

Societas entomologica.

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Toute la correspondance scientifique et les contributions originales doivent être envoyées aux héritiers de M. Fritz Rühl à Zurich V. Pour toutes les autres communications, annonces, colistiens &c. s'adresser à M. Felix L. Dames à Steglitz-Berlin.

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57.92 Stictometeorus (68.7)

Description of a New Genus and Spezies of Meteorinae (Braconidae) from Cape Colony, South Africa.

By P. Cameron.

Stictometeorus gen. nov.

Pterostigma large, semicircular, the radius issuing from shortly behind its middle; 1st abscissa of radius straight, not oblique, twice the length of the 2nd, the radius not reaching to the middle of the space between the stigma and apex of the wing; transverse median nervure received beyond the transverse basal, the recurrent nervure in the base of the 2nd cubital cellule, which is short, twice wider at the base than at the apex; the 2nd abscissa of cubitus roundly curved backwards. Marginal cellule in hind wings narrowed towards the apex, undivided. Abdominal petiole slender, very slightly dilated towards the apex, half the length of the rest of the abdomen; the 2nd segment greatly enlarged, almost as long as the thorax, the other segments minute. Thorax stout, steeply sloped at base and apex, transverse, but with the sides rounded; parapsidal furrows absent. Antennae 18-jointed, placed above the middle of the face. Clypens separated from the face by a furrow. Malar space large, but not so long as the eyes. Mandibles with a long, upper, sharply-pointed tooth. Occiput margined. Below the middle of the metanotum is a transverse keel.

The Genera of *Meteorinae* are reduced by Szépligeti to 2 — *Meteorus* and *Zemiotes*, distinguished by the latter having a divided radial cellule in the hind wings. In this respect the present genus agrees with *Meteorus*, but it is readily separated from it by the steeply sloped base and apex of thorax, by the absence of parapsidal furrows, by the greatly enlarged 2nd ab-

dominal segment, by the basal abscissa of radius being longer than the 2nd, and by the much smaller 2nd cubital cellule, narrowed towards the apex. The type of the Genus looks more like one of the *Euphorinae* than of the *Meteorinae*.

Stictometeorus rufus sp. nov.

Rufous, the flagellum of antennae blackish above on the basal half, the lower part and the apex brownish, the mesonotum black; the legs and abdominal petiole paler, more yellowish coloured than the body; wings hyaline, the parastigma and stigma blackish, the costa and nervures testaceous. ♀. Length 4 mm.

Face, front and vertex closely, rather strongly punctured, the temples more finely and weakly punctured, the clypens still more finely punctured. Mesonotum and scutellum coarsely rugosely punctured; the metanotum still more coarsely punctured, almost reticulated, as are also the whole of the pleurae. Tegulae rufo-testaceous. Abdomen very smooth and shining.

57.83 (47.3)

Kleine Beiträge zur Kenntnis der Lepidopteren-fauna Krestowkas (Gouv. Orel [spr.: Arjol]).

Von B. Slevogt, Bathen.

(Schluss.)

28. *Achrontia atropos* L. In einem Exemplare gesehen, aber nicht gefangen. 29. *Dilina tiliae* L. War 1908 dort so häufig, dass mitunter 10–15 Stück gleichzeitig die Lampe umschwärmten. Unterscheidet sich nicht unbedeutend von der kurländischen Form. Während die hiesigen Tiere bei rothbrauner Grundfarbe der Vorderflügel immer grüne Flecke besitzen, die bei libanischen Exemplaren sehr ausgedehnt sind und fast die Grundfarbe verdrängen, haben die Falter aus

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