

die Nabelpunkte des letzteren kleiner und weniger zahlreich als bei *vagepunctatus*. Unterseite fast glatt, der Kopf daselbst querrunzelig. Bei dem ♂ sind die Vordertarsen mässig stark erweitert, das Analsegment hat in der Mitte in der Nähe des Vorderrandes ein gewöhnlich doppeltes Querleistchen, und am Seitenrande eine flache Grube; endlich zeigt der von einer Linie umschriebene (in der Mitte oft unterbrochene) Hinterrand jederseits einen borstentragenden Punkt. Der Penis ist kurz, dreieckig zulaufend, einfach.

Ich habe bisher 5 ♂ dieser schönen, leicht kenntlichen Art gesehen, welche Herr Oberwundarzt Aug. Walter, der sich um die Kenntniss der süddalmatinischen Coleopteren-Fauna verdient gemacht hat, in Montenegro, unfern der dalmatinischen Grenze sammelte. Wahrscheinlich bewohnt sie auch die nahen Berge Dalmatiens.

Mentraphus (nov. gen. *Pselaphidarum*).

By D. Sharp, Thornhill.

Antennae 11-articulatae, ad basin approximatae. Caput angustum, sat elongatum, antice perpendiculariter truncatum. Prothorax elongatus, angustus. Abdomen marginatum, segmento primo dorsali valde elongato, ceteris brevibus, deflexis. Tarsi unguiculo unico. Palpi maxillares breves, capite breviores, tenues, articulo ultimo gracili, acuminato, apice seta curvata instructo.

This insect has exactly the appearance, and also the abdominal and other structures found in the genus *Pselaphus*, but the maxillary palpi are totally different, so that the genus should find place in the second group of the *Pselaphini* of Mr. Reitter's arrangement, a group which consists of a few very rare genera, and which hitherto has no representative in the European region. The maxillary palpus is concealed at the side of the head and difficult consequently to observe, the terminal joint is longer than the others, elongate and slender, gradually becoming pointed from the base to the extremity, and furnished there with a seta resembling the fine claw of a tarsus, and besides this there is another erect fine seta on the lower face of the joint a little before the middle; the penultimate joint is only half as long as the terminal one, and the two are articulated so that they sit together in a parallel manner; the other joints I am not able to see.

Mentraphus pselaphodes n. sp. *Parum convexus, rufus, laevigatus, esculpturatus, elytris late rufo-testaceis, margine apicali cum abdominis basi dense cinereo-setuloso. Long. 2 mm.*

Antennae rather long and stout, first joint thick, twice as long as the second, ninth only slightly larger than the eighth, not transverse, tenth slightly larger than it, terminal joint elongate, oval, not broad. Head narrow, eyes convex and with convex facets, the surface between them deeply depressed. Thorax slender not half so broad as the elytra, longer than broad, without sculpture.

Elytra narrow at the shoulders, becoming much broader behind, with a very fine sutural stria and with a vague intra-humeral depression at the extreme base, without pubescence or sculpture except that with a powerful lens an extremely fine strigosity is detected on the basal portion, the hind-margin densely furnished with pale setulosity such as is seen in *Pselaphus*. The basal dorsal segment very elongate, with broad, flat, not raised lateral margin; on the underside the base of the hindbody is furnished with a broad ring of pubescence similar to that existing on the upper surface.

A single individual was sent me from Mesopotamia by the late Dr. Millingen.

Zur Synonymie der Hymenopterengattung *Tachysphex*.

Von Franz Friedr. Kohl.

Folgende Angaben erfolgen auf Grund der Autopsie der typischen Stücke:

1. *Tachytes erythropus* Costa (*erythrop.* Spin.?) [Prosp. sist. Imen. ital. Ann. IV. p. 84, n. 3, ♂ ♀, 1867] = *Lyrops (Tachysphex) fluctuata* Gerstaecker, Diagn. d. v. Peters in Mossamb. ges. Hym. [Ber. Verh. Akad. Berlin 1857.]
2. *Tachytes grandis* Chevrier, „Hym. div. du bassin du Léman“ [Mitth. Schweiz. Ent. Ges. III. 1872, ♂, p. 508] = *Larra anathema* Rossi, ♂ [Faun. Etrusc. t. II. p. 65. 822].
3. *Tachytes discolor* Frivaldszky, Data ad faun. Hung. mer. com. Temes et Krassó [Publ. math. phys. Acad. Hung. Vol. XIII. ♂, p. 351, 1876] = *Tachytes (Tachysphex) Panzeri* v. d. L. (Dhlab.) Hym. Eur. t. I. p. 125, n. 61, ♂.

ZOBODAT - www.zobodat.at

Zoologisch-Botanische Datenbank/Zoological-Botanical Database

Digitale Literatur/Digital Literature

Zeitschrift/Journal: [Wiener Entomologische Zeitung](#)

Jahr/Year: 1883

Band/Volume: [2](#)

Autor(en)/Author(s): Sharp D.

Artikel/Article: [Mentraphus \(nov.gen. Pselaphidarum\). 225-226](#)