

Schuppenreihen, durch höhere Ventralenzahl (207—212 statt 171—208), aber kleinere Subcaudalenzahl (66—72 statt 80—97) und die Färbung. Temporalen 2 + 3.

Schuppenformel: Squ. 19; G. 3/3, V. 207, A. 1, Sc. 66,
- 19; - 3/2, - 212, - 1, - 72.

Kopf, Rücken und Schwanz oberseits tief schwarzbraun, einfarbig ohne helleres Halsband; die vier äußeren Schuppenreihen jederseits (nicht wie bei *O. coronatus* »heller braun oder gelblich«, sondern) leuchtend mennig- oder zinnoberrot, der Übergang vom Schwarzbraun des Rückens zum Rot der Seiten etwas verwaschen; Unterseite elfenbeinweiß.

Gesamtlänge 690, Schwanzlänge 140 mm.

Fundort. Staat Parana in den Campos von Palmas und gegen die Grenze von Matto Grosso hin, 2 Ste.

16. *Thamnodynastes nattereri* (Mik.) in allen bekannten Varietäten. Die var. A von der Grenze gegen Matto Grosso, 1 St., var. B aus der Serinha zwischen Rio Negro und Curitiba, 1 St., und var. C. von Curitiba, 1 St., sowie die var. D (*strigata* Blgr.) aus der Serinha zwischen Rio Negro und Curitiba, 1 St.

17. *Philodryas aestivus* (Schleg.). Campos von Palmas und Curitiba, 2 Ste.

Beide Stücke abnorm mit 19 Schuppenreihen!

18. *Philodryas olfersi* (Licht.) var. *latirostris* Cope. Campos von Palmas.

19. *Philodryas schotti* (Schleg.). Serinha zwischen Rio Negro und Curitiba, 1 St., und Curitiba, 2 Ste.

20. *Leptognathus mikani* (Schleg.) var. B. An der Grenze gegen Matto Grosso.

21. *Elaps frontalis* D. B. var. D. Serinha zwischen Rio Negro und Curitiba, 1 St., und Curitiba, 2 Ste.

22. *Lachesis lanceolata* (Lacép.). An der Grenze gegen Matto Grosso, 1 St., Ponta Grossa, 2 Ste., Curitiba und Serinha zwischen Rio Negro und Curitiba, je 1 St.

II. Mitteilungen aus Museen, Instituten usw.

Linnean Society of New South Wales.

Abstract of Proceedings, June 28th, 1905. — 2) Revision of the Australian Curelioniidae belonging to the Subfamily Cryptorhynchidae. Part VII. By Arthur M. Lea, F.E.S. — The genera *Blepiarda* Pasc., *Pezichus* Waterh., *Glochinorrhinus* Waterh. and *Aonychus* Schön., are subjected to revision, and

four new allied genera are proposed. — Mr. Froggatt exhibited 1) an interesting collection of named Australian Thysanura, popularly known as Silver-fishes, for whose determination he was indebted to Dr. Silvestri, of Portici. The destructive species only too common in Australian houses turns out to be an African alien, *Lepisma longicaudata* Escherich, unknown in Europe and America, and now for the first time recorded from Australia. Previously it had been looked upon as *L. saccharina* L., which has a wide range in Europe and America; and Australian specimens have been erroneously recorded under this name (Journ. Roy. Microscop. Soc. 1882. p. 500). Other species represented in the collection were *L. producta* Escherich, recorded from Condoblin, N.S.W., the animals living under stones in pine scrub; the representatives of three new species found in the bush under stones; examples of a remarkable, somewhat shrimp-like form frequenting open caves on the seashore at Terrigal, N.S.W. 2) A named collection of Italian forms of the genera *Japyx*, *Lepisma* and *Machilis*, received from Dr. Silvestri. 3) A named collection of six species of Japanese Cicadas taken in the neighbourhood of Tokyo. And 4) living species of a Paussid beetle, *Arthropterus darlingensis* Macl., obtained on the banks of the Darling River between Bourke and Brewarrina, N.S.W., during last month. — Mr. North sent for exhibition 1) an adult female *Cuculus intermedius* Vahl, a close ally of the common Cuckoo, *C. canorus*, of Europe; it was received by Mr. J. A. Thorpe from Mr. James Yardley, who procured it on Dungay Creek, Tweed River, N.S.W., in August 1902; a specimen was procured in 1904 by Dr. Hamilton Kenny near Gympie, Queensland. There are also specimens in the Australian Museum from Wide Bay, Port Denison and Cairns. 2) An adult male of *Ptilotis plumula*, obtained in July 1883, by the late Mr. K. H. Bennett at Moolah, Western New South Wales. And 3) the following sets of eggs: a. from Mr. A. E. Ivatt's collection, an egg of the Warty-faced Honeyeater taken by him at Glanmire, near Bathurst, on the 12th November 1894, and with it in the same nest an egg of the Pallid Cuckoo: b. from Mr. Leslie W. Moore's collection, an egg of the Fulvous-fronted Honeyeater and one of the Pallied Cuckoo, taken by him in the nest of the former at Loftus, on the 3rd November 1900; and three eggs of the Yellow-throated Miner and one of the Pallid Cockoo, received by him from New Angledool, and taken together from the same nest in September 1901.



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