tiefer gelegenen Kernen gehörenden Zellen scheinen — wenn ich den Vergleich beibehalten will — die Rolle der Stützzellen zu haben.

Ich hoffe nächstens über den Bau dieser Organe in anderen Familien Näheres berichten zu können.

III. Mittheilungen aus Museen, Instituten etc.

1. Linnean Society of London.

18th February. - Mr. A. D. Michael read a paper »On two new Acari of the genus Glyciphagus discovered in moles-nests, viz. G. platygaster, and G. dispar. The creatures have a large flattish abdomen bordered by singular rough projections and large spines. The most remarkable point is that in one species, G. platygaster, the male, although somewhat different from the female is not more so than is usual in the genus, and would be known directly as the male of the same species, while in the other species G. dispar, the female of which closely resembles that of G. platygaster, the male is totally unlike both its own female and the male of G. platygaster. The size, form, and arrangement of the legs are quite dissimilar, and the projections and spines absent. G. dispar is also interesting as affording a clear proof, if that were still needed, of the retro-anal position of the bursa copulatrix and of its being the posterior median projection characteristic of the females of the genus. This bursa communicates by a long, fine sperm-duct, with a large receptaculum seminalis, and this again by two short wide ducts with the ovaries, and long contorted oviducts. The articulation of the hind tarsi in the male of G. platygaster is modified to give great play to the joint for clasping purposes. Mr. Michael speculates upon what can possibly have been the cause of the similarity of the male and female in the one case and their very great difference in the other closely allied species both being found together in the same places, and apparently under precisely the same conditions. Examples of the \mathcal{O} and \mathcal{O} of each species and of G. dispar in coitu were shown, under the microscope. — J. Murie.

2. Linnean Society of New South Wales.

30th December 1885. 1) Descriptions of Australian Micro-Lepidoptera. By E. Meyrick, B.A., F.E.S. In this, the thirteenth of Mr. Meyrick's papers on the Micro-Lepidoptera of Australia, the descriptions of the Oeco-phoridæ are continued. One hundred and twenty species are described, and 12 new genera named as follows: — Haplodyta, Machæritis, Aochleta, Semicosma, Leptocroca, Lathicrossa, Thamnosara, Gymnobathra, Cremnogenes, Crossophora, Ochlogenes, Disselia, Macrobathra, and Satrapia. There is also an appendix containing some species of genera mentioned in former papers, which have lately come to hand. — 2) Remarks on Australian Ptinidæ, and Descriptions of New Genera and Species. By A. Sydney Olliff, F.E.S., Assistant Zoologist Australian Museum. This paper treats of Ptinidæ belonging to the typical sub-family in which the antennæ are inserted in front of the head. Six new species of Ptinus and one of Diplocotes are described. The genera Diphobia and Enasiba are established for the reception of two remarkable forms allied to Diplocotes, from South and West Australia. —

3) New species of Land and Freshwater Mollusca from Maclay-Coast and Triton Bay, New Guinea, By John Brazier, C.M.Z.S., etc. Five species are described as new under the names of Helix (Geotrochus) Gorenduensis and Maclayana, Helix (Rhysota) Achilles, Melania Wallariensis and Paludina Kowiayiensis. The names are given of some other shells found on the Maclay-Coast. — 4) Addendum to the Monograph of the Australian Sponges. By R. von Lendenfeld, Ph.D. Two new species of Halme are described as representing five varieties, which, however, appear to run into one another so closely that these species may not in reality be distinct. — 5) Description of a new species of Coris. By E. P. Ramsay, F.R.S.E., and J. Douglas-Ogilby. The name of Coris rex is given to this fish. It was taken near Bondi Heads a few days ago and presented to the Australian Museum by Mr. G. Billington. — Mr. Prince exhibited a large number of Volutes. differing very considerably in general appearance, but all belonging to V. piperita, though including the supposed species V. Ruckeri, V. Macgillivrayi, V. Cathcarti, and V. Rutilla. — Dr. Cox exhibited specimens sent from the Hunter by Mr. J. S. Skeat, including teeth and bones of horses from deep alluvium; and from the upper carboniferous near Maitland, representatives of the following genera: - Spirifer, Pleurotomaria, Productus, Aviculopecten, Bellerophon, Sanguinolites. The beds from which these fossils were obtained overlie the West Maitland Coal Seams. Also excellent casts of fishes taken in gelatine, and coloured after life. Also a very splendid example of the flower and fruit of Eucalyptus ficifolia, of West Australia. — Mr. Masters exhibited some Moths, apparently Pyralidæ, bred from Caterpillars found feeding on a Coccus which infested the common Zamia. The Caterpillars in the course of a few days, completely cleared the plant of the scale, devouring the Coccus and forming with the scales or empty skins, a complete covering for themselves, which they carried about on their backs. They fed at night, and during the day fixed themselves securely to the midrib of the frond. - Mr. Whitelegge exhibited living specimens of Cordylophora, a fresh water Hydroid Zoophyte, from Parramatta. Also, some very beautifully mounted specimens of the same under the microscope. Dr. Lendenfeld expressed his belief that this exhibit was probably a new form. — Mr. Macleay exhibited a remarkably fine specimen of Eunice sp.? taken in Sydney Harbour by James Hill. of Vaucluse.

Bemerkung.

Um Irrthümer bei Herstellung von Sonderabdrücken zu vermeiden, werden die Herren Mitarbeiter ersucht, die Zahl der etwa gewünschten Separate mir gleich auf dem Manuscript selbst anzugeben und auch thunlichst gleichzeitig der Verlagshandlung von Wilhelm Engelmann mitzutheilen. Nachträgliche, d. h. nach Ausgabe einer Nummer, eingehende Bestellungen können nicht mehr berücksichtigt werden.

Leipzig.

J. Victor Carus.

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