

The Ostracoda (Crustacea) from the cruise of *HMS Challenger* revisited: taxonomic revisions, biogeography and curation of the material

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The worldwide voyage of the *HMS Challenger* collected oceanographic and biological samples and the results laid the foundations of almost every branch of oceanography as we know it today. Biological samples included virtually all high level taxa, and many thousands of specimens, comprising over 4000 "Types".

The Ostracoda are taxonomically and ecologically very diverse, with +30,000 described species. Due to their calcified carapace, the Ostracoda have an extensive fossil record, and thus represent important proxies in palaeoenvironmental reconstructions and on studies on biodiversity patterns. Almost 150 new species and genera have been described from the Challenger samples (BRADY 1880). BRADY figured different species under the same name, and information on the lectotypes was very scarce prior to the present project. As a consequence, many species were recorded from distant localities, and that has important implications for the biodiversity and biogeographical patterns observed (e.g., cosmopolitan distribution of deep-sea species instead of endemic distribution), which in turn influences decisions on nature conservation.

For that reason, we began to revise Challenger ostracod species, verify their previous published records and finally provide online descriptions and illustrations to Encyclopedia of Life and EMU. Additionally, the revised biogeographical information of the Challenger Ostracoda will be uploaded to GBIF.

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