#### Scientific note

# New record of the endangered snake *Boaedon geometricus* confirms its occurrence on the Seychelles Island of La Digue

(Serpentes, Lamprophiidae)

## Frank Glaw & Kathrin Glaw

The Seychelles House Snake Boaedon geometricus (Schlegel, 1837) is morphologically rather similar to several African species and its origin and taxonomic status (either endemic to the Sevchelles or introduced from Africa) were uncertain until recently when molecular studies demonstrated its distinctness from the African species and placement in the genus Boaedon (Hallermann et al. 2020). Boaedon geometricus is listed as "Endangered" on the IUCN Red List of Threatened Species (Gerlach & Ineich 2021) and has long been known from the Seychelles Islands of Mahé, Praslin, Silhouette and Frégate (Nussbaum 1984, Rocha et al. 2009). However, it was only discovered on the Island of La Digue on 19 October 2013 when a dead specimen was found near a small road in the south of this island (Kopeczky & Gemel 2016). Since then apparently no further records have been published or documented.

More than eight years after this first record, we found an adult individual of this primarily nocturnal and terrestrial snake (Fig. 1) in the leaf litter on the forest floor near Grande Anse in the south of La Digue Island on a sunny morning (8:15 am) of 22 December 2021 (04.37054°S, 55.84438° E, ca. 30 m a. s. l.). After taking photos (Fig. 1) and videos (Supplementary Video 1) we released the snake at the place of capturing. The dense rainforest around the locality included a variety of tree species, palms and ferns. Parts of the surrounding forest floor as well as some granitic boulders and trees were covered with obviously introduced Epiprenum plants. In the same habitat we observed many diurnal skinks (Trachylepis sechellensis and Pamelaescincus gardineri), which may serve as potential food for the house snakes although limited data suggest that the species prefers mice (see Kopeczky & Gemel 2016). Another excursion to the locality in the late afternoon and the early night on 23 December 2021 did not reveal any further snake record.

The new locality is approximately at 750 m air distance from the record of Kopeczky & Gemel (2016) and the new observation suggests that a population of this species exists at least in the south of La Digue or even on the whole island. However, it remains unknown if *B. geometricus* has been overlooked on La Digue in previous surveys (e.g., Nussbaum 1984, Rocha et al. 2009) or if it has established on the island only recently. In the latter case a spreading of the snake over the island could result in a decreasing abundance of the terrestrial skink populations.



Fig. 1. Seychelles House Snake (Baoedon geometricus) on La Digue Island.

**Supplementary Video 1**: YouTube video taken by F. Glaw, available at: https://youtu.be/spQAAfiQA0E.

**Acknowledgements.** We are grateful to Timon Glaw for editing and uploading the video as well as to Jakob Hallermann and an anonymous reviewer for reviewing the manuscript.

### References

Gerlach, J. & Ineich, I. 2021. Lamprophis geometricus. The IUCN Red List of Threatened Species. Available at https://www. iucnredlist.org/species/61426/179807395 [accessed 23 October 2022].

Hallermann, J., Ceríaco, L. M. P., Schmitz, A., Ernst, R., Conradie, W., Verburgt, L., Marques, M. P. & Bauer, A. M. 2020. A review of the Angolan House snakes, genus Boaedon Duméril, Bibron and Duméril (1854) (Serpentes: Lamprophiidae), with description of three new species in the Boaedon fuliginosus (Boie, 1827) species complex. African Journal of Herpetology 69 (1): 29–78.

Kopeczky, R. & Gemel, R. 2016. First record of Lamprophis geometricus (Schlegel, 1837), on the Seychelles Island of La Digue (Indian Ocean). Herpetozoa 28 (3/4): 178–180.

Nussbaum, R. A. 1984. Snakes of the Seychelles. Pp.361–377 in: Stoddart, D. R. (ed.) Biogeography and ecology of the Seychelles Islands. The Hague (Dr. W. Junk).

Rocha, S., Harris, D. J., Perera, A., Silva, A., Vasconcelos, R. & Carretero, M. 2009. Recent data on the distribution of lizards and snakes of the Seychelles. Herpetological Bulletin 110: 20–32.

Frank Glaw (corresponding author), Zoologische Staatssammlung München (SNSB–ZSM), Münchhausenstr. 21, 81247 München, Germany; e-mail: glaw@snsb.de

Kathrin Glaw, Museum Mensch und Natur, Schloss Nymphenburg, 80638 München, Germany

# ZOBODAT - www.zobodat.at

Zoologisch-Botanische Datenbank/Zoological-Botanical Database

Digitale Literatur/Digital Literature

Zeitschrift/Journal: Spixiana, Zeitschrift für Zoologie

Jahr/Year: 2022

Band/Volume: 045

Autor(en)/Author(s): Glaw Frank, Glaw Kathrin

Artikel/Article: New record of the endangered snake Boaedon geometricus confirms its

occurrence on the Seychelles Island of La Digue (Serpentes, Lamprophiidae) 12