

hinter einander. Dicht oberhalb dieser Kernschnüre weicht das Plasma der mittleren Schicht, deren Kerne sich inzwischen über den gesammten Leib zerstreut haben, aus einander, so daß die Reihe cubischer Zellen direct auf die Kernschnüre zu liegen kommt. Aus der Anordnung der Kerne und der Gestaltung der Plasmamassen kann man jetzt mit aller Bestimmtheit voraussagen, daß das äußere Syncytium die Ringmusculation, das innere aber die Längsmusculation liefern wird. Über die Zukunft der cubischen Zellen läßt sich auf dieser Entwicklungsstufe noch kein sicheres Urtheil abgeben.

(Schluß folgt.)

### III. Mittheilungen aus Museen, Instituten etc.

#### 1. Società Entomologica Italiana in Firenze.

Adunanza del 10 Luglio 1887. — Horwath, G., Note emittologiche. — Casagrande, D., Trasformazioni del sistema digerente dei Lepidotteri nel passaggio della larva alla imagine. — Cuccati, G., Struttura del cervello della *Somomyia erythrocephala*. — De Carlini, A., Rincoti del Sottoceneri, raccolti dal prof. Pavesi. — Emery, C., Nuove formiche. — Lostia di Santa Sofia, U., Su Coleotteri della Sardegna. — Magretti, P., Imenotteri pompilidei lombardi. — De Bertolini, S., Coleotteri del Trentino. — Berlese, A., Catalogo delle Tentredini italiane. — Targioni Tozzetti, A., Note entomologiche: Sulla biologia della *Eriocampa cerosi*. — Intorno alla *Psyllodes pulchella* Loew, dell' Asia minore, trovata in Italia sul *Cercis siliquastrum*. — Sulla *Trioza lauri*. — Sulla conformazione e la biologia delle larve di *Bibio hortulanus*. — Origine e struttura del pupario nella *Cecidomyia* del grano.

#### 2. Linnean Society of New South Wales.

25<sup>th</sup> May, 1887. — 1) Botanical. — 2) The Insects of the Cairns District, Northern Queensland. By William Macleay, F.L.S., &c. This is the first of a series of Papers, descriptive of the many novelties contained in a very large collection of Insects made by Mr. W. W. Froggatt, in the Cairns district, during the year 1886. The present Paper contains descriptions of 50 species of the Coleopterous tribes of *Geodephaga*, *Lamellicornes*, and *Malacodermes*. — 3) Descriptions of New Australian Fishes. By Dr. E. P. Ramsay, F.R.S.E., &c., and J. Douglas-Ogilby. Two Labroid fishes are here described — *Chærops Macleayi* found in Port Jackson, and *Labrichthys cyanogenys*, a fish of large size and magnificent colouring, taken in Broken Bay. — 4) Description of a new species of *Epimachus*, from New Guinea. By Dr. E. P. Ramsay, F.R.S.E., F.L.S., &c. In the description given of this species, Dr. Ramsay points out that it is allied to, but distinct from, *E. magnus*, and may be distinguished from all other known species by the light oil-brown colour of the chest and under surface, and the rosy-mauve reflections, also by the extreme length of some of the tail-feathers, which exceed 2½ feet in length, the entire length of the bird exceeding

# ZOBODAT - [www.zobodat.at](http://www.zobodat.at)

Zoologisch-Botanische Datenbank/Zoological-Botanical Database

Digitale Literatur/Digital Literature

Zeitschrift/Journal: [Zoologischer Anzeiger](#)

Jahr/Year: 1887

Band/Volume: [10](#)

Autor(en)/Author(s): Anonymous

Artikel/Article: [1. Società Entomologica Italiana in Firenze 419](#)