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Critical Notes on Rust Fungi of Marahashtra (India)

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5* Skierka agallocha Racib.

Among the collections of the Rust Fungi made by the writer in parts of Maharasthra State during the year 1967 was a rust on Excoecaria agallocha L. (Euphorbiaceae) in its pycnial, aecial and uredinialstages. (M. A. C. S. Mycol. Herb. No. 330). The telial stage was absent.The distinctive nature of urediospores with characteristic lateral ridgesobtained in this material was suggestive of its relationship with therust genus*Skierka*Racib. This rust had also not been previouslyreported from India. A detailed description of the Indian Collection ofthis rust was therefore undertaken and is presented in this paper:

Pycnia subepidermal epiphyllous, with ostiolar filaments and resembling type-5 as defined by H i r a t s u k a and C u m m i n s (1). Aecia-hypophyllous, subepidermal, deep seated, possibly peridiate, associated with pycnia, opening by a pore. Aeciospores golden yellow, borne singly on pedicels, wall double layered, with two lateral ridges, somewhat translucent, echinulate, 8.2 μ to 4.1 μ laterally, 41–69.7 \times 20.5–32.8 μ , mostly 61.5 \times 20.5–28.7 μ . Uredia (Fig. 1) similar to aecia, amphigenous, diffused, subepidermal deep seated, Urediospores (Fig. 2) look like spiny club heads, similar to aeciospores, germ-pores obscure.

Raciborsky (1909) collected a rust parasitizing Excocearia agallocha in telial stage from Java and referred it to Skierka agallocha Racib. No other stages were encountered in this case (Saccardo3). Mains (2), in his monographic studies on this genus, reports that this rust is known only in telial stage and from the original collection at type locality viz. Batovia, Java on Excocearia agallocha. His examination of other species of Skierka with uredial stage showed that the urediospores were distinctive of the genus with characteristic lateral ridges which could be utilized in determining the genus Skierka even in the absence of telia. On this basis, the Indian collection of rust on Excocearia agallocha could be accommodated in the rust genus Skierka Racib. It may, however, be mentioned that the subsequent findings of Thirumalachar (4) in respect of the rust Ctenoderma toddaliae affecting Toddalia species revealed that while this rust had urediospores very similar to those of the genus *Skierka* as pointed out by M a in s (2), the teliospores were of the *Didymopsora* type, thus showing that the urediospore character alone could not be utilized in determining the rust genus *Skierka* in the absence of telia. However, the occurrence of the Indian rust on the same host as that of the type species together with the distinctive nature of the urediospores would appear to justify its assignment to the genus *Skierka* under *S. agallocha* Racib. pending the discovery of the telial stage.



Fig. 1. Uredial sorus in section. Fig. 2. Urediospores.

Summary

Skierka agallocha Racib. is a new genus record to India. Pycnial, Aecial and Uredial stages are described for the first time for this rust species.

When this paper was in press, the author has came across a paper leg Boedijn (The Uredinales of Indonesia, Nova Hedwigia, I: 463—496, 1960) where in he describes both uredia and telia of this rust species. This confirms the view about identification of this rust under study.

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