

phalen des Hechtes erzogenen Bothriocephalen als kleinere Exemplare von *Bothriocephalus latus* Brems. ansehen.

Derso lange gesuchte und in allen möglichen Wasserthieren oder selbst anderwärts vermutete Zwischenwirth ist im Hecht und in *Lota vulgaris* gegeben.

Mit diesem Resultat haben meine Untersuchungen, die mich über ein Jahr, wenn auch nicht ununterbrochen beschäftigten, einen vorläufigen Abschluss erfahren; in einer zweiten Versuchsreihe soll vor Allem die Infection der Zwischenwirthe mit flimmernden Embryonen und die Umwandlungen dieser zu den finnenartigen Jugendzuständen des *Bothriocephalus latus* ins Auge gefasst werden, wobei auch andere Arten, die mir hier zur Hand sind, berücksichtigt werden sollen, wenn mir die nöthige Zeit bleibt; auch dürfte es nothwendig sein, die Versuche der ersten Reihe (Infection mit Hechtbothriocephalen) auf den Menschen auszudehnen; über die bis jetzt angestellten Versuche hoffe ich bald ausführlicher berichten zu können.

Dorpat, den 5./17. Februar 1882.

III. Mittheilungen aus Museen, Instituten etc.

1. Zoological Society of London.

21th February, 1882.—The Secretary read a Report on the additions that had been made to the Society's Menagerie during the month of January, 1882, and called special attention to a young male Gayal, born in the Gardens, January 6, being the produce of the fine pair received in exchange, in October 1880, from the Zoological Gardens, Calcutta; and to a young female Markhoor (*Capra megaceros*) from Afghanistan, presented by Lieut.-Col. Oliver B. C. St. John, F.Z.S. — Mr. F. Moore read a paper containing an account of the Lepidoptera collected by the Rev. J. H. Hocking, chiefly in the Kangra District, N.W. Himalaya, with descriptions of new genera and species. — A communication was read from Mr. G. A. Boulenger, C.M.Z.S., in which he gave the description of a Frog (*Phyllomedusa hypochondrialis*) lately living in the Society's Gardens. This Frog had been obtained at Pernambuco, and was believed to be the first example of the species that had reached Europe alive. Attention was drawn to the peculiar coloration, as being worthy of notice, it not having been described before. — Mr. Oldfield Thomas read a paper containing the descriptions of a small collection of Rodents which had been obtained by the late Mr. C. J. Andersson in Damara Land and in the neighbouring countries. The collection contained examples of a new species of Mouse, which was proposed to be named *Mus nigricauda*. — Mr. W. A. Forbes gave a description of the pterylosis of *Mesites*, and made some remarks on the position of that genus, which he considered to be most nearly allied to *Rhinochetus* and *Eurypyga*, though all these three forms should be referred to different families. — Prof. St. George Mivart read a series of notes on the anatomy of the Canada Porcupine (*Erethizon dorsatum*). — P. L. Sclater, Secretary.

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