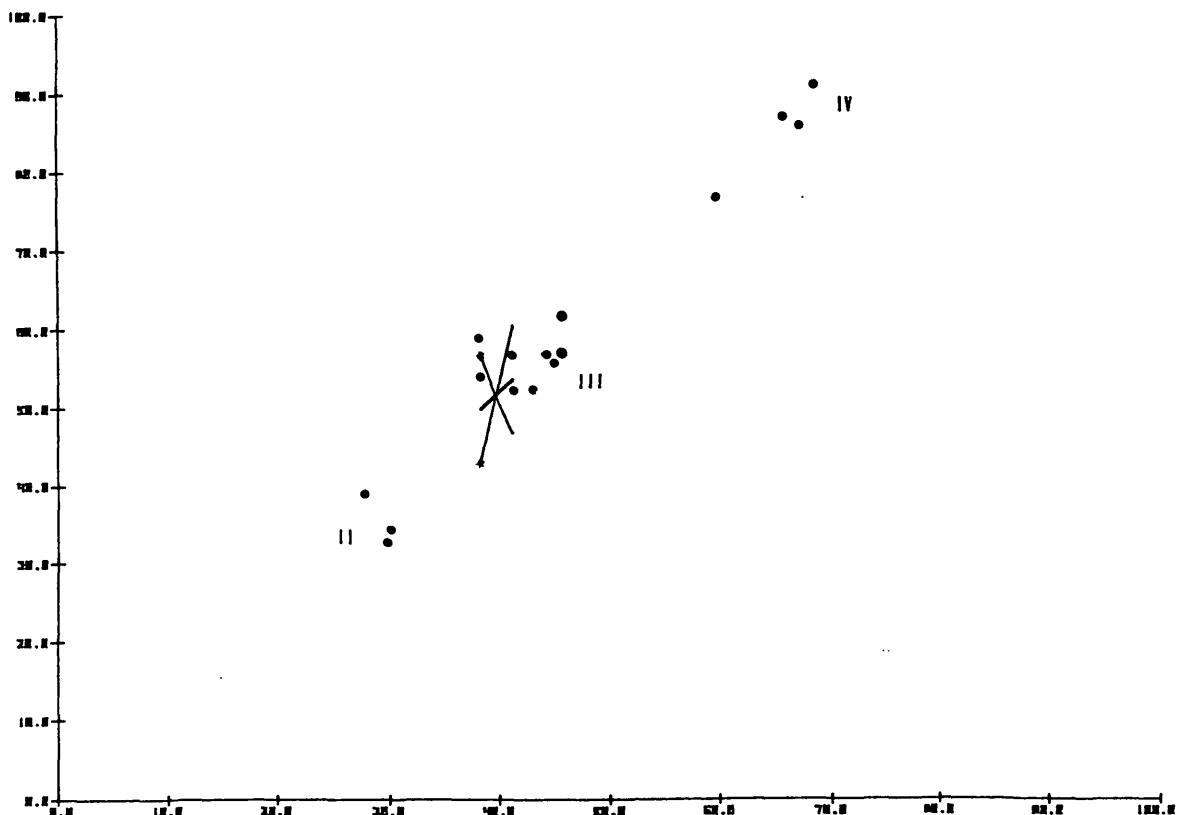
R42= 0.957055977

Y=-0.969597898

+ 1.32782882

x

231



Orthocladius saxosus grp. 1

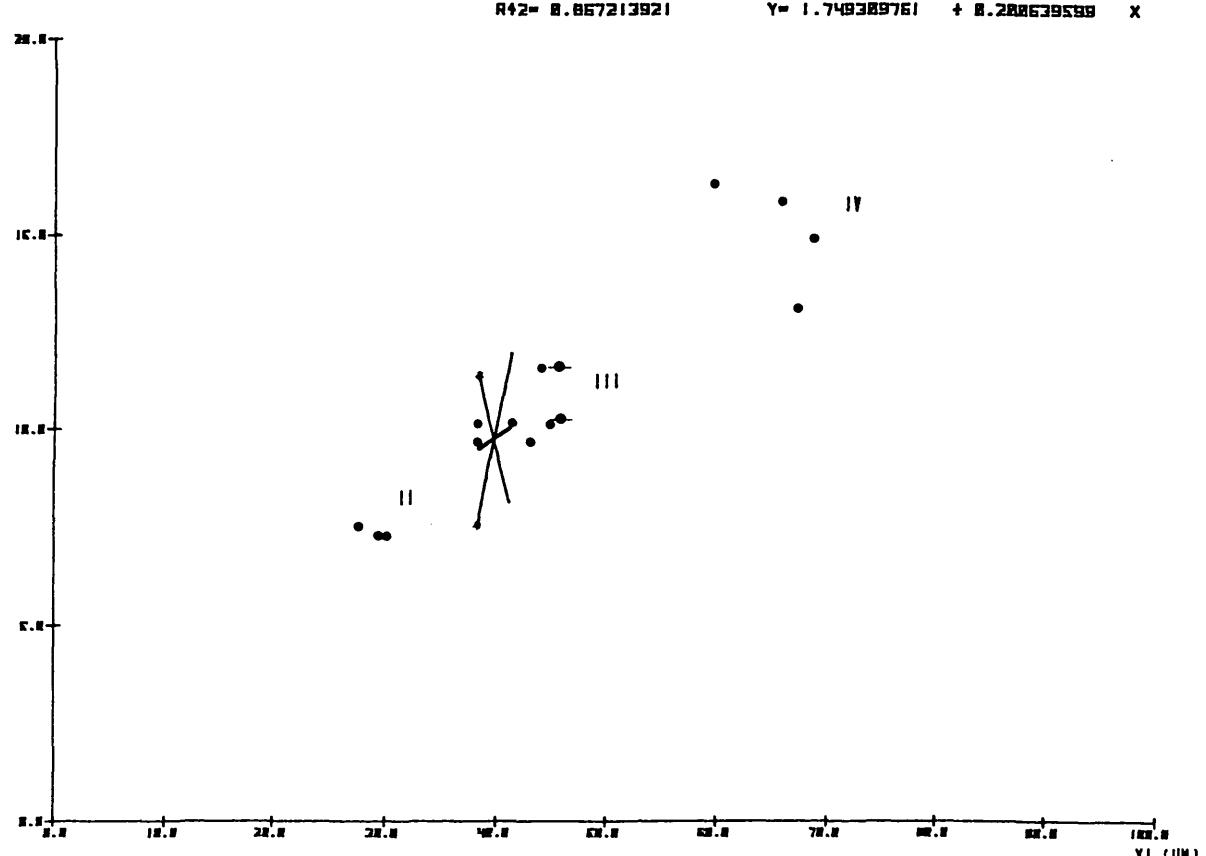
o1

X2 (UM)

R42= 0.867213921

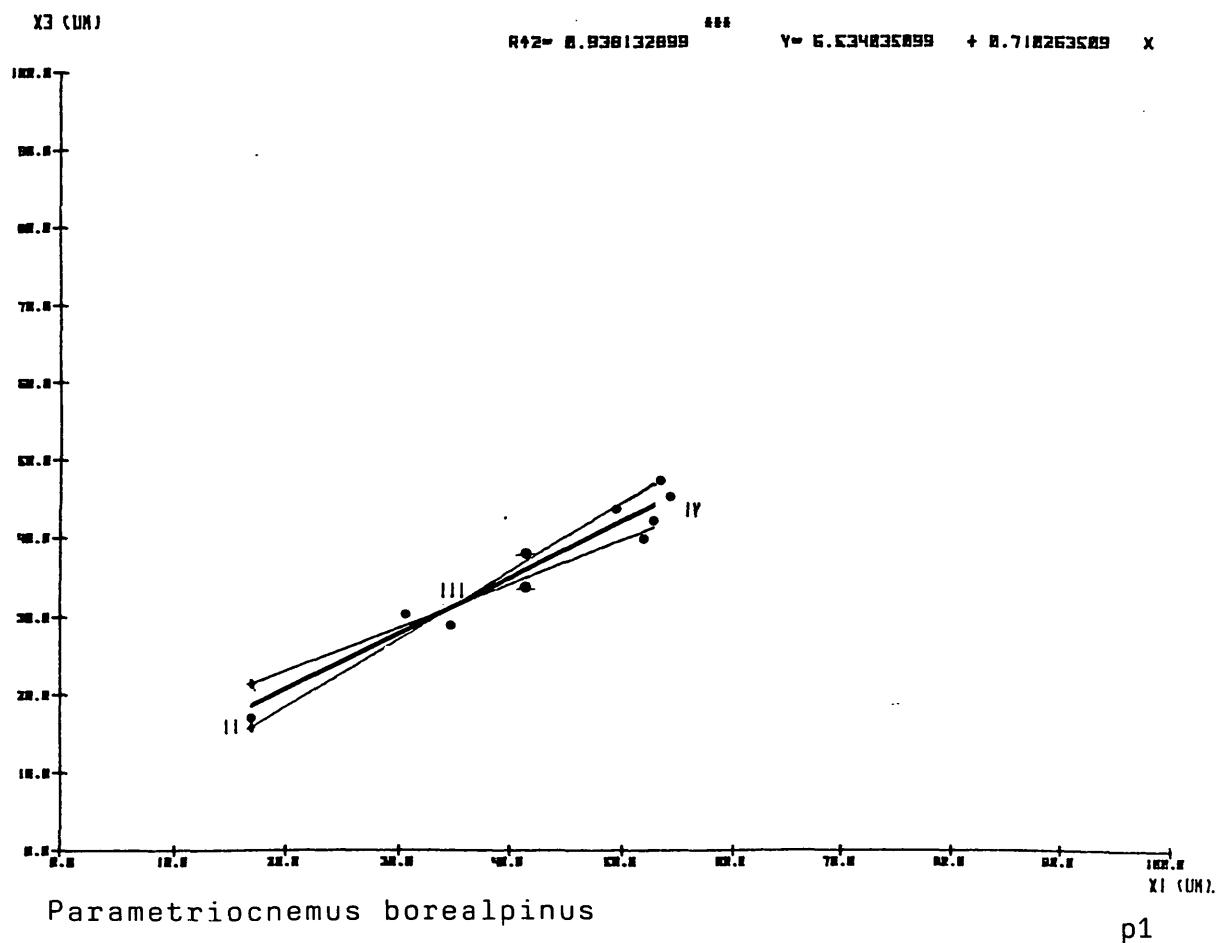
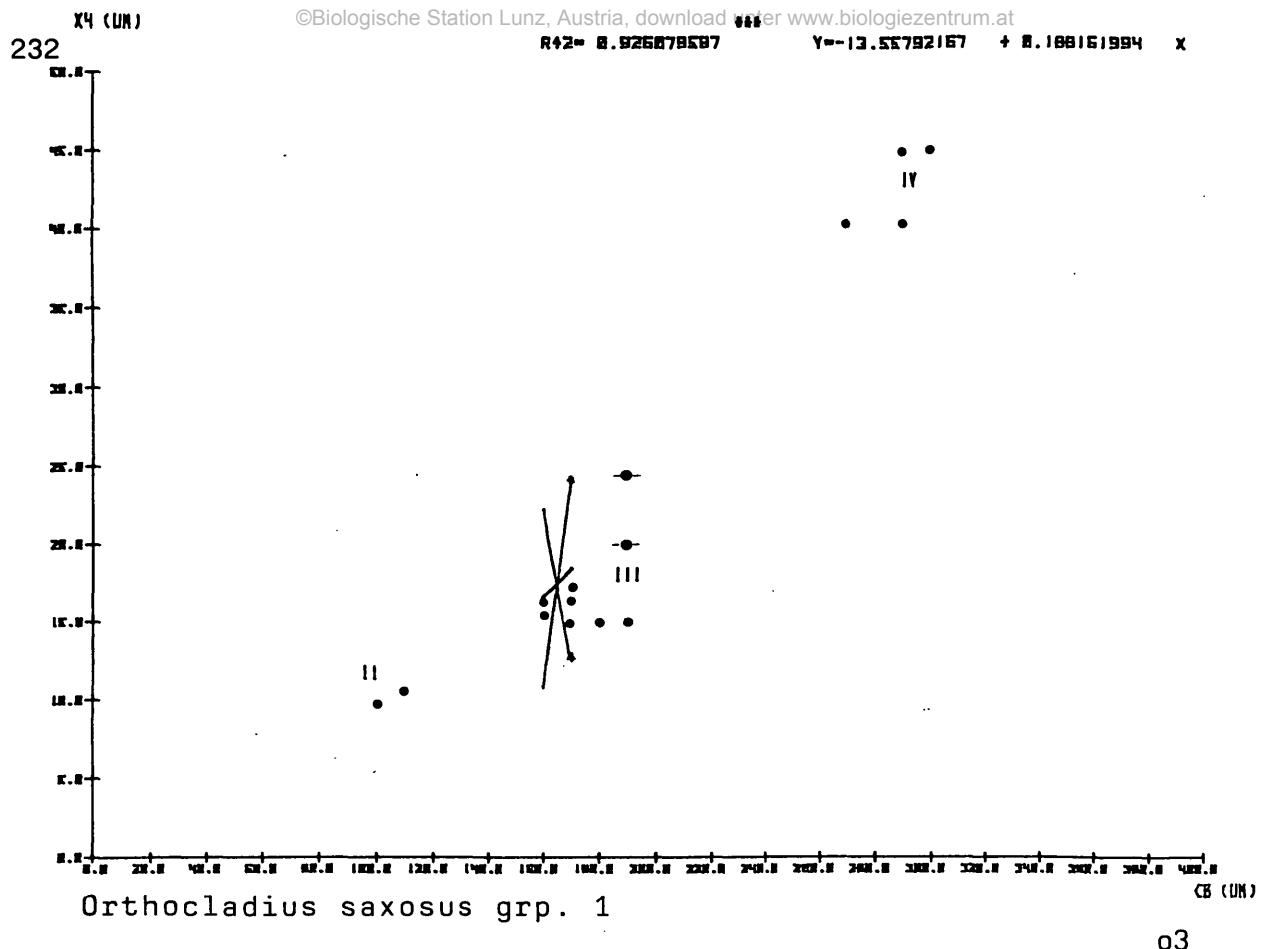
Y= 1.749389761 + 0.288639599

x



Orthocladius saxosus grp. 1

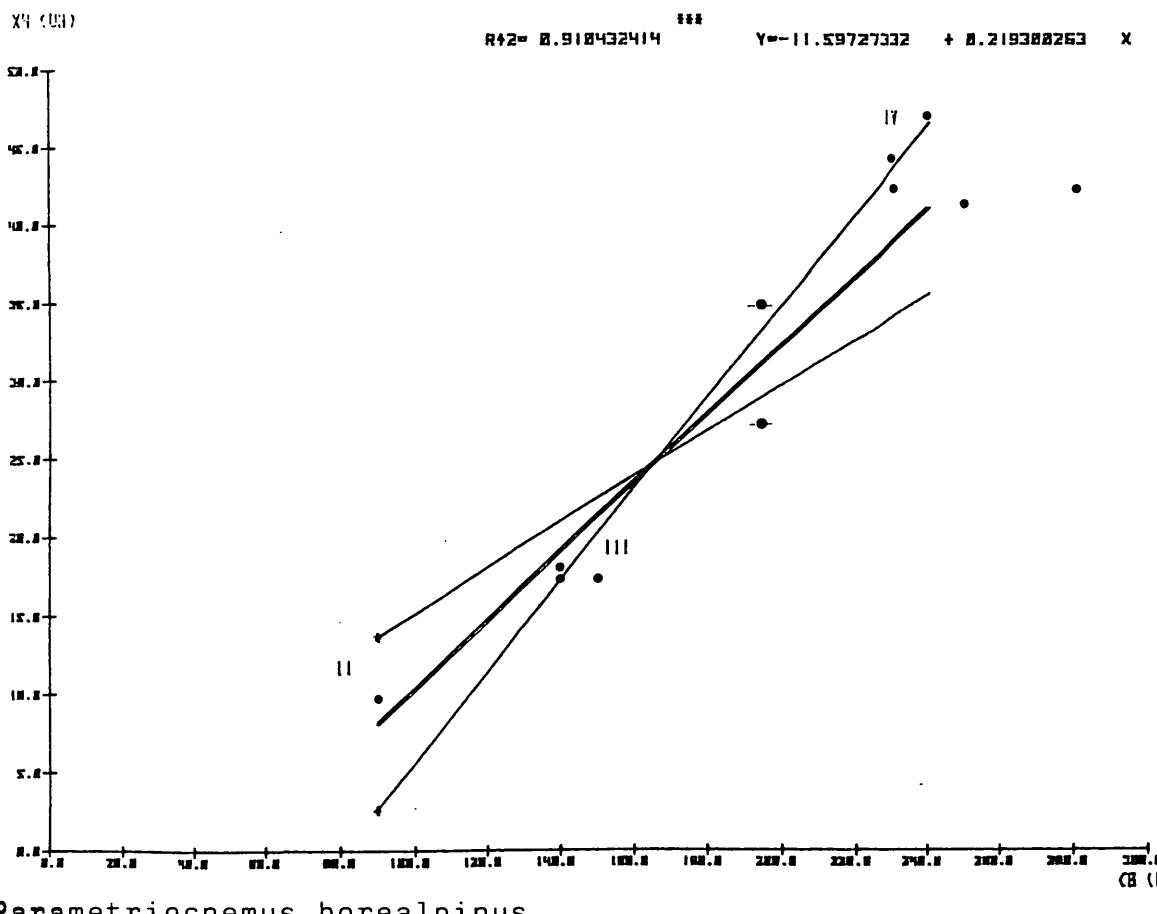
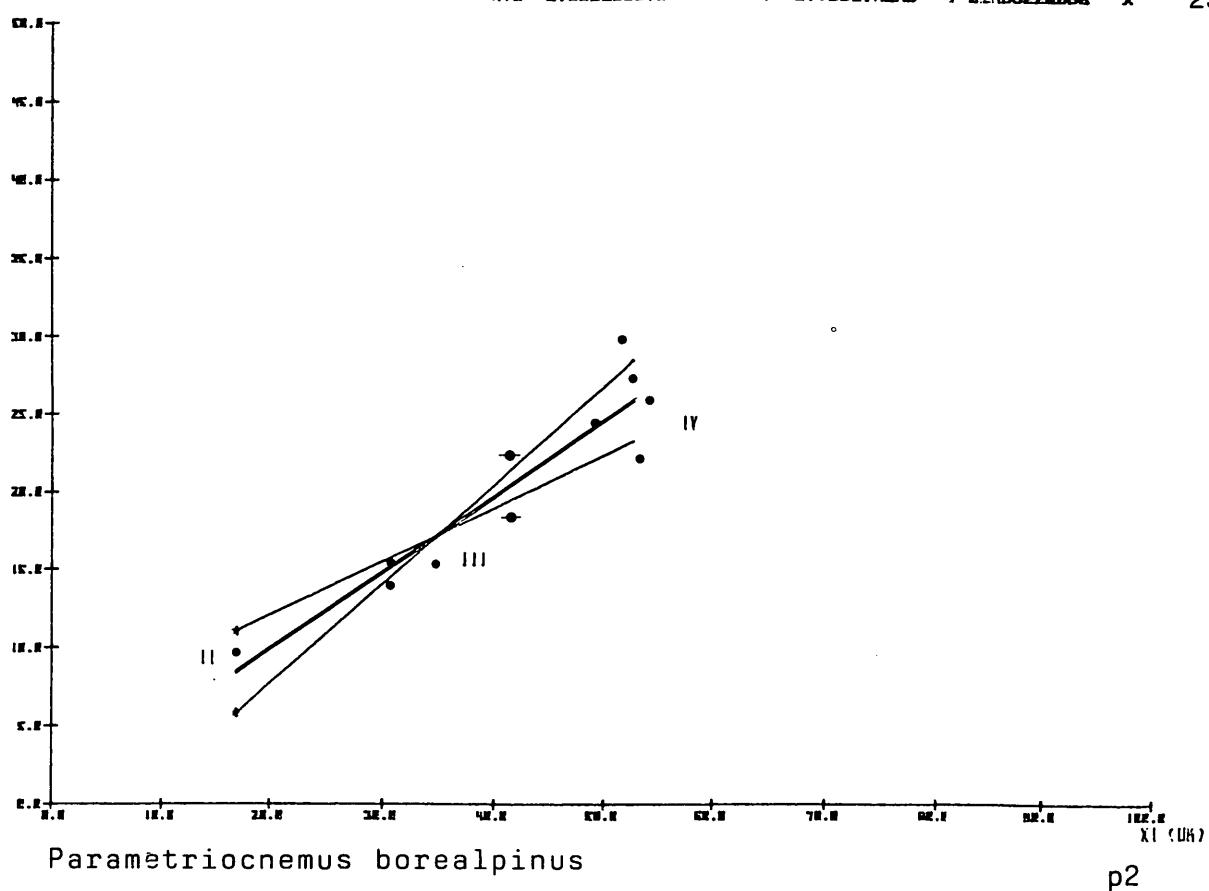
o2



R²= 0.889093873

Y= 0.128814028 + 0.486225868 X

233

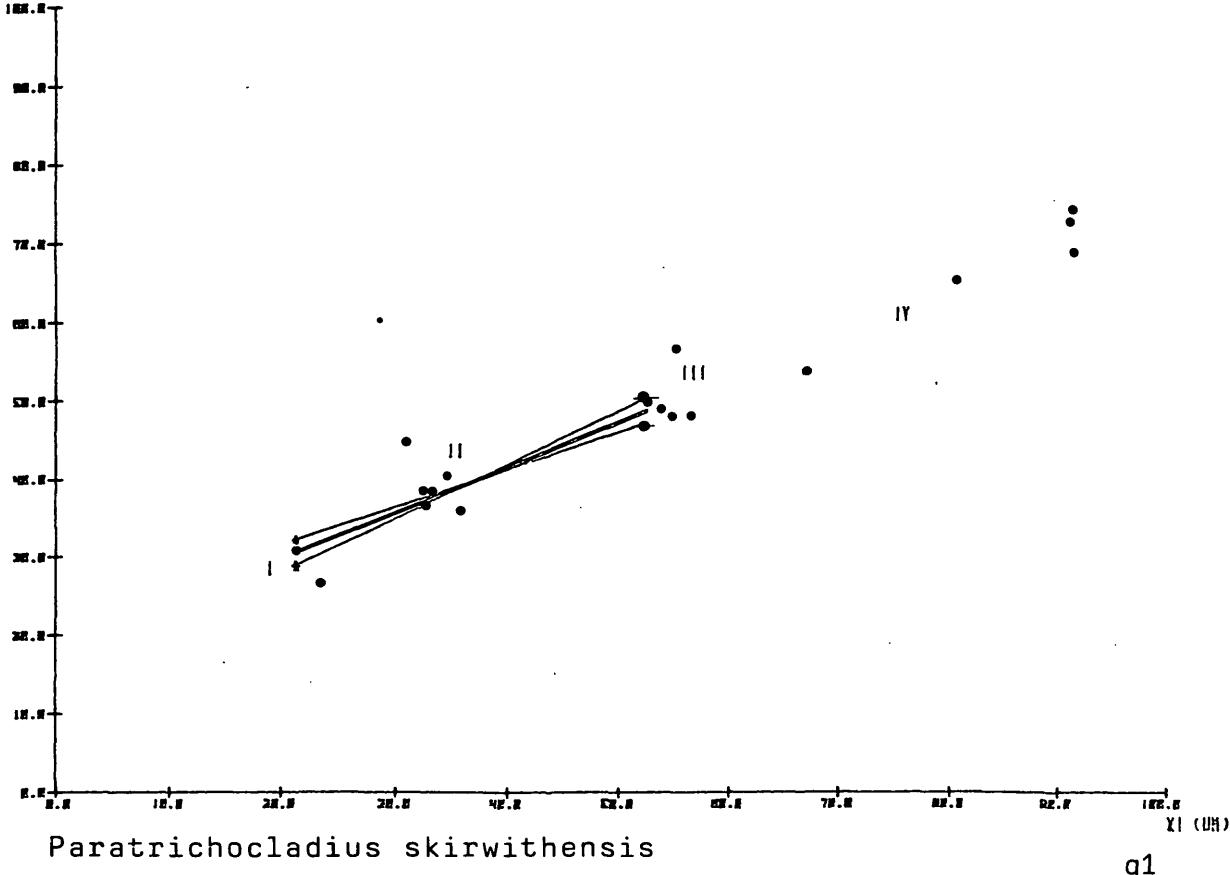


R² = 0.942443454

Y = 17.98683276 + 0.588396137 X

X₃ (UM)

234



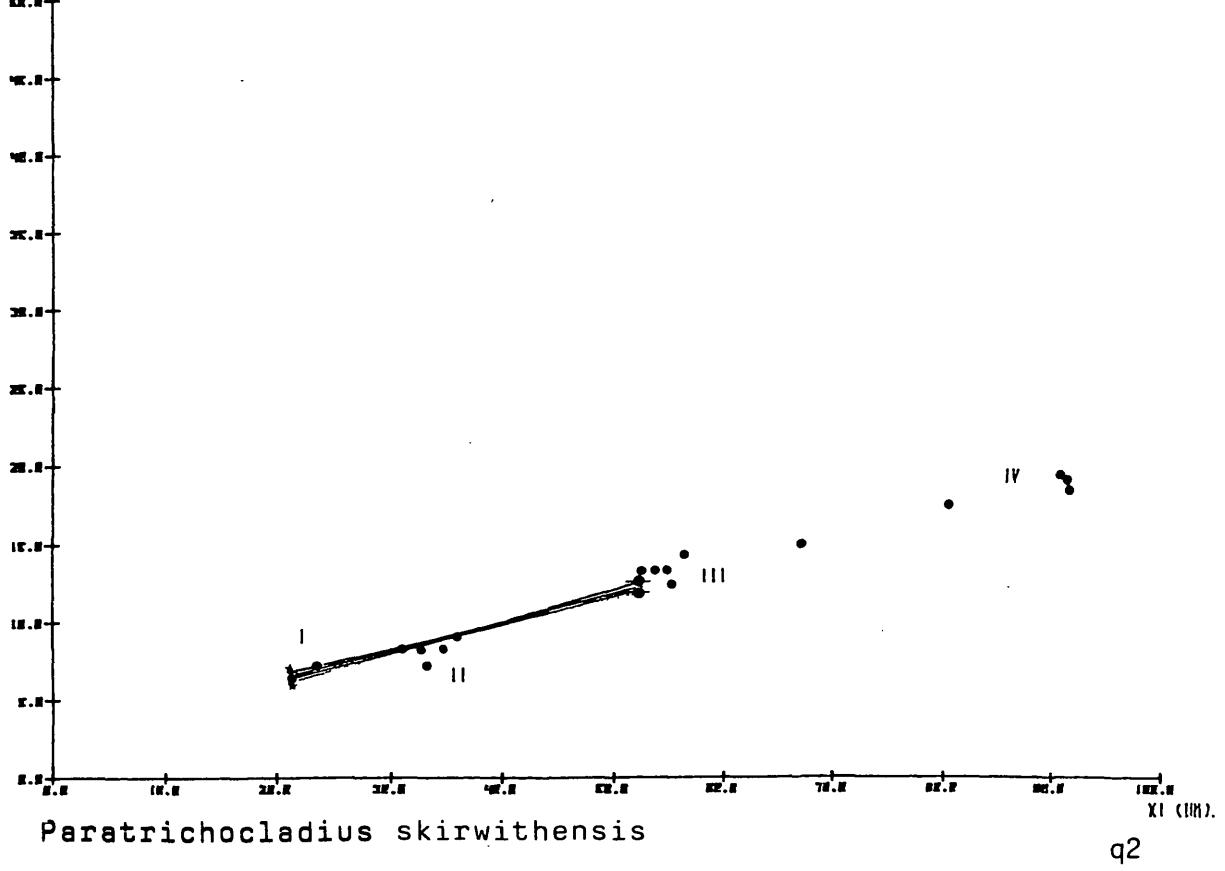
Paratrichocladus skirwithensis

q1

X₂ (UM)R² = 0.873832318

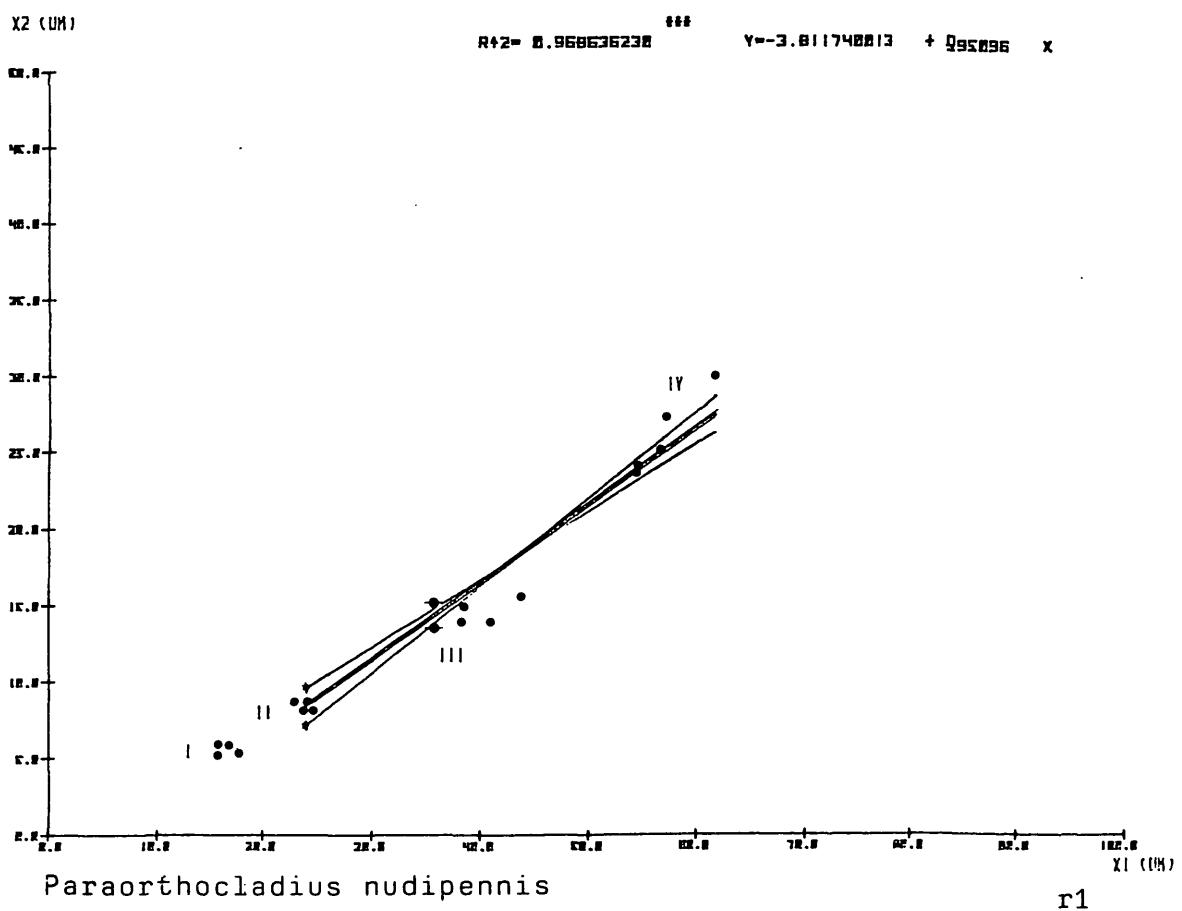
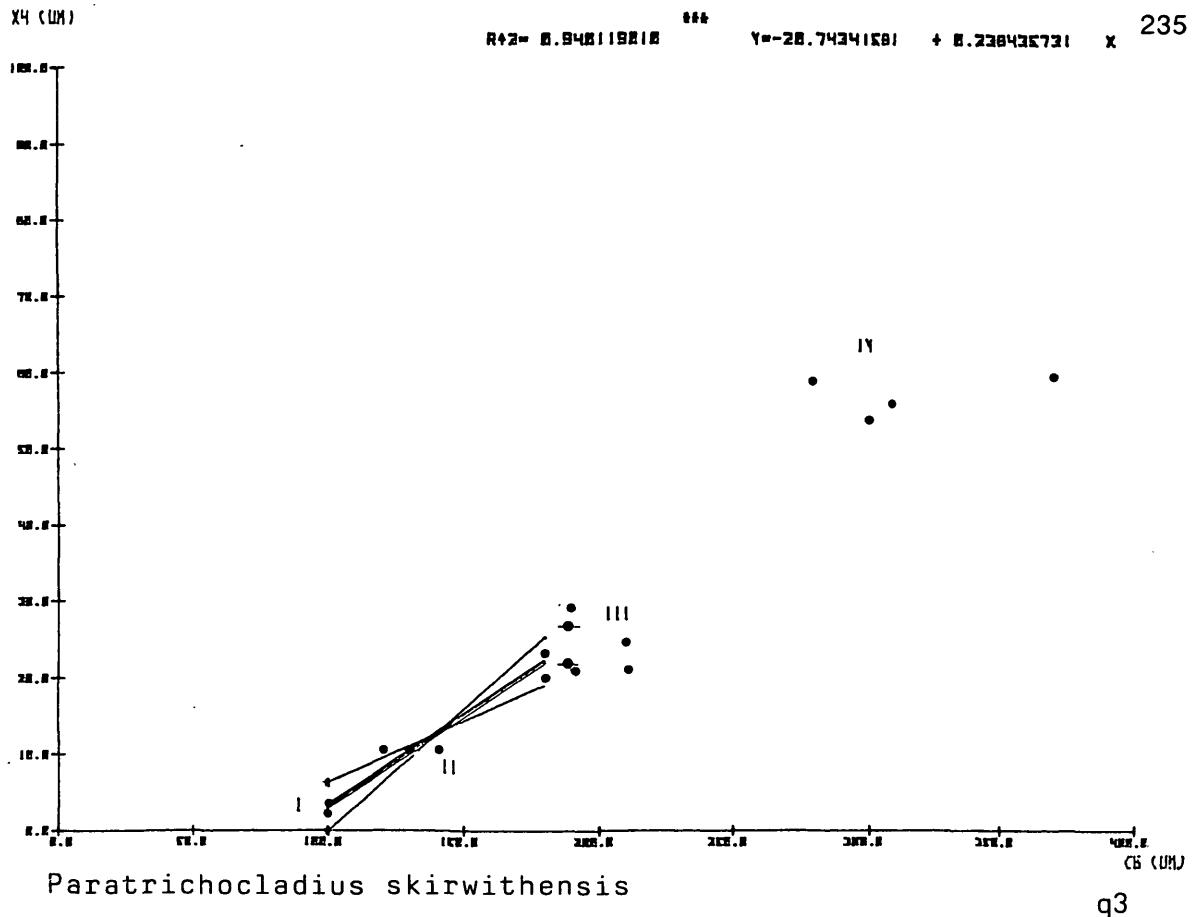
Y = 2.576558123 + 0.184144421 X

234



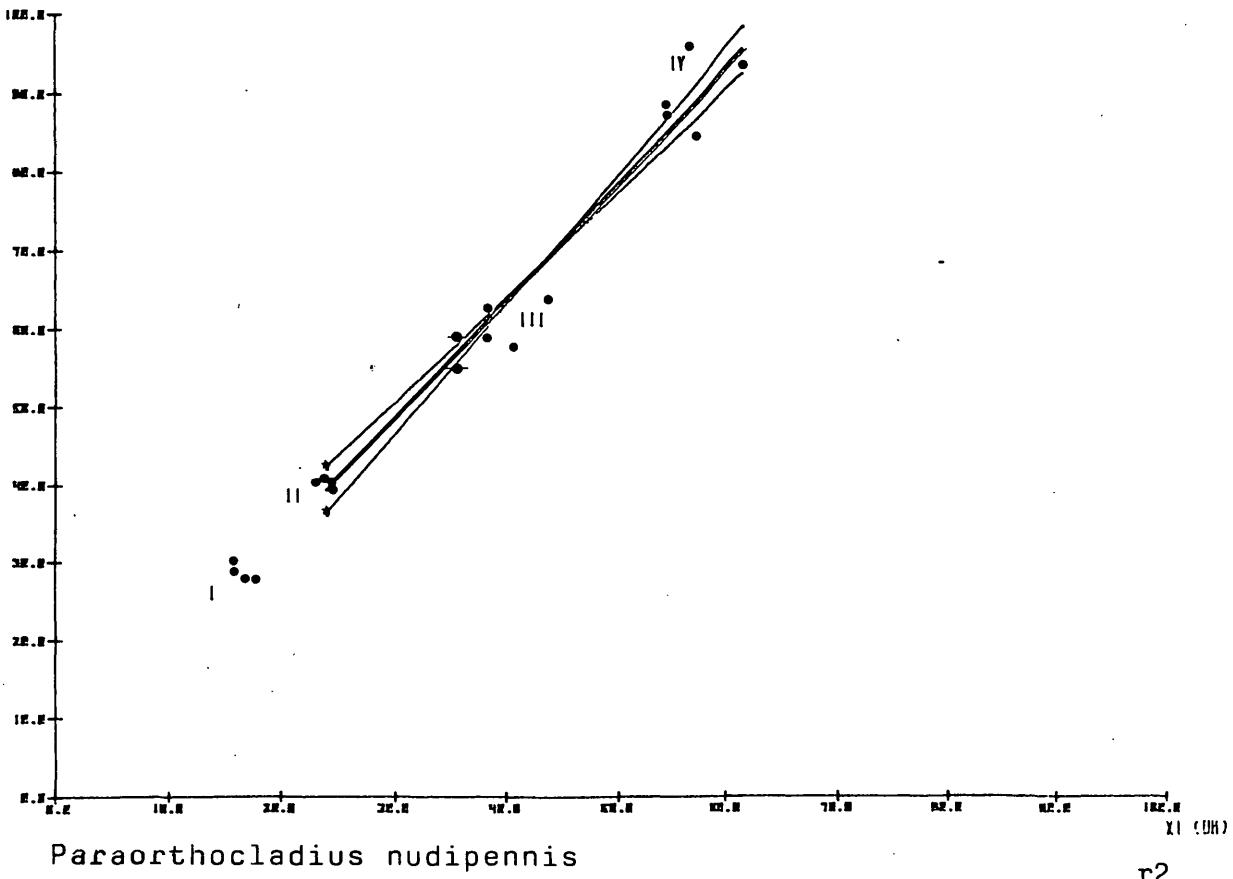
Paratrichocladus skirwithensis

q2



X3 (UM)
236R²= 0.977977272

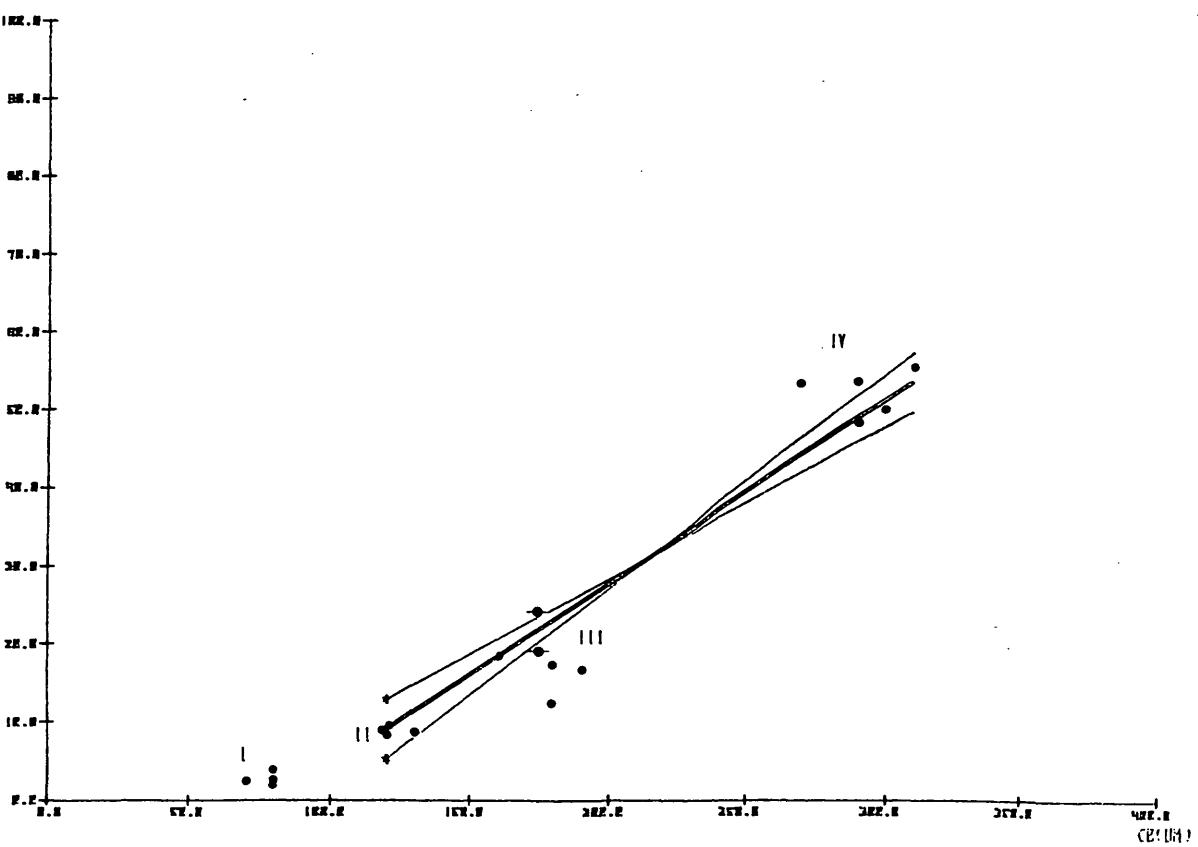
Y= 3.583724656 + 1.488989613 X

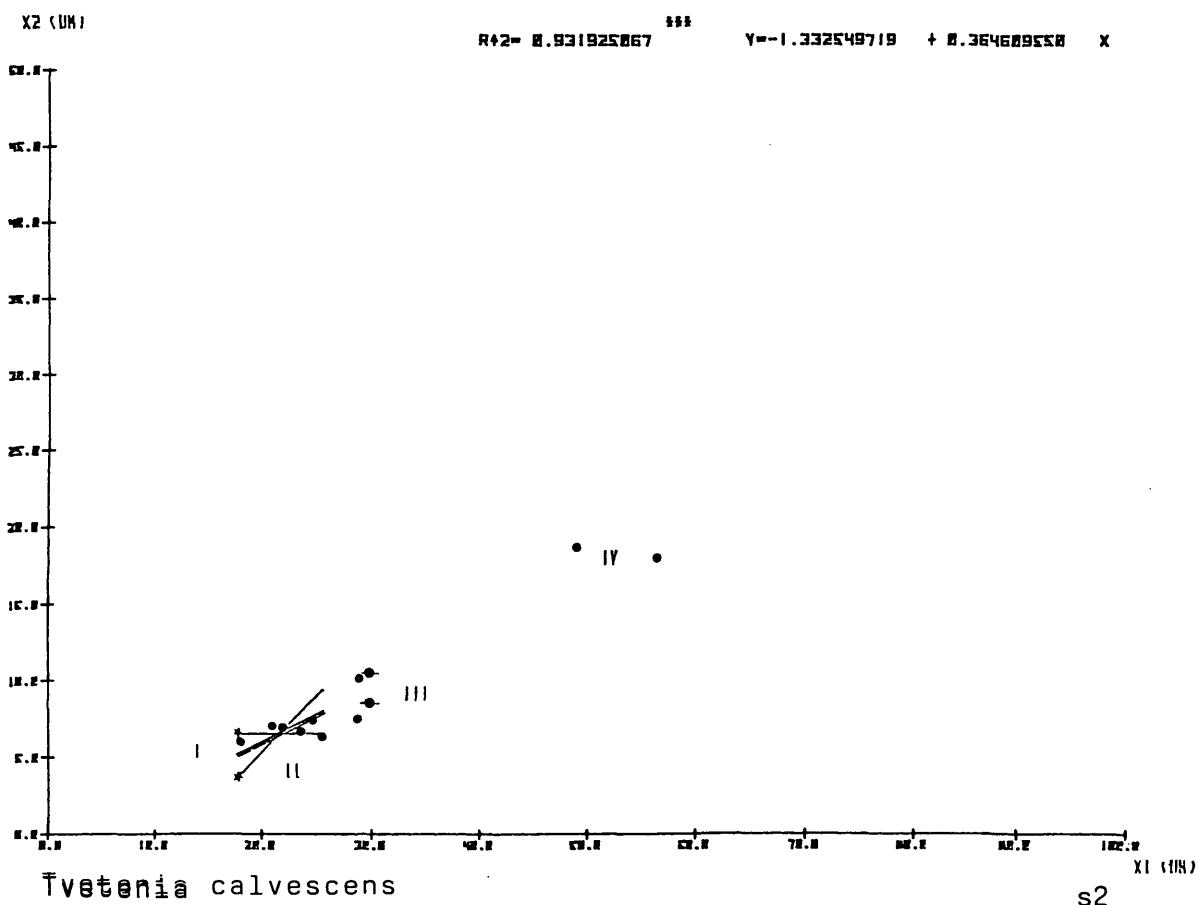
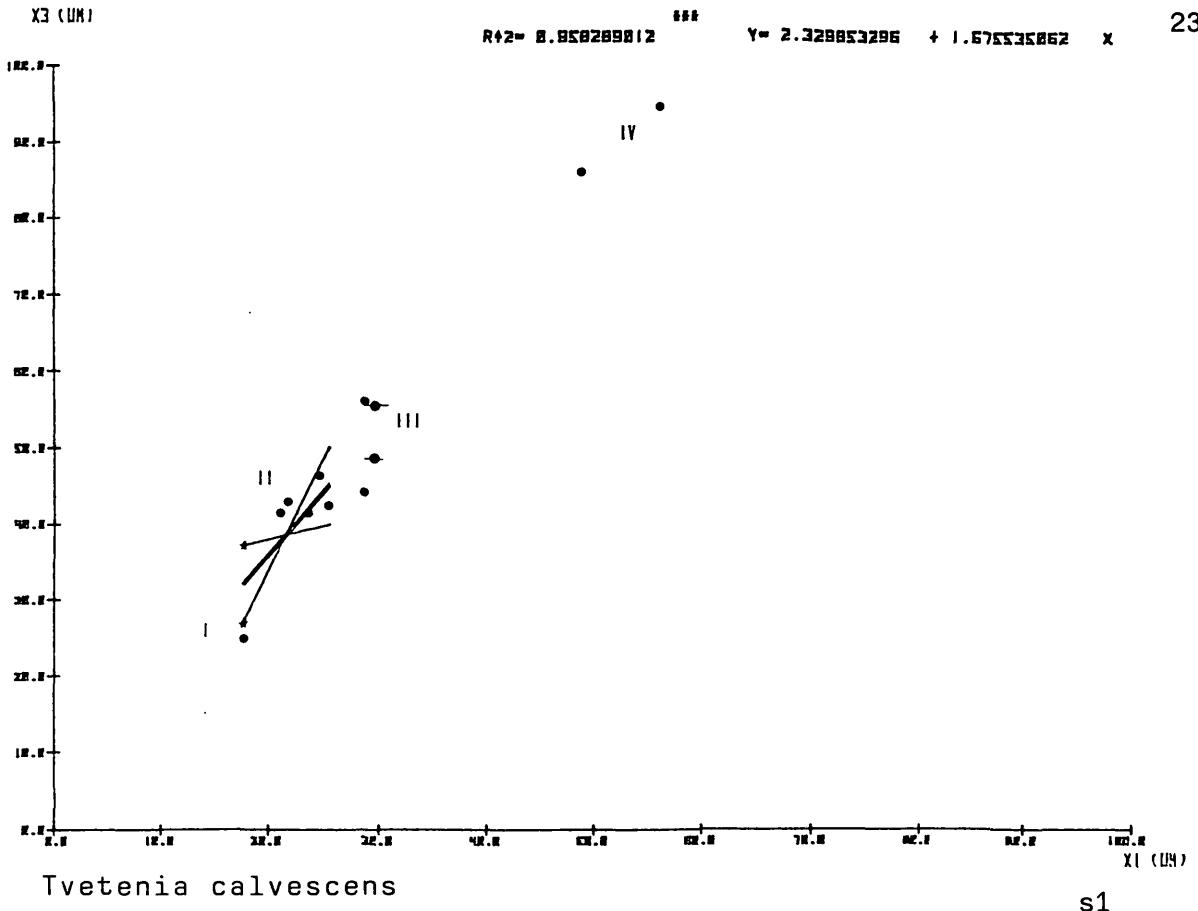


X4 (UM)

R²= 0.941931614

Y=-19.97111298 + 8.233403677 X





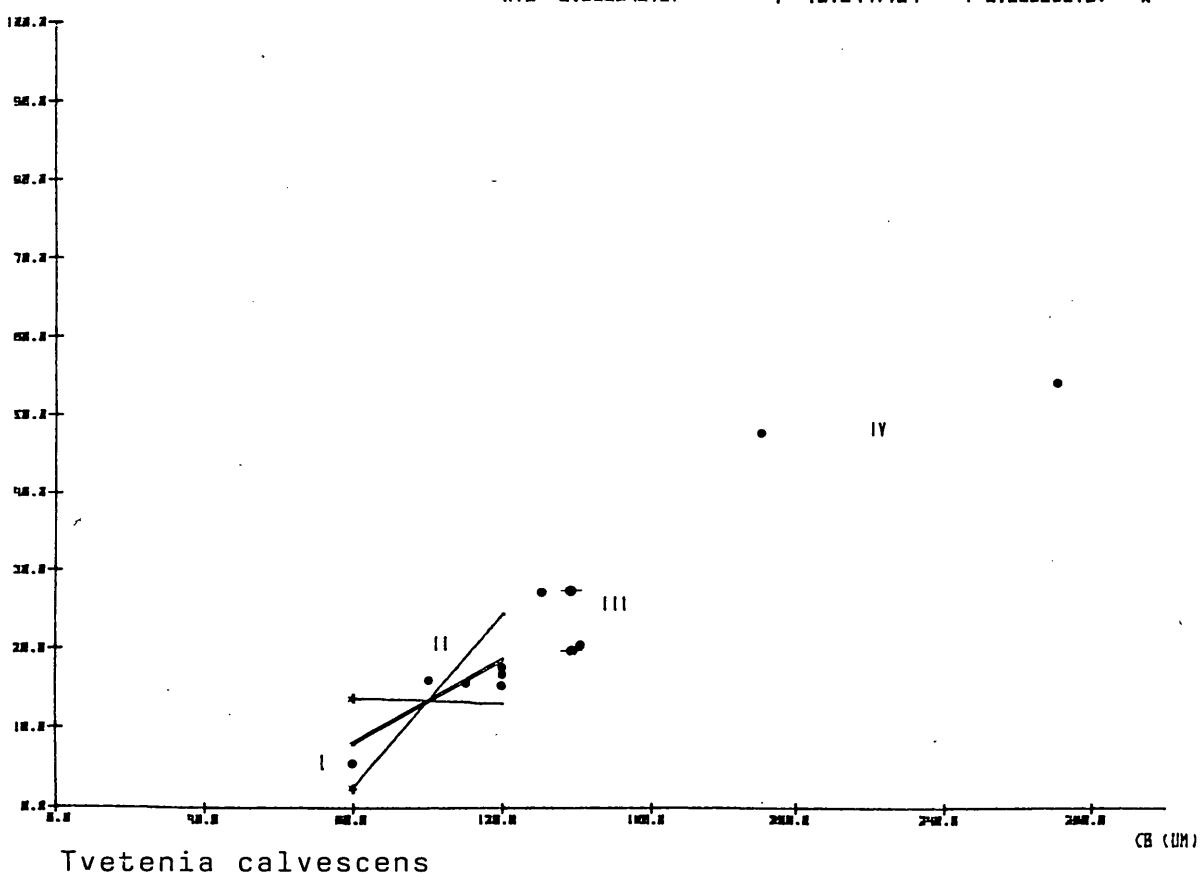
238

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R²= 0.90384373

Y= -13.3441784

+ 0.269888191 X

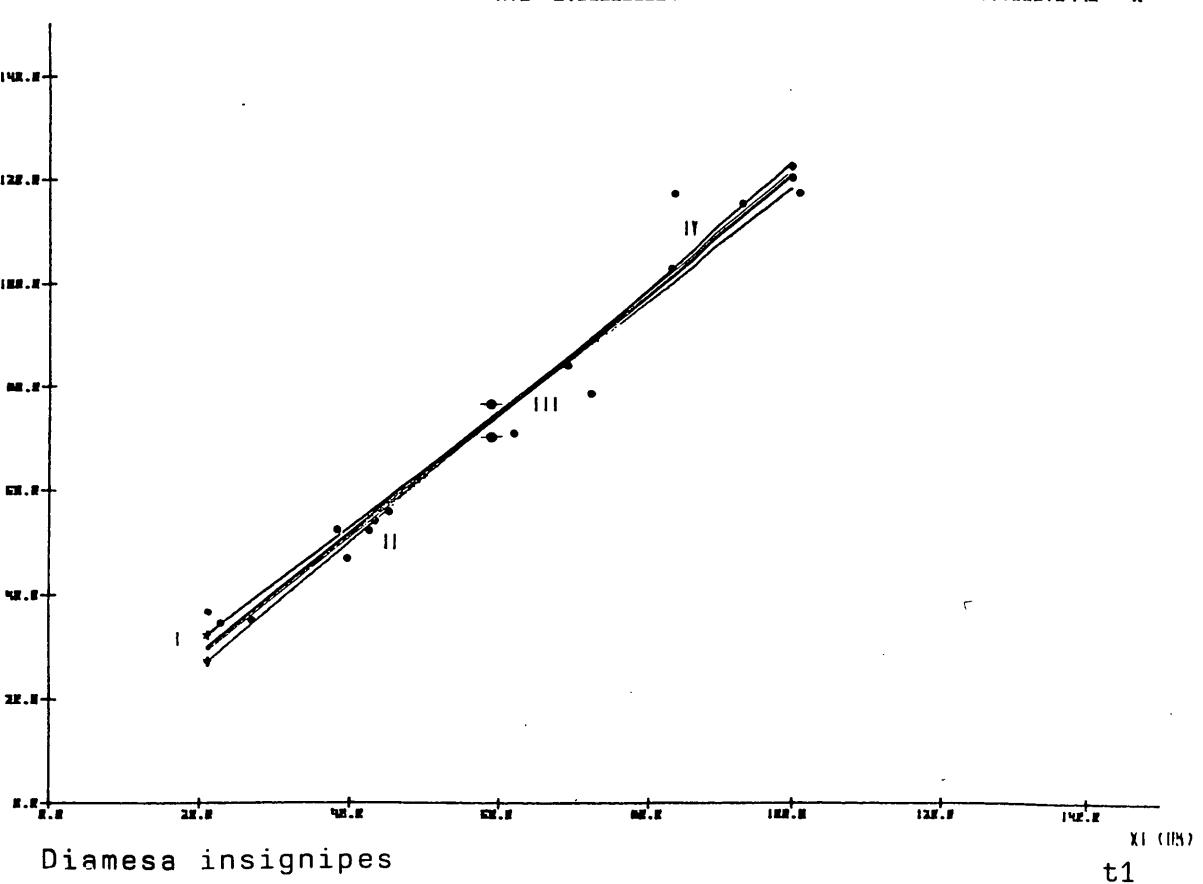


s3

X3 (mm)

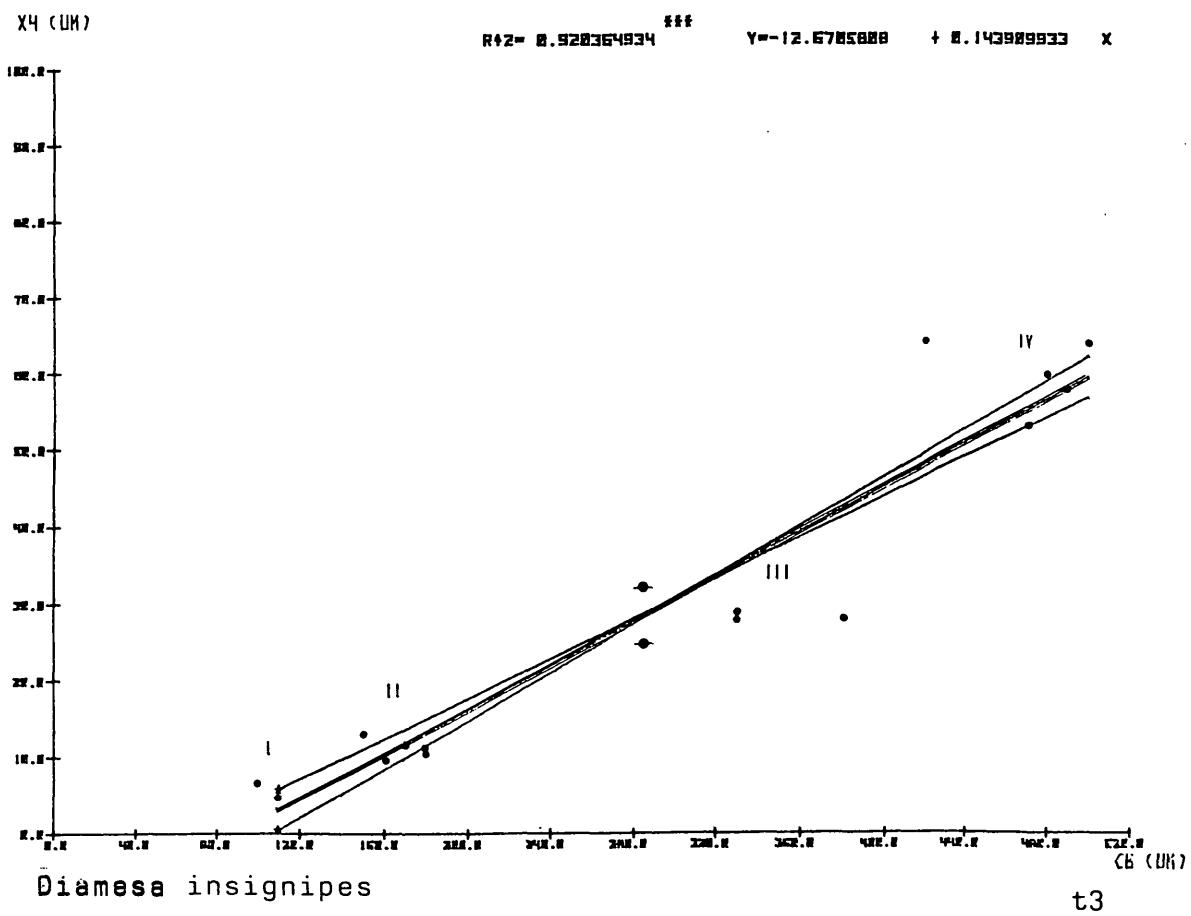
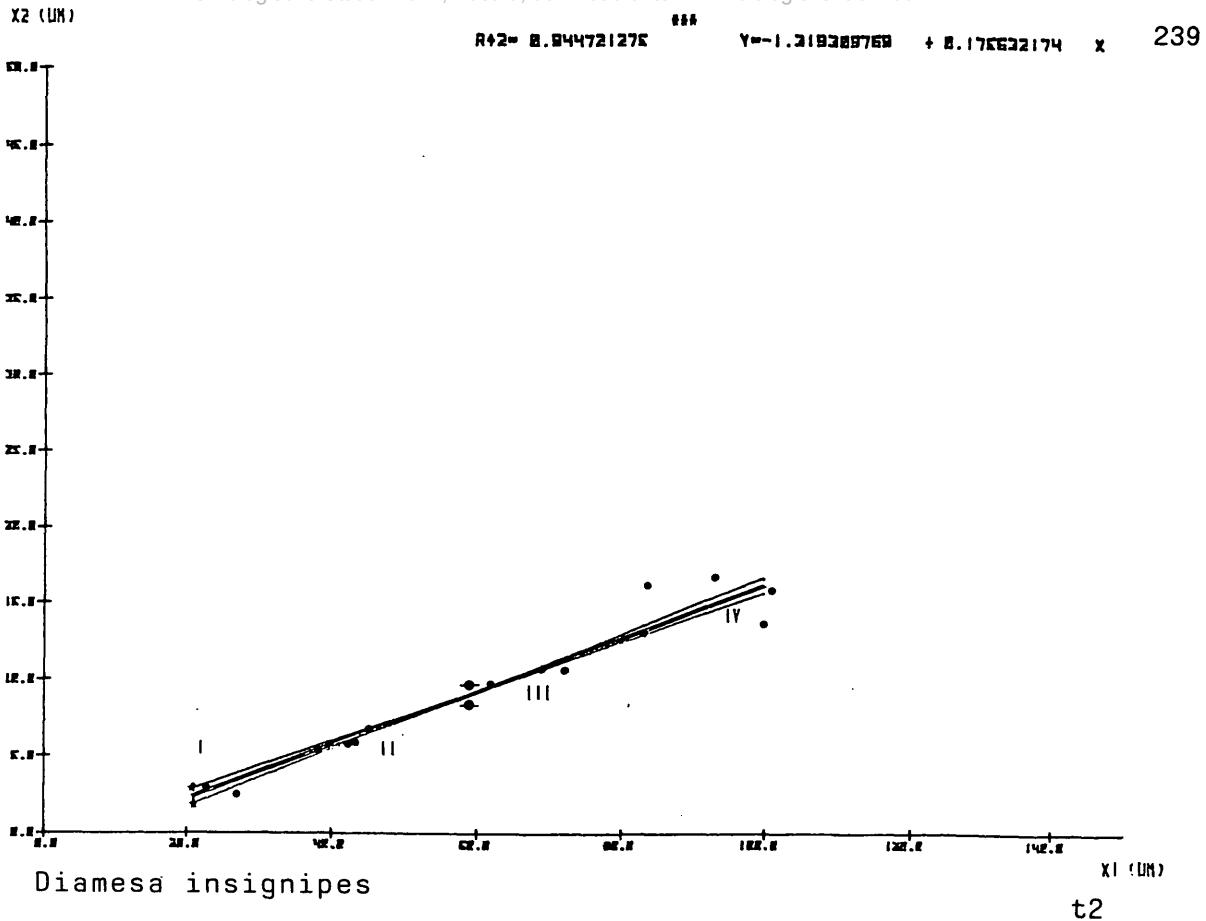
R²= 0.960336886

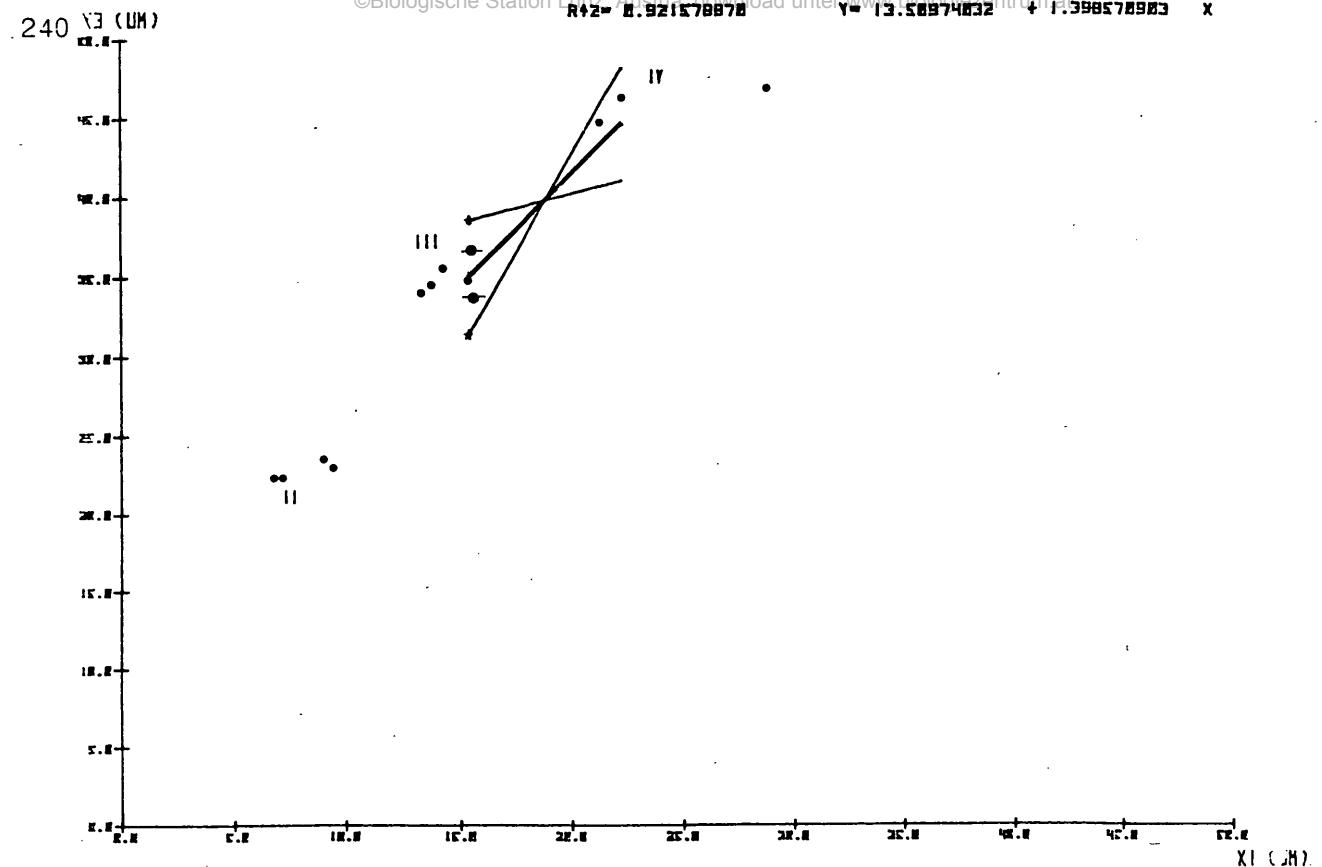
Y= 5.383389535 + 1.155215448 X



t1

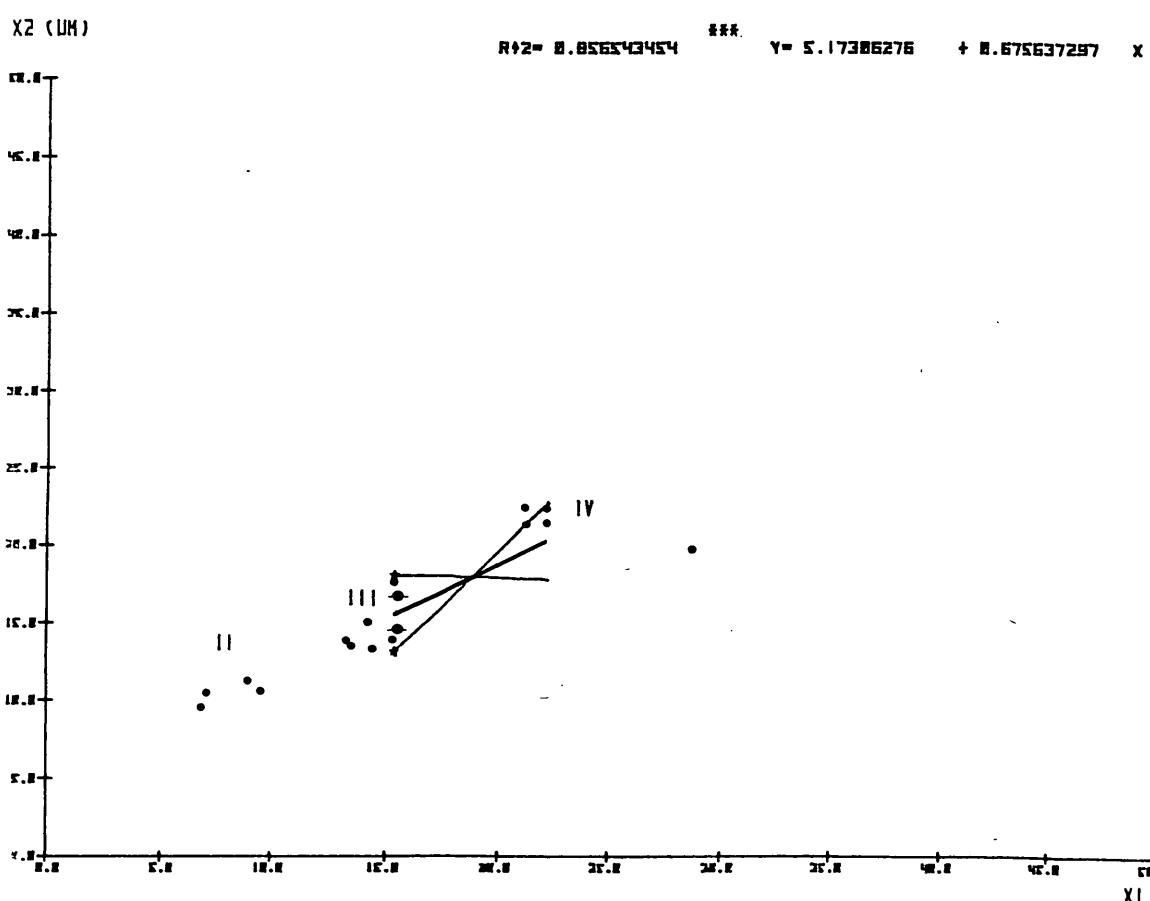
Diamesa insignipes





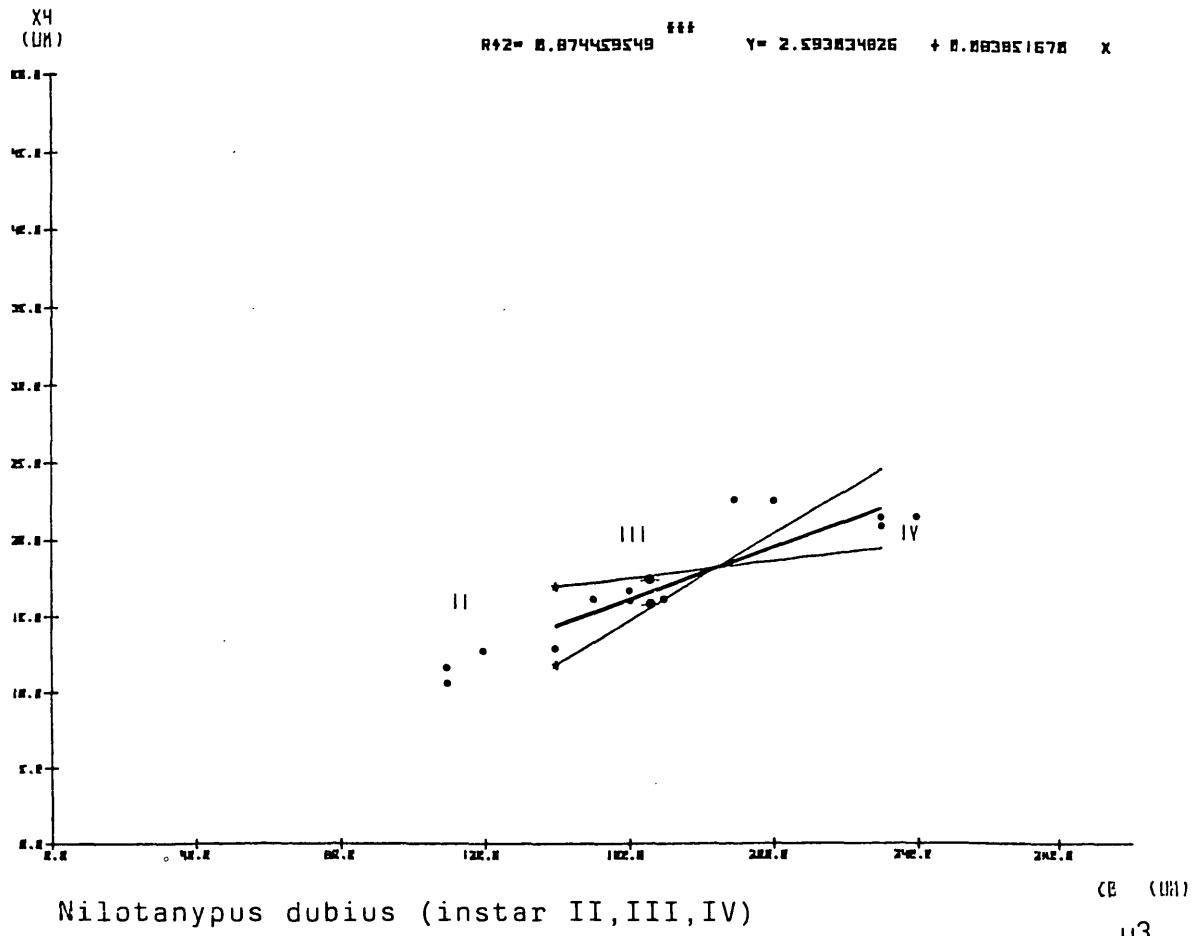
Nilotanypus dubius

u1



Nilotanypus dubius

u2



Alphabetical Chironomid Index

- | | |
|---|---|
| Brillia 73 82* •91-3 | Paratrichocladius 70 74 82 *139-45 234-5* |
| Bryophaenocladius 74 | Paratrissocladius 74 80* |
| Chaetocladius 74 80* 84 *94-6 210-1* | Parorthocladius 70 74 81* *146-7 235-6* |
| Conchapelopia 73 87 *180-2 | Phaenopsectra 74 89* *205 |
| Corynoneura 70 74 79 *97 211-2* | Polypedilum 74 89 *206-8 |
| Cricotopus 70 73 82 *98-103 213-5* | Potthastia 73 85 *174-7 |
| Cryptocladopelma 74 | Prodiamesa 73 77* 85* *179 |
| Diamesa 73 76* 85 *170-3 238-9* | Pseudodiamesa 73 85* *178 |
| Eukiefferiella 73 81* *104-11 216-20* | Pseudosmittia 74 78 *148 |
| Heleniella 74 83* *112-3 220-1* | Rheocricotopus 74 81 *149-52 |
| Heterotrissocladius 73 80* *114-5 222-3* | Rheosmittia 74 79* *153 |
| Krenosmittia 74 79* *118 223-4* | Rheotanytarsus 74 89* *198 |
| Limnophyes 74 83 *116-7 | Smittia 74 78 *154 |
| Macropelopia 73 86 *192 | Stempellina 74 88 *199 |
| Metriocnemus 74 84 | Stempelinella 74 88 *200 |
| Micropsectra 74 89* *193-6 | Symbiocladius 74 78 *155 |
| Microtendipes 74 89 *202-3 | Sympoziocladius 74 81* *156-7 |
| Nanocladius 74 80* *119 | Synorthocladius 74 81* *158-9 |
| Neozavrelia 74 89 *197 | Tanytarsus 74 89 *201 |
| Nilotanyxus 73 86* *160-2 240-1* | Thienemanniella 74 79 *160-1 |
| Orthocladius 68* 70 73-4 79* 82 *120-35 *166- | Thienemannimyia 73 87 *183-5 |
| Paraboreocladius 73 85* [169 *190-1 225-32* | Trissocladius (?) 74 |
| Paracladopelma 74 89 *204 | Trissopelopia 73 87 *186-7 |
| Parakiefferiella 74 80 | Tvetenia 70 74 81 83 *162-5 237-8* |
| Parametriocnemus 74 83 *136-8 232-3* | Zavrelimyia 70 73 87 *188-9 |
| Paraphaenocladius 74 79* | |

* denotes figures (x*: in the key, *x: in the species descriptions, * diagrams)