Description of a new species of *Chlaenius* Bonelli, 1810 (Coleoptera: Carabidae) from India

Duraikannu Vasanthakumar & Erich Kirschenhofer

Abstract

Chlaenius (*Lissauchenius*) *venkataramani* sp.n. from Tamil Nadu, India, is described and illustrated. An updated key to the Indian species of the subgenus *Lissauchenius* MacLeay, 1825 is provided to allow an identification of the new species.

Key words: Carabidae, Chlaenius, Lissauchenius, new species, key, India, Tamil Nadu.

Zusammenfassung

Chlaenius (Lissauchenius) venkataramani sp.n. aus Tamil Nadu, Indien, wird beschrieben und abgebildet. Ein aktualisierter Bestimmungsschlüssel zu den indischen Arten der Untergattung Lissauchenius MacLeay, 1825 wird bereitgestellt, um die Identifizierung der neuen Art zu ermöglichen.

Introduction

Chlaenius Bonelli, 1810 is a megadiverse genus of the tribe Chlaeniini Brullé, 1834 found in all zoogeographical regions of the world (Bousquet 2012). The name "metallic ground beetles" refers to the vivid metallic colour of most species. Species of Chlaenius are known as efficient predators (Chanu & Swaminathan 2017).

Identification of ground beetles present in the National Zoological Collection of Western Regional Centre (WRC), Zoological Survey of India (ZSI), Pune was carried out by the first author. After having examined earlier publications on *Chlaenius* beetles of India (Andrewes 1930, 1933, Saha 1986, 1992, 1995, Saha et al. 1991, Anichtchenko & Kirschenhofer 2017, Chanu & Swaminathan 2017, Hegde & Manthen 2017), the studies yielded an undescribed species belonging to the subgenus *Lissauchenius* MacLeay, 1825. The purpose of this short paper is to describe this species under the name *Chlaenius* (*Lissauchenius*) *venkataramani* sp.n. and to provide the updated key to distinguish the species within the subgenus.

Materials and methods

The new species described in this paper was collected using a light trap in the vicinity of Sivagangai, Tamil Nadu, India. The collected beetles were killed by ethyl acetate vapours and brought to the laboratory for further studies. They were examined under a Leica EZ4HD microscope. The male genitalia were dissected by carefully removing them from the abdomen. After removal, they were boiled in 10% KOH for 5–10 minutes to remove adhered tissues and soft muscles, and then rinsed in distilled water. The genitalia were

stored in a separate vial containing 70% ethanol. Digital photographs of the specimens and their body parts were taken with a Leica EZ4HD microscope.

Measurements are given in millimetres and refer to the holotype. The following abbreviations are used:

BL body length from apex of mandible to apex of elytron

EL elytron length from base to apex

EW width across both elytra at widest point

HW maximum head width including eyes

PL pronotum length measured along median line

PW pronotum width at its widest point

The specimens examined are deposited in the National Zoological Collection of ZSI–WRC, Pune, India.

Taxonomy

Lissauchenius MacLeay, 1825

Notes: *Lissauchenius* was erroneously described as a subgenus of *Panagaeus*; type species of this subgenus is *C. rufifemoratus* MacLeay, 1825. The holotype of this species originates from Java (MacLeay 1825) and is deposited in the Natural History Museum in London, where it was examined by the second author. *Chlaenius rufifemoratus* is widely distributed in the Oriental region where various local forms have evolved (Mandl 1992: 59). *Lissauchenius* differs from other subgenera in the shape of palps: only fourth palpomere of maxillary palp elongated and conical, but apex truncated; last palpomere of labial palp large and axe-shaped (Mandl 1992).

Lissauchenius is speciose, with the majority of species found in the Ethiopian Region, a few are Oriental, one is Palaearctic. From India we know three species, including the new one, which is compared to *Chlaenius seiferti* Kirschenhofer, 2005 described from New Delhi (Kirschenhofer 2005).

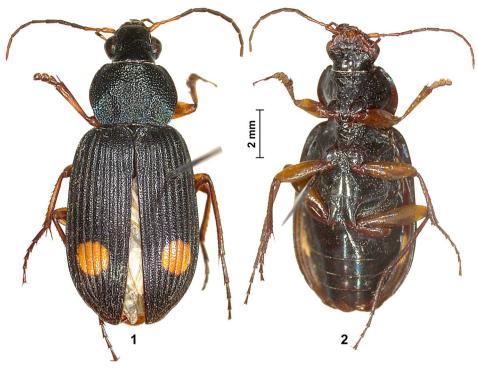
Chlaenius (Lissauchenius) venkataramani sp.n. (Figs. 1–4)

Type material: Holotype (male; National Zoological Collection of ZSI-WRC, Pune; #Ent-1/3671): India, Tamil Nadu, Sivagangai, 9.8433° N, 78.4809° E, 19.II.2020, leg. D. Vasanthakumar. Paratypes: 1 male, 2 females (#Ent-1/3672): same locality, date, and depository.

Diagnosis: The new species is similar to a group of Ethiopian species: *Chlaenius perspicillaris* Erichson, 1843, *Chlaenius kira* Allaud, 1919, and *Chlaenius assecla* LaFerté-Sénectère, 1851; these species share a similar body shape, colour pattern with round preapical macula on the elytron, and convex sides of the pronotum. The characteristic differences of the species of the subgenus *Lissauchenius* of the Indian subcontinent are given in the key.

Description: Measurements: BL 11.46, HW 2.39, PL 2.49, PW 3.17, EL 7.17, EW 4.86.

Colour: Head, pronotum, and elytra with a weak blue metallic sheen. Each elytron with a round, reddish-yellow macula behind the middle, over intervals 4–7. Ventral side black.



Figs. 1–2: Chlaenius (Lissauchenius) venkataramani sp.n., male: Habitus in (1) dorsal and (2) ventral view.

Palpi reddish-yellow. Antennomeres 1–3 reddish-yellow, remaining antennomeres dark and pubescent. Legs reddish-yellow; knees slightly darker.

Head with slightly convex dorsal face, glabrous, sparsely and minutely punctate, strigose on frons and vertex; fronto-clypeal suture visible. Eyes moderately convex, without special features. Labrum truncate at apex, with rounded apical angles, fine setae present on each side. Last maxillar and labial palpomeres almost spindle-shaped, slightly tapering and slightly truncate at apex. Median tooth of mentum slightly emarginate at apex.

Pronotum (Fig. 1) 1.27 times wider than long, widest just before middle, rounded on sides, rugose, densely punctured; hind angles slightly rounded; basal foveae moderately deep; basal margin wider than anterior margin. Elytra (Fig. 1) slightly oval, sides slightly rounded towards the end, widest at posterior third; striae moderately deep; intervals convex, densely



Figs. 3–4: *Chlaenius (Lissauchenius)* venkataramani sp.n., male: Median lobe of aedeagus in (3) lateral and (4) dorsal view.

punctured; basal margin complete. Abdominal sternites black, shiny and glabrous in the middle, short setae on sides.

Ventral side (Fig. 2) black, shiny. Metaventrite slightly longer than wide at middle, slightly narrowing towards posterior end, with scattered punctures. Sterna glabrous at middle, with fine, scattered hairs at sides; in female, last visible sternum with one bristle on each side.

Aedeagus: Median lobe (Figs. 3, 4) robust in lateral view, apical lamella rounded; length 2.8 mm.

Etymology: This species is named in honour of Dr. K. Venkataraman, former Director of Zoological Survey of India, Kolkata, for his keen interest, contribution and effort to revamp animal taxonomy in India.

Distribution: Currently known from type locality only.

Identification key to the Indian species of Lissauchenius (based on external characteristics)

Notes: Chlaenius rufifemoratus (syn. ocellatus Andrewes, 1923) shows many morphological variants, and several subspecies have been described. Size of all species ranges from 11.5 to 13.5 mm.

- 3 Head, pronotum, and elytra weakly metallic blue; pronotum mat. Reddish-yellow macula on elytron far distant from apex. Pronotum posterolaterally rounded.

 C. venkataramani sp.n.**
- Head and pronotum copper-red, moderately shiny; elytra contrasting, dark green.
 Reddish-yellow macula of elytron located near apex. Pronotum posterolaterally obtuse-angled.
 C. seiferti

Aknowledgements

The first author is grateful to the Director, ZSI, Kolkata, and the Officer-in-Charge, WRC, ZSI, Pune, for the infrastructural facilities. He is also thankful to Dr. K. Venkataraman (Former Director, ZSI) for his continuous encouragements and support.

References

- Andrewes H.E., 1930: Catalogue of Indian insects. Part 18. Carabidae. Government of India, Central Publication Branch, Calcutta, 389 pp.
- Andrewes H.E., 1933: Papers on Oriental Carabidae XXVII. Annals and Magazine of Natural History 11 (61): 99–110.
- Anichtchenko A. & Kirschenhofer E., 2017: To the knowledge of Oriental species of subgenus *Pseudochlaeniellus* Jeannel, 1949 (Coleoptera, Carabidae, *Chlaenius*). Zootaxa 4231 (2): 187–202.

- Bonelli F.A., 1810: Observations entomologiques. Première partie (cicindélètes et portion des carabiques) [with the "Tabula synoptica exhibens genera carabicorum in sectines et stirpes disposita"]. Félix Galletti, Turin, 58 pp. + 1 tab. [Re-issued in 1812 in Memorie della Reale Accademia della Science di Torino 18: 21–78.]
- Bousquet Y., 2012: Catalogue of Geadephaga (Coleoptera: Adephaga) of America, north of Mexico. ZooKeys 245: 1–1722.
- Chanu N.Y. & Swaminathan R., 2017: Notes on species of the genus *Chlaenius* Bonell, 1810 (Coleoptera: Carabidae, Chlaenini) from four agro-climatic zones of Rajasthan, with description of two new species. Zootaxa 4237 (3): 545–566.
- Hegde V.D. & Manthen S., 2017: To the knowledge of the genus *Chlaenius* Bonelli, 1810 (Coleoptera: Carabidae: Chlaeniini) from Maharashtra state (India). Zoology and Ecology 27 (3–4): 257–260.
- Kirschenhofer E., 2005: Weitere neue Arten der Gattung *Chlaenius* Bonelli 1819 aus China, Myanmar und Indien (Coleoptera, Carabidae). Linzer biologische Beiträge 37 (1): 489–501.
- MacLeay W.S., 1825: Annulosa Javanica, or, an attempt to illustrate the natural affinities and analogies of the insects collected in Java by Thomas Horsfield. No. I. Kingsbury, Parbury and Allen, London, XII + 50 pp.
- MANDL K., 1992: Ein Beitrag zur Kenntnis einiger Chlaeniinae-(Callistinae-)Formen aus der paläarktischen und der orientalischen Region. (Zugleich zweite Auswertung der vom Naturhistorischen Museum in Wien erworbenen Chlaeniinae-Spezialsammlung Ernst Grundmanns) (Carabidae: Coleoptera) 2. Teil. Annalen des Naturhistorischen Museums in Wien, Serie B, 93: 59–103.
- Saha S.K., 1986: Ground beetles (Insecta: Coleoptera: Carabidae) of Silent Valley of Kerala, India. Records of the Zoological Survey of India 84: 1–4.
- Saha S.K., 1992: Carabidae of Calcutta. Records of the Zoological Survey of India, Occasional Papers 144: 1–63.
- Saha S.K., 1995: Insecta: Coleoptera: Adephaga: Carabidae: Harpalini, pp. 53–75. In: Fauna of West Bengal, State Fauna Series 3, Part 6A. Published by the Director, ZSI, Kolkata, 447 pp.
- SAHA S.K., BISWAS S. & HALDER S.K., 1991: Insecta: Coleoptera: Cicindelidae, pp 239–242. In: Fauna of Orissa, State Fauna Series 1, Part 3. Published by the Director, ZSI, Kolkata, 262 pp.

Authors' addresses: Duraikannu Vasanthakumar,

Zoological Survey of India (ZSI),

Western Regional Centre(WRC), Pune 411044, India.

E-mail: duraivasanthakumar@gmail.com

Erich Kirschenhofer.

Otto-Elsner-Gasse 10–12, 2080 Perchtoldsdorf, Austria.

E-mail: kirschenhofer.erich@aon.at

ZOBODAT - www.zobodat.at

Zoologisch-Botanische Datenbank/Zoological-Botanical Database

Digitale Literatur/Digital Literature

Zeitschrift/Journal: Zeitschrift der Arbeitsgemeinschaft Österreichischer Entomologen

Jahr/Year: 2021

Band/Volume: 73

Autor(en)/Author(s): Vasanthakumar Duraikannu, Kirschenhofer Erich

Artikel/Article: Description of a new species of Chlaenius BONELLI, 1810 (Coleoptera:

Carabidae) from India 37-41