

sich übrigens auch beim Genus *Allolobophora* constatieren. Sie zerfallen in zwei Gruppen; die eine bildet einen Bestandtheil der Typhlosolis, die andere einen Abschnitt in jedem Nephridialcanal. « Auf der Seite vorher ist dagegen von oft sehr regelmäßigt im Körper vertheilten Leucocytenansammlungen die Rede, die nicht für Organe erklärt werden, sondern die ich bereits vor Cuénot als das erkannt und beschrieben habe, was sie sind — nämlich als »Zellansammlungen«, die aus Leucocyten bestehen. Über die Grenzen und die Eintheilung des Begriffes »phagocytäres Organ« kann ich hier nicht näher eingehen, das Nöthige findet sich im anatomischen Anzeiger Bd. XIII. p. 399.

II. Mittheilungen aus Museen, Instituten etc.

Zoological Society of London.

15th March, 1898.—The Secretary read a report on the additions that had been made to the Society's Menagerie during the month of February 1898.—A communication from Sir Edmund Loder, Bart., F.Z.S., contained copies of some photographs of the Beaver-pond at Leonardslea, Horsham, and gave a short account of the habits of the animals as there observed.—Mr. R. E. Holding exhibited a pair of horns of the Sunga or Galla Ox of Abyssinia, and made some remarks on the horns of this and other varieties of the Humped Cattle of India and Africa.—A communication from Dr. G. Stewardson Brady, F.R.S. 'on new or imperfectly-known species of Ostracoda, chiefly from New Zealand', was read. It contained descriptions of the Ostracoda collected in New Zealand by Mr. H. Suter, for the Zoological Museum of Copenhagen, and by Mr. G. M. Thomson, of Dunedin. It also included a description of an Ostracod from the Bay of Bengal, presenting some remarkable peculiarities of the mouth-organs, and constituting the type of a new genus, which was proposed to be called *Eupathistonia*. Of the New Zealand species treated of 16 were described as new, and the new generic term *Trachyleberis* was proposed for the reception of *Cythere scabrocu-neata*, Brady.—Mr. E. H. J. Schuster, F.Z.S., described a new species of Flagellate Protozoan, which he proposed to name *Lophomonas sulcata*. This species occurred as an endo-parasite in the upper part of the colon of *Blatta americana*, Linn. It could not be definitely stated whether it occurred also in other species. The *Blattae* in which it was found had come from the Society's Gardens.—Mr. J. T. Cunningham read a paper on the early post-larval stages of the Common Crab (*Cancer pagurus*), and pointed out the affinity of that species with the Circular Crab (*Atelecyclus heterodon*).—Mr. Oldfield Thomas read a paper on some mammals collected by the late Mr. Henry Durnford in 1877-8 in Chubut, Patagonia. None of the species to which they were referable were new, but Mr. Durnford's notes on their habits and the record of their localities were thought to be worthy of publication.—Mr. Martin Jacoby, F.E.S., contributed an addition to our knowledge of the Phytophagous Coleoptera of Africa by describing 43 new species of the groups *Halticinae* and *Galerucinae*, specimens of which had been collected by Mr. Guy A. K. Marshall in Mashonaland and West Africa. Two new genera, viz. *Cheiridisia* and *Pseudedusia*, were characterized.—P. L. Sclater, Secretary.

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